

*Table 1. Overview of antifungal peptides.* The description includes, in order: the putative mechanism of action; source; synthetic route; chemical structure; minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) for *C. albicans*, *A. fumigatus* and *C. neoformans*; references.

Peptide	Putative mechanism	Source	Synthetic route (MW)	Chemical Structure	MICs ( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ )			References
					<i>Candida albicans</i>	<i>Aspergillus fumigatus</i>	<i>Cryptococcus neoformans</i>	
<b>Pore forming</b>								
<b>Amphotericin B</b>	Pore forming - Barrel and Stave model	<i>Streptomyces nodosus</i>	Non ribosomal (0.92 kDa)	<a href="#">Yamamoto et al, 2019 (1)</a>	0.25 - 2	0.5 - 4	0.12 - 2	(2-5)
<b>Dermaseptins - Dermaseptin S1</b>	Pore forming - Carpet model	<i>Phylomedusa sauvagei</i> - waxy monkey tree frog	Ribosomal (3.45 kDa)	<a href="#">PubChem: 16130489</a>	10 - 69.	30	0.5 - 1	(6, 7)
<b>Syringomycin - syringomycin E</b>	Pore forming - Carpet model	<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>	Non ribosomal (1.22 kDa)	<a href="#">Sorensen et al, 1996 (8)</a>	2.5 - 5	10 - 20.	2.5 - 10	(8)
<b>Cecropins - cecropin A</b>	Pore forming - Carpet model	<i>Hyalophora cecropia</i> - cecropia moth	Ribosomal (4 kDa)	<a href="#">Lee et al, 2013 (9)</a>	1.3	50	NA	(9, 10)
<b>LL-37 / CRAMP</b>	Pore forming - toroidal pore model	<i>Homo sapiens</i> / <i>Mus musculus</i>	Ribosomal (4.49 kDa)	<a href="#">NMR from Wang 2008 (11)</a>	>250 64	38	NA	(12, 13)
<b>Protegrins - Protegrin-1</b>	Pore forming - toroidal pore model	<i>Sus scrofa domesticus</i> - domestic pig	Ribosomal (2.15 kDa)	<a href="#">Fahrnerl et al, 1996 (14)</a>	4	14 - 64	1 - 4.	(15)
<b>Melittin</b>	Pore forming - toroidal pore model	Venom of honeybee <i>Apis mellifera</i>	Ribosomal (2.84 kDa)	<a href="#">Ramirez et al, 2019 (16)</a>	3.5 - 91	3.5	NA	(17-19)

<b>Iturin A</b>	Pore dependent, but causes cell wall damage, ROS accumulation, and Hog1-MAPK activation	<i>Bacillus spp</i>	Non ribosomal (1.04 kDa)	<a href="#">ChemIDplus: 52229-90-0</a>	32	NA	NA	(20)
<b>Skin-PYY</b>	Pore formation	<i>Phyllomedusa bicolor</i> - giant monkey frog	Ribosomal (4.3 kDa)	<a href="#">RCSB PDB: 2DEZ</a>	25	100	25	(21)
<b>Aureobasidin A</b>	Pore formation -non-competitive inhibition of IPC	<i>Aureobasidium pullulans</i>	Non ribosomal (1.1 kDa)	<a href="#">Takesako et al, 1993 (22)</a>	<0.04 - 4	>50	0.31 - 0.63	(22–24)
<b>Zeamatin</b>	Membrane permeabilization	<i>Zea mays</i> (corn) seeds	Ribosomal (22 kDa)	<a href="#">RCSB PDB: 1DU5</a>	NA	NA	NA	
<b>Peptaibols - heptaibin</b>	Alteration of membrane permeability by pore formation	<i>Emericellosis sp BAUA8289</i>	Non ribosomal (1.56 kDa)	<a href="#">De Zotti et al, 2011 (25)</a>	32	13	32	(26)
<b>Thionins - CaThi</b>	Membrane permeabilization through unclear mechanism	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> - chili pepper plant	Ribosomal (5 kDa)	<a href="#">Predicted structure from Nikte et al, 2020 (27)</a>	10	NA	NA	(28)
<b>Plant Defensins</b>								

