#### **SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL**

### Supplemental Table I

Baseline characteristics of patients with prediabetes vs those with normoglycemia

	Prediabetes (n=1268)		Normoglycemia (n=606)				
	Empagliflozin (n=632)	Placebo (n=636)	Empagliflozin (n=304)	Placebo (n=302)			
Age — yr	68.1±11.2	67.1±11.7	66.5±12.5	64.7±12.6			
Female sex — no. (%)	147 (23.3)	163 (25.6)	80 (26.3)	75 (24.8)			
Race — no. (%)							
White	447 (70.7)	442 (60.7)	222 (76.2)	222 (72 5)			
	447 (70.7)	443 (69.7)	232 (76.3)	222 (73.5)			
Black	46 (7.3)	46 (7.2)	20 (6.6)	25 (8.3)			
Asian	112 (17.7)	125 (19.7)	42 (13.8)	35 (11.6)			
Other or Missing	27 (4.3)	22 (3.5)	10 (3.3)	20 (6.6)			
Region — no. (%)	04 (40.0)	70 (44.0)	04 (7.0)	00 (0.0)			
North America	81 (12.8)	70 (11.0)	24 (7.9)	28 (9.3)			
Latin America	207 (32.8)	213 (33.5)	123 (40.5)	118 (39.1)			
Europe	231 (36.6)	231 (36.3)	113 (37.2)	118 (39.1)			
Asia	90 (14.2)	93 (14.6)	35 (11.5)	31 (10.3)			
Other	23 (3.6)	29 (4.6)	9 (3.0)	7 (2.3)			
NYHA functional classification — no. (%)							
II	498 (78.8)	498 (78.3)	244 (80.3)	235 (77.8)			
III	132 (20.9)	136 (21.4)	58 (19.1)	66 (21.9)			
IV	2 (0.3)	2 (0.3)	2 (0.7)	1 (0.3)			
Body mass index	27.3±5.3	26.9±5.2	26.9±5.3	27.2±5.1			
Heart rate —	70.1±11.7	71.1±12.3	68.9±11.5	70.5±11.8			
beats/min							
Systolic blood	121.3±15.3	118.9±14.4	123.5±17.1	122.0±15.9			
pressure — mm Hg							
HbA1c, %	5.9±0.3	6.0±0.2	5.3±0.3	5.3±0.3			
Left ventricular	27.9±5.8	27.1±6.2	27.9±6.2	27.4±5.6			
ejection fraction — %	1001 (1000 0070)	1000 (1150	4700 (4004	1000 (1101 0010)			
Median NT-proBNP	1921 (1083, 3276)	1866 (1158,	1729 (1034,	1926 (1164, 3349)			
(IQR) — pg/mL	(0()	3654)	3238)				
Principal cause of hear							
Ischemic	303 (47.9)	317 (49.8)	126 (41.4)	116 (38.4)			
Nonischemic	329 (52.1)	319 (50.2)	178 (58.6)	181 (59.9)			
Medical history — no.							
Hospitalization for	174 (27.5)	178 (28.0)	87 (28.6)	82 (27.2)			
heart failure in last							
12 months							
Atrial fibrillation*	251 (39.7)	261 (41.0)	103 (33.9)	121 (40.1)			
Hypertension	420 (66.5)	430 (67.6)	199 (65.5)	190 (62.9)			
Estimated GFR							
Mean—	61.6±20.7	62.0±20.6	64.8±21.8	65.1±21.7			
ml/min/1.73 m <sup>2</sup>							
Rate of <60	300 (47.5)	294 (46.2)	459 (49.5)	480 (51.7)			
ml/min/1.73 m <sup>2</sup> —	, ,		•				
no./total no. (%)							
Device therapy — no.							
Implantable	232 (36.7)	198 (31.1)	88 (28.9)	96 (31.8)			
cardioverter-	, ,		•				
defibrillator <sup>†</sup>							
Cardiac	93 (14.7)	69 (10.8)	24 (7.9)	36 (11.9)			
resynchronization	, ,	` ′	` ,	, ,			
therapy <sup>‡</sup>							
Heart failure medication — no. (%)							
		270 (42 7)	140 (46.4)	1/7 //0 7\			
ACE inhibitor	311 (49.2)	278 (43.7)	140 (46.1)	147 (48.7)			

