

Supplementary Material: Development of Sensitive Droplet Digital PCR Assays for Detecting Urinary TERT Promoter Mutations as Non-invasive Biomarkers for Detection of Urothelial Cancer

Md Ismail Hosen, Nathalie Forey, Geoffroy Durand, Catherine Voegele, Selin Bilici, Patrice Hodonou Avogbe, Tiffany Myriam Delhomme, Matthieu Foll, Arnaud Manel, Emmanuel Vian, Sonia Meziani, Berengere De Tilly, Gilles Polo, Olesia Lole, Pauline Francois, Antoine Boureille, Eduard Pisarev, Andrei R.O.S.E. Salas, Sara Monteiro-Reis, Rui Henrique, Graham Byrnes, Carmen Jeronimo, Ghislaine Scelo, James D. McKay, Florence Le Calvez-Kelm and Maria Zvereva

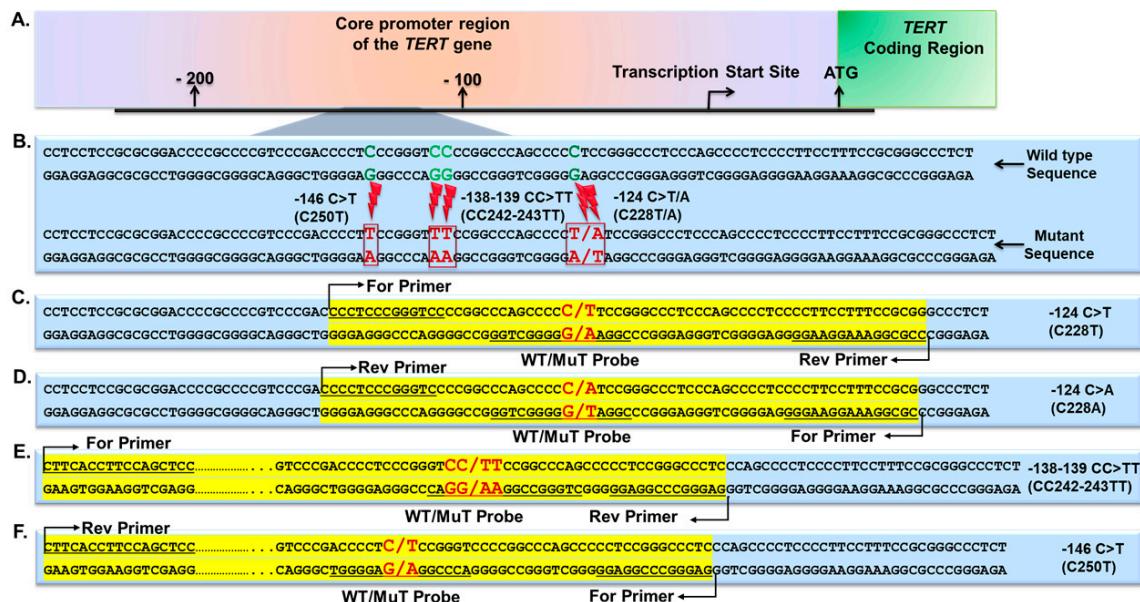


Figure S1. TERT core promoter region with the primer and probe sets designed for each of the TERT promoter mutation assays. The panel A shows the core promoter region and the ATG start site for the TERT gene. The panel B shows the position of the common and rare mutations (both wildtype and mutated sequences are shown here). The hotspot mutations (-124C/T or C228T and -146C/T or C250T) along with the rare mutations (-124C/A or C228A and -138-139CC/TT or CC242-243TT) mutations are detected using separate primer and probe sets for each of the mutations as shown in Panel C to F. The -124, -138, -139 and -146 positions refer to the upstream of the ATG start site, hence the ‘-(minus) sign. The 228, 242, 243 and 250 positions are according to the genomic coordinates for the respective mutation positions as per the GRCh37/hg19 Human Genome Assembly (27 February 2009 release). For example, the C228T mutation is located at the chr5:1295228 position of the GRCh37/hg19 Human Genome Assembly. The PCR products for each assay are highlighted in yellow and the positions for the primer and probes are underlined.

