The impacts of acid suppression on duodenal microbiota during the early phase of severe acute pancreatitis

Xiao Ma, Libin Huang, Zhiyin Huang, Jinsun Jiang, Chong Zhao, Huan Tong, Zhe

Feng, Jinhang Gao, Rui Liu, Mingguang Zhang, Ming Zhou, Qinghua Tan, Ling Liu*,

Chengwei Tang*

Corresponding author: Chengwei Tang (<u>shcqcdmed@163.com</u>) and Ling Liu (<u>lingzipurple@163.com</u>)

Supplementary Figure S1 Heat-map of significantly altered bacterial taxa in two groups.

Supplementary Figure S2 Candida oesophagitis detected by endoscopy in this study



Supplementary Figure S1 Heatmap of significantly altered bacterial taxa in two groups. This heat-map depicts relative abundance of significantly altered bacteria taxa at different levels (phylum, class, order, family, genus and species) in Eso and Eso-N group, with significance (FDR multiple comparison adjusted p<0.05).



Supplementary Figure S2 *Candida* oesophagitis detected by endoscopy in this study **a** *Candida* oesophagitis (Endoscope); **b** *Candida* spores (Microscope \times 400, Gram stain), the black arrow points to the spores.

Scores	Eso-N (n=33)	Eso (n=33)	<i>p</i> value
APACHE II			
Day 4	6.00±3.86	4.78±2.13	0.197
Day 7	2.24±1.84	2.44±1.80	0.722
SIRS			
Day 4	1.90 ± 1.68	2.04 ± 1.19	0.700
Day 7	0.71±0.90	1.09±0.95	0.591
Marshall			
Day 4	1.86 ± 1.01	1.87±0.91	0.966
Day 7	0.48±0.87	0.65±0.98	0.535

Supplementary Table S1 Clinical scores comparison between two groups

APACHE II, acute physiology and chronic health evaluation; SIRS, systemic inflammatory syndrome.