

Title:

Non-invasive assessment of skeletal muscle fibrosis in mice using nuclear magnetic resonance imaging and ultrasound shear wave elastography

Authors:

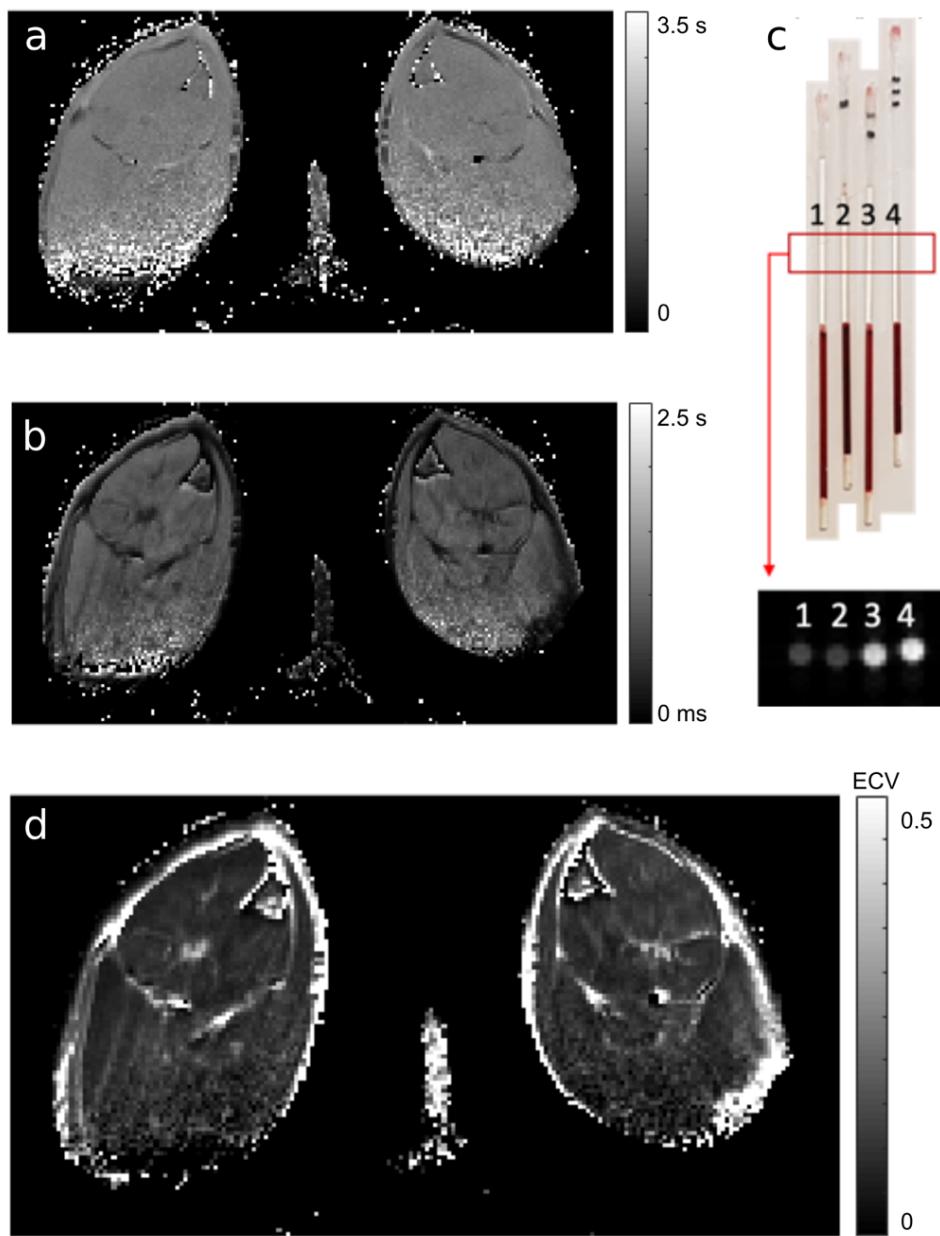
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Supplementary Figure S1.