ARB§	148 (23.4)	151 (23.7)	65 (21.4)	76 (25.2)		
ARNi	112 (17.7)	139 (21.9)	66 (21.7)	54 (17.9)		
Diuretic	535 (84.7)	564 (88.7)	244 (80.3)	245 (81.1)		
Mineralocorticoid Receptor Antagonist	447 (70.7)	468 (73.6)	220 (72.4)	226 (74.8)		
Beta blocker	602 (95.3)	600 (94.3)	288 (94.7)	285 (94.4)		
Glucose lowering therapy – no. (%)						
Any glucose lowering	6 (0.9)	5 (0.8)	2 (0.7)	2 (0.3)		
therapy						
Biguanide	6 (0.9)	4 (0.6)	1 (0.3)	0		
Insulin	0	0	0	0		
Sulfonylurea	0	0	0	0		
DPP4-inhibitors	0	0	0	0		
GLP1 receptor	0	0	0	0		
analogues						

Data given as mean±standard deviation unless otherwise stated

NYHA=New York Heart Association; ARB=Angiotensin Receptor Blocker; ACE=Angiotensin Converting enzyme; ARNI=Angiotensin receptor neprilysin inhibition; GFR= Glomerular filtration rate; NT-pro BNP=N-Terminal prohormone B-type natriuretic peptide

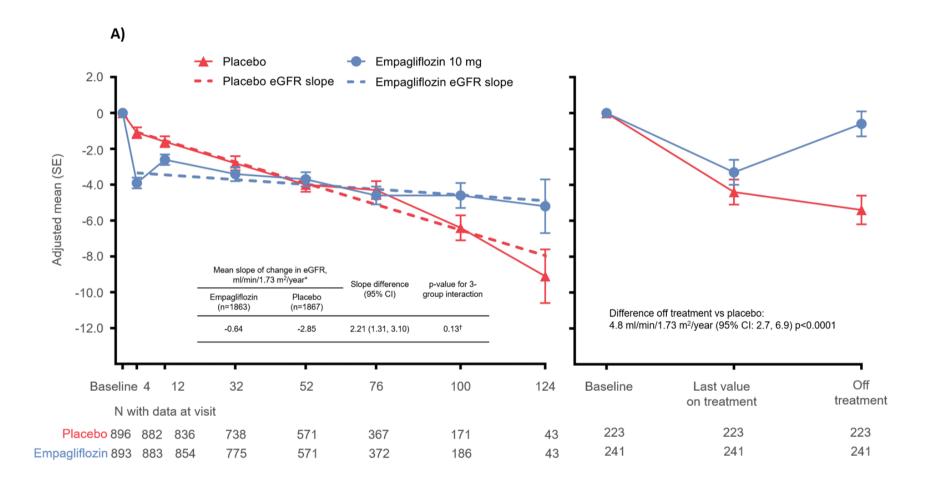
<sup>\*</sup>Atrial fibrillation reported in any ECG before treatment intake or history of atrial fibrillation reported as medical history

