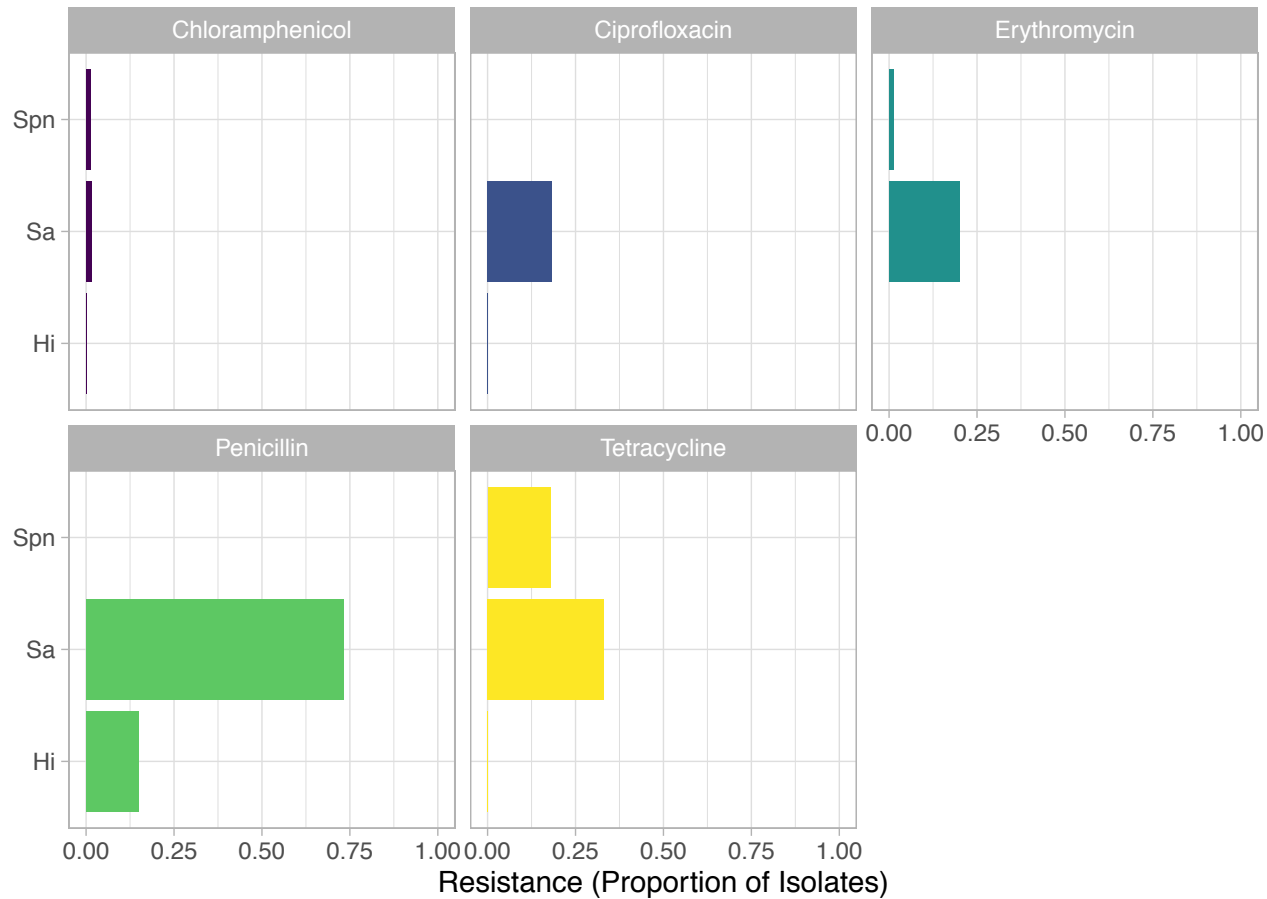


Supplementary Figure 1: Carriage Prevalence of *S. pneumoniae* and *S. aureus* in Female and Male Study Participants. Point estimates for percentage carriage prevalence of *S. pneumoniae* and *S. aureus* are shown across three age groups <5, 5 to 17, 18 to 65 and 65+. Missing data indicates either carriage was not absent, not determined, or gender was not recorded. Carriage was estimated overall i.e. a positive swab culture from either nasal or nasopharyngeal swab. Error bars show 95% CI intervals.

Supplementary Table 1: Multi- versus single-species carriage of *Streptococcus pneumoniae* (Spn), *Staphylococcus aureus* (Sa), *Haemophilus influenzae* (Hi) and *Moraxella catarrhalis* (Mc). Forty-seven individuals were culture negative. Seven had single-species profiles involving *Klebsiella pneumoniae* (n=3), α -haemolytic *Streptococci* (n=2) or *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (n=2). A final thirteen had different multi-species profiles to those listed below.

