

Supplementary Materials

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Content	Pages	Topic
Supplementary Note 1	2	Illumina LAI base composition
Supplementary Note 2	2	Oxford Nanopore LAI sequencing
Supplementary Note 3	3	Complete nanopore mt-genome read
Supplementary Note 4	3	Mt-genome sequence divergence
Supplementary Note 5	4	PacBio, transcriptome, PCR-Sanger
Supplementary Note 6	5	Duplicated putative Control Regions
Supplementary Method 1	6–8	SRA Sanger sequencing protocols
Supplementary Method 2	9–16	SRA Illumina sequencing protocols
Supplementary Method 3	17–31	SRA nanopore sequencing protocols
Supplementary Method 4	32–33	SRA PacBio sequencing protocols
Supplementary Method 5	34	Duplicate molecule evaluation
Supplementary Method 6	34	Duplicate Control Region evaluation
Supplementary Method 7	35	Protein structure evaluation
Supplementary Table 1	36	PAML positive selection detection
Supplementary Table 2	37	p-values across genes by LRT
Supplementary Table 3	38	Positive selection codon sites
Supplementary Figure 1 Legend	39	Alignment of nanopore mt-2D read
Supplementary Figure 1	40–62	Alignment of nanopore mt-2D read

Supplementary Note 1

Base composition of Illumina assemblies of Lady Alice Island mt-genomes (M1 and M2). The Illumina assembly of M1 is 18,078 bases in length showing strong strand-bias against Guanine (G) on the light strand with 13.8% G, 33.1% A, 27.3% T, and 25.8 % C, which is typical among vertebrates^{6,30}. The Illumina assembly of M2 is 18,315 bases in length also showing strong strand-bias against Guanine (G) on the light strand with 14.6% G, 31.9% A, 26.6% T, and 26.6 % C. It is important to note that base compositions among molecules are quite similar with G ranging between 13.8% and 14.6% as expected for functioning mt-genomes.

Supplementary Note 2

Oxford Nanopore sequencing of the Lady Alice Island sample (LAI). Oxford Nanopore sequencing of LAI produces 9.46 Gb of sequence data in 7,229.48 K reads. The eight runs range from 0.11 Gb to 3.45 Gb yield. Runs 1 and 3–4 applying SPRI cleanup produce 1.56 Gb (218.86 K reads), whereas runs 2 and 5–8 using immobilized trypsin resin as a cleanup produce 7.90 Gb (7,010.63 K reads). In total 342 reads are deemed mitochondrial. Mitochondrial DNA is recovered from all runs except run 4 applying SPRI cleanup. The number of screened mtDNA reads with a 5% difference in match between Illumina drafts of M1 and M2 is 187. Only 158 of screened reads are above 500 bp and used in further analyses. Runs 1 and 3 using SPRI cleanup produce 17 reads with 53.13 kb of data, whereas runs 2 and 5–8 using immobilized trypsin resin as a cleanup produce 141 reads with 332.01 kb of data. Of the 158 screened mtDNA reads, 136 mtDNA reads are assigned to M1, having at least a 5% sequence identity or better match than with M2. Of these 136 reads, 123 are over 500 bp in length. Nine of the 123 reads failed to map producing a total of 114 mapped reads for M1. Reads that mapped to LAI M1 averaged 2504.5 bp in length (std dev = 2409.2; min = 514; max = 16,978), obtaining the entire M1 with the maximum read length. The entire Illumina reference sequence is covered (100% of 18,078 bp) with an average depth coverage of 16.9 (std dev = 3.4; min = 11; max = 25). Fifty-one mtDNA reads are assigned to M2, having at least a 5% sequence identity or better match than with M1. Of these 51 reads, 35 are over 500 bp in length. Three of the 35 reads failed to map producing a total of 32 mapped reads for molecule 2. Reads that mapped to the LAI M2 mt-genome averaged 1990.2 bp in length (std dev = 1757.6; min = 551; max = 7026). This molecule has 95.8% coverage (17,546 bp of 18,315 bp reference) of the Illumina reference second molecule.