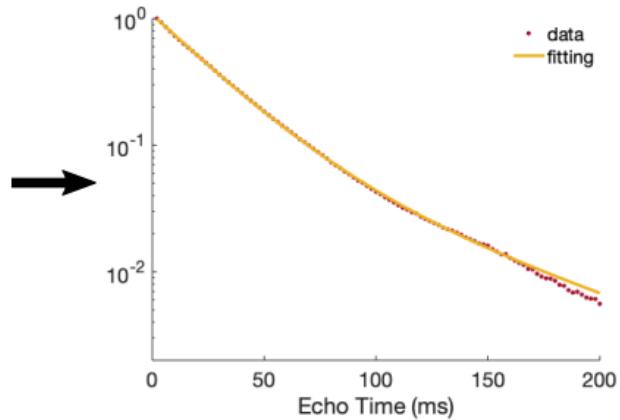
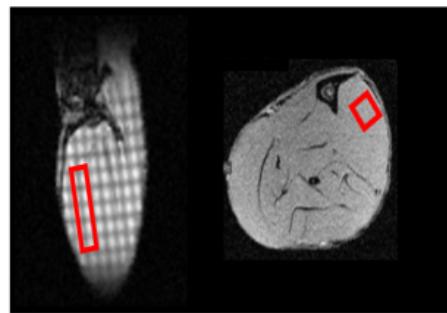
Supplementary Figure S1. *Representative muscle and plasma T₁ maps, and estimated ECV map.* (a) Native T₁ map (before injection of Gd-CA) estimated from *in vivo* imaging of mouse legs. (b) T₁ map from the same animal, 1-hour after intraperitoneal injection of Gd-CA. (c) Blood samples were collected by tail puncture before MRI (samples 1-2) and after the last T₁-map post Gd-CA injection (samples 3-4). Samples

were centrifuged, and plasma was imaged using the same protocol as for in vivo T_1 mapping (bottom).

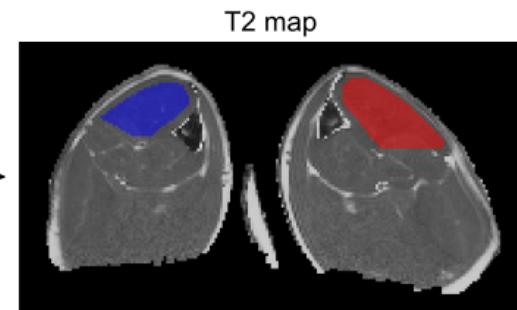
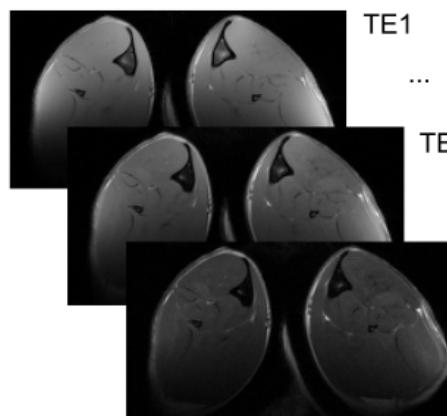
Samples were taken in duplicate. (d) ECV map, estimated from T_1 values pre- and post- Gd-CA injection for tissue and plasma.

Supplementary Figure S2.

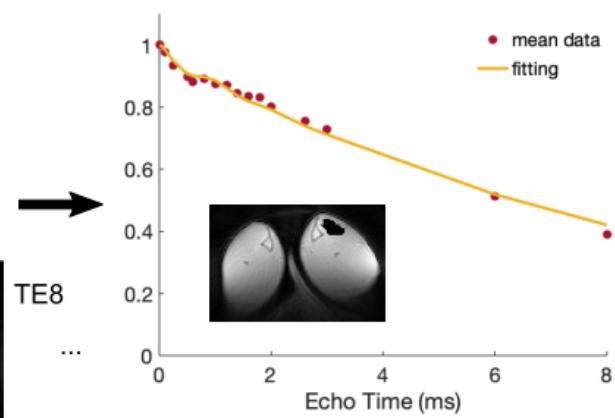
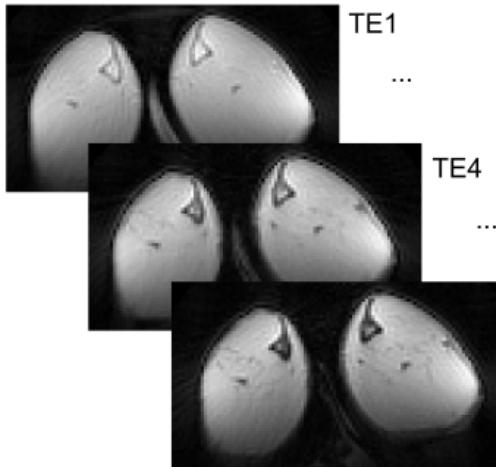
a