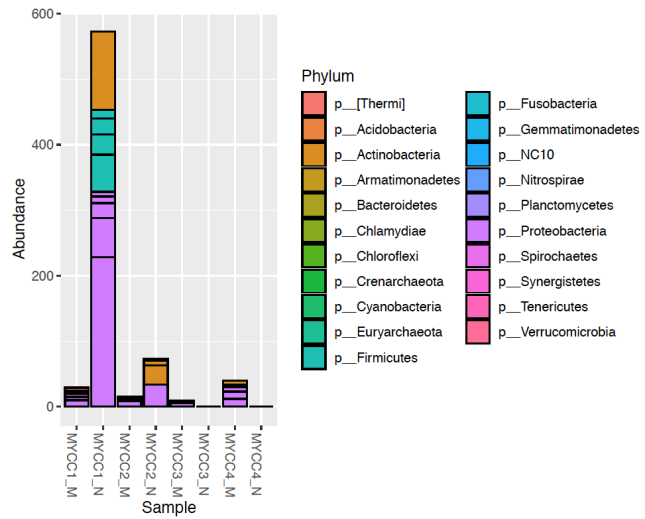
Bacterial Species	N	%
Sa	25	19.23
Spn	16	12.31
Spn-Hi	7	5.38
Spn-Sa	5	3.85
Hi	2	1.54
Mc	1	0.77
Spn-Mc	1	0.77
Hi-Sa	1	0.77
Hi-Mc	1	0.77
Spn-Hi-Sa	1	0.77
Spn-Hi-Mc	1	0.77
Sa-Mc	0	0.00
Hi-Sa-Mc	0	0.00
Sa-Mc-Spn	0	0.00
Sa-Mc-Spn-Hi	0	0.00



