

Table S3. Two-way repeated measures ANOVA for the continuous access, two-bottle choice (2BC) drinking procedure in *Tlr3*^{+/+} and *Tlr3*^{-/-} mice.

Sex (number of animals)	Factors	2BC Procedure		
		Ethanol Intake (g/kg/24h)	Ethanol Preference	Total Fluid Intake (g/kg/24h)
Males (n=9 per genotype)	Genotype	F(1,16)=0.01181; P=0.9148	F(1,16)=0.7899; P=0.3873	F(1,16)=0.2073; P=0.6550
	Ethanol concentration	F(4,64)=41.10; P<0.0001	F(4,64)=14.25; P<0.0001	F(4,64)=2.351; P=0.0634
	Genotype x Ethanol concentration	F(4,64)=2.478; P=0.0528	F(4,64)=2.427; P=0.0568	F(4,64)=1.840; P=0.1321
Females (n=9-10 per genotype)	Genotype	F(1,17)=0.05449; P=0.8182	F(1,17)=0.04493; P=0.8347	F(1,17)=3.517; P=0.0780
	Ethanol concentration	F(4,68)=61.78; P<0.0001	F(4,68)=9.208; P<0.0001	F(4,68)=2.916; P=0.0275
	Genotype x Ethanol concentration	F(4,68)=1.757; P=0.1477	F(4,68)=0.6686; P=0.6160	F(4,68)=0.6218; P=0.6485

Statistically significant results are in bold font. Ethanol concentration was increased every four days from 3-15% v/v.