Appendix 1 (as supplied by the authors): Standardized form for data collection

Variable	Answer	Comments
Patient number		
Age		
Sex – M/F		
Height		
Weight		
Date of symptoms onset		
Date of admission		
Pregnant – Y/N		
Level of intervention		
Nursing home resident – Y/N		
Charlson comorbidity index		
SOFA score		
APACHE II score		
PaO2/FIO2		
*worst result 24 hours post intubation		
Hypertension – Y/N		
Diabetes Mellitus – Y/N		
Coronary artery disease – Y/N		
Obesity – Y/N		
*BMI > 30		
Chronic kidney disease – Y/N		
Chronic obstructive lung disease – Y/N		
Asthma – Y/N		
Malignancy – Y/N		
Immunocompromised – Y/N		
*HIV, patient chronically on steroids, chemotherapy, or biologic medication		
Intubation – Y/N		
Date of intubation		
Date of extubation		
PEEP at 24 hours		
Prone positioning – Y/N		
High-flow nasal cannula – Y/N		
- Reason for HFNC		
Neuromuscular blockade – Y/N		
Corticosteroid – Y/N		
- Date of steroid administration		
Azithromycin – Y/N		
Hydroxychloroquine – Y/N		
Tocilizumab – Y/N		
Oseltamivir – Y/N		

Appendix to: Yang SS, Lipes J, Dial S, et al. Outcomes and clinical practice in patients with COVID-19 admitted to the intensive care unit in Montréal, Canada: a descriptive analysis. *CMAJ Open* 2020. DOI:10.9778/cmajo.20200159. Copyright © 2020 Joule Inc. or its licensors

Lopinavir/Ritonavir – Y/N	
Death in ICU – Y/N	
Death in hospital – Y/N	
Discharged home – Y/N	
- Date	
Transferred to ward – Y/N	
- Date	
Tracheostomy – Y/N	
ICU acquired infection – Y/N	
*Positive culture result with pathogenic organisms	
Atrial fibrillation – Y/N	
Acute kidney injury – Y/N	
*2x baseline creatinine	
Renal replacement therapy – Y/N	
Thromboembolic events – Y/N	
Pulmonary embolism/DVT – Y/N	
Ischemic stroke – Y/N	
Peripheral arterial thrombosis – Y/N	