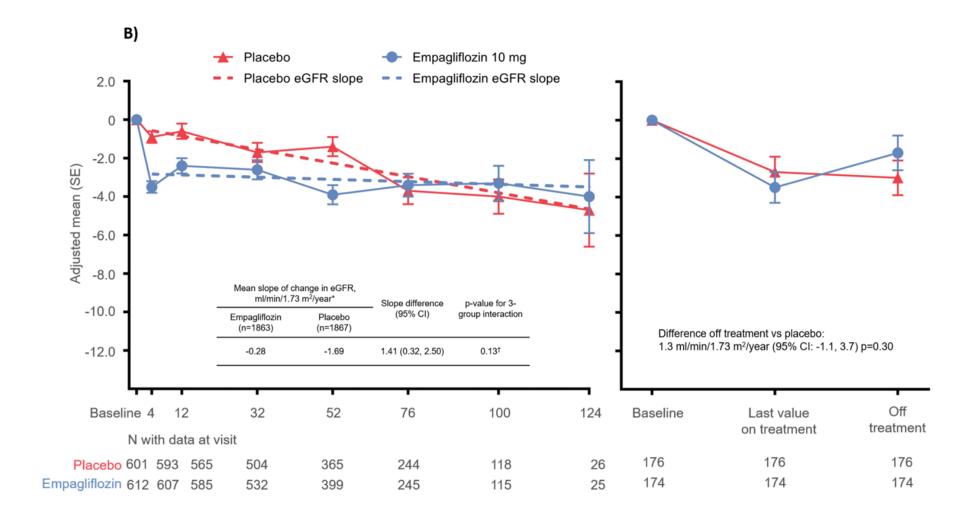
<sup>†</sup>Implantable cardioverter defibrillator with or without cardiac resynchronization therapy.

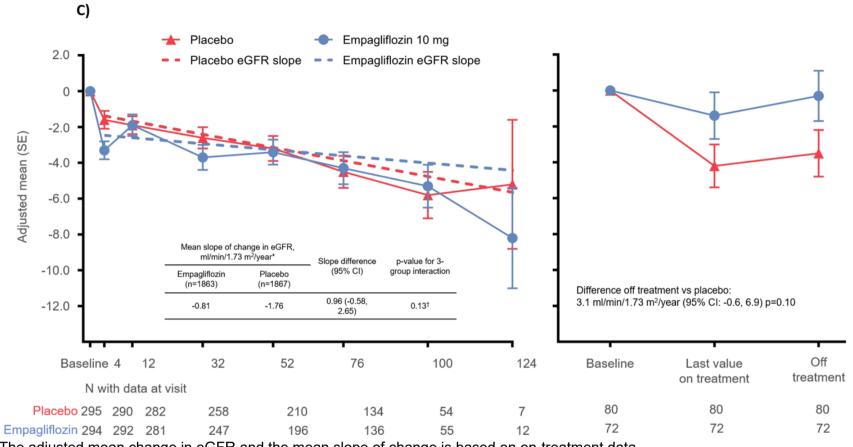
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>Cardiac resynchronization therapy with or without a defibrillator

<sup>§</sup>Excluding valsartan when taken with sacubitril because sacubitril/valsartan is shown as ARNI ||Diuretics other than mineralocorticoid receptor antagonists

Supplementary Figure I – Adjusted mean changes in eGFR (CKD-EPI) from baseline over time, mean slope of change in eGFR, and change in eGFR from baseline to follow-up in patients with diabetes (A), prediabetes (B), and normoglycemia (C).







The adjusted mean change in eGFR and the mean slope of change is based on on-treatment data.

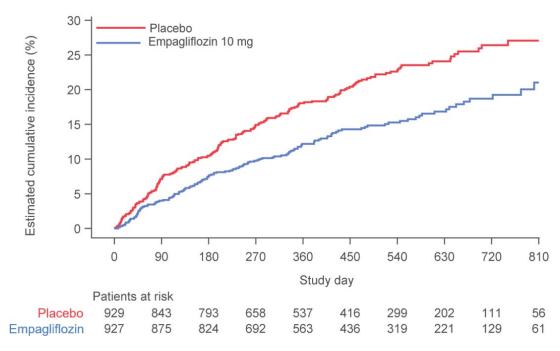
<sup>†</sup>interaction p-value assuming ordered categories (i.e. a trend analysis that reflects an assumed ordering of the subgroups from normoglycemia to prediabetes to diabetes testing a linear trend across subgroups.)

