

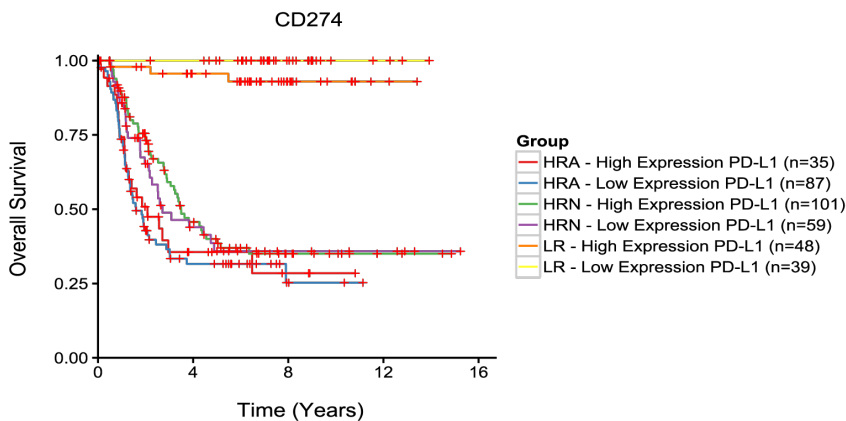
Supplementary Materials

Supplemental Figure 1.

A

Risk Group*	Number of samples
<b>Low risk</b> <i>Stage 1, 2 and 4S All tumors are MYCN-non-amplified</i>	30
<b>High risk MYCN-non-amplified</b> <i>Stage 3 &gt;18mo with UH, Stage 4 12-18 with UH or diploid, all Stage 4 &gt;18 mo</i>	151
<b>High risk MYCN-amplified</b> <i>Stage 2+ MYCN-A</i>	68
<b>Cell Lines</b> <i>(MYCN Amplified: BE2, KAN, KCNR, LHN (MYCN overexpressing), SAN, CHLA-90, CHLA-119, CHLA-122, CHLA-136, MYCN Non-Amplified: LAN6, CHLA-15, CHLA20, CHLA-42, CHLA-51, CHLA-79, CHLA-140, CHLA-172)</i>	17
*All tumors except Stage 1 tumors with MYCN-amplification are superceded into the high-risk MYCN-amplified category. UH: unfavorable histology. MYCN-A: MYCN-amplified. Clinical information as well as selected open-access genomic data are available at the TARGET website: < <a href="https://ocg.cancer.gov/programs/target/projects/neuroblastoma">https://ocg.cancer.gov/programs/target/projects/neuroblastoma</a> >	

