Understanding the seasonality of performance resilience to climate volatility in Mediterranean dairy sheep

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Supplementary Material

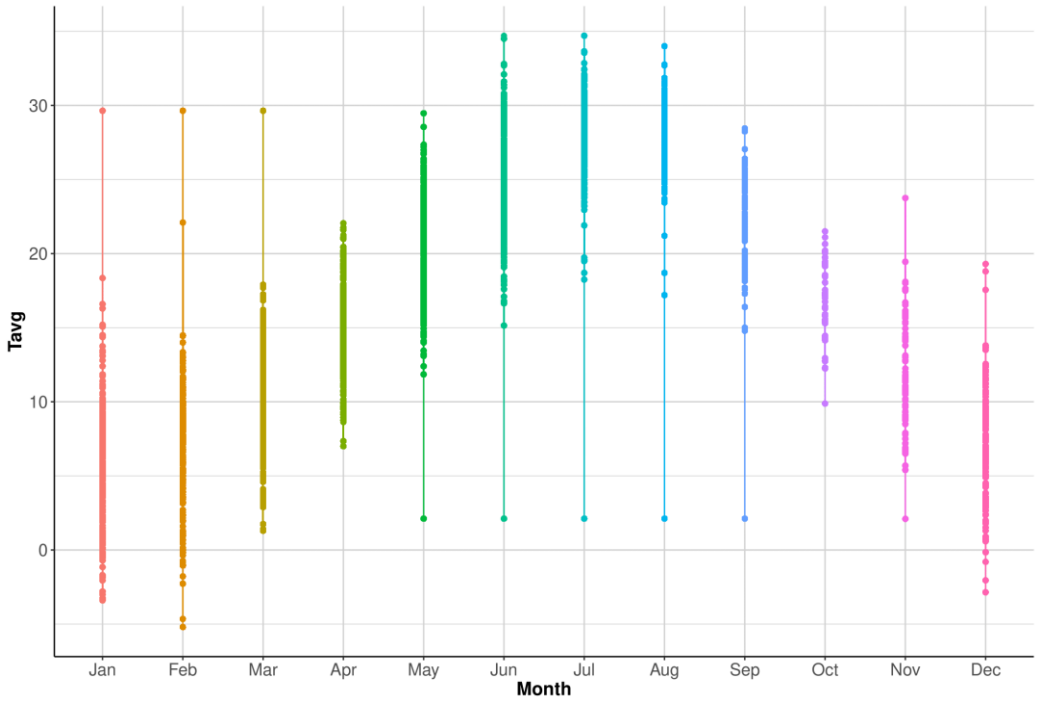

Figure S1 Average air temperature (Tavg) and dispersion by calendar month during the period of study (2003-2018).

Table S1: Correlation estimates between animal resilience to hot and cold weather by lambing season (standard errors in brackets). Tavg10, Tavg25, Tavg10_lag7, Tavg25_lag7: milk yield change by 1°C temperature change at 10°C and 25°C on the milk test date and cumulative average air temperature change during the week preceding the milk test date respectively. Estimates significantly different from zero (P < 0.01) are indicated with an asterisk.

Season	Phenotypes	r_P	r_A
Autumn	Tavg10-Tavg25	0.77 (0.00)*	0.86 (0.03)*
	Tavg10-Tavg25_lag7	0.63 (0.01)*	0.76 (0.04)*
Winter	Tavg10-Tavg25	0.48 (0.01)*	0.46 (0.05)*
	Tavg10-Tavg25_lag7	0.50 (0.01)*	0.52 (0.05)*
Spring	Tavg10-Tavg25	-0.03 (0.01)*	-0.22 (0.25)
	Tavg10-Tavg25_lag7	-0.19 (0.01)*	-0.73 (0.10)*