<sup>\*</sup> The slope of eGFR was analyzed on the basis of on-treatment data with a random coefficient model that included age and baseline eGFR as linear covariates and sex, region, baseline left ventricular ejection fraction, baseline eGFR according to time, diabetes according to treatment and treatment\* diabetes according to time interaction as fixed effects; the model allows for randomly varying slope and intercept between patients.

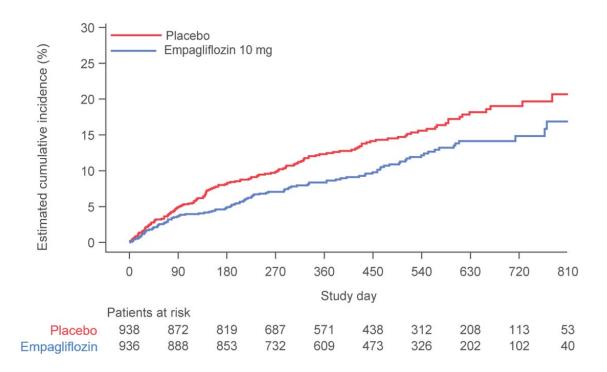
#### Supplementary Figure II: Components of the primary outcome by diabetes status.

The figures show the cumulative incidence curves of first hospitalization for heart failure in the empagliflozin and placebo group in those with (A) and without (B) diabetes, and cardiovascular mortality in the empagliflozin and placebo group in those with (C) and without (D) diabetes

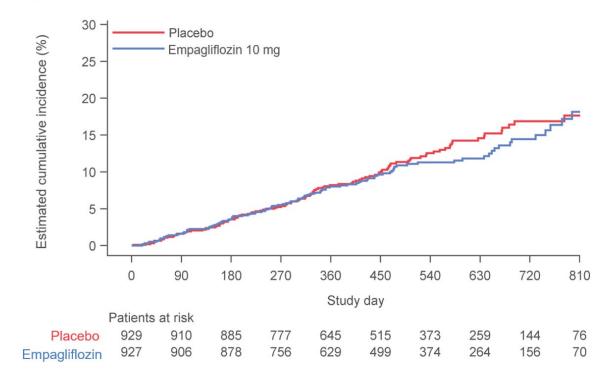
#### A)



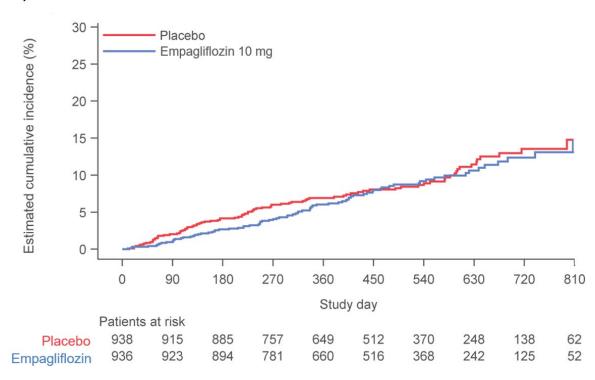
B)



