Please answer questions with estimates for the year 2014 (unless otherwise indicated)

A. BASIC CHARACTERISTICS												
A1.	In 2014, was your ED open:	. A6	Approximate number of	visits by	children per	year:						
	a. 24 hours/day, 7 days/week?       □1 Yes       □0 N         b. 365 days per year?       □1 Yes       □0 N		a. Children (e.g., age <18)									
	If NO to either question, or if there was a <u>change</u> in 2014, explain:	please	b. If your ED uses an <u>olde</u> adults (e.g., age 21), ar please respond above a	d it's diffi according	cult to obtain	data for a ut-off	ge <18,					
A2.	Although every ED would evaluate an emergent patier age, some EDs predominantly see older patients (e.g., 12+ years). Other EDs, often in children's hospitals, m predominantly see younger patients (e.g., age <18 yea Does your ED have an age-related policy?	, age ay A7 Irs).	<ol> <li>Approximate percent of arrived to the ED by amb</li> </ol>	patients		% BY AM						
A3.	For EDs that regularly treat adults: <b>Does your ED have a</b> <b>"pediatric ED" (i.e., a dedicated ED area for children o</b> $\Box$ 1 Yes $\Box$ 0 No $\Box$ 8 Not applicable (e.g., children's l	nly)?	<ol> <li>Approximate percent of were uninsured or 'self-percenter'</li> </ol>		nts that	% UNINS						
A4.	a. Number of ED Beds (exclude hallway and ED-based OBS unit, if applicable)		Approximate percent of led to admission, includi admissions (ED-based C	ng ICU a	nd OBS							
	b. Number of ED-based OBS unit beds	A1	0. Approximate number of				facilities					
A5.	Please indicate the total number of patient visits at yo and the 12 month reporting period to which they apply # ED VISITS From to	ı. I	(i.e., transfers requiring a Advanced Life Support)	a level of	-	TIENTS/YR						
B1.	For 2014, please indicate the average total number of <u>t</u> after accounting for departures and new hires. Totals expressed as full-time employees (FTE) – e.g., two half FTE. a. # FTE ED attending physicians b. # FTE ED nurses	are	<ul> <li>When a <u>physician is una</u> the ED by two-way voice days/week:</li> <li>i) From within your hosp ii) From outside of your h</li> </ul>	e commu	Inication 24   □1 Y		<b>y, 7</b> √o					
	c. # FTE ED physician assistants d. # FTE ED nurse pro-		In 2014, percent of attending emergency physicians board-certified or board-eligible (BC/BE) % BC/BE by ABEM, AOBEM or ABP/Peds EM									
B2.	Is at least one attending physician (not resident) on du	B <sup>4</sup>	Is at least one Certified Emergency Nurse (CEN) on duty in the ED 24 hours/day, 7 days/week? 1 Yes  10 No  12 Don't know									
D2.	ED 24 hours/day, 7 days/week? (exclude on-call physic □1 Yes (Go to B3) □0 No (Go to B2a)		<ol> <li>Do you have identified of medicine in your ED? [cl</li></ol>	neck all th nator(s)		atric eme	rgency					
	C. ELECTR	ONIC RESOU	RCES IN THE ED									
C1.	Does your ED obtain consultation via video conferenci acute stroke patient in your ED)		e.g., video transmission to ou		<b>perts for eva</b> □₀ No	luation o	f an					
C2.	Is a computer system used to collect real-time clinical	data in the ED?	□1 Yes □	2 Partial/I	n Progress		No					
