Supplementary to:

## Ketamine normalizes the structural alterations of inferior frontal gyrus in depression

Supplementary table 1. Overview of significant results of comparison between pre and post-ketamine administration in the All MDD (including MDD/PTSD) group. T-tests, p<0.001, FWE corrected.

Regions	Size(voxels)	Peak MNI			Peak t-	Volume
		X	У	Z	score	difference
Precentral_R,	1763	42	-25	61	-9143.2	T-test pre >
Postcentral_R						post-infusion
Left cerebrum,						
Angular_L,						
Parietal_Inf_L,						T test pro <
Cingulum_Mid_L,	6347	-38	-51	33	4801.7	nost infusion
Occipital_Mid_L,						post-infusion
SupraMarginal_L,						
Precuneus_L						

post-ketamine administration in the MDD group. T-tests, p<0.001, FWE corrected.										
Regions	Size(voxels)	Peak MNI			Peak t-	Volume				
		X	У	Z	score	difference				
Pons, brainstem, midbrain	3535	4	-31	-33	-12721	T-test pre > post- infusion				
Postcentral_R, Rolandic_Oper_R,						T-test pre				
SupraMarginal_R,	2846	35	-14	25	6741.9	< post-				

infusion

Insula\_R,

Frontal\_Inf\_Oper\_R

Supplementary table 2. Overview of significant results of comparison between pre and post-ketamine administration in the MDD group. T-tests, p<0.001, FWE corrected.



Supplementary figure 1. Results for the comparison of pre- and post-ketamine administration in the HC group. P<0.01, FWE corrected. However, there is no significant volume change when p <0.001. Color bar represents the t-score of Jacobian values. Voxels with decreased volume after ketamine administration were in cerebellum areas (peak MNI coordinate: -8, -47, -16); Voxels with increased volume were not found.