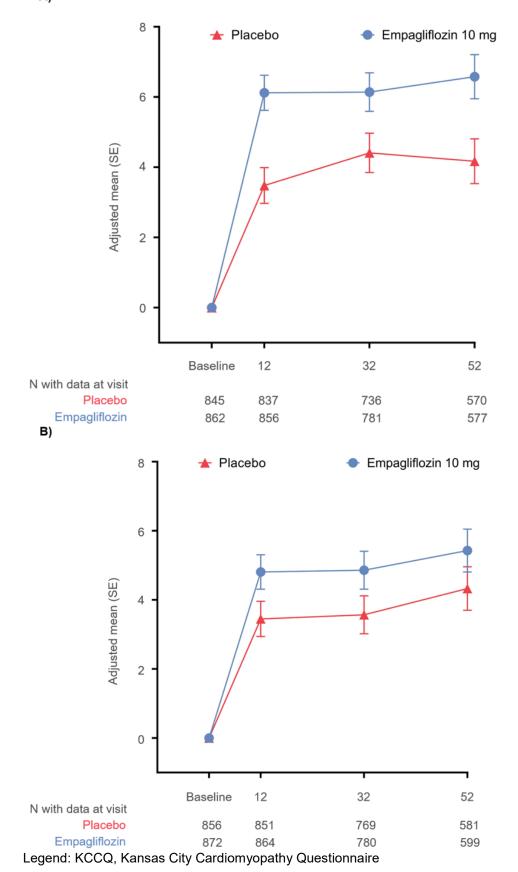




#### D)

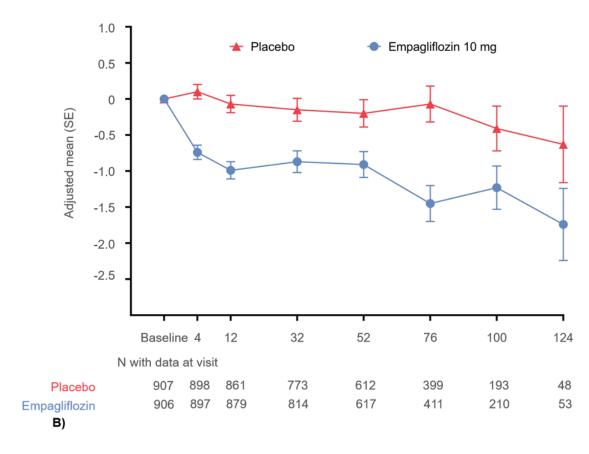


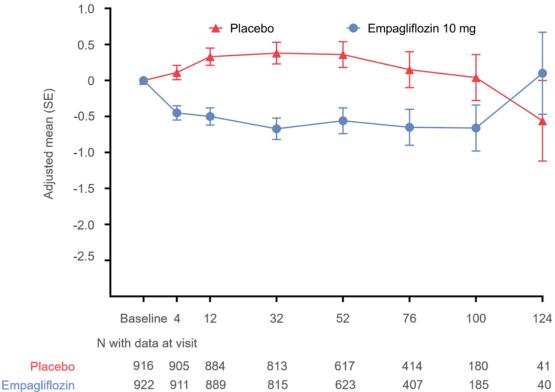
# Supplementary Figure III – Adjusted mean changes in KCCQ clinical summary score from baseline in patients with (A) and without (B) diabetes based on on-treatment data A)



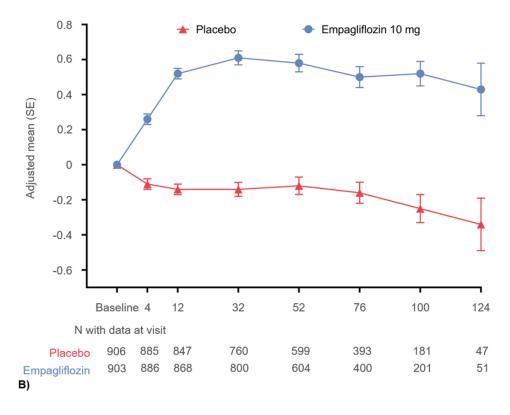
### Supplementary Figure IV – Adjusted mean changes in body weight from baseline in patients with (A) and without (B) diabetes