C3.	Are the following available <u>electronically</u> in the ED?				Partial/ In							
	<u>stronic</u> version of: a. Patient tracking information in ED (e.g., location, admission)	n status)		Yes □1	Progress	<b>No</b> □0						
	b. Hospital discharge summaries			□1	□2	□0						
	c. Current outpatient medications			□1	□2	0						
	d. ED visit notes			□1	□2	□0						
	e. Radiographic images from a prior visit			□1 	□2 —	□o						
_	f. Old electrocardiograms				<b></b> 2							
	g. Laboratory results											
	If YES: Automatic notification of critical values											
	<ul> <li>Computerized medication ordering (CPOE)</li> <li>If YES: Computerized error checking (e.g., warnings abo</li> </ul>	ut medication area	serenction alleraise decade)									
1	I I LO. Compatenzed entri checking (e.g., warnings abo	at mouloauon 0108	o reaction, allergies, uosage)			<u> </u>						

Please answer questions with estimates for the year 2014 (unless otherwise indicated)

<ul> <li>a. 1</li> <li>b. 1</li> <li>c. 1</li> <li>d. 1</li> <li>e. 1</li> <li>f. 1</li> </ul>	· · ·		tollowing	g questions.						Yes	No	
b.   c.   d.   e.   f.	· · ·	ailabla fa								162	NO	
c.   d.   e.   f.	Is there a cardiac monitor avai	allable ic	. Is there a clinical laboratory available for your ED with the capacity to perform a potassium blood test 24/7?								□0	
d.   e.   f.		. Is there a cardiac monitor available immediately in the ED?								□1	□0	
e. I f. I	c. Is there a mechanical ventilator available immediately in the ED?										□0	
f. I	d. Is there a respiratory isolation (negative pressure) room available in the ED?										□0	
	e. Is a CT scanner immediately available to the ED?									□1	□0	
αι	Is a MRI scanner immediately available to the ED?								□1	□0		
9. 1	Is there a radiologist (including tele-radiologist) available 24 hours/day, 7 days/week to read radiographs?							graphs?	□1	□0		
	Is point-of-care (PoC) ultrasound available immediately in the ED? (PoC ultrasound is also known as "bedside" or "emergency" ultrasound.)								No	If <b>NO</b> to C5 or C6, <u>SKIP TC</u> If <b>YES</b> , continue		
J. I	cardiologists, etc.) use Po						1 Yes	□o	No			
C7. Approximately what percentage of your emergency physicians use PoC ultrasound as part of their clinical practice? (For example, 40% would mean that 4 out of 10 emergency physicians use PoC ultrasound as part of their clinical practice.) 1 1-20% 2 21-40% 3 41-60% 4 61-80% 5 81-100% D. TIMING OF CONSULTATIONS, TESTS AND TRANSFERS We understand that EDs do not always operate under ideal circumstances. In this survey, we encourage you to be candid about your hospital's ED with the assurance that your responses will be kept completely confidential and reported as aggregate data only.												
	On average, how long does the Is the consultant											
					On	averag	e, how l	ong does	the	ls	the consu	ltant
1. Are	e the following consultants a	vailable	in-perso	on to the ED?	On	•	•	ong does to arrive?		availa	able 24 hou	urs/day,
1. Are	e the following consultants a			on to the ED?	Or	consult 0-29	ant take 30-59	e to arrive? <u>&gt;</u> 60		availa	able 24 hou 7 days/wee	urs/day, ek?
