SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Intratumoral IL-12 delivery empowers CAR-T cell immunotherapy in a preclinical model of glioblastoma

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Days post tumour implantation

Supplementary Figure 1. Murine CAR-T cells recognize EGFRvIII+ GL261 in vitro and specifically infiltrate EGFRvIII+ tumors in vivo. (A) Transduction efficiency of mock-transduced splenocytes (left panel) and EGFRvIII CAR-transduced splenocytes (right panel). Transduced cells co-express CD34 (y axis) and the CAR (x axis) (stained with an EGFRvIII peptide conjugated to mouse IgG2a). (B) Chromium release assay showing specific lysis of EGFRvIII-expressing GL261 but not parental cell line GL261 by anti-EGFRvIII CAR-T cells (Data are presented as mean ± SD of biological replicates from three independent experiments). (C) Experiment timeline. GL261 EGFRvIII+ cells were implanted in the right striatum at day 0. Tumor engraftment was confirmed at day 10 by MRI and the day after mice received 5Gy total body irradiation followed by intravenous injection of 2.5x10⁶ CAR-T cells. Mice receiving TBI only but no T cells were used as control. (D) CAR-T cell infiltration 7 days post infusion was confirmed by immunohistochemistry for the marker gene CD34. Mice receiving TBI but no T cells were used as control. (E) Quantification of (D) (Data are presented as mean values ± SD n=4 mice. (F) CAR-T cell antigen-specific CAR T cells were used as negative control (G) Quantification of (F): CAR-T cell infiltration expressed as percentage of CD34+ T cells of total CD3+ (Data are presented as mean values ± SEM. hCD19 CAR n=7, EGFRvIII CAR n=8 biological replicates from 2 independent experiments). (H) Survival curves of (C) p=0.0028 (**), Log-rank test, n=10 per group from two independent experiments. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 2. Combination of GD2-specific CAR-T cells and IL-12:Fc enables better control of intracranial B16.F10.GD2+ tumors. (A) B16.F10 cells were transduced to express the GD2/GD3 synthase and stained for surface GD2 expression (Blue line: wild type; Red line: transduced). (B) Experiment timeline. B16.F10.GD2+ cells were implanted in the right striatum at day 0. Mice received 5Gy TBI on day 4 post implantation, followed by either PBS or 300ng of IL-12:Fc at tumor site on day 5, and intravenous injection of 3x10⁶ CAR-T cells or non-transduced cells. Tumor growth was monitored weekly. (C) Representative MRI images (axial view) of one mouse per group. (D) Survival curves (NT+PBS n=8, CAR+PBS n=10, NT+IL-12:Fc n=10, CAR+IL-12:Fc n=10 treated in two independent experiments) are shown. * p=0.0108, *** =0.0001, ****p<0.0001 (Log-rank test). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 3. IL-12:Fc administration does not affect CAR-T cell infiltration within the tumor, but improves their pro-inflammatory phenotype. (A) Tumor volume per each condition at day 4 before treatment and day 7 post treatment, (NT+PBS n=4, NT+IL-12:Fc n=5, CAR+PBS n=5, CAR+IL-12:Fc n=5 mice, representative of n=2 independent experiments). (B) Manual gating of flow cytometry data on CAR T defined as CD45.1+TCR-beta+CD34+ and afterwards divided in CD4 and CD8 positive cells. Representative brain sample among glioma-bearing mice treated with CAR+IL-12:Fc. (C) Cell number of CD8+ CAR T cells in brain and spleen in mice receiving either CAR-T cells alone or in combination with IL-12:Fc, n=5 mice per condition from one experiment. (D) t-SNE map displaying stochastically selected CAR T-cells CD34+CD45.1+ CD8+ T cells from brain. (E) Manual gating of flow cytometry data on CAR T cells CD8+ LAG3+PD1+ in mice receiving either CAR T cells alone or in combination with IL-12:Fc. (F) t-SNE map displaying stochastically CAR-T cells CD34+CD45.1+ CD8+ T cells from spleen. (G) t-SNE map showing the FlowSOM-guided metaclustering gated on CD34+CD45.1+ CD8+CAR T-cells from spleen and heatmap showing the median marker expression for each defined metacluster (value range: 0–1). (H) Frequencies of the two CD34+CD45.1+CD8+CAR-T cells subclusters among total CD8+CAR T-cells within the different conditions in the spleen, n=5 mice per condition. Data are presented as mean values ± SEM. Ordinary One-way Anova with Dunnett multiple comparison test (A), 2-tailed Unpaired Mann-Whitney T test (C, H). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



CD4+ T cells CD8+ T cells

Supplementary Figure 4. Post treatment endogenous T cells frequency and functional marker median expression. (A) Manual gating for endogenous T cells: live cells were gated on CD45+CD11b+ cells, T cells were defined as CD45+TCR-beta+ cells and subsequently as TCR-beta+CD34- cells to exclude CAR-T cells. Representative sample among glioma-bearing mice treated with CAR-T cells. (B) UMAP displaying stochastically selected CD45+TCR- β + T cells from brain. (C) Frequencies (top panel) and cell counts (bottom panel) of the three TCR- β + T-cells subclusters among total TCR- β + T-cells within the different conditions, (NT+PBS n=4, NT+IL-12:Fc n=5, CAR+PBS n=5, CAR+IL-12:Fc n=5, CAR



