# nature research

Corresponding author(s):	Peng Xi
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## **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section

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	an statistical analyses, committate the following frems are present in the figure regeria, table regeria, main coxt, or methods section.
n/a	Confirmed
	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
x	A description of all covariates tested
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
x	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
X	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
x	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i> ), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

## Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

(1)All POLOS data is collected from home-built imaging system through Micro-Manager 2.0 gamma1.

(2)3D SIM data is collected by the commercial OMX-SIM system (Delta Vision, OMX SR, GE, USA).

Data analysis

- (1) The reconstruction of POLOS image is performed with home-written Matlab (2018) codes (https://github.com/minor-planet/SPOT/) and Hilo (http://sites.bu.edu/biomicroscopy/resources/)
- (2) Quantitative measurement is realized on Fiji based on ImageJ v1.53c
- (3) All statistical analysis is performed in GraphPad Prism 7 and SPSS 26.0.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and  $reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research <math display="block"> \frac{\text{guidelines for submitting code \& software}}{\text{for further information}}$ 

### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The data that support the findings of this study are available through "figshare.com" with the identifier(s) "https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.13100471.v1".

Field-spe	ecific reporting				
	ne below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				
<b>X</b> Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences				
For a reference copy of	the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>				
Life scier	nces study design				
All studies must di	sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.				
Sample size	We counted 24 different organelles in Fig3c-h, so the sample size n=24.  In Figure 4b-e, we counted the emission ratio and modulation depth values of different pixel numbers. The specific pixel numbers have been listed in the manuscript respectively.  n=48 in Fig S6a, n=29 in Fig S6b and n=48 in Fig S6d.  These sample sizes are obtained based on references or previous experience.				
Data exclusions	To avoid the influence of motion drift and photo-bleaching on the modulation depth measurement, the Fig3d,e,g,h and FigS6b dataset was acquired repetitively and measured three times. The data were excluded when the measurement fluctuation is more than 15%, which is obtained from observation experience of large quantities of data.				
Replication	Fig1b, c, d, e, f; 2a; 3a, b; 4a; and supplementary figures 2a, c, d, e, f; 3a, b; 4a, b were done in independent triplicate or more. For live cell imaging experiments, three or more independent transfection of GFP and Nile Red labeling were performed during non-consecutive days. For fixed cell or fluorescent beads imaging, three or more experimental procedure were performed on independently prepared samples.				
Randomization	Samples are allocated randomly.				
Blinding	Blinding was not relevant to this study, because our experimental subjects are cells rather than patients.				
Reportin	g for specific materials, systems and methods				
	ion from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, ted is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.				
Materials & ex	perimental systems Methods				
n/a Involved in the study n/a Involved in the study					
X Antibodies					
	<b>X</b> Eukaryotic cell lines <b>X</b> Flow cytometry				
	logy and archaeology  MRI-based neuroimaging  nd other organisms				
=1=	search participants				
Clinical data					
Dual use r	esearch of concern				
Eukaryotic c	ell lines				
Policy information	about <u>cell lines</u>				
Cell line source(s)	Cell line source(s) Human osteosarcoma U2-OS cell line (HTB-96) is purchased from ATCC.				

Cell lines were authenticated by the commercial vendors.

We don't use any commonly misidentified cell lines here.

We confirm that the cell line we used was tested negative for mycoplasma contamination.

Authentication

Mycoplasma contamination

Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)