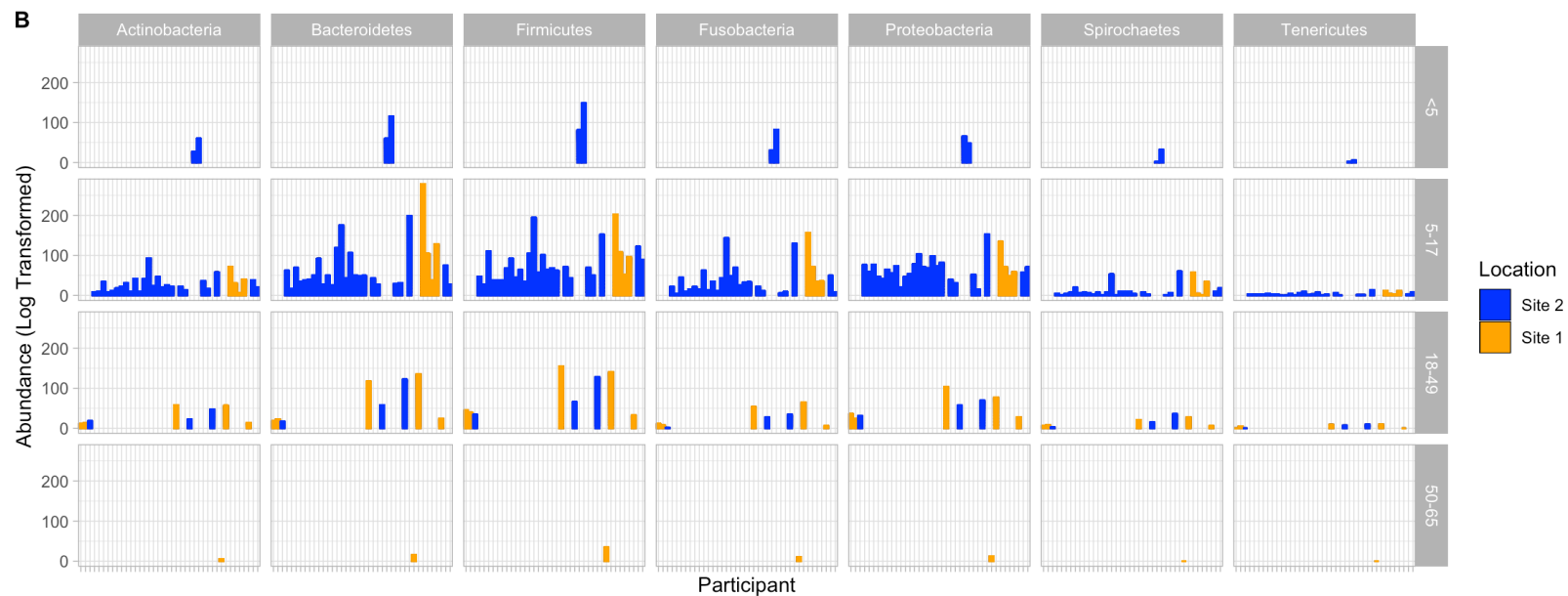
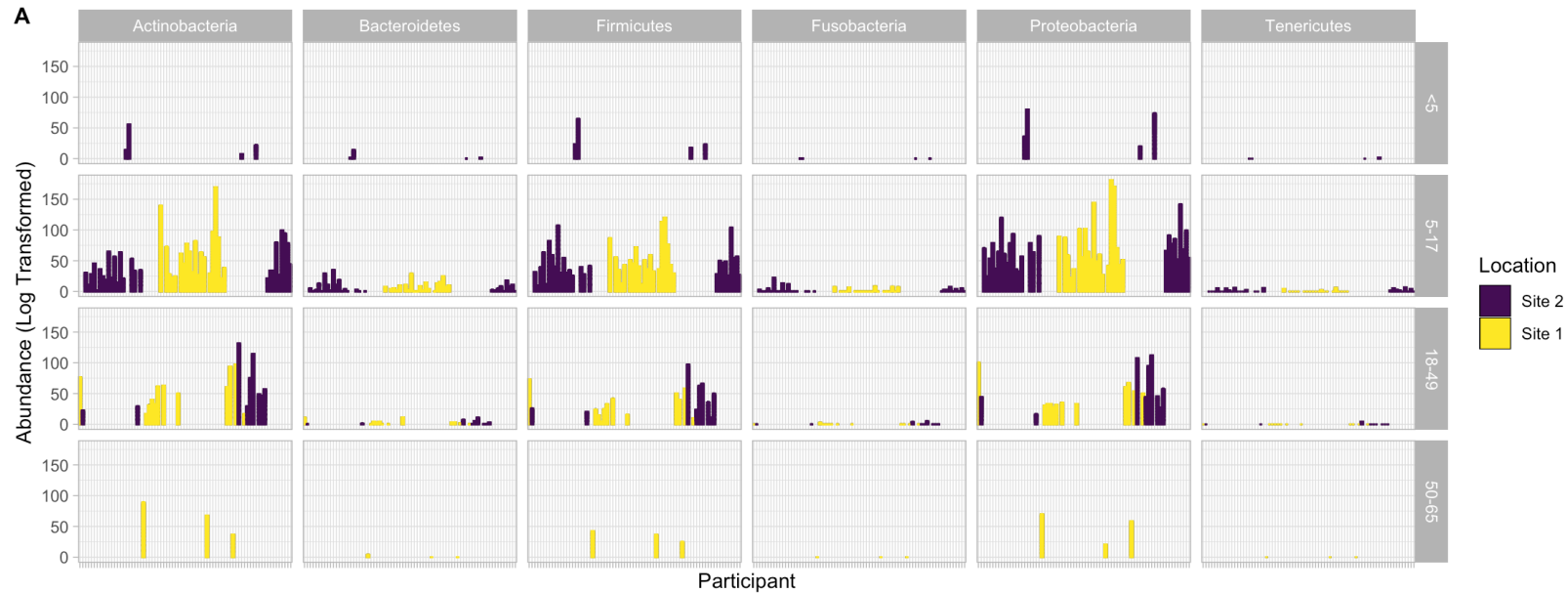
Supplementary Figure 2: Antibiotic resistance of isolates of *S. pneumoniae* (Spn; n=67), *S. aureus* (Sa; n=60) and *H. influenzae* (Hi; n=10). Columns represent the proportion of isolates that were resistant to tetracycline, chloramphenicol, erythromycin, ciprofloxacin and penicillin. Forty-four (73.3%) *S. aureus* isolates were resistant to penicillin, 20 (33.0%) to tetracycline, 12 (20%) to erythromycin and 11 (18.3%) to ciprofloxacin. Of the *H. influenzae* isolates three (15%) were resistant to penicillin. Twelve *S. pneumoniae* (17.9%) were resistant to tetracycline.