b

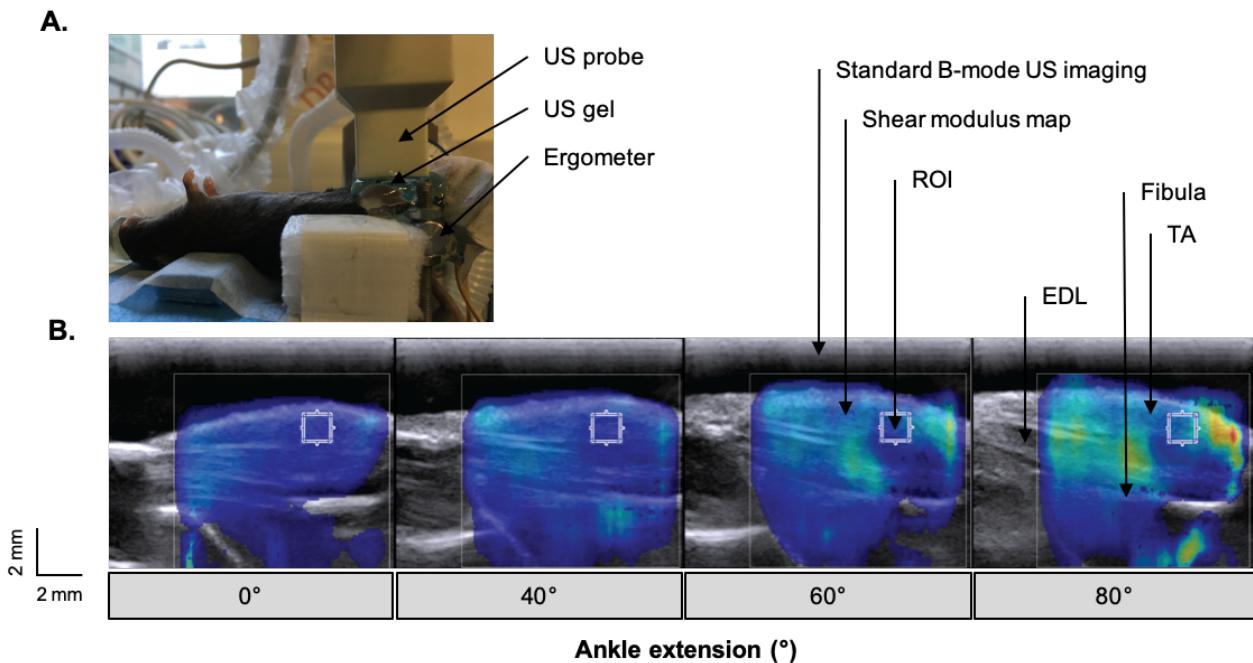


c



Supplementary Figure S2. *Representative images and ROI selection for T_2 and T_{2^*} measurements.* (a) ISIS-CPMG signal was acquired from a volume positioned over the tibialis cranialis muscle (red parallelepiped, sagittal and axial views). On the right, ISIS-CPMG signal decay as a function of echo time (red dots), and the fitted tri-exponential model (orange line). (b) Representative images acquired with MSME at different echo times (left, $TE1 = 5.15$ ms, $TE4 = 20.6$ ms, $TE8 = 41.2$ ms), and the corresponded T_2 map (right). Two ROIs were draw over left (red) and right (blue) tibialis cranialis. (c) Representative images acquired with the UTE sequence, at different echo times (left, $TE1 = 0.012$ ms, $TE4 = 0.5$ ms, $TE8 = 1.2$ ms). The mean signal in ROIs draw over each tibialis cranialis was fitted to a bi-exponential decay with an off-resonance component (right).

Supplementary Figure S3.



Supplementary Figure S3. *Experimental setup for shear-wave elastography. (A) Mouse and probe positioning for standardized ultrasound shear-modulus measurements. (B) Shear-modulus and standard B-mode ultrasound images were acquired at different ankle extension positions, to allow dynamic assessment of muscle viscoelastic properties. Mean SM at each angle was extracted by placing a square region of interest (ROI) within the proximal third portion of the tibialis cranialis.*

Supplementary Table S1: Correlations and partial correlations between collagen fraction and non-invasive NMR and SWE metrics.

