# nature research

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# **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

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For all statistical an	alyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.						
n/a Confirmed							
The exact	sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement						
A stateme	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly						
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.						
🗶 🗌 A descript	ion of all covariates tested						
🗶 🗌 A descript	🗷 🔲 A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons						
A full desc	ription of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) tion (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)						
For null hy Give P value	pothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. $F$ , $t$ , $r$ ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and $P$ value noted as as exact values whenever suitable.						
For Bayesi	an analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings						
For hierar	chical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes						
<b>x</b> Estimates	of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's $d$ , Pearson's $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated						
1	Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.						
Software and	d code						
Policy information a	about <u>availability of computer code</u>						
Data collection	Olympus cellSens Dimension (version 1.17) was used to collect microscope data.  LightCycler96 (version SW1.1) was used to collect qPCR data.  Biacore ×100 evaluation software (version 2.0.1) was used to collect the SPR data.  Alliance Q9 software (v17-02) was used to collect the Western blot data.						
Data analysis	GraphPad Prism (version 6.0) was used for analysis and plotting the figures. FlowJo (version vX.0.7) was used to analyze the flow cytometry data.						

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The data that support the findings of this study are available from the corresponding authors upon reasonable request.

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website.

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Please select the o	one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.					
<b>X</b> Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences					
For a reference copy of	the document with all sections, see <a href="mailto:nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf">nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</a>					
Life scie	nces study design					
	isclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.					
Sample size	All experiments were repeated at least three times to give a n number of 3 or above. A n number equals to 3 is the the standard of biological					
	experiments. No sample size calculation was performed. Sample size is chosen based on the standard of the corresponding field.					
Data exclusions	ata were excluded.					
Replication	All experiments were repeated at least three times on three different days. Similar findings were obtained from all repeats.					
Randomization	Randomization is not relevant to our study. In our study, the experiments are well-controlled and the same number of cells are used for comparison so that there is no background difference between experimental groups.					
Blinding	Blinding is not relevant to our study. The experiments for different groups are carried out in parallel using the same set of protocols and the experimental results are quantitative.					
Reportir	ng for specific materials, systems and methods					
	tion from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material,					
	sted is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.					
	xperimental systems Methods					
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Antibodie  K Eukarvoti	c cell lines ChIP-seq					
	ology and archaeology    MRI-based neuroimaging					
	nd other organisms					
	esearch participants					
Clinical da	ata					
Dual use	research of concern					
Antibodies						
Antibodies used	Rabbit anti-human furin (#ab183495, Abcam) 1:5000 for Western blots;					
	Rabbit anti-V5 (MAB8926, R&D) 1:2500 for Western blots;  Mouse anti-human beta-actin antibody (#MAB8929, R&D) 1:5000 for Western blots;					
	In-house rabbit anti-SARS-CoV-2-nucleocapsid (N) immune serum 1:3000 for immunofluorescence staining, 1:10000 for Western					
	blots; In-house rabbit anti-SARS-CoV-N immune serum 1:3000 for immunofluorescence staining;					
	Rabbit anti-SARS-CoV-2 spike S2 (40590-T62, Sino Biological) 1:5000 for Western blots;					
	Goat anti-human ACE2 (AF933, R&D Systems) 1.35ug/mL for flow cytometry;					
	Donkey anti-Goat IgG (H+L), Alexa Fluor 488 (A11055, Thermo Fisher Scientific) 1:300 for flow cytometry.  Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), Alexa Fluor 488 (A11034, Thermo Fisher Scientific) 1:4000 for immunofluorescence staining.					
	Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) HRP (31460, Thermo Fisher Scientific) 1:5000 for Western blots;					
	Goat anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) HRP (31430, Thermo Fisher Scientific) 1:5000 for Western blots;					
Validation	Commercial primary antibodies were validated by the manufacturers and validation statements are available on the manufacturer's					

The in-house anti-SARS-CoV-2-N and anti-SARS-CoV-N immune serum were validated with ELISA, Western blots, and immunofluorescence staining in our previous publication (PMID: 32835326).

# Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s)

Calu3, Caco2, Huh7, BHK21, RK13, PK15, CRFK, 293T, and VeroE6 were obtained from ATCC.

Authentication The cell lines were not authenticated.

Mycoplasma contamination All cell lines have been recently tested negative for mycoplasma contamination.

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

No commonly misidentified cell lines were used in this study.

# Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics A total of 9 patient donors with lung tumour who underwent wedge resection or lobectomy were included in this study.

These included 3 females and 6 males with a mean age of 65.8 years (range, 57-80 years)

 $A total of 9 patients do nors with large intestine tumour who underwent surgery were included {\it in} this study. These included 4 patients do not study and the study are included 4 patients do not study and the study are included 4 patients do not study and the study are included 4 patients do not study and the study are included 4 patients do not study and the study are included 4 patients do not study and the study are included 4 patients and 4 patients are included 4 patients are included 4 patients and 4 patients are included 4 patients are included 4 patients are included 4 pati$ 

female and 5 males with a mean age of 69 years (range, 54-82 years).

Recruitment Human lung and intestine tissues for ex vivo studies were obtained from patients undergoing surgical operations at Queen

Mary Hospital, Hong Kong. All donors gave written consent. There is no potential selection bias.

Ethics oversight The study protocol is approved by the Institutional Review Board of the University of Hong Kong/Hospital Authority Hong

Kong West Cluster (UW13-364).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

## Flow Cytometry

#### Plots

Confirm that:

 $\boxed{\mathbf{x}}$  The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).

The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).

🗶 All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.

X A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

#### Methodology

Sample preparation BHK21 cells were detached from the culture plate with 10mM EDTA and fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde.

Instrument BD FACSCanto II cell analyzer was used for data collection.

Software FlowJo X 10.0.7 was used for data analysis.

Cell population abundance Not applicable. Did not sort cells.

Gating strategy

The main BHK21 cell population was gated with SSC-A vs FSC-A. The selected cells were gated with FSC-H vs FSC-A for single cells. From that, ACE2 positive cells were gated with FSC-H vs FITC-A. BHK21 cells labeled with isotype control and secondary

antibody were used as the control for gating. The gating strategy was demonstrated in Figure S3.

x Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.