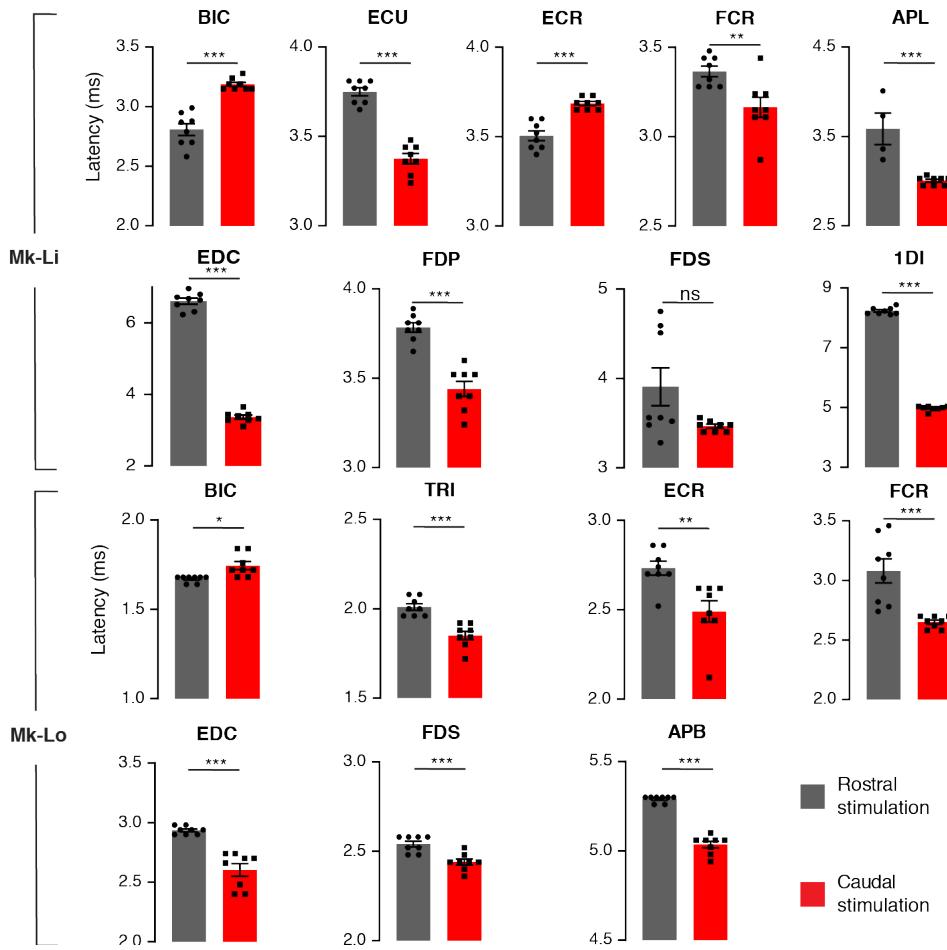


**Supplementary Figure 1. Electrode array technology.** **a-f** Process flow for the fabrication of soft implants on silicon wafers. **a** Substrate processing with the deposition of the stretchable interconnect. **b** Encapsulation processing with the laser micromachining of through-vias. **c** Assembly by covalent bonding of the PDMS substrate and encapsulation. **d** Screen printing of the electrode coating. **e** Implant release from the silicon wafer. **f** Wiring and packaging of the implant. Electrode arrays for cervical neuromodulation. **g** Custom layout of an electrode array with 7 lateral and 1 medial (split in three pieces) electrode contacts (design 2) tailored to the monkey cervical spinal cord. **e** Photograph of a cervical soft electrode array with lateral electrode placement. *Scale bar: 1 cm.* **f** Electrochemical impedance spectrum acquired on an electrode array implanted in a monkey. Data points are shown at frequencies  $f_i = 10^i$ , where  $i = 0, 1, \dots, 6$ . *Black data points:* data *in vitro*,  $n = 8$  electrodes. *Red data points:* data *in vivo*,  $n = 7$  electrodes. *Horizontal bars:* means. *Error bars:* minima-maxima.



**Supplementary Figure 2. Latency analysis of muscular responses elicited by medial stimulation.** Top: latencies of muscular responses recorded in monkey Mk-Li. Bottom: latencies of muscular responses recorded in monkey Mk-Lo. For both, all muscles candidate for the analysis were included, and the latencies of 8 responses evoked at stimulation intensities close to motor threshold for one rostral medial and one medial caudal electrode contacts were retained (see **Methods**). Black-filled circles and squares: data points. Bars and whiskers: means  $\pm$  SEMs across the 8 data points. Statistics: two-sided unpaired t-tests, \*\*  $p < 0.01$ ; \*\*\*  $p < 0.001$  (see **Methods**). BIC: biceps, ECU: extensor carpi ulnaris, ECR: extensor carpi radialis, FCR: flexor carpi radialis, APL: triцепс, FDS: flexor digitorum superficialis, EDC: extensor digitorum communis, APB: abductor pollicis brevis.

**Table 1.** Estimated characteristics of the connectivity between Ia-afferents and motoneurons in 8 upper-limb muscles of the monkey. DEL: deltoid. BIC: biceps. TRI: triceps. EDC: extensor digitorum communis. ECR: extensor carpi radialis. FDS: flexor digitorum superficialis. FCR: flexor carpi radialis. APB: abductor pollicis brevis.

Muscle	Ia-fiber headcount	Mean number of synapses per motoneuron	Synaptic conductance [pS]	Total conductance per motoneuron [pS]
DEL	68	578	9.625	5560
BIC	119	1036	5.0	5180
TRI	193	1681	3.375	5675
EDC	82	699	7.625	5330
ECR	65	555	10.5	5830
FDS	132	1157	5.75	6650
FCR	48	408	15.375	6275
APB	30	250	28.5	7125

**Table 2.** Identification information, characteristics, type of procedure performed, and license numbers of the monkeys involved in the study.

Animal ID	Authorization number	Sex	Age	Weight	Procedure
Mk-Ca	2014_42E_FR	Female	11 years	5.8 kg	Terminal
Mk-Li	2017_03_FR	Male	12 years	7.6 kg	Terminal
Mk-Cs	2017_04E_FR	Female	9 years	4.3 kg	Survival
Mk-Lo	2014_42E_FR	Female	9 years	4.0 kg	Terminal
Mk-Sa	2017_04E_FR	Female	7 years	4.4 kg	Survival