Modality &	Correlation				Partial correlation					
	Total collagen		Endomysial collagen		Total collagen		Endomysial collagen			
Metric	R	p	R	p	R'	p	R'	p		
T₁-maps										
<i>native-T₁</i>	0.30	0.079	0.18	0.281	<i>native-T₁</i>	0.29	0.097	0.17	0.357	
ECV	0.50	0.002	**	0.46	0.005	**	ECV	0.38	0.028	
T₂-map										
MRI-T₂	-0.48	0.003	**	-0.37	0.027	*	T₂	-0.50	0.003	
CPMG										
<i>T_{2s}</i>	-0.14	0.399	-0.14	0.422	<i>T_{2s}</i>	-0.10	0.587	-0.08	0.649	
<i>T_{2i}</i>	-0.04	0.838	-0.03	0.874	<i>T_{2i}</i>	-0.21	0.232	-0.20	0.262	
<i>T_{2l}</i>	-0.13	0.435	-0.16	0.366	<i>T_{2l}</i>	-0.21	0.238	-0.22	0.215	
<i>T_{2s-Fr}</i>	-0.14	0.402	-0.13	0.447	<i>T_{2s-Fr}</i>	-0.28	0.113	-0.24	0.186	
<i>T_{2i-Fr}</i>	-0.10	0.548	-0.04	0.833	<i>T_{2i-Fr}</i>	-0.08	0.671	0.00	0.988	
UTE										
<i>T_{2s*-Fr}</i>	-0.01	0.937	-0.08	0.661	<i>T_{2s*-Fr}</i>	-0.07	0.679	-0.19	0.277	
T_{2s*-short}	0.18	0.306	0.21	0.213	T_{2s*-short}	0.26	0.144	0.36	0.038	
T_{2s*-long}	-0.15	0.383	-0.25	0.148	T_{2s*-long}	0.10	0.589	-0.05	0.776	
High-res T_{1W}										
<i>Skewness</i>	-0.20	0.254	-0.12	0.500	<i>Skewness</i>	-0.11	0.542	0.01	0.952	
Kurtosis	0.33	0.046	*	0.42	0.010	*	Kurtosis	0.28	0.121	
Energy	0.22	0.206	0.35	0.037	*	Energy	0.13	0.460	0.28	0.116
SWE										
<i>SM₀</i>	0.06	0.747	0.09	0.622	<i>SM₀</i>	0.31	0.076	0.38	0.031	
<i>SM₄₀</i>	0.06	0.730	0.09	0.632	<i>SM₄₀</i>	-0.06	0.748	-0.02	0.919	
<i>SM₆₀</i>	0.16	0.390	0.16	0.388	<i>SM₆₀</i>	0.06	0.748	0.07	0.711	

<i>SM₈₀</i>	0.46	0.009	**	0.45	0.011	*	<i>SM₈₀</i>	0.35	0.044	*	0.35	0.047	*
<i>SMi</i>	0.41	0.019	*	0.35	0.049	*	<i>SMi</i>	0.21	0.233		0.13	0.479	

T_{2s}-Fr: Fraction of the signal with short-T₂ in CPMG data; T_{2i}-Fr: fraction of the signal with intermediary-T₂ in CPMG; T_{2s}, T_{2i}, T_{2l}: short-, intermediary- and long- T₂, estimated from ISIS-CPMG data. SWE: shear wave elastography; SM: shear modulus at different angles of plantar flexion; SMi: viscoelastic index.

*Significant correlations are highlighted in bold. *p<0.05, **p<0.01*

Supplementary Table S2: T_2 values and fractions estimated from ISIS-CPMG data

	Injured	Control	Paired difference	p-value
<i>T_{2s}</i>				
<i>all</i>	2.4 (3.5) ms	4.2 (7.0) ms	-2.0 (5.7) ms	0.17
<i>DBA/2J</i>	1.0 (2.7) ms	4.0 (5.3) ms	-1.2 (4.7) ms	0.41
<i>C57BL/6</i>	3.1 (3.2) ms	5.6 (5.5) ms	-3.2 (4.9) ms	0.22
<i>T_{2s fraction}</i>				
<i>all</i>	5.3 (3.3) %	5.5 (8.0) %	-1.3 (8.8) %	0.64
<i>DBA/2J</i>	5.6 (9.2) %	6.0 (7.1) %	-3.3 (10.9) %	1.00
<i>C57BL/6</i>	5.1 (2.0) %	5.0 (5.8)%	-0.5 (8.2) %	0.81
<i>T_{2i}</i>				
<i>all</i>	25.4 (1.9) ms	24.7 (1.5) ms	0.7 (2.6) ms	0.37
<i>DBA/2J</i>	24.6 (2.1) ms	24.7 (1.4) ms	1.0 (2.7) ms	0.32
<i>C57BL/6</i>	25.6 (0.9) ms	24.6 (2.2) ms	0.4 (2.4) ms	0.94
<i>T_{2i fraction}</i>				
<i>all</i>	89.2(6.5) %	88.2(6.2) %	1.1(8.7) %	0.58
<i>DBA/2J</i>	86.9 (4.3) %	86.5 (5.9) %	0.9 (7.8) %	0.83
<i>C57BL/6</i>	91.1 (4.8) %	89.8 (5.3) %	4.0 (9.4) %	0.47
<i>T_{2l}</i>				
<i>all</i>	97.7 (69.0) ms	103.1 (30.7) ms	2.0 (74.8) ms	0.87
<i>DBA/2J</i>	127.3 (70.3) ms	103.1 (25.1) ms	13.4 (71.2) ms	0.46
<i>C57BL/6</i>	96.7 (26.1) ms	115.0 (68.5) ms	-9.3 (101.7) ms	0.69
<i>T_{2l fraction}</i>				
<i>all</i>	3.5 (4.0) %	4.3 (2.3) %	-0.4 (6.6) %	0.90
<i>DBA/2J</i>	4.3 (4.2) %	4.4 (1.7) %	-0.4 (5.8) %	0.76
<i>C57BL/6</i>	2.8 (3.1) %	3.2 (3.1) %	-0.4 (5.9) %	0.81