Supplementary Figure 5. IL-12:Fc administration increases the frequency of IFN-gamma producing Treg. (A) UMAP displaying stochastically selected CD4+Foxp3+ Tregs exported from live TCR-β+ T-cells. Heatmap showing the median marker expression for each defined metacluster (value range: 0–1). (B) Frequency of IFN-gamma high Tregs in each condition, n=5 mice per condition. (C) Median expression of selected cell markers shown for Tregs with high (IFN-gamma hi) and low (IFN-gamma low) IFN-gamma production in both IL-12:Fc and CAR+IL-12:Fc conditions, n=10 mice per cluster. Data are presented as mean values ± SEM. Ordinary One-way Anova with Dunnett's multiple comparison (B), 2-tailed Unpaired Mann-Whitney T test (C). Representative of 2 independent experiments. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 6. Post treatment endogenous myeloid cells frequency and functional marker median expression.

(A) Manual gating of flow cytometry data on major leukocyte populations present in a representative brain sample of glioma. Live cells were gated on CD11b+CD45+ cells and exported in R for FlowSOM metaclustering. CD45+CD11b- cells were excluded after the metaclustering. (B) Umap displaying stochastically selected CD45+CD11b+ cells from brain. (C) Frequencies of the nine CD11b+CD45+ subclusters among total CD11b+CD45+ cells within the different conditions, (NT+PBS n=4, NT+IL-12:Fc n=5, CAR+PBS n=5, CAR+IL-12:Fc n=5 mice, replicates from 2 independent experiments). (D) Median expression of selected cell markers shown for each condition on Ly6Chi MdCs, Ly6Clo CD11c+ MdCs, Microglia and Reactive Microglia, (NT+PBS n=4, NT+IL-12:Fc n=5, CAR+PBS n=5, CAR+IL-12:Fc n=5 mice, replicates from 2 independent experiments). (E) Manual gating for MdCs: live cells were gated on CD45+CD11b+CD90.2-Ly6G-cells, next CD44+CX3CR1+ cells were defined as infiltrating myeloid cells and subsequently Ly6C+MHC-II+ cells were defined as MdCs. MdCs were further characterized as F480+and by the amount of expression of Ly6C. (F) Frequency of Arg1 positive MdCs Ly6Clow (upper panel) and Ly6Chigh (lower panel), n=5 mice per condition from one experiment. Data are presented as mean values ± SEM. Ordinary One-way Anova with Turkey's multiple comparison (C-D, F). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

Supplementary Table 1. List of antibodies.