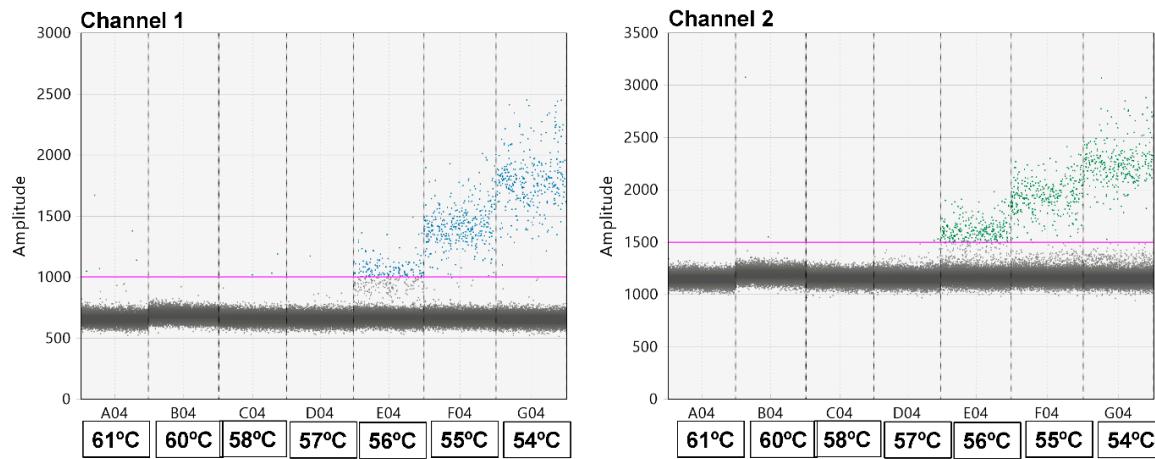


Figure S2. 1D amplitude plot for Channel 1 (respective to mutated probe) and Channel2 (respective for wildtype probe) for the C228T assay at different annealing temperatures. 54 °C shows a clear separation of clusters in both the channels.

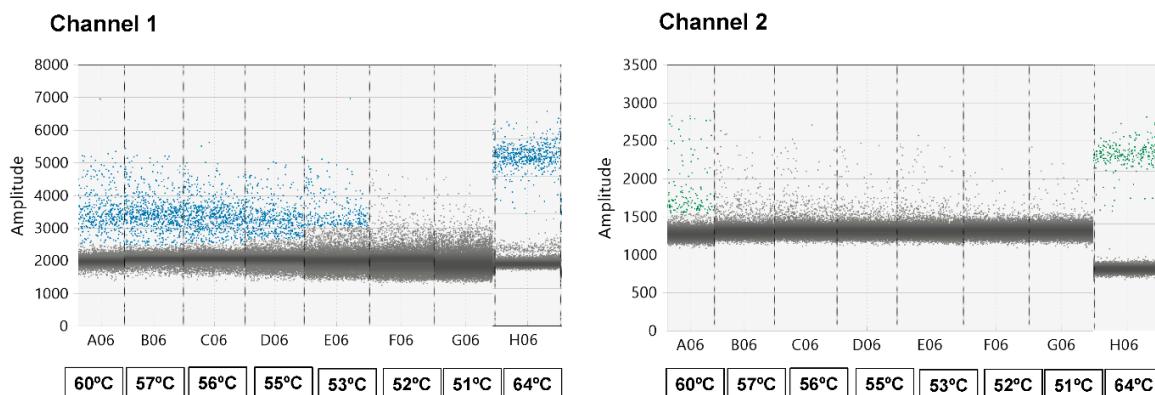


Figure S3. 1D amplitude plot for Channel1 (respective to mutated probe) and Channel2 (respective for wildtype probe) for the C250T assay at different annealing temperatures. 64 °C shows a clear separation of clusters in both the channels.

Table S1. Determination of Limit of Detection for the C228T mutations using cell line DNA.