Supplementary Note 3

Oxford Nanopore complete mt-genome 2D read (see Supplementary Method 3 below). The LAI Oxford Nanopore 2D read is identified as M1, and nicked in *NDI* with both strands covering the molecule end to end; providing confidence in this version of the Tuatara mt-genome. The template strand is sequenced as heavy strand mtDNA of 16,978 bases, and the complement strand is sequenced as light strand mtDNA of 14,211 bases. We report the consensus of these two connected strands during sequencing. The consensus read is 16,978 bases in length, which includes overhangs that were end-trimmed (13 bases on the 5'-end and 17 bases on the 3'-end as light strand sequence), yielding a 16,948 base read. This trimmed read shows strong strand-bias against Guanine (G) on the light strand with 13.6% G, 33.6% A, 27.8% T, and 25.0% C, which is typical among vertebrates^{6,29}. The read is considerably shorter than the LAI Illumina assembly of M1 due to Oxford Nanopore induced gaps when skipping bases during nanochip reading. The alignment of the Oxford Nanopore 2D read covering the entire molecule with the LAI Illumina assembly of M1 has the following differences: (A) The Oxford Nanopore 2D read has 1192 gaps, which are distributed as one 18-base gap, one 11-base gap, three 9-base gaps, three 8-base gaps, two 7-base gaps, eleven 6-base gaps, eight 5-base gaps, twenty-six 4-base gaps, fifty-seven 3-base gaps, one hundred one 2-base gaps, and four hundred thirty-five 1-base gaps, for a total of 688 gap segment events. This does not include two positions in *NDI* missing after trimming of the Oxford Nanopore 2D read, which are either gaps or ambiguous bases in that read but are two G positions in the Illumina assembly. (B) The Illumina assembly has 60 gaps representing imposed extra bases in the Oxford Nanopore read, which are distributed as one 5-base gap, two 3-base gaps, nine 2-base gaps, and thirty-one 1-base gap, for a total of 43 gap segment events. (C) There are 191 transitional differences between the Oxford Nanopore read and the Illumina assembly, which are distributed as 49 R positions and 142 Y positions. (D) There are 41 transversional differences between the Oxford Nanopore read and the Illumina assembly, which are distributed as 7 K positions, 20 W positions, 2 S positions, and 12 M positions. In total there are 1484 differences producing a 92% identity between the Oxford Nanopore 2D read covering the entire molecule and the LAI Illumina assembly of M1.

Supplementary Note 4

Sequence divergence of newly reported mt-genomes. Pair-wise sequence divergence across all alignable sites in the four reported complete mt-genomes (end of NC3 excluded) is most prominent between the LAI M2 genome and the other three genomes deemed molecule 1 (LAI M1 at 10.4%, SI-3 at 10.5% and SI-4 at 10.6%). Across the Cook Strait between the North Island and South Island, the LAI M1 located in the north is 0.8% and 1.1% sequence divergent to SI-3 and SI-4, respectively; the latter two Stephens Island samples are 0.05% divergent in sequence.

Supplementary Note 5

PacBio sequencing of the Stephens Island sample 3 (SI-3). PacBio results of SI-3 produced 251 reads that mapped to the draft Illumina LAI M1 mt-genome with an average coverage of 40.2 reads (std dev = 6.8; min = 5, max = 70). Reads average 4970.6 bp in length (std dev = 3315.4; min = 102; max = 15,151), obtaining nearly the entire molecule with the maximum read length. A consensus sequence for SI-3 produced an mt-genome of 18,078 bp in length. This agrees in structure with the Illumina assembly of LAI M1 mt-genome draft, and shares a pair-wise identity of 99.0%.

Mining the published Tuatara transcriptome library (SI-4). Mapping the SRA library¹⁸ (SI-4) to the LAI M1 mt-genome results in a contig yielding an average coverage of 2841.5 read-depth (std dev = 3359.5; min = 0, gap region; max = 24,559). The contig contains only one gap, in positions 981 through 986, at the very 3' end of the 12S rRNA transcript sequence. Thus, the 21-nucleotide gap at the 3' end of 16S rRNA transcript found when mapping to the Rest et al.⁸ mt-genome is completed when mapping to the LAI M1 mt-genome. Therefore, the mt-genome recovered from the transcriptome library (SI-4) matches the genome structure of the LAI M1 and SI-3 mt-genomes herein reported. Hence, the mt-genomic transcript complements raw genomic DNA sequencing of the mt-genome.

Gene order confirmation from Sanger reactions derived from Long PCR amplicons of Stephens Island samples (SI-2, 3). Both samples are confirmed to have the following regional and genic junctions. Positions correspond to the Illumina assembly of LAI M1 mt-genome (GenBank MN864228): (a) positions 9310–10230, *COIII*, *tRNA^{Gly}*, *ND3*, *tRNA^{Arg}*, *ND4L*, *ND4*; (b) positions 10,790–11,620, *ND4*, *ND6*; (c) positions 13,352–14,040, *ND5*, *tRNA^{Thr}*; (d) positions 15,400–16,235, *NC2*, *tRNA^{Leu(CUN)}* second copy, *Cytb*; and (e) positions 17,820–18,078 plus 1–475, *NC3*, *tRNA^{Phe}*, *12S rRNA*.