_	-	Yes	No		Or	0-29 min	ant take 30-59 min	e to arrive? ≥ 60 min		availa 7 Ye	able 24 hou 7 days/wee es	urs/day, ek? No
a.	Anesthesiologist	Yes □1	<b>No</b> □0	If YES —	On	consult 0-29 min □0	ant take 30-59 min □1	e to arrive? ≥ 60 min □2		availa 7 Ye	able 24 hou 7 days/wee es	urs/day, ek? No □0
a. b.	Anesthesiologist Cardiologist	<b>Yes</b> □1 □1	<b>No</b> □0 □0	If YES — If YES —	On	<b>consult</b> 0-29 min □0 □0	30-59 min □1 □1	e to arrive? ≥ 60 min □2 □2		availa 7 Ye	able 24 hou 7 days/wee es 1	urs/day, ek? No Do
a. b. c.	Anesthesiologist Cardiologist General Surgeon	Yes □1	<b>No</b> □0	If YES — If YES — If YES —		consult 0-29 min □0	ant take 30-59 min □1	e to arrive? ≥ 60 min □2		availa 7 Ye	able 24 hou 7 days/wee es 1 1 1	No 0 0 0 0
a. b. c. d.	Anesthesiologist Cardiologist General Surgeon Neurologist	Yes	<b>No</b> □0 □0 □0	If YES — If YES —		consult 0-29 min 0 0 0	30-59 min 1 1 1 1 1	e to arrive? ≥ 60 min □2 □2 □2 □2		availa 7 Ye	able 24 hou 7 days/wee 28 11 11 11 11	urs/day, ek? No Do
a. b. c.	Anesthesiologist Cardiologist General Surgeon Neurologist Neurosurgeon	Yes	<b>No</b> □ 0 □ 0 □ 0 □ 0	If YES — If YES — If YES — If YES —	→ → →	consult 0-29 min 0 0 0 0	30-59 min 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	e to arrive? ≥ 60 min □2 □2 □2 □2 □2 □2 □2		availa	able 24 hou 7 days/wee es 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	wrs/day, ek? No Do Do Do Do
a. b. c. d. e. f.	Anesthesiologist Cardiologist General Surgeon Neurologist Neurosurgeon Obstetrician-Gynecologist	Yes 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<b>No</b> □ 0 □ 0 □ 0 □ 0 □ 0 □ 0	If YES — If YES — If YES — If YES — If YES —	→ → →	consult 0-29 min 0 0 0 0 0 0	30-59 min 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	e to arrive? ≥ 60 min □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2		availa Te Te	able 24 hou 7 days/wee es 11 11 11 11 11 11	<b>No</b> 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
a. b. c. d. e.	Anesthesiologist Cardiologist General Surgeon Neurologist Neurosurgeon	Yes 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<b>No</b> □ 0 □ 0 □ 0 □ 0 □ 0 □ 0 □ 0	If YES — If YES — If YES — If YES — If YES — If YES —	→ → →	consult 0-29 min 00 00 00 00 00	ant take 30-59 min 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	e to arrive? ≥ 60 min □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2		availa Ye	able 24 hou 7 days/wee es 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	urs/day, ek? No 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
a. b. c. d. e. f. g.	Anesthesiologist Cardiologist General Surgeon Neurologist Neurosurgeon Obstetrician-Gynecologist Orthopedic Surgeon	Yes	<b>No</b> □ 0 □ 0	If YES — If YES — If YES — If YES — If YES — If YES — If YES —		Consult 0-29 min 00 00 00 00 00 00	30-59 min 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	e to arrive? ≥ 60 min □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2		availa 7 Ye	able 24 hou 7 days/wee 28 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<b>No</b> O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
a. b. c. d. e. f. g. h.	Anesthesiologist Cardiologist General Surgeon Neurologist Neurosurgeon Obstetrician-Gynecologist Orthopedic Surgeon Pediatrician	Yes	<b>No</b> □ 0 □ 0 0 □ 0 0 □ 0 0 □ 0 0 □ 0 0 □ 0 0 0 0	If YES — If YES —		Consult 0-29 min 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ant take 30-59 min 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	e to arrive? ≥ 60 min □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2		availa 7 Ye	able 24 hou 7 days/wee es 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	urs/day, ek? No 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

	< 15 min	15-29 min	30-59 min	<u>&gt;</u> 60 min	NA
a. Basic laboratory test results (e.g. CBC, basic chemistry panel)	□1	□2	□3	□4	□8
b. Arterial blood gas results	□1	□2	□з	□4	□8
c. Electrocardiogram in adult with chest pain	□1	□2	□з	□4	□8
d. Chest x-ray for patient with respiratory distress	□1	□2	□3	□4	□8
e. Non-contrast head CT scan to rule-out hemorrhagic stroke	□1	□2	□з	□4	□8
f. Type O negative blood for emergent transfusion	□1	□2	□3	□4	□8
g. Type specific blood for emergent transfusion	□1	□2	□3	□4	□8
		< 30 min	30-59 min	<u>&gt;</u> 60 min	
<ul> <li>Time lapsed between request for patient transfer and departure from E intensive care unit (e.g. on a mechanical ventilator)</li> </ul>	D to an	Do	□1	□2	□8
<ul> <li>Time lapsed between request for patient transfer and departure from E <u>Operating Room</u> (e.g. for emergent condition)</li> </ul>	D to the	Do	□1	□2	□8
		< 3 hrs	3-6 hrs	> 6 hrs	
<ul> <li>Time lapsed between request for patient transfer and departure from E psychiatric inpatient bed</li> </ul>	D to a	Do	□1	□2	□8

		E. CRO	OWD	DINC	3								
E1.		On a <u>typical day at 6 pm</u> :		percent of eing seen (L	% LBBS								
		a. Are there any ED patients being cared for primarily in the hallway?											