Genus	Frequency	Genus	Frequency	Genus	Frequency	Genus	Frequency	Genus	Frequency	Genus	Frequency	Genus	Frequency	Genus	Frequency
NA	1887	Kingella	11	Rubellimicrobium	6	Rheinheimeria	4	Acidaminococcus	2	Sphingopyxis	2				
Prevotella	118	Paenibacillus	11	Rubrivivax	6	TGS	4	Agrococcus	2	Spirosoma	2				
Tropoema	96	Peptoniphilus	11	Saccharopolyspora	6	Thermomonas	4	Agromyces	2	Thermicarsia	2				
Leptotrichia	70	Schwartzia	11	Salinicoccus	6	Truopera	4	Anaeromyxobacter	2	Williamsia	2				
Corynebacterium	64	Sutterella	11	Sardovia	6	Variovorax	4	Arsenicococcus	2	Xylanimicrob	2				
Oscillospira	63	Tannerella	11	Sphingobacterium	6	Achromobacter	3	Asplenium	2	Abiotrophia	1				
Coprococcus	54	Lachnospira	10	Aldercruzia	5	Actinoplanes	3	Asteroleplasma	2	Acidovorax	1				
Ruminococcus	52	Megasphaera	10	Aeromicrobium	5	Aerococcus	3	Azospirillum	2	Actinocorallii	1				
Blautia	49	Microbacterium	10	Alistipes	5	Agrobacterium	3	Blvi28	2	Actinomycet:	1				
Capnocytophaga	45	Rhodoplanes	10	Anaerostipes	5	Akkermansia	3	Burkholderia	2	Adhaebact	1				
Deinococcus	37	Rothia	10	Balneimonas	5	Alishewanella	3	Butyrvibrio	2	Aeromonas	1				
Bacteroides	36	Stenotrophomonas	10	Cardiobacterium	5	Anaerofustis	3	Candidatus_Koribacter	2	Alkanindiges	1				
Clostridium	35	Actinobacillus	9	Dermacoccus	5	Bejerinckia	3	Caulobacter	2	Anaerofilum	1				
Fusobacterium	32	Alicyclobacillus	9	Desulfovibrio	5	Bradyrhizobium	3	Chelativorans	2	Anaerolinea	1				
Actinomyces	29	Bacillus	9	Facklamia	5	Butyricoccus	3	Christensenella	2	Anaerosinus	1				
Sphingomonas	29	Bifidobacterium	9	Halalkalicoccus	5	Candidatus_Solibacter	3	Citricoccus	2	Anaerospora	1				
[Prevotella]	28	Brevibacterium	9	Kytococcus	5	Cellulomonas	3	Cloacibacterium	2	Anaerotrunci	1				
Selenomonas	28	Brevundimonas	9	Massilia	5	Cellvibrio	3	Cohnella	2	Anoxybacillus	1				
Acinetobacter	27	Butylicimonas	9	Oribacterium	5	Chroococcidiopsis	3	Comamonas	2	Aquabacteri	1				
Moraxella	27	Eikenella	9	Peptococcus	5	Cystobacter	3	Cupriavidus	2	Aquamicrobi	1				
Streptococcus	26	Flavisolibacter	9	Propionimonas	5	Dechloromonas	3	Delftia	2	Arcobacter	1				
Anaerococcus	24	Actinomycetospira	8	Rhodococcus	5	Gallicola	3	Eggerthella	2	Arenimonas	1				
Faecalibacterium	24	Catonella	8	Riemerella	5	Haldemania	3	Exiguobacterium	2	Arthronema	1				
Nesterenkonia	24	Devesia	8	Shuttleworthia	5	Hydrogenophaga	3	Friedmanniella	2	Auribacter	1				
Dorea	23	Enhydrobacter	8	Slackia	5	Lactococcus	3	Gardnerella	2	Azohydromon	1				
Lactobacillus	23	Flavobacterium	8	Streptomyces	5	Macrococcus	3	Gemella	2	Blastococcus	1				
[Ruminococcus]	22	Gemmata	8	Bdellovibrio	4	Mesohizobium	3	Gordonia	2	Bosea	1				
Neisseria	22	Micrococcus	8	Biophila	4	Methanobrevibacter	3	Granulicella	2	Brachymona:	1				
Porphyromonas	22	Rhodobacter	8	Brachybacterium	4	Nitrospira	3	Helcococcus	2	Brasilonema	1				
Veillonella	22	Roseomonas	8	Bulleidia	4	Novosphingobium	3	Hyphomicrobium	2	Brevibacillus	1				
Alloiooccus	19	Arthrobacter	7	Calothrix	4	Ochrobactrum	3	Luteolibacter	2	Caldivella	1				
Haemophilus	19	Atopobium	7	Collinsella	4	Olseinella	3	Meiothermus	2	Candidatus_I	1				
Nocardioideis	17	Chloronema	7	Coprobacillus	4	pH2	3	Methylubium	2	Candidatus_I	1				
Pseudomonas	17	Lachnoanaerobaculum	7	Dermabacter	4	Phascolarctobacterium	3	Mycoplasma	2	Candidatus_I	1				
Aggregatibacter	16	Magiibacterium	7	Magnetispirillum	4	Phycoccus	3	Mycrodes	2	Candidatus_J	1				
Kaistobacter	16	Acholeplasma	6	Gemmiger	4	Planctomyces	3	Oxalobacter	2	Catenibacter	1				
Leptolyngbya	16	Amaricoccus	6	Geodermatophilus	4	Pruserella	3	Pelomonas	2	cc115	1				
Campylobacter	15	Halomonas	6	Granulicatella	4	Pseudoramibacter	3	Peptostreptococcus	2	Cellulosimicr	1				
Chryseobacterium	14	Hymenobacter	6	Halococcus	4	Perluxanthomonas	3	Perluxidibaca	2	Cetobacteriu	1				
Parabacteroides	14	Kocuria	6	Jeotgalicoccus	4	Scytonema	3	Planktobacter	2	Chlamydia	1				
Paracoccus	14	Lysobacter	6	Lautropia	4	Sharpea	3	Pleomorphomonas	2	Chryseomicro	1				
Mycobacterium	13	Marmoricola	6	Leucobacter	4	Shewanella	3	Psychrobacter	2	Citrobacter	1				
Rubrobacter	13	Moryella	6	Leuconostoc	4	Tessaracoccus	3	Pyramidobacter	2	Candidatus	1				
[Eubacterium]	12	Mycoplasma	6	Microlunatus	4	Turicobacter	3	Ralstonia	2	Cochlichloane	1				
Dialister	12	Parvimonas	6	Odoribacter	4	Varibaculum	3	Rhizobium	2	Cryocolla	1				
Methylobacterium	12	Phenylobacterium	6	Paraprevotella	4	Vogesella	3	Sediminibacterium	2	Curvibacter	1				
Roseburia	12	Propionibacterium	6	Pimelobacter	4	Watersiella	3	Shinella	2	Cylinidosperr	1				
Staphylococcus	12	Pseudonocardia	6	rc4-4	4	[Clostridium]	2	SMBS3	2	DA101	1				

