Article

An Anthocyanin-Rich Extract Obtained from Portuguese Blueberries Maintains Its Efficacy in Reducing Microglia-Driven Neuroinflammation after Simulated Digestion

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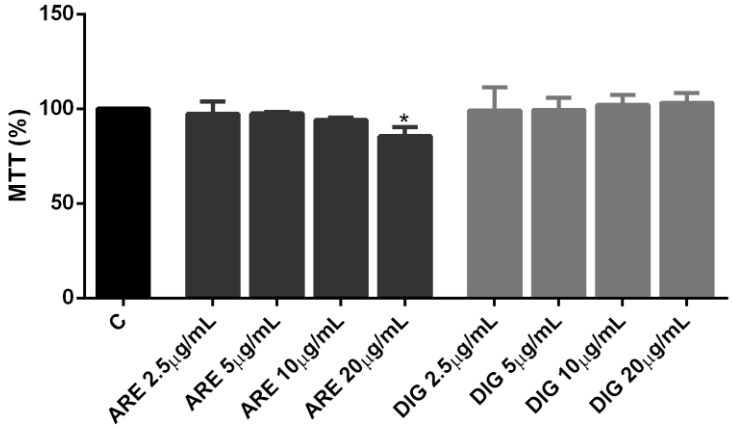
Supplementary information:



Supplementary figure. Effects of the original extract of Portuguese blueberries (ARE) and of the digested fraction (DIG) on cell viability of N9 cells. Cells were pre-incubated with 2.5, 5 and 10 μg/mL ARE or 2.5, 5 and 10 μg/mL DIG for 24 hours. Cell viability was assessed by MTT test as described in "Materials and Methods and determined as percentage of control cells. Values are mean ± SEM of at least three different experiments, in duplicate. *$p < 0.05$ vs Control.