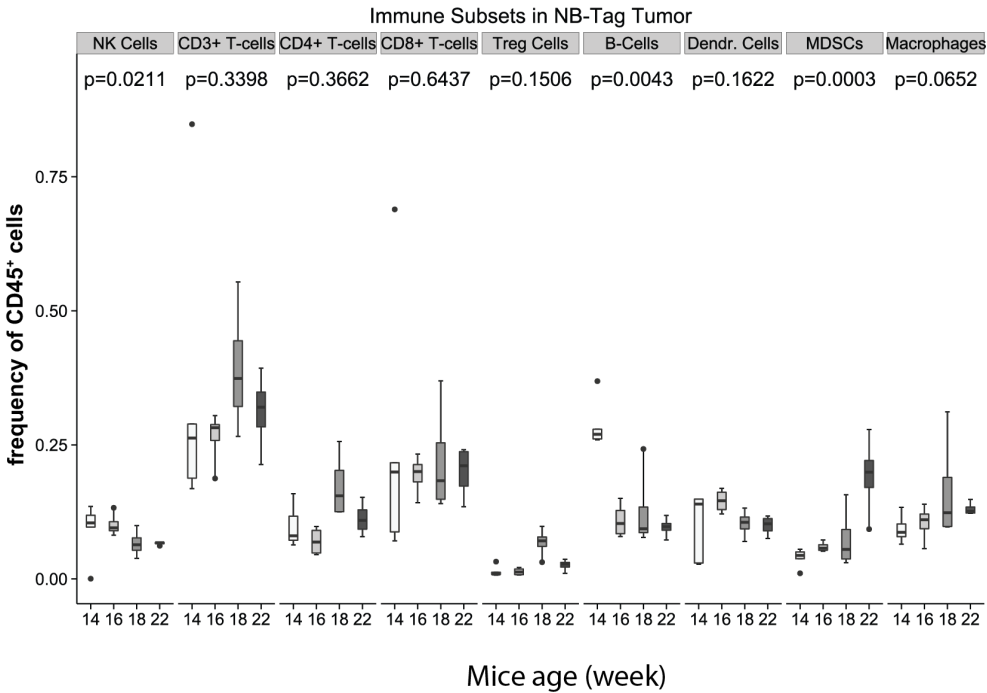
B



**Supplementary Figure 1. Characteristics of neuroblastoma patient cohort and cell lines. (A)** Characteristics of neuroblastoma patient tumor cohort (n=249) and cell lines (n=17) used in gene expression analysis. **(B)** No difference was seen in the overall survival of 249 patients grouped by *CD274/PD-L1* gene expression above the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile (High Expression) or below the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile (Low expression) (p-values were 0.71, 0.62 and 0.11 for HRA, HRN and LR, respectively). HRA, High risk *MYCN*-amplified; HRN, High risk *MYCN*-non-amplified; LR, Low risk.

## Supplemental Figure 2.

**A**

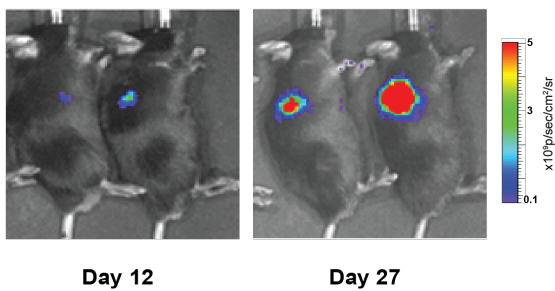


### Supplementary Figure 2. Cellular composition of the tumor microenvironment in NB-Tag mice over time. (A)

Flow cytometric analysis of single cell suspensions of tumors obtained from NB-Tag mice at 14, 16, 18, and 22 weeks of age. Significance: \*: < 0.05, \*\*: < 0.005, \*\*\*: < 0.0005.

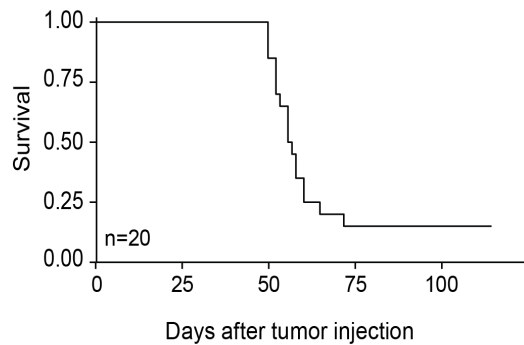
## Supplemental Figure 3.