Amount of Template DNA for ddPCR (ng)	Dilution Factor from HepG2 DNA (C228T Mutated)	WT Droplets	Total Mutated Droplets	ddPCR- MAF
5	None (100% HepG2)	109	112	50.6787
5	2	664	118	15.0895
5	5	882	55	5.8698
5	10	1074	35	3.1560
5	20	971	6	0.6141
5	50	1028	5	0.4840
5	100	1162	3	0.2575
5	200	1030	4	0.3868
5	500	1009	0	0.0000
5	1000	999	2	0.1998
5	2000	1141	4	0.3493
5	5000	995	2	0.2006
5	10000	916	0	0.0000
5	None-100% wild-type	1336	3	0.2240
10	None (100% HepG2)	299	326	52.16
10	2	429	209	32.76
10	5	202	49	19.52
10	10	424	63	12.94
10	20	394	27	6.41
10	50	438	11	2.45

10	100	390	5	1.27
10	200	413	0	0.00
10	500	417	1	0.24
10	1000	498	2	0.40
10	2000	482	0	0.00
10	5000	604	1	0.17
10	10000	549	1	0.18
10	<i>None-100% wild-type</i>	4999	1	0.02
20	None (100% HepG2)	1034	1130	52.22
20	2	1086	585	35.01
20	5	2190	180	7.59
20	10	984	119	10.79
20	20	2494	56	2.20
20	50	2615	20	0.76
20	100	2404	12	0.50
20	200	1020	7	0.68
20	500	1005	7	0.69
20	1000	2642	0	0.00
20	2000	2886	1	0.03
20	5000	2391	1	0.04
20	10000	2650	1	0.04
20	<i>None-100% wild-type</i>	9342	3	0.03
40	None (100% HepG2)	2297	2305	50.09
40	2	3445	930	21.26
40	5	5280	436	7.63
40	10	5029	204	3.90
40	20	5381	91	1.66
40	50	5948	37	0.62
40	100	5402	16	0.30
40	200	6525	12	0.18
40	500	5946	3	0.05
40	1000	6095	4	0.07
40	2000	7785	7	0.09
40	5000	6520	1	0.02
40	10000	7587	0	0.00
40	<i>None-100% wild-type</i>	6140	1	0.02

The threshold point for limit of detection is marked as bold and the dilutions that were below the threshold of the limit of detection are italicized.

Table S2. Determination of Limit of Detection for the C250T mutations using cell line DNA.

Amount of Template DNA for ddPCR (ng)	Proportion of A375 DNA (C250T Mutated)	WT Droplets	Total Mutated Droplets	ddPCR- MAF
5	None (100% A375)	326	739	69.39
5	2	676	339	33.40
5	5	1023	143	12.26
5	10	1168	87	6.93
5	20	1356	47	3.35
5	50	1049	21	1.96
5	100	1158	4	0.34
5	200	1040	3	0.29
5	500	1922	5	0.26
5	1000	1107	3	0.27
5	2000	1176	1	0.08
5	5000	1153	1	0.09
5	10000	1116	0	0.00
5	<i>None-100% wild-type</i>	1662	2	0.12
10	None (100% HepG2)	668	1513	69.37
10	2	1516	780	33.97
10	5	1513	244	13.89
10	10	1940	139	6.69
10	20	2309	70	2.94
10	50	2013	33	1.61

10	100	2353	27	1.13
10	200	2108	9	0.43
10	500	2061	2	0.10
10	1000	2147	4	0.19
10	2000	1187	0	0.00
10	5000	2173	2	0.09
10	10000	1336	0	0.00
10	None-100% wild-type	2674	1	0.04
20	None (100% A375)	648	1487	69.65
20	2	1253	731	36.84
20	5	1518	229	13.11
20	10	3516	147	4.01
20	20	2025	83	3.94
20	50	1785	25	1.38
20	100	1757	10	0.57
20	200	2183	9	0.41
20	500	2659	3	0.11
20	1000	2349	2	0.09
20	2000	2477	3	0.12
20	5000	NA	NA	NA
20	10000	2198	2	0.09
20	None-100% wild-type	2598	1	0.04
40	None (100% A375)	1632	4409	72.98
40	2	3821	2451	39.08
40	5	4964	971	16.36
40	10	5059	415	7.58
40	20	5408	248	4.38
40	50	5704	100	1.72
40	100	6197	49	0.78
40	200	7478	27	0.36
40	500	6737	12	0.18
40	1000	7156	5	0.07
40	2000	7157	2	0.03
40	5000	6956	2	0.03
40	10000	6982	2	0.03
40	None-100% wild-type	7085	1	0.01

The threshold point for limit of detection is marked as bold and the dilutions that were below the threshold of the limit of detection are italicized.