<b>RsAFP2</b>	Membrane permeabilization through glucosylceramides interaction	<i>Raphanus sativus</i> - Radish	Ribosomal (5.74 kDa)	<a href="#">RCSB PDB: 2N2R</a>	14.35	NA	NA	(29)
<b>Human Defensins</b>								
<b>RTD-1</b>	Cell permeabilization associated with ATP release and intracellular ROS accumulation	<i>Macaca mulatta</i> - Rhesus macaque	Ribosomal (2.08 kDa)	<a href="#">RCSB PDB: 1HVZ</a>	6.25 - 12.5	NA	<5	(30, 31)
<b><math>\beta</math>-1,3-glucan synthase</b>								
<b>Pneumocandins - Pneumocandin A0</b>	Non-competitive inhibition of $\beta$ -1,3-glucan synthase	<i>Zalerion arboricola</i>	Non ribosomal (1.08 kDa)	<a href="#">ChemBook: 539823-80-8</a>	"Candida spp.": 0.06 - 8.0	"Aspergillus spp." : >128	NA	(32)
<b>Echinocandin B</b>	Noncompetitive inhibition of $\beta$ -1,3-glucan synthase	<i>Aspergillus nidulans</i>	Non ribosomal (1.06 kDa)	<a href="#">Hashizume &amp; Nishimura, 2008, figure 36 (33)</a>	"Candida spp.": 0.01	"Aspergillus spp." : >128	NA	(32)
<b>Aculeacin A</b>	Noncompetitive inhibition of $\beta$ -1,3-glucan synthase	<i>Aspergillus aculeatus</i>	Non ribosomal (1.04 kDa)	<a href="#">PubChem: 14315169</a>	0.04 - 0.2	>80	>80	(34, 35)
<b>Other glucans</b>								
<b>Nikkomycin Z</b>	Competitive inhibition of chitin synthases	<i>Streptomyces tendae</i>	Non ribosomal (0.49 kDa)	<a href="#">PubChem: 456557</a>	4	>64	>64	(36)

<b>Polyoxins - Polyoxin D</b>	Inhibition of chitin synthases	<i>Streptomyces cacaoi</i>	Non ribosomal (0.52 kDa)	<a href="#">PubChem: 72476</a>	0.26	>16	0.26	(37, 38)
<b>Rabbit Defensins - NP-1</b>	Chitin sequestration	Rabbit	Ribosomal (3.44 kDa)	<a href="#">PubChem: 16130476</a>	2.3	NA	3.75 - 15	(39, 40)
<b>Pradimicins - Pradimicin A</b>	D-mannose recognition	<i>Actinomadura hibisca</i>	Non ribosomal (0.84 kDa)	<a href="#">Oki et al, 1988 (41)</a>	6.3	3.1	0.8	(41)
<b>Benanomicins - Benanomicin A</b>	D-mannose recognition	<i>Actinomadura spadix</i>	Non ribosomal (0.83 kDa)	<a href="#">Kondo et al, 1990 (43)</a>	6.25	3.13 - 6.25	1.56	(44)
<b>Others</b>								
<b>Actinomycins - Actinomycin D</b>	DNA intercalation	<i>Streptomyces spp</i>	Non ribosomal (1.25 kDa)	<a href="#">Rathod et al, 2018 (45)</a>	0.062	NA	NA	(45)
<b>Indolicidin</b>	DNA binding	Cytoplasmic granules of bovine neutrophils	Ribosomal (0.9 kDa)	<a href="#">Rozek et al, 2000 (46)</a>	25 - 50	NA	25	(47, 48)
<b>Histatins - Histatin 5</b>	Unidentified intracellular target responsible for ROS formation and ATP efflux	Human saliva	Ribosomal (3.04 kDa)	<a href="#">ChemBook</a>	4 - 16.	54.65	2.1	(49)
<b>Hassallidins - hassallidin A</b>	Membrane disruption	<i>Hassallia spp</i> and other cyanobacteria	Non ribosomal (1.4 kDa)	<a href="#">Neuhof et al, 2005 (50)</a>	4 - 4.8	4.8	4	(50, 51)
<b>Lyngbyabellins - hectochlorin</b>	Hyperpolymerization of actin	<i>Lyngbya majuscula</i> (filamentous cyanobacteria)	Non ribosomal (0.67 kDa)	<a href="#">Marquez et al, 2002 (52)</a>	10 µg/disk	NA	NA	(52)