Extracellular staining Fluorochromes Manufacturers **Dilution Factor** Antigens Host lsotypes Clones Catalogoue Number CD103 Alexa488 armenian hamster 2E7 100 11103185 eBioscience lgG CD11b BUV661 lgG2b M1/70 BD PharmigenTM 400 rat 565080 CD11b BUV737 IgG2b M1/70 BD 400 564443 rat CD11c PE-Cy5.5 armenian hamster N418 eBioscience 400 35-0114-82 lgG CD155 PF rat lgG2a TX56 BioLegendTM 100 131507 PE 7H1 143003 CD160 rat lgG2a BioLegendTM 50 C068C2 lgG2a 100 CD206 Alexa700 141734 rat BioLegendTM BV650 PC61 102038 CD25 lgG1 BioLegendTM rat 100 BV480 LG3A10 BD PharmigenTM 200 746742 CD27 mouse lgG1 BV785 17A2 CD3 laG2b. k Biolegend 100 100232 rat CD34 FITC rat lgG2a RAM34 eBioscience 100 11-0341-82 **CD39** A647 Duha59 BioLegendTM 400 143807 rat lgG2a PerCP-efluor710 CD39 rat lgG2b 24DMS1 eBioscience 800 46-0391-80 CD4 BV650 mouse lgG2a RM4-5 BioLegendTM 400 100546 CD4 **BUV496** rat lgG2b GK1.5 BD PharmigenTM 100 564667 **CD44** BD PharmigenTM BUV737 rat lgG2b IM7 200 612799 IgG2b **CD44** IM7 103049 BV650 BioLegend 200 rat CD45 BUV395 30-F11 BD PharmigenTM 400 564279 mouse lgG2b CD45 BUV563 30-F11 BD PharmigenTM 400 565710 lgG2b rat CD45.1 BV570 mouse A20 BioLegendTM 200 110733 lgG2a Biotin CD45 1 lgG2a A20 BioLegendTM 103103 mouse 200 CD451 BV/785 mouse lgG2a A20 BioLegendTM 100 110743 CD45.2 Pacific Blue mouse IgG2a 104 BioLegend 400 110722 X54-5/7.1 CD64 BV421 mouse lgG1 BioLegendTM 100 139309 PF CD64 mouse lgG1 X54-5/7 1 BioLegendTM 100 139304 BV605 TY/11.8 CD73 lgG1 BioLegendTM 100 127215 rat BioLegendTM CD73 APC-Cy7 rat TY/11.8 100 127232 lgG1 BD PharmigenTM BUV805 564920 CD8 rat lgG2a 53-6.7 100 CX3CR1 BV605 mouse IgG2a SA011F11 BioLegend 400 149027 EGFRvIII Purified MR1.1 In house 500 ng/sample mouse lgG2a EGFRvIII CAR 500 ng/sample AF488 EGFRvIII:mlgG2a In house F4/80 BV510 rat lgG2a BM8 BioLegend 100 123135 PE-Cy5 BM8 123112 F4/80 IgG2a BioLegend rat 400 Mouse 14G2a BioLegendTM GD2 PE lgG2a, к 200 357303 FITC DTA-1 BioLegendTM 1600 GITR rat lgG2b 126308 ICOS PE 7E.17G9 BioLegendTM 117406 lgG2b, k 100 rat KLRG-1 APC-C7 2F1/KLRG1 138426 syrian hamster BioLegendTM 100 lgG LAG3 BV421 lgG1 C9B7W BioLegendTM 100 125221 rat Ly-6C BV711 lgG2c HK1.4 BioLegendTM 400 128037 rat LAP BV/421 mouse lgG1 TW7-16B4 BioLegend 100 141407 Ly6G BUV563 rat lgG2a 1A8 BD PharmigenTM 200 565707 FITC 1A8 127606 Ly6G rat lgG2a BioLegend PE-Cy7 DS5MMER 100 MerTK lgG2a eBioscience 25-5751-82 rat SuperBright 780 DS5MMER MerTK lgG2a 100 78-5751-82 eBioscience rat BB700 MHC-II rat M5/114.15.2 BD 400 746197 IgG2b NK1.1 BV785 mouse lgG2a PK136 BioLegendTM 100 108749 OX40 Biotin rat lgG1 OX-86 BioLegendTM 100 119403 PD-1 BV785 rat lgG2a 29F.1A12 BioLegendTM 100 135225 PD-1 BV605 rat lgG2a 29F.1A12 BioLegendTM 100 135220 PD-L1 APC rat lgG2b 10F.9G2 BioLegendTM 150 124311 PE-Cy7 PD-L1 rat lgG2a MIH5 eBioscience 200 25-5982-82 TY25 PD-L2 PE-Dazzle594 rat lgG2a BioLegendTM 150 107216 Streptavidin BUV395 BD PharmigenTM 564176 400 Streptavidin BV570 BioLegend 400 405227 H57-597 TCRb PE-Cy5 armenian hamster lgG BioLegendTM 400 109209 XCR-1 Alexa647 IgG2b ZET BioLegendTM 200 148213 mouse LIVE/DEAD fixable Acqua dead cell stains ThermoFisher

LIVE/DEAD fixable Acqua deal cell stains
LIVE/DEAD fixable Near-IR dead cell stains
ThermoFisher

Antigens	Fluorochromes	Host	Isotypes	Clones	Manufacturers	Dilution Factor	Catalogoue Number
Arginase-1	APC	rat	lgG2a, k	A1exF5	Invitrogen	200	17-3697-82
CTLA-4	Alexa700	armenian hamster	lgG1	UC10-4F10-11	BD PharmigenTM	600	565778
Eomes	PerCP-eFluor710	rat	lgG2a	Dan11mag	eBioscience	150	61-4875-82
FOXP3	PE-eFlour610	rat	lgG2a	FJK-16s	eBioscience	200	61-5773-82
GRANZYME	PE	mouse	lgG1	GB11	BD PharmigenTM	200	561142
IFN-y	PE-Cy7	rat	lgG1	XMG1.2	eBioscience	400	25-7311-82
IFN-y	APC	rat	lgG1	XMG1.2	BioLegendTM	400	505810
IL10	PE-Dazzle594	rat	lgG2b	JES5-16E3	BioLegend	100	505033
KI-67	BV480	mouse	lgG1	B56	BD PharmigenTM	100	566109
TNF	BV711	rat	laG	MP6-XT22	BioLegendTM	200	506349

Secondary Ab

Antigens	Fluorochromes	Host	lsotypes	Clones	Manufacturers	Dilution Factor	Catalogoue Number
mlgG2a	PE	Goat		polyclonal	Jackson	1000	115-115-206-JIR

Immunohistochemistry Ab

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Antigens	Fluorochromes	Host	Isotypes	Clones	Manufacturers	Dilution Factor	Catalogoue Number
EGFRvIII	Purified	Mouse	lgG1	L84A	Absolute Antibody	1000	Ab00184-1.1
CD34	Purified	Rat	lgG2A, k	RAM34	eBioscience	100	14-0341-82