Supplementary Note 6

Duplicated putative Control Regions. Three main noncoding regions are identified that show features consistent with Control Region copies which are expected to function as the replication origin for the heavy strand (O_H). In LAI M1 these noncoding regions are NC1 (positions 12,086–12,909) located between tRNA^{Glu} and tRNA^{Leu(CUN)} copy one, NC2 (positions 14,960–15,782) located between tRNA^{His} and tRNA^{Leu(CUN)} copy two, and NC3 (positions 17,151–18,078) located between tRNA^{Ser(AGY)} and tRNA^{Phe}. NC1 and NC2 are exactly the same except for three minor differences: (a) NC2 is missing the first base of NC1 which is a G (position 12,086), so NC1 is 824 bases in length and NC2 is 823 bases in length; (b) the 11th base of NC1 (position 12,096) is a C instead of a T as in NC2 (position 14,969); (c) the 573rd base of NC1 is an A (position 12,658) instead of a G as in NC2 (position 15,531). NC3 has five nucleotides (positions 17,151–17,155) in front of the G (position 17,156) present in NC1 but has the same sequence in the two variable sites described above as NC2 (11th base of NC1 is a T in NC3 at position 17,166; 573rd base of NC1 is a G in NC3 at position 17,728). NC3 differs in not having the end 58 bases present in NC1 (positions 12,852–12,909) and NC2 (positions 15,725–15,782). Instead NC3 has 157 bases (positions 17,922–18,078) with no identity to NC1 and NC2. Both NC1 and NC2 are followed by 69-nucleotide identical copies of the tRNA^{Leu(CUN)} gene (copy one positions 12,910–12,978, copy two positions 15,783–15,851). Hence, using the NC1 region of 824 nucleotides as a reference, 823 bases align with NC2 containing only two Y or R variable sites, which are then followed by 69 additional nucleotides present in the two identical tRNA^{Leu(CUN)} gene copies to be an 892 nucleotide duplicated segment. NC3 has an exact copy of 764 nucleotides found in NC2. In LAI M2 mt-genome NC1 (positions 12,116–12,933) and NC2 (positions 14,992–15,809) are largely the same with 818 bp each, but have 18 nucleotide changes (7 Y, 2 R, 2 W, 2 M, and 5 K). Most of these changes occur at the beginning and end of the non-coding blocks. As in molecule 1, NC1 has a G (position 12,116) at the beginning not present in NC2. Six gaps in 4 positions are placed in NC1 relative to NC2, and 5 gaps in 2 positions are placed in NC2 relative to NC1. The preceding tRNA^{Leu(CUN)} gene copies are identical except for 2 Y positions. NC3 is longer with 1,108 bp in total length. The first eight bases do not match NC1 and NC2 with the ninth base a G (position 17,216) as in the first base of NC1. The following 783 bases (positions 17,217–17,999) align to NC1 and NC2. A total of 23 sites differ from either NC1 or NC2 (4 Y, 7 R, 6 W, 3 S, 2 M and 1 K). Two sites match NC1 but not NC2 and 8 sites match NC2 but not NC1. To align with NC1 and NC2 12 gaps are introduced in NC3 in 6 positions, with 5 additional gaps introduced in NC1 and NC2 in 3 positions.

Supplementary Method 1

Data deposition of raw Sanger sequencing reads in the NCBI Sequence Read Archive (SRA) database as PRJNA445603.

DNA sequence reads from three Tuatara samples are sequenced with Sanger raw reads deposited in the NCBI Sequence Read Archive (SRA) as SRP140116/PRJNA445603. (1) SI-1, St. Louis Zoo originating from Stephens Island, Marlborough Sounds, Marlborough Province, New Zealand, Biosample SAMN10598677 (ISIS 373002), (2) SI-2, St. Louis Zoo originating from Stephens Island, Marlborough Sounds, Marlborough Province, New Zealand, BioSample SAMN10598679 (SLZ 14846, ISIS 379002), and (3) SI-3, St. Louis Zoo originating from Stephens Island, Marlborough Sounds, Marlborough Province, New Zealand, Biosample SAMN10598680 (SLZ 19079, ISIS 103796). The SI-1 sample was Sanger shotgun sequenced on a 384-plate, forward and reverse, providing 768 raw reads and listed in A below. The SI-2 and SI-3 samples were subjected to targeted PCR with Sanger sequencing and covered in B below.

A). Sanger DNA-Seq of *Sphenodon punctatus* Stephens Island ISIS 373002 SI-1, SAMN10598677