		□1 Yes □0 No E4. In 2014, was your hospital ever on a									ambulance diversion? (Go to E5)		
		b. Are there patients that "board" in the ED for >2 hours until an inpatient bed becomes available? □1 Yes □0 No If YES, a. On average, over the entire year, approximately how many hours/mor											
E2. While patients are boarding in the ED please indicate the physician of record:													
		Indicate the physicial of record.         Inpatient attending         ED attending         Image: Structure of the physicial of record.         Image: Structure of the physicial of the p	your hospital's ED? 2 Good balance 4 Over capacity										
		F. THE CHOOSING	WIS	SEL	Y INI		IVE						
F1.	lst	there a guideline/policy/clinical pathway, or computerized decision	n sup	port	regar	ding	the use of th	ne followi	ing in your	ED?			
Some questions below do not apply to pediatric EDs / children's hospitals, or those without CT/MRI capabilities. If this is the case, please check the "NA" box.								Policy/ athway	Compu	Computerized decision support			
							Yes	No	Yes	No	NA		
	a.	Head CT in patients with minor head injury who are at low-risk based rules	l on va	alidat	ed de	cision	□1	□0	□1	□0	□8		
	<ul> <li>b. Head CT in asymptomatic adult patients with syncope, insignificant trauma, and a normal neuro exam</li> </ul>									۵	□8		
	c. CT pulmonary angiography in patients at low-risk of pulmonary embolism and either a negative Pulmonary Embolism Rule-Out Criteria (PERC) score or negative D-dimer □1 □0									□0	□8		
	d.	Lumbar spine MRI in adult patients with non-traumatic back pain, no and no suspicion of a serious underlying condition (e.g., vertebral infesting syndrome, or cancer with bony metastasis)	neuro ection,	ologio , cau	al def da eq	icits, uina	□1	□o	□1	□o	□8		
	e.	Abdominal/pelvic CT in young otherwise healthy patients with a know stones who present with symptoms consistent with uncomplicated re-			of kidn	ey	□1	□0	□1		□8		
F2. Do clinicians receive individual feedback regarding use of advanced imaging (e.g., compared to other clinicians in your ED)? 🗆 Yes 🗆 No													
G. OPIOID MANAGEMENT IN ED PATIENTS													
G1	. Is	there a policy to promote the following actions in your ED?							Ye	5	No		
		a. Use a specific screening tool (1 or more questions) for targeted so prescription opioid abuse potential	creenii	ing o	f patie	nts wi	th suspected			I	□0		
		<ul> <li>Access your state's Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (statev substance prescription histories) before writing a prescription for</li> </ul>			ase of	patie	nts' controlle	b			□0		
		c. Notify primary opioid prescriber or primary care provider when prepain	escribi	ing o	pioids	for E	D patients wi	th chronic	; □1	I	□0		
		d. Refer patients with opioid abuse to treatment and recovery resour	rces							I	□0		
		If YES: Is the patient typically referred to any of the following?											
		1. Detox or rehabilitation facility							<b>D</b> 1		□0		
		2. Social worker / case manager								I	□0		
		3. Other (specify):									□0		
		e. Prescribe or dispense naloxone to patients at risk of opioid overde	ose afi	ter E	D disc	charge	•						