Functional characteristics of Th1, Th17 and ex-Th17 cells in EAE revealed by intravital two-photon microscopy

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Supplementary Figure 1

A) Representative snapshots from TPLSM videos of IL17-reporter mice. Red: all cells, green: IL-17+ cells. Scale bar: 10 μm. B) Exemplary gating strategy for Figure 2D. Cells were gated for single cells, losing doublets. In a next step, the living cells were analyzed and the CD4+ population was analyzed in more depth. Within this population we looked for IL-17 and IFNγ single and double positive cells. C) Exemplary flow cytometry plots for IL-17 and IFNγ production of cells isolated after Th1 or Th17 cell application. D) Exemplary flow cytometry plots for astrocytes after Th1 application analyzing I-CAM1 and V-CAM1 positivity.

Supplementary Video 1 Two-photon live imaging of 2d2.RFP ex-Th17 cells

EAE was induced in Rag^{2-/-} mice via transfer of Th17-skewed 2d2.RFP cells. Shown here is the original RFP (ex-Th17 cells) 3D image sequence, smoothened and 3D cropped using Imaris. Time is shown in h/min/s/ms.

Supplementary Video 2 Two-photon live imaging of 2d2.RFP Th1 cells

EAE was induced in Rag2^{-/-} mice via transfer of Th1-skewed 2d2.RFP cells. Shown here is the original RFP (Th1 cells) 3D image sequence, smoothened and 3D cropped using Imaris. Time is shown in h/min/s/ms.

Supplementary Video 3 Two-photon live imaging of IL-17 reporter Th17 cells

EAE was induced in Rag2^{-/-} mice via transfer of Th17-skewed IL-17 reporter cells. Shown here is the original RFP (all cells) and GFP (IL-17-producing Th17 cells) 3D image sequence, smoothened and 3D cropped using Imaris. Time is shown in h/min/s/ms.