SRA Experiment SRX5161986; SRA Run SRR8351024

Genomic DNA was extracted from blood of a Tuatara (*Sphenodon punctatus*) residing at St. Louis Zoo (ISIS 373002) originating from Stephens Island, Marlborough District, New Zealand, using the Qiagen QIAamp tissue kit. Amplification of the mtDNA was conducted using rTth long PCR enzyme (Applied Biosystems) with a beginning denaturation at 94C for 45s, then followed by 37 cycles of a denaturation at 94 C for 15 s, annealing at 50 C for 20 s, and extension at 68 C for 9 min, with a final extension at 72 C for 12 min after the last cycle. Negative controls were run on all amplifications to check for contamination. A single primer-pair was used, one in the COIII gene (L9940) 5-GCAGCATGATACTGACACTTYGT-3 (this study) and the other in the 12S rRNA gene (H1067) 5-TAGTGGGGTATCTAATCCAGTTT-3 (Macey et al. 1997, Mol. Biol. Evol. 14, 91–104). Primers are designated by their 3 ends, which correspond to the position in the human mitochondrial genome (Anderson et al. 1981, Nature 290, 457–465) by convention. H and L designate heavy-strand and light-strand primers, respectively; the mixed base position of Y = T or C. Amplification products were sheared randomly into fragments of approximately 1.5kb by repeated passage through a narrow aperture using a HydroShear device (GeneMachines). After end-repair, the sheared DNA was gel purified and ligated into pUC18 vector to construct a library of random fragments, then transformed into bacterial cells. Automated colony pickers introduced single clones into bacterial broth in 384-well for- mat. These plasmid clones were processed robotically through rolling circle amplification (Dean et al. 2001, Genome Res. 11, 1095–1099; Hawkins et al. 2002, Curr. Opin. Biotechnol. 13, 65–67), sequencing reactions, and reaction clean up using SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization; Elkin et al. 2002, Biotechniques 32, 1296–1302). Sequences were determined using a MegaBACE 1000 (Amersham) DNA sequencer.

B). Long-amp PCR based Sanger sequencing for *Sphenodon* mitochondrial genome**B1. SI-2****SRA Experiment SRX7423932; SRA Run SRR10749103****B2. SI-3****SRA Experiment SRX7423931; SRA Run SRR10749102**

Genomic DNA was extracted from liver of two female Tuatara previously residing at the St. Louis Zoo [BioSample SAMN10598679 (ISIS379002, SLZ 14846) and BioSample SAMN10598680 (ISIS103796, SLZ 19079)] originating from Stephens Island, Marlborough District, New Zealand, using the Qiagen Genomic Tip DNA extraction kit (genomic-tip column 100/G) from ~20mg of liver tissue according to the manufacturer's directions at the Laboratories of Analytical Biology at the Smithsonian Institutions National Museum of Natural History (NMNH). Two sets of forward and reverse primers were designed on the Stephens Island (BioSample SAMN10598677, ISIS 373002) Sanger sequences generated from Long-amp PCR. Two forward (Rex26_ND5F1) 5-GTGCACTAACACAAAACGATATC-3 and (Rex27_ND5F1) 5-GCGCACTGACACAAAATGATATT-3 and two reverse primers (Rex26_ND5R1) 5-GGATTCCTCCTATTTTTTCGAATG-3 and (Rex27_ND5R1) 5-GGATTCCTCCTATTTTTTCAGATA-3 were designed in the middle of the ND5 gene, where the two mt-genome copies differed significantly. Primer sets were designed to amplify only one or the other of the differing copies (Rex26/Rex27). Forward ND5 primers were used with the 12S rRNA primer (H1067; Macey et al. 1997, *Mol. Biol. Evol.*, 14, 91–104) 5-TAGTGGGGTATCTAATCCAGTTT-3 and reverse ND5 primers were used with the COIII primer (L9940) 5-GCAGCATGATACTGACACTTYGT-3 (this study) in long-amp reactions, producing fragments ~5 kb long. Polymerase chain reactions (PCR) were conducted on the two separate [BioSample SAMN10598679 (ISIS379002, SLZ 14846) and BioSample SAMN10598680 (ISIS103796, SLZ 19079)] Qiagen Genomic Tip DNA extractions, using LongAmp taq (New England BioLabs Inc. #M0323S), in 25 µl reactions, with 12 µl of template, and amplified with a beginning denaturation at 94 C for 45 s, then followed by 37 cycles of a denaturation at 94 C for 15 s, annealing at 50 C for 20 s, and extension at 68 C for 9 min, with a final extension at 72 C for 12 min after the last cycle. Negative controls were run on all amplifications to check for contamination. PCR products were purified using ExoSapIT and end-sequence reactions were performed with the PCR primers using BigDye Terminator v3.1 Cycle Sequencing Kits in 0.25 10 µl reactions and run on an Automated ABI3730 Sequencer (2011 Life Technologies) with the 900 chemistry. Additionally, internal primers were also used in cycle-sequence reactions on the long-amp (~5 kb) products, including the forward primer (ND4) 5-CACCTATGACTACCAGCTCATGTAGAAGC-3 (Arevalo et al. 1994, *Systematic Biology* 43, 387–418) and the reverse primer (IguaCytoBR2) 5-GGTTTACAAGACCAATGCTTT-3 (Corl et al., 2010, *PNAS* 107, 4254–4259). Using Geneious v10.2.4 (Biomatters Ltd 2005–2017), raw trace files from both sample extractions were initially aligned with the Lady Alice first molecule mitochondrial genome (BioSample SAMN10598677, ISIS 373002), and the BioSample

SAMN10598680 (ISIS103796, SLZ 19079) sequences were later aligned with the PacBio-produced mitochondrial genome of the same individual resolving several ambiguities. Trace files are named by the specimen number (SLZ 14846 and SLZ 19079) followed by Spheno_Rex26 or Rex27 (from which fragment ND5f or ND5r primers were amplified and where f designates light-strand extending and r designates heavy-strand extending primers), followed by the primer used for sequencing.

