Supplemental Material: Adaptation of Newcastle-Ottawa Quality Assessment Scale for Crosssectional Studies. (Adapted from Herzog R, Álvarez-Pasquin MJ, Díaz C, Del Barrio JL, Estrada JM, Gil Á. Are healthcare workers' intentions to vaccinate related to their knowledge, beliefs and attitudes? a systematic review. *BMC Public Health.* 2013;13:154. CC BY. License information: https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/2.0/legalcode.)

Adaptation of Newcastle-Ottawa Quality Assessment Scale for Cross-sectional Studies

<u>Note:</u> Quality is assessed on an overall scale of 0-4 with a maximum of one point for the representativeness and response domains and a maximum of two points for the outcome ascertainment domain. Each asterisk corresponds to one point.

- 1) Representativeness of the sample:
 - a) Truly representative of the average in the target population. * (all subjects or random sampling)
 - b) Somewhat representative of the average in the target population. * (non-random sampling)
 - c) Selected group of users.
- 2) Non-respondents:
 - a) Comparability between respondents and non-respondents characteristics is established, and the response rate is satisfactory. *
 - b) The response rate is unsatisfactory, or the comparability between respondents and non-respondents is unsatisfactory.
 - c) No description of the response rate or the characteristics of the responders and the non-responders.
- 3) Assessment of the outcome:
 - a) Validated measurement tool **
 - c) Self report.
 - d) No description.