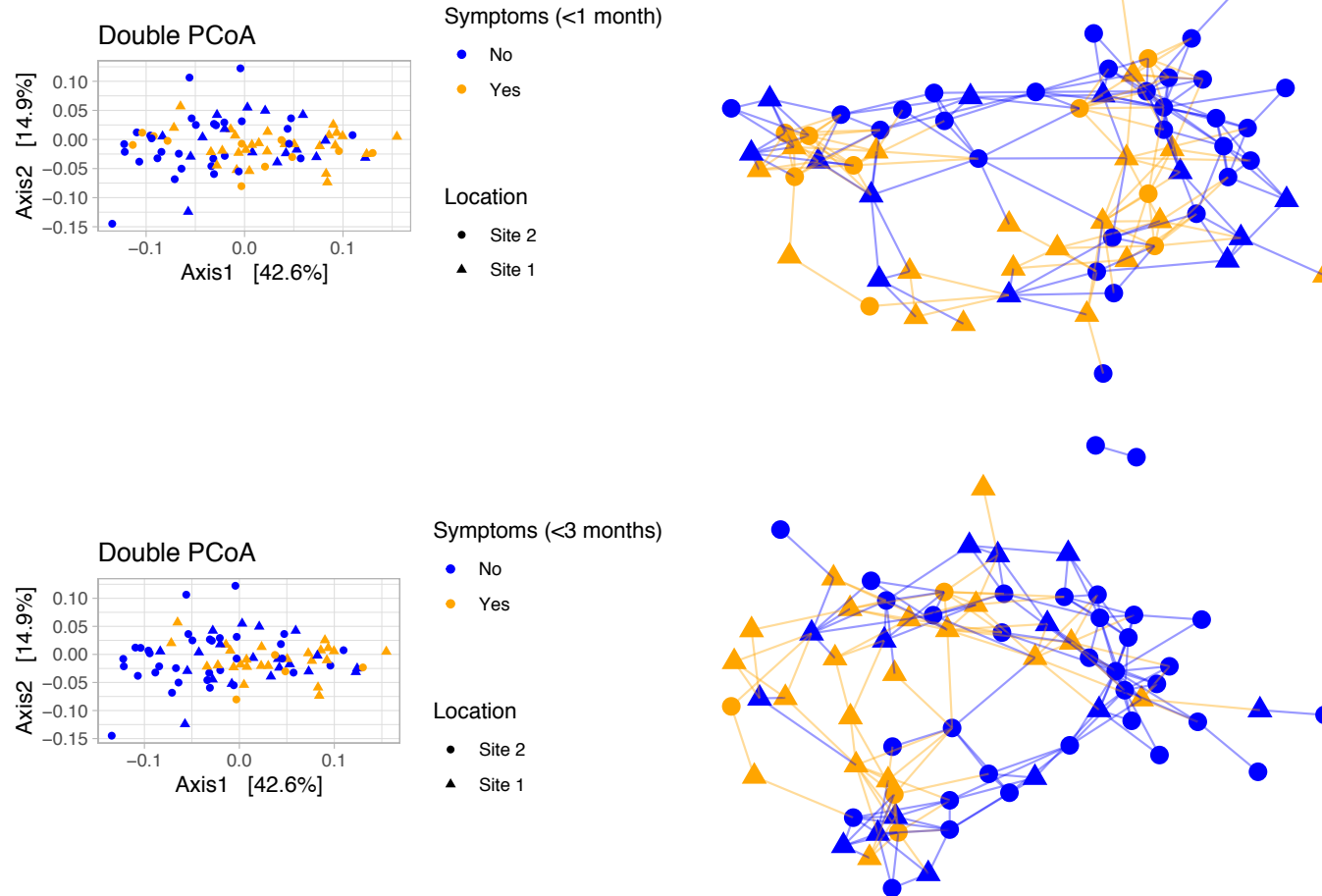
Genus	Frequency	Genus	Frequency	Genus	Frequency
DeFluviobacter	1	Magnetospirillum	1	Salinispora	1
Deinobacterium	1	Marinococcus	1	Sandaracinobacter	1
Dermatophilus	1	Martellella	1	Schumannella	1
Desulfobulbus	1	Megamonas	1	Sebalidella	1
Desulfomicrobium	1	Methanobacterium	1	Segetibacter	1
Dokdonella	1	Methylomicrobium	1	Serinococcus	1
Duganella	1	Millsia	1	SHD-231	1
Dyadobacter	1	Mobiluncus	1	Shimazella	1
Dyella	1	Morganella	1	Silanimonas	1
Dysgonomonas	1	Mucilaginitibacter	1	Sinomonas	1
Edaphobacter	1	Myxococcus	1	Skermanella	1
Edwardsiella	1	Nannocystis	1	Smaragdicoccus	1
Enterococcus	1	Nevskia	1	Solirubrobacter	1
Epulopsicum	1	Niabella	1	Sphaerisporangium	1
Erythromicrobium	1	Nocardia	1	Sphaerochaeta	1
Filifactor	1	Novosphirillum	1	Sphingobium	1
Fimbrimonas	1	Olivibacter	1	Sporosarcina	1
Finexordia	1	Opitulus	1	Stella	1
Flectobacillus	1	Ornithinimicrobium	1	Steroidobacter	1
Fluviicola	1	p-75-a5	1	Subdoligranulum	1
Frankia	1	Parapedobacter	1	Succinatimonas	1
G07	1	Parasegiteibacter	1	Succinivibrio	1
Germatimonas	1	Pedobacter	1	Syntrophomonas	1
Geobacillus	1	Petrobacter	1	Tatamella	1
Geobacter	1	Phaeospirillum	1	Telluria	1
Geomicrobium	1	Phormidium	1	Tepidimonas	1
Gloeocapsopsis	1	Photobacterium	1	Terracoccus	1
Gracilibacillus	1	Phylobacterium	1	Tetrasphaera	1
Gulbenkiania	1	Pigmentiphaga	1	Thauera	1
GW-34	1	Pirellula	1	Thermobispora	1
Haliangium	1	planctomycete	1	Trichococcus	1
Herbaspirillum	1	Pontibacter	1	Uliginibacterium	1
Hermilimonas	1	Proteus	1	va:d:n:HD4	1
human	1	Providencia	1	Vibrio	1
Hydrogenophilus	1	Pseudanabaena	1	WAL185SD	1
Hylemonella	1	Pseudoclabibacter	1	Weeksella	1
Iamia	1	Quadrifasphaera	1	Weissella	1
Janibacter	1	Ramlibacter	1	Wolbachia	1
Janthinobacterium	1	RFN20	1	Wotniella	1
Johnsonella	1	Rhodocytophaga	1	Xanthomonas	1
Lachnobacterium	1	Rickettsiella	1	Yonghaparkia	1
Lacibacter	1	Rikenella	1	Zoogloea	1
Lactonifactor	1	Robinsoniella	1		
Leptothrix	1	Rubricoccus	1		
Limnochabbits	1	Ruminofilibacter	1		
Longispora	1	Saccharomonospora	1		
Luteimonas	1	Saccharothrix	1		
Luteococcus	1	Salinibacterium	1		