Supplementary Method 2

Data deposition of raw Illumina sequencing reads in the NCBI Sequence Read Archive (SRA) database as PRJNA445603. Illumina DNA sequence reads from Tuatara Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) 982 000167713537 originating from Lady Alice Island, Hen and Chickens Islands, New Zealand (NCBI Biosample SAMN08793959; this study LAI) are deposited in the NCBI Sequence Read Archive (SRA) as SRP140116/PRJNA445603.

Data are distributed in 80 fastq files of 40 sets accommodating paired reads. Sequencing strategy and sequencing instrument are (1) first described in a title with a note of number of paired-reads, followed by (2) a protocol, (3) the number of paired fastq file sets, and (4) a list of those fastq file sets. Preceding each of the 40 fastq file sets are SRA experiment numbers in bold and run numbers in plain text as they appear in PRJNA445603 for reference.

In summary: (A) 2x100 PE 180 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000, 11 sets of 2 fastq files (totaling ~1.9 billion read-pairs); (B) 2x100 PE 350 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2500, 6 sets of 2 fastq files; (C) 2x100 PE 350 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000, 2 sets of 2 fastq files (B & C totaling ~446 million read-pairs); (D) 2x250 PE 400 bp insert, Illumina MiSeq, 4 sets of 2 fastq files (totaling ~50 million read-pairs); (E) 2x250 PE 480 bp insert, Illumina MiSeq, 1 set of 2 fastq files (~17 million read-pairs); (F) 2x100 PE 550 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000, 6 sets of 2 fastq files; (G) 2x100 PE 550 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000, 2 sets of 2 fastq files; (F & G totaling ~316 million read-pairs); (H) 2x100 MP 2500 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000, 1 set of 2 fastq files (~47 million read-pairs); (I) 2x100 MP 5000 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000, 1 set fastq files; (J) 2x100 MP 5000 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2500, 2 sets of 2 fastq files (I & J totaling ~490 million read-pairs); (K) 2x100 MP 8000 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000, 2 sets of 2 fastq files; and (L) 2x100 MP 8000 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2500, 2 sets of 2 fastq files (K & L totaling ~490 million read-pairs).

In this, sequencing libraries consisting of paired end (PE) libraries with estimated insert sizes of 180, 350, 400, 480, and 550 bp and libraries consisting of mate pair (MP) libraries with estimated insert size of 2500, 5000, 8000 bp are run and resulting data deposition files are as follows.

A). 2x100 PE 180 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina HiSeq 2000 sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Sequencing libraries consisted of paired end (PE) libraries with estimated insert size of 180 bp. The paired end libraries were prepared using the Illumina TruSeq PCR-Free DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. These libraries were normalised and pooled across 11 lanes of Illumina HiSeq 2000 using 2 x 100 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

11 Sets

SRA Experiment SRX3937384; SRA Run SRR7004786

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L001_R1.fastq.gz

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937385; SRA Run SRR7004785

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L002_R1.fastq.gz

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L002_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937386; SRA Run SRR7004784

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L003_R1.fastq.gz

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L003_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937387; SRA Run SRR7004783

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L004_R1.fastq.gz

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L004_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937388 ; SRA Run SRR7004782

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L005_R1.fastq.gz

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L005_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937389; SRA Run SRR7004781

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L006_R1.fastq.gz

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L006_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937390; SRA Run SRR7004780

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L007_R1.fastq.gz

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L007_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937391; SRA Run SRR7004779

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L008_R1.fastq.gz

ACOTKVACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L008_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937382; SRA Run SRR7004788
BCOGKKACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L005_R1.fastq.gz
BCOGKKACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L005_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937383; SRA Run SRR7004787
BCOGKKACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L006_R1.fastq.gz
BCOGKKACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L006_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937364; SRA Run SRR7004806
BCOGKKACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L007_R1.fastq.gz
BCOGKKACXX_NZGL00054_Tru_2x100_180_L007_R2.fastq.gz

B). 2x100 PE 350 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2500

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina HiSeq 2500 sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Sequencing libraries consisted of paired end (PE) libraries with estimated insert size of 350 bp. The paired end libraries were prepared using the Illumina TruSeq PCR-Free DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. These libraries were normalised and pooled across 8 lanes of Illumina HiSeq 2000 or 2500 using 2 x 100 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