T_{2s} , T_{2i} , T_{2l} : short-, intermediary- and long- T_2 estimated from ISIS-CPMG data fitted to a tri-exponential model.

Supplementary Table S3: Texture analysis using histogram features from T₁-weighted high resolution images.

	Injured	Control	Paired difference	p-value
<i>Skewness</i>				
<i>all</i>	0.34 (0.85)	0.56 (0.80)	-0.35 (1.11)	0.26
<i>DBA/2J</i>	0.36 (1.14)	0.46 (0.73)	-0.20 (1.29)	0.37
<i>C57Bl/6</i>	0.34 (0.81)	0.84 (0.39)	-0.49 (1.12)	0.81
<i>Kurtosis</i>				
<i>all</i>	4.7 (2.8)	3.6 (0.7)	1.57 (3.35)	0.03 *
<i>DBA/2J</i>	4.6 (2.7)	3.5 (0.7)	1.66 (3.26)	0.17
<i>C57Bl/6</i>	5.3 (2.8)	3.9 (0.6)	1.49 (3.19)	0.11
<i>Energy (x10³)</i>				
<i>all</i>	11.1 (3.2)	9.5 (2.5)	1.4 (4.0)	0.02 *
<i>DBA/2J</i>	10.8 (3.0)	9.6 (3.1)	1.0 (4.2)	0.24
<i>C57Bl/6</i>	13.3 (3.4)	9.4 (1.7)	1.8 (4.0)	0.015 *

Data is presented as median (inter-quartile range). *: p<0.05

Supplementary Table S4: Shear modulus (SM) at different plantar flexion angles and viscoelastic index in fibrotic (injured) and normal muscle.

	Injured	Control	Paired difference	p-value
<i>SM₀ (kPa)</i>				
<i>all</i>	24.7 (7.1)	27.0 (8.0)	-2.7 (8.6)	0.23
<i>DBA/2J</i>	25.3 (8.1)	29.5 (5.7)	-4.2 (3.7)	0.02 *
<i>C57BL/6</i>	24.7 (4.2)	23.2 (5.2)	3.2 (6.4)	0.56
<i>SM₄₀ (kPa)</i>				
<i>all</i>	33.9(4.9)	30.0(7.9)	3.7(11.7)	0.35
<i>DBA/2J</i>	32.8 (7.3)	33.9 (10.0)	-1.0 (10.3)	0.70
<i>C57BL/6</i>	34.8 (2.5)	27.8 (1.0)	5.8 (5.9)	0.03 *
<i>SM₆₀ (kPa)</i>				
<i>all</i>	46.6(11.2)	38.8(11.7)	4.7(16.4)	0.13
<i>DBA/2J</i>	46.4 (15.5)	44.0 (14.7)	0.3 (22.3)	0.77
<i>C57BL/6</i>	44.0 (10.5)	34.0 (3.4)	10.2 (12.5)	0.03 *
<i>SM₈₀ (kPa)</i>				
<i>all</i>	54.4(16.0)	44.6(21.5)	8.3(24.9)	0.07
<i>DBA/2J</i>	62.5 (18.2)	54.5 (20.3)	3.1 (31.6)	0.49
<i>C57BL/6</i>	49.3 (7.5)	36.0 (9.3)	13.4 (6.8)	0.06
<i>SM_i (a.u.)</i>				
<i>all</i>	1.17(0.99)	0.67(0.44)	0.29(0.86)	0.02 *
<i>DBA/2J</i>	1.55 (0.93)	0.93 (0.39)	0.35 (1.08)	0.11
<i>C57BL/6</i>	0.73 (0.35)	0.58 (0.32)	0.23 (0.54)	0.16`

SM_i is the normalized difference between SM at 80° (*SM₈₀*) and SM at rest (*SM₀*). *: $p<0.05$ in paired comparisons between injured and control muscles in the same mouse.