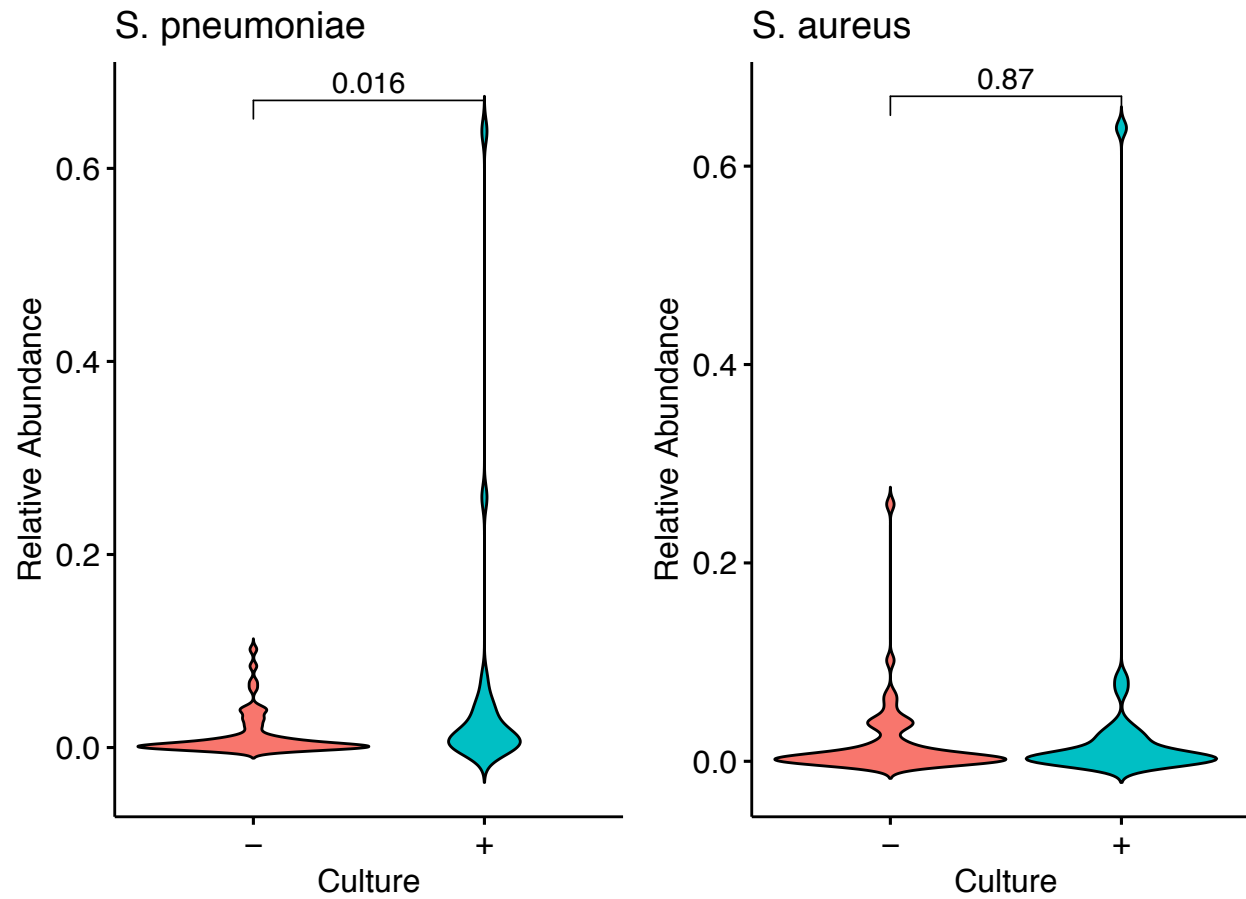
Supplementary Figure 3: Composition of control swab samples at Phylum and Genus level. Frequency indicates the cumulative frequency of ASVs with Genus X from the eight control samples.