6 Sets

SRA Experiment SRX3937365; SRA Run SRR7004805
H73VYADXX_681_Tru_2x100_350_L001_R1.fastq.gz
H73VYADXX_681_Tru_2x100_350_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937362; SRA Run SRR7004808
H76LEADXX_681_Tru_2x100_350_L001_R1.fastq.gz
H76LEADXX_681_Tru_2x100_350_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937363; SRA Run SRR7004807
H76LEADXX_681_Tru_2x100_350_L002_R1.fastq.gz
H76LEADXX_681_Tru_2x100_350_L002_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937368; SRA Run SRR7004802
H7F83ADXX-681_Tru_2x100_350_L002_R1.fastq.gz
H7F83ADXX-681_Tru_2x100_350_L002_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937367; SRA Run SRR7004803
H7GFFADXX_681_Tru_2x100_350_L001_R1.fastq.gz
H7GFFADXX_681_Tru_2x100_350_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937370; SRA Run SRR7004800
H7GFFADXX_681_Truc_2x100_350_L002_R1.fastq.gz
H7GFFADXX_681_Truc_2x100_350_L002_R2.fastq.gz

C). 2x100 PE 350 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina HiSeq 2000 sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Sequencing libraries consisted of paired end (PE) libraries with estimated insert size of 350 bp. The paired end libraries were prepared using the Illumina TruSeq PCR-Free DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. These libraries were normalised and pooled across 8 lanes of Illumina HiSeq 2000 or 2500 using 2 x 100 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

2 Sets

SRA Experiment SRX3937369; SRA Run SRR7004801
C2MGWACXX-681_Truc_2x100_350_L002_R1.fastq.gz
C2MGWACXX-681_Truc_2x100_350_L002_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937366; SRA Run SRR7004804
C2MGWACXX-681_Truc_2x100_350_L003_R1.fastq.gz
C2MGWACXX-681_Truc_2x100_350_L003_R2.fastq.gz

D). 2x250 PE 400 bp insert, Illumina MiSeq

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina MiSeq sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Sequencing libraries consisted of paired end (PE) libraries with estimated insert sizes of 400 bp. The paired end libraries were prepared using the Illumina Kappa DNA library kits as per manufacturers instructions. These libraries were normalised and pooled across 4 lanes of Illumina MiSeq using 2 x 250 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin. fastq

4 Sets

SRA Experiment SRX3937371; SRA Run SRR7004799
121116_M00933_0014_000000000-A1Y07-97_Kappa_2x250_400_L001_R1.fastq.gz
121116_M00933_0014_000000000-A1Y07-97_Kappa_2x250_400_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937381; SRA Run SRR7004789
121120_M00933_0015_000000000-A1Y1W-97_Kappa_2x250_400_L001_R1.fastq.gz
121120_M00933_0015_000000000-A1Y1W-97_Kappa_2x250_400_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937380 = SRR7004790

121208_M00933_0021_000000000-A1V7W-97_Kappa_2x250_400_L001_R1.fastq.gz

121208_M00933_0021_000000000-A1V7W-97_Kappa_2x250_400_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX937379; SRA Run SRR7004791

121210_M00933_0022_000000000-A1VJG-97_Kappa_2x250_400_L001_R1.fastq.gz

121210_M00933_0022_000000000-A1VJG-97_Kappa_2x250_400_L001_R2.fastq.gz

E). 2x250 PE 480 bp insert, Illumina MiSeq

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina MiSeq sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). The sequencing library consisted of a paired end (PE) library with estimated insert sizes of 480 bp. The paired end library was prepared using the Illumina TruSeq DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. The library was run on one lane of Illumina MiSeq using 2 x 250 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

1 Set

SRA Experiment SRX3937378; SRA Run SRR7004792

121130_M00933_0017_000000000-A1VGC-97_True_2x250_480_L001_R1.fastq.gz

121130_M00933_0017_000000000-A1VGC-97_True_2x250_480_L001_R2.fastq.gz

F). 2x100 PE 550 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2500

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina HiSeq 2500 sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Sequencing libraries consisted of paired end (PE) libraries with estimated insert size of 550 bp. The paired end libraries were prepared using the Illumina TruSeq PCR-Free DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. These libraries were normalised and pooled across 8 lanes of Illumina HiSeq 2000 or 2500 using 2 x 100 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

6 Sets

SRA Experiment SRX3937377; SRA Run SRR7004793

H73VYADXX_681_True_2x100_550_L001_R1.fastq.gz

H73VYADXX_681_True_2x100_550_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937376; SRA Run SRR7004794

H76LEADXX_681_True_2x100_550_L001_R1.fastq.gz

H76LEADXX_681_True_2x100_550_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937375 = SRR7004795