**A**



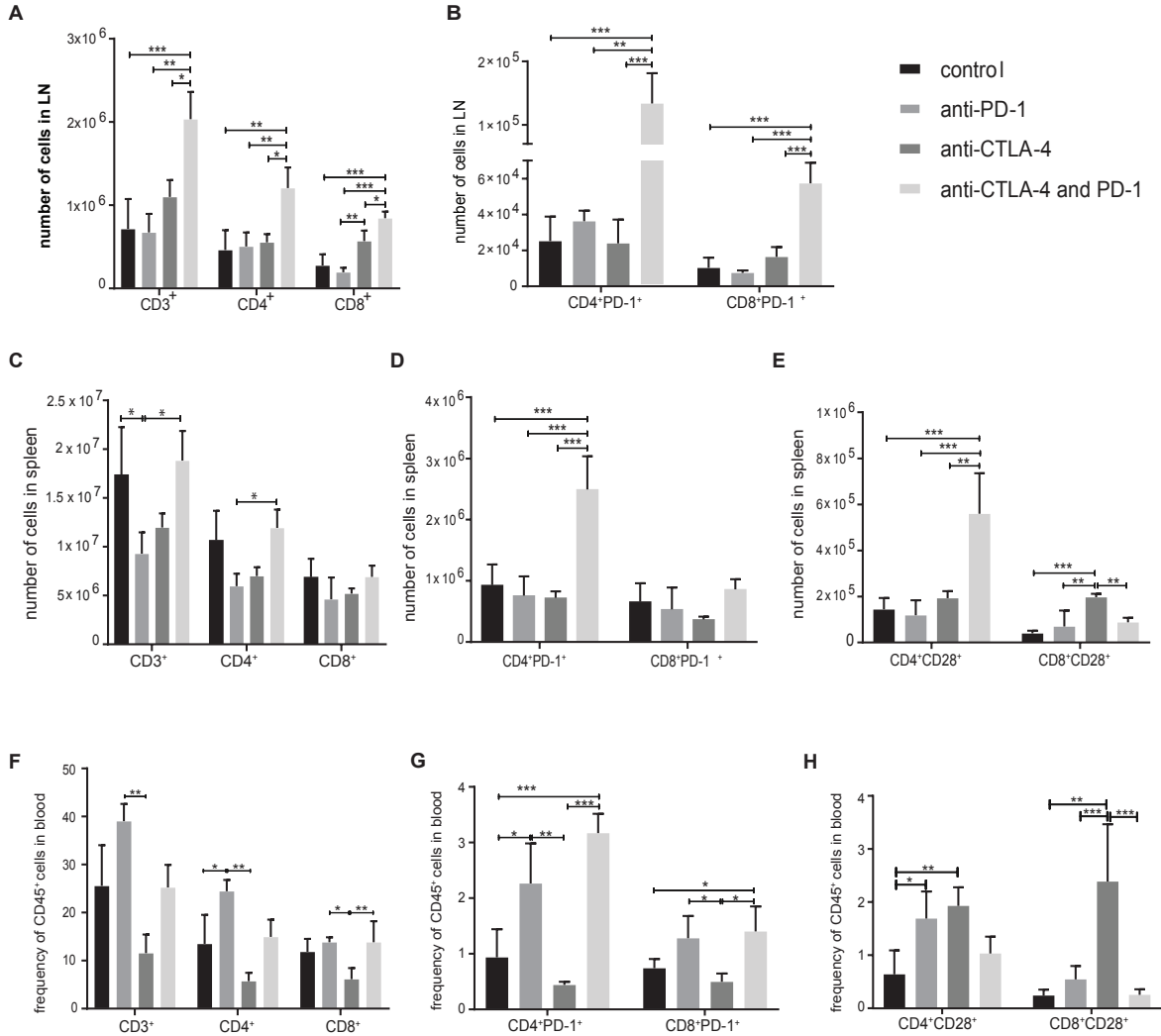
Tumor growth in NB-SQ model

**B**



**Supplementary Figure 3. Tumor development in the syngeneic subcutaneous model.** (A, B)  $4 \times 10^6$  Luciferase-expressing NB-Tag-derived cells (NBT3L) were injected into syngeneic mice and forms subcutaneous tumors. Tumors are lethal, similar to transgenic NB-Tag mice (n=20, survival of 15.3%)