Supplementary Figure 4: Log Transformed Abundances of Phylum-level ASV Classifications in Nasal (top) and Oral (bottom) Samples. Bars are coloured by site of location. Firmicutes, Actinobacteria and Proteobacteria were the most abundant phyla in Nasal samples with Bacteroidetes, Firmicutes and Proteobacteria the most common in Oral samples. A clear increase in Firmicutes in nasal samples from Site 2 (Kampung Berua) can be seen.



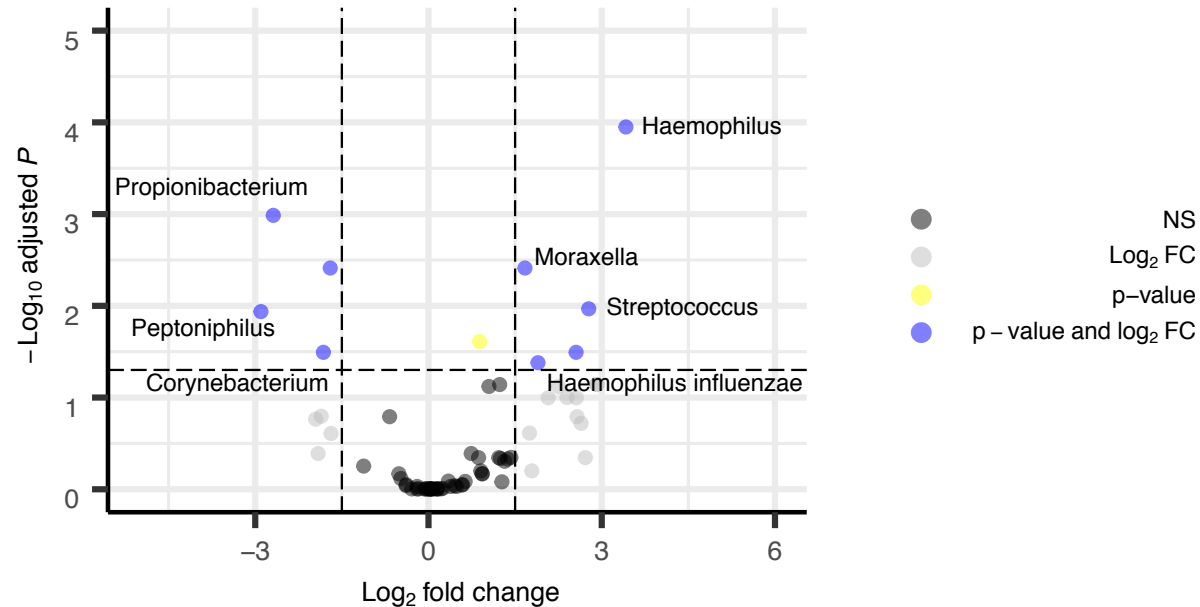
Supplementary Figure 5: Network and Double PCoA Beta-diversity plots comparing individuals that had reported respiratory symptoms within the last month (top) or within the last three months (bottom). Individuals reporting respiratory symptoms are shown in blue. Shape denotes the location with triangles Site 1 - Kampung Sungai Pergam and circles being Site 2 - Kampung Berua. Network construction was based on Jaccard distance with a maximum distance of 0.7.