H76LEADXX_681_Tru_2x100_550_L002_R1.fastq.gz

H76LEADXX_681_Tru_2x100_550_L002_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937374; SRA Run SRR7004796

H7F83ADXX-681_Tru_2x100_550_L002_R1.fastq.gz

H7F83ADXX-681_Tru_2x100_550_L002_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937354; SRA Run SRR7004816

H7GFFADXX_681_Tru_2x100_550_L001_R1.fastq.gz

H7GFFADXX_681_Tru_2x100_550_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937355; SRA Run SRR7004815

H7GFFADXX_681_Tru_2x100_550_L002_R1.fastq.gz

H7GFFADXX_681_Tru_2x100_550_L002_R2.fastq.gz

G). 2x100 PE 550 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina HiSeq 2000 sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Sequencing libraries consisted of paired end (PE) libraries with estimated insert size of 550 bp. The paired end libraries were prepared using the Illumina TruSeq PCR-Free DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. These libraries were normalised and pooled across 8 lanes of Illumina HiSeq 2000 or 2500 using 2 x 100 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

2 Sets

SRA Experiment SRX3937373; SRA Run SRR7004797

C2MGWACXX-681_Tru_2x100_550_L002_R1.fastq.gz

C2MGWACXX-681_Tru_2x100_550_L002_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937372; SRA Run SRR7004798

C2MGWACXX-681_Tru_2x100_550_L003_R1.fastq.gz

C2MGWACXX-681_Tru_2x100_550_L003_R2.fastq.gz

H). 2x100 MP 2500 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina HiSeq 2000 sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). The sequencing library consisted of a mate paired (MP) library with estimated insert sizes of 2.5 kbp. The mate pair library was prepared using the Illumina TruSeq DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. This library was run on 1 lane of Illumina HiSeq 2000 using 2 x 100 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

1 Set

SRA Experiment SRX3937356; SRA Run SRR7004814

BDOVECACXX_NZGL00054_True_2x100_2500_L008_R1.fastq.gz

BDOVECACXX_NZGL00054_True_2x100_2500_L008_R2.fastq.gz

I). 2x100 MP 5000 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina HiSeq 2000 sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Sequencing libraries consisted of mate pair (MP) libraries with estimated insert size of 5 kbp. The paired end libraries were prepared using the Illumina TruSeq PCR-Free DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. These libraries were normalised and pooled across 3 lanes of Illumina HiSeq 2000 or 2500 using 2 x 100 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

1 Set

SRA Experiment SRX3937357; SRA Run SRR7004813

BCOGKKACXX_NZGL00054_True_2x100_5000_L008_R1.fastq.gz

BCOGKKACXX_NZGL00054_True_2x100_5000_L008_R2.fastq.gz

J). 2x100 MP 5000 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2500

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina HiSeq 2500 sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Sequencing libraries consisted of mate pair (MP) libraries with estimated insert size of 5 kbp. The paired end libraries were prepared using the Illumina TruSeq PCR-Free DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. These libraries were normalised and pooled across 3 lanes of Illumina HiSeq 2000 or 2500 using 2 x 100 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

2 Sets

SRA Experiment SRX3937358; SRA Run SRR7004812

H73UVADXX_NZGL00627_True_2x100_5000_L001_R1.fastq.gz

H73UVADXX_NZGL00627_True_2x100_5000_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937359; SRA Run SRR7004811

H73UVADXX_NZGL00627_True_2x100_5000_L002_R1.fastq.gz

H73UVADXX_NZGL00627_True_2x100_5000_L002_R2.fastq.gz

K). 2x100 MP 8000 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2000

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina HiSeq 2000 sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Sequencing libraries consisted of mate pair (MP) libraries with estimated insert size of 8 kbp. The paired end libraries were prepared using the Illumina TruSeq PCR-Free DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. These libraries were normalised and pooled across 4 lanes of Illumina HiSeq 2000 or 2500 using 2 x 100 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

2 Sets

SRA Experiment SRX3937360; SRA Run SRR7004810

C1PF2ACXX_NZGL00166_Tru_2x100_8000_L001_R1.fastq.gz

C1PF2ACXX_NZGL00166_Tru_2x100_8000_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937361; SRA Run SRR7004809

C1PF2ACXX_NZGL00166_Tru_2x100_8000_L002_R1.fastq.gz

C1PF2ACXX_NZGL00166_Tru_2x100_8000_L002_R2.fastq.gz

L). 2x100 MP 8000 bp insert, Illumina HiSeq 2500

Total genomic DNA was extracted using proteinase K digestion and Phenol-Chloroform extraction from blood. Sequencing was undertaken using the Illumina HiSeq 2500 sequencing platform (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA). Sequencing libraries consisted of mate pair (MP) libraries with estimated insert size of 8 kbp. The paired end libraries were prepared using the Illumina TruSeq PCR-Free DNA library kit as per manufacturers instructions. These libraries were normalised and pooled across 4 lanes of Illumina HiSeq 2000 or 2500 using 2 x 100 bp paired end sequencing at New Zealand Genomics Ltd., Dunedin.