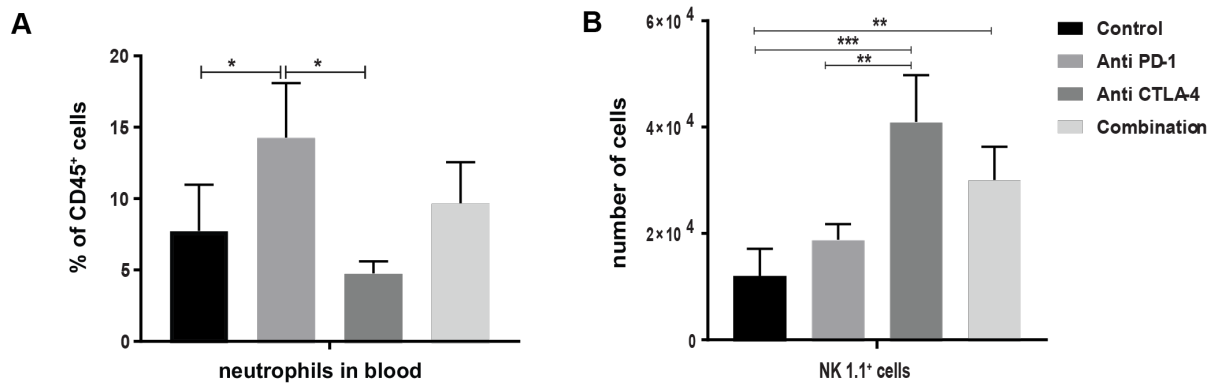
**Supplemental Figure 4.**



**Supplementary Figure 4. Changes in different T cell subpopulations following early immune checkpoint treatment.** Flow cytometric analysis of tumor draining LNs, spleens, and blood for different T cells population. (A) Average number (+SD) of CD3<sup>+</sup>, CD4<sup>+</sup>, CD8<sup>+</sup> T-cell subsets in draining LNs. (B) Average number (+SD) of CD4<sup>+</sup>PD-1<sup>+</sup> CD8<sup>+</sup>PD-1<sup>+</sup> T cells in draining lymph nodes; (C) Average number. (+SD) of CD3<sup>+</sup>, CD4<sup>+</sup>, CD8<sup>+</sup> T-cell subsets in spleen. (D) Average number (+SD) of CD4<sup>+</sup>PD-1<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup>PD-1<sup>+</sup> T cells in spleen. (E) Average number (+SD) of CD4<sup>+</sup>CD28<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup>CD28<sup>+</sup> T cells in spleen. (F) Average frequency (+SD) of CD3<sup>+</sup>, CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells among

CD45<sup>+</sup> blood cells. **(G)** Average frequency (+SD) of circulating PD-1<sup>+</sup> CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup> T-cells among CD45<sup>+</sup> blood cells; **(H)** Average frequency (+SD) of CD28<sup>+</sup> CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup> T-cells among CD45<sup>+</sup> blood cells. Significance: \*: < 0.05, \*\*: < 0.005, \*\*\*: < 0.0005.

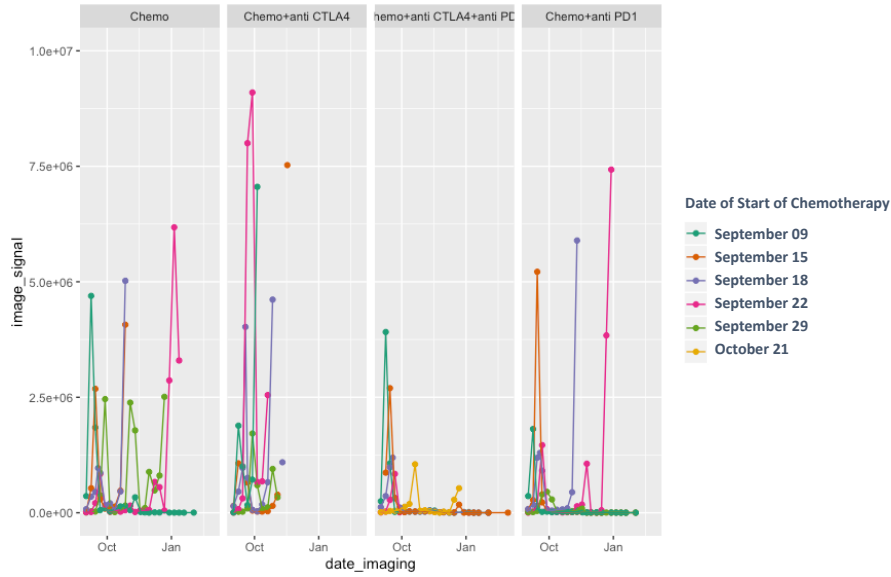
### Supplemental Figure 5.