<b>Cepacidines - Cepacidine A</b>	Unknown	<i>Burkholderia cepacia</i>	Non ribosomal (1.22 kDa)	<a href="#">Lee et al., 1994 (53)</a>	0.391	NA	0.025	(53)
<b>EntV</b>	Unknown	<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	Ribosomal (68 kDa)	NA	0.02 (biofilm inhibition); 6.8 (hyphal inhibition)	NA	NA	(54)
<b>Leucinostatin A</b>	Possible plasma membrane interaction	<i>Penicillium lilacinum</i>	Non ribosomal (1.22 kDa)	<a href="#">Ishiyama et al, 2009 (55)</a>	1.25 - 10	NA	1	(56)
<b>Fengycins - C-16- Fengycin A</b>	Cell wall interaction	<i>Bacillus amyloliquefaciens</i>	Non ribosomal (1.46 kDa)	<a href="#">H. Desmyttere et al 2019 (57)</a>	32	NA	NA	(58)
<b>α-MSH</b>	Possible membrane permeabilization and cAMP induction	Vertebrates	Ribosomal (1.66 kDa)	<a href="#">PubChem: 44273719</a>	>166.5	NA	NA	(59)
<b>Ib-AMP1</b>	Unknown	<i>Impatiens balsamina</i> seeds	Ribosomal (3.03 kDa)	<a href="#">PubChem: 16132245</a>	15.2	NA	NA	(60)
<b>Psoriasin</b>	Interference with zinc homeostasis	Skin lesions of patient with psoriasis	Ribosomal (11.46 kDa)	<a href="#">Brodersen et al, 1998 (61)</a>	>229	22.9	NA	(62, 63)
<b>VL-2397</b>	Resemblance to ferrichrome	<i>Acremonium persicinum</i> MF-347833	Ribosomal (0.91 kDa)	<a href="#">Kovanda et al, 2019 (64)</a>	>16	0.06 - 0.5	2	(65)
<b>TistH</b>	Unknown	Venom of the scorpion <i>Tityus stigmurus</i>	Ribosomal (2.62 kDa)	<a href="#">Machado et al, 2015 (66)</a>	128	NA	NA	(67)

ToAP2	Unknown	Venom of the scorpion <i>T. obscurus</i>	Ribosomal (3 kDa)	<a href="#">Marques-Neto et al., 2018 (68)</a>	0.037	NA	0.018 - 0.037	(69)
<b>Cryptic</b>								
VLL-28	Unknown, possible interaction with cell surface	Stf76 of <i>Sulfolobus islandicus</i>	Cryptic (3.54 kDa)	<a href="#">Notomista et al, 2015 (70)</a>	88.5	NA	NA	(71)
Buforin 2	Possible interaction with nucleic acids	H2A histone of toads	Cryptic (2.43 kDa)	<a href="#">Park et al, 2000 (72)</a>	1	NA	1	(72)
HP2-20	Membrane disruption via pore formation	Rpl1 of <i>Helicobacter pylori</i>	Cryptic (2.32 kDa)	<a href="#">RCSB PDB: 1P0G</a>	29 - 58	58	>116	(73–75)
Cm-p1	Plasma membrane interaction	<i>Cenchritis muricatus</i> - marine snail	Cryptic (1.22 kDa)	<a href="#">RCSB PDB: 6CTG</a>	32 - 64	256	128	(76, 77)

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