Table S3. Performance of urinary *TERT* promoter mutations in detecting UC by ddPCR based method.

Cohort	DIAGURO Cohort			PORUTO cohort
	Sample Type	US cfDNA or UP DNA	US cfDNA	UP DNA
Numbers of Samples	(N = 187)	(N = 187)	(N = 187)	(N = 100)
C228T or C250T	-	-	-	-
True Positive-no	79	66	77	33
True Negative-no	85	83	84	50
False positive-no	7	03	6	0
False negative-no	10	9	11	16
No data-no\$	6	26	9	1
Sensitivity (95% CI)-%	86.8 (80.3–94.5)	88.0 (78.4–94.4)	87.5 (78.7–93.6)	67.4 (52.5–80.1)
Specificity (95% CI)-%	92.4 (85.0–96.9)	96.5(90.1–99.3)	93.3 (86.1–97.5)	100.0 (92.9–100.0)
Accuracy (95% CI)-%	91.3 (86.2–95.0)	94.0 (89.1–97.1)	91.6 (86.5–95.2)	90.2 (82.6–95.3)

US: Urine Supernatant; UP: Urine Pellet. \$: Samples with either insufficient quantity of DNA to be screened by ddPCR or samples poor NGS or ddPCR data that could not be exploited.

Table S4. Concordance of *TERT* promoter mutations status in urinary DNA of the DIAGURO and IPO-PORUTO case-control studies.

US cfDNA	ddPCR-MUT	ddPCR-WT	ddPCR-Failed	TOTAL	Kappa 0.91
----------	-----------	----------	--------------	-------	------------

UroMuTERT-MUT	64	3	1	68
UroMuTERT-WT	4	86	0	90
UroMuTERT-Failed	1	5	-	6
TOTAL	69	94	1	164
UP cellIDNA	ddPCR-MUT	ddPCR-WT	ddPCR-Failed	TOTAL
UroMuTERT-MUT	111	2	1	114
UroMuTERT-WT	6	159	0	165
UroMuTERT-Failed	1	0	-	1
TOTAL	118	161	1	280

Table S5. Probes for detecting C228T and C250T mutations in the ddPCR assay.

Mutation Type	Primer/Probe	Sequence (5' to 3')	Fluorescent Dye and Quencher	PCR Product Size (bp)
TERT C228T	fw_primer	CCCTCCC GG GTCC	-	64
	rev_primer	CCGCGGAAAGGAAGG	-	
	wt_probe	CGGA GGGG CTGG	HEX_IowaBlack	
	mut_probe	CCCGG A GGGG CTG	FAM_IowaBlack	
TERT C250T	fw_primer	CTTCACCTTCCAGCTCC	-	88
	rev_primer	GAGGGCCCGGAGG	-	
	wt_probe	ACCCGG AGGGGT	HEX_IowaBlack	
	mut_probe	CCCGG A GGGGT CG	FAM_IowaBlack	
TERT C228A	fw_primer	CGCGGAAAGGAAGGG	-	64
	rev_primer	CCCCTCCCGGGTC	-	
	wt_probe	CGGA GGGG CTGG	HEX_IowaBlack	
	mut_probe	CCCGG A GGGG CTG	FAM_IowaBlack	
TERT CC242–243TT	fw_primer	GAGGGCCCGGAGG	-	88
	rev_primer	CTTCACCTTCCAGCTCC	-	
	wt_probe	CTGGGCCGGg AC	HEX_IowaBlack	
	mut_probe	CCGGaa ACCCGGGA	FAM_IowaBlack	

Fw: Forward; rev: Reverse; wt: Wild-type; mut: Mutated, ddPCR probes containing either a 5'-FAM or 5'-HEX reporter dye and 3' Iowa Black® Fluorescent quencher were HPLC purified.

Publisher's Note: MDPI stays neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

© 2020 International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC); Licensee MDPI, Basel, Switzerland. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution IGO License (CC BY) (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/igo/legalcode>), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited. In any reproduction of this article there should not be any suggestion that IARC or this article endorse any specific organisation or products. The use of the IARC logo is not permitted. This notice should be preserved along with the article's original URL.