Supplementary Figure 6: Comparison of the relative abundance of Streptococcal and Staphylococcus ASVs between those that were culture positive or negative for *Streptococcus pneumoniae* or *Staphylococcus aureus*. *P* values were calculated using the nonparametric Wilcoxon test.

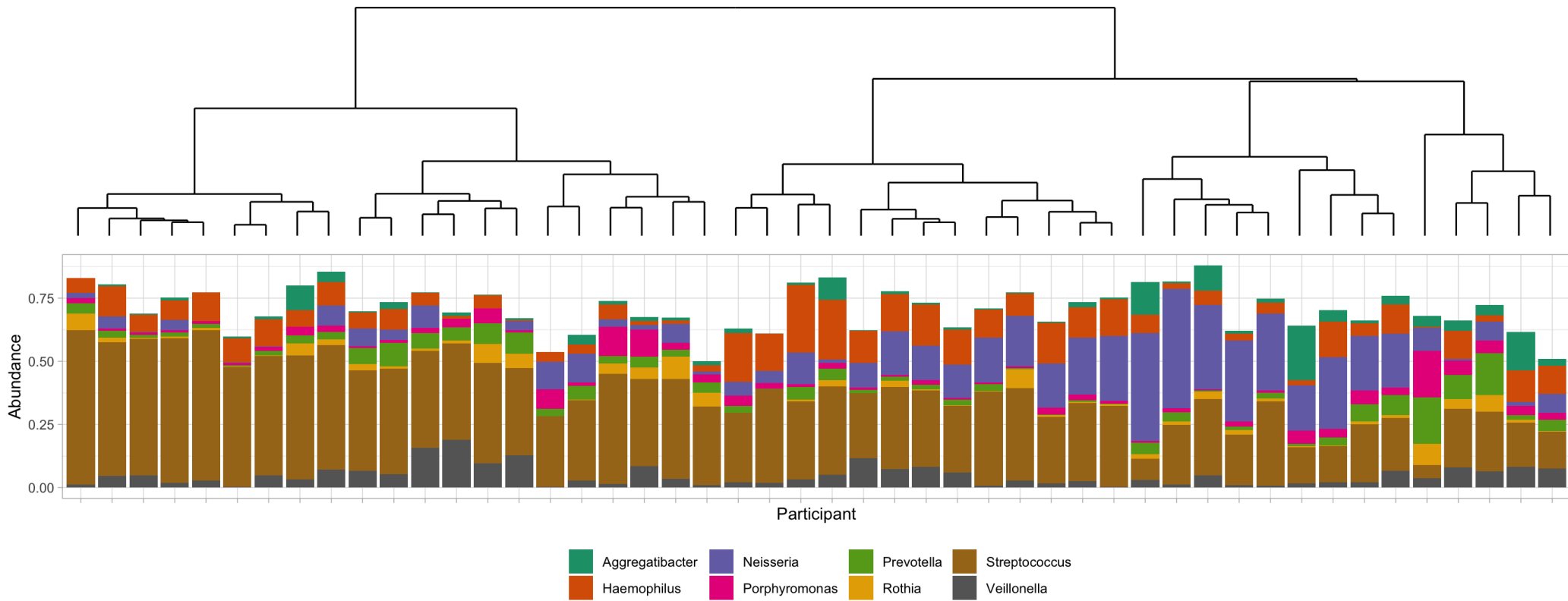
Age Group Comparison 5-17 vs.18-49

EnhancedVolcano



Total = 205 variables

Supplementary Figure 7: Differentially Abundant ASVs Between Older Children (5-17 years) and Adults (18-49). Volcano plot showing the ASVs that were differentially abundant in comparisons between the two age groups. Here a p-value cut-off of 0.05 and a Log_2 fold change of 1.5 was applied. Those ASVs that pass both these thresholds are labelled where a genus and/or species taxonomic assignment was available. The right hand-side of the plot shows ASVs that had increased abundance in the 5-17 years olds compared to the 18-49. Conversely those to the left are those more abundant in the older age group.



Supplementary Figure 8: Hierarchical Clustering of Oral Samples with Bray-Curtis Dissimilarity using Genus-level Relative Abundances. The dendrogram (top) shows clustering of samples with the below bar chart showing the relative abundance of the six most commonly observed Genera. Three genera are seen to be responsible for the majority of ASVs – *Streptococcus* (brown), *Haemophilus* (orange) and *Neisseria* (purple). Profiles characterised by an overabundance of *Streptococcus* or *Neisseria* are seen, as too are those containing both *Streptococcus* and *Haemophilus*.