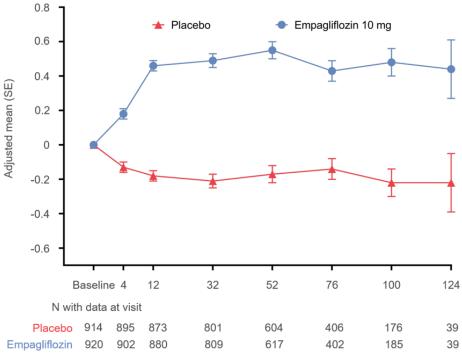




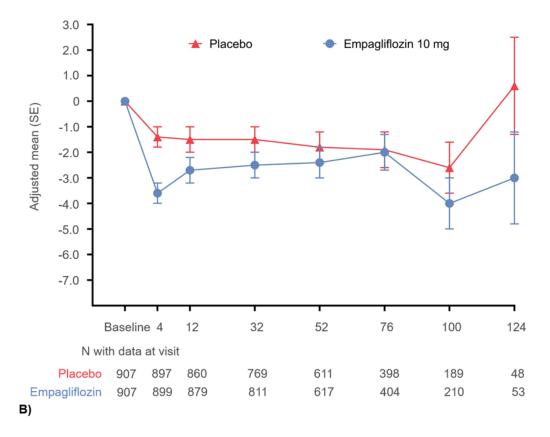


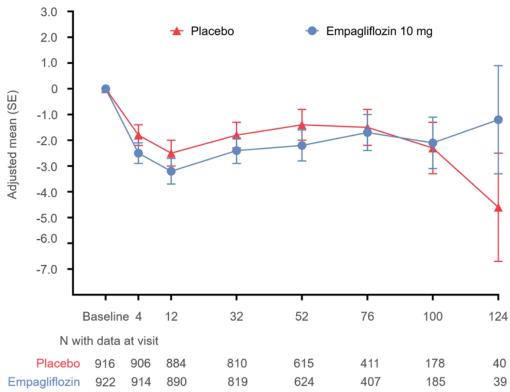
### Supplementary Figure V – Adjusted mean changes in hemoglobin from baseline in patients with (A) and without (B) diabetes



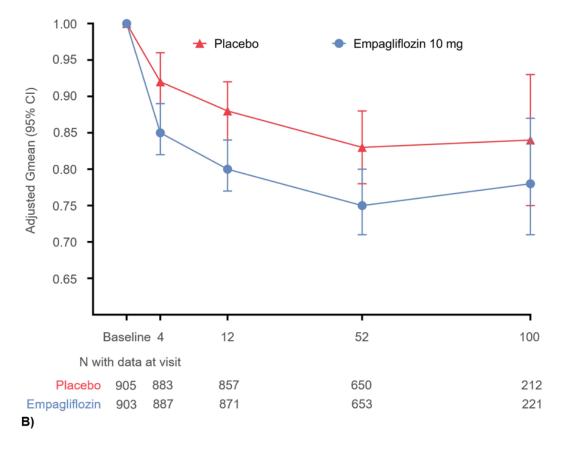


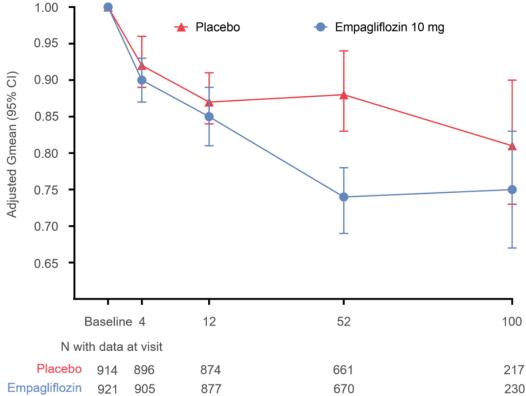
# Supplementary Figure VI – Adjusted mean changes in systolic blood pressure from baseline in patients with (A) and without (B) diabetes A)





Suppl Fig VII – Adjusted mean changes in NT-proBNP from baseline in patients with (A) and without (B) diabetes





Legend: NT-proBNP, N-terminal pro-hormone B-type natriuretic peptide

# Supplementary Figure VIII: Changes of HbA1c from baseline in those with (A) and without (B) diabetes A)