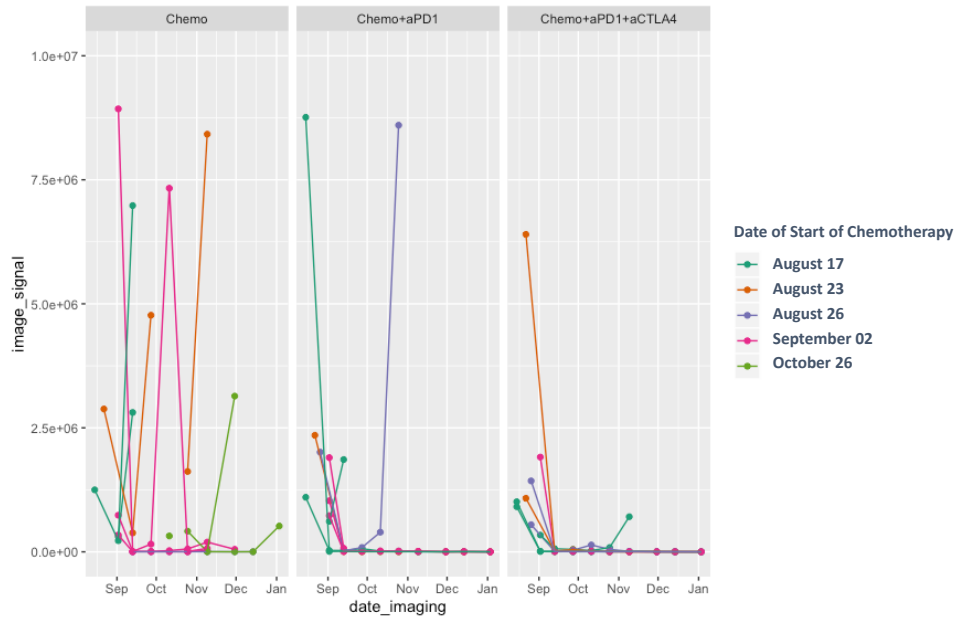
**Supplementary Figure 5. Modulation of the innate immune system by immune checkpoint treatment at an early stage of tumor growth.** Mice were subcutaneously injected with 4x10<sup>6</sup> NBT3L cells and treated with single or combination immune checkpoint antibodies or isotype controls the next day. On day 5, spleen, tumor draining LNs and blood were collected and single cells were analyzed by flow cytometry. **(A)** Frequency of circulating neutrophils; **(B)**. Total number of NK cells in draining lymph nodes. Significance: \*: < 0.05, \*\*: < 0.005, \*\*\*: < 0.0005

**Supplementary Figure 6. Bioluminescent imaging (BLI) signal values for experiments combining chemotherapy and immune checkpoint therapy. A) Experiment #1 in Year 1 and B) Experiment #2 in Year 2 with colors denote groups of mice starting at particular treatment timepoint (when BLI > 100 p/s (log10))**

**A)**



**B)**





**Supplemental Table 1.**

Specificity	Fluorochrome	Clone	Vendor	Catalogue #
Fixable Viability Dye	eFluor 450	NA	e Biosciences	65-0863-14
anti-Mouse CD3e	FITC	145-2C11	e Biosciences	11-0031-85
anti-Mouse CD4	PerCP-Cyanine5.5	45-0042-82	e Biosciences	RM4-5
anti-Mouse CD8	APC	53-6.7	BD Biosciences	563035
anti-Mouse CD25	PE	PC61-5	e Biosciences	12-0251-83
Anti-Mouse NK1.1	PE-Cyanine7	PK136	e Biosciences	25-5941-82
anti-Mouse/Rat Foxp3	APC	FJK-16s	e Biosciences	17-5773-82
anti-Mouse Ly-6G (Gr-1)	Alexa Fluor 488	RB6-8C5	e Biosciences	53-5931-82
anti-Mouse CD19	PerCP-Cyanine5.5	6D5	BioLegend	115534
anti-Mouse CD11b	PE	M1/70	BD Biosciences	12-0112-83
anti-Mouse Ly-6C	PE-Cyanine7	HK1.4	e Biosciences	25-5932-82
anti-Mouse CD11c	Alexa Fluor 700	N418	e Biosciences	56-0114-82
anti-Mouse CD45	APC-Cyanine7	30-F11	BD Biosciences	103116
anti-Mouse F4/80	APC	BM8	BioLegend	123116
anti-Mouse CTLA-4	PE	UC10-4B9	BioLegend	106305
anti-Mouse PD-1	BV421	29F.1A12	BioLegend	135221
anti-Mouse B7H1(PD-L1)	PE	MIH5	e Biosciences	12-5982-81