2 Sets

SRA Experiment SRX3937352; SRA Run SRR7004818

H73UVADXX_NZGL00627_Tru_2x100_8000_L001_R1.fastq.gz

H73UVADXX_NZGL00627_Tru_2x100_8000_L001_R2.fastq.gz

SRA Experiment SRX3937353; SRA Run SRR7004817

H73UVADXX_NZGL00627_Tru_2x100_8000_L002_R1.fastq.gz

H73UVADXX_NZGL00627_Tru_2x100_8000_L002_R2.fastq.gz

Supplementary Method 3

Data deposition of raw Oxford Nanopore sequencing reads in the NCBI Sequence Read Archive (SRA) database as PRJNA445603. Oxford Nanopore DNA sequence reads from Tuatara Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) 982 000167713537 originating from Lady Alice Island, Hen and Chickens Islands, New Zealand (NCBI Biosample SAMN08793959; this study LAI) are deposited in the NCBI Sequence Read Archive (SRA) as SRP140116/PRJNA445603.

Fifteen Oxford Nanopore runs were conducted, of which 8 were used in this study as 7 runs were done on DNA extracted by Dovetail (Santa Cruz, CA) that purged mtDNA, and no mtDNA was detected. Runs used are SRA runs 1–3, 5, 6, 10, 14, and 15 (= this study runs 1–8, Table 1 main text), with run 10 having mtDNA but also extracted by Dovetail (Santa Cruz, CA) that purged mtDNA. All runs were searched for mtDNA, and SRA runs 4, 7–9, 11–13 in which mtDNA was purged and not detected are provided to not confuse the reader and share unique protocol information. Please note run numbers used in the main text Table 1 in this study are runs 1–3 which are SRA run numbers 1–3, run number 4 is SRA run number 5, run number 5 is SRA run number 6, run number 6 is SRA run number 10, run number 7 is SRA run number 14 and run number 8 is SRA run number 15.

A). SRA RUN_1 [Run 1 this study] 10kb_Shear_Barcode115_SQK-108

SRA Experiment SRX4909469; SRA Runs SRR8093109, 8082397

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Midi Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13343), yielding 242 ng/μl provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version SQK-108) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μl of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 10 kb DNA Shearing DNA was sheared to a target of 10 kb from ~ 2 μg of Tuatara DNA using a Covaris g-tube. It is noteworthy that while subjecting DNA to shearing a direct following step implementing nick-repair was applied. Final products from this shearing procedure required volume adjustments between input DNA (from shearing in buffer) and 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in the starting protocol of step 1 below to keep relative concentrations equivalent.

1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μg genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μl, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μl, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μl, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μl, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μl, and

(f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μ l for a total volume of 60 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 60 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with 70% EtOH of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Nuclease-free water of 31 μ l. 3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 30 μ l, (b) 1D Adapter Mix of 20 μ l, and (c) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 50 μ l, for a total volume of 100 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler. 4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 40 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Adaptor Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 25 μ l for DNA sequencing. Library was run on an SQK-108 flow-cell.

**B). SRA RUN_2 [Run 2 this study]
10kb_Shear_Trypsin_Resin_Barcode115_SQK-108**

SRA Experiment SRX4909470; SRA Runs SRR8093110, 8082395

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Midi Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13343), yielding 242 ng/ μ l provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version SQK-108) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 10 kb DNA Shearing DNA was sheared to a target of 10 kb from \sim 2 μ g of Tuatara DNA using a Covaris g-tube. It is noteworthy that while subjecting DNA to shearing a direct following step implementing nick-repair was applied. Final products from this shearing procedure required volume adjustments between input DNA (from shearing in buffer) and 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in the starting protocol of step 1 below to keep relative concentrations equivalent.

1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) \sim 2 μ g genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μ l, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μ l, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μ l, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μ l, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μ l, and (f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μ l for a total volume of 60 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. Immobilized Trypsin-Resin in Place of SPRI Cleanup. For this run a deviated protocol to increase library yield from wash cycles and avoid unnecessary DNA shearing from agitation, applied an enzymatic digest of end-repair enzymes in step 1 above replacing the use of SPRI beads. This was done using an activated trypsin. 2.1. To activate trypsin resin, resin was gently mixed adding 20 μ l of resin to 100 μ l of 10 mM

Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in a 1.5 ml tube. This was inverted for mixing flowed by a 6000 rpm spin, with the supernatant discarded; this was repeated two additional times, with 20 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer added to the end product. 2.2. The (a) end-repaired DNA from step 1 of 60 μ l, and (b) activated trypsin resin of 20 μ l from step 2.1 were (c) incubate at 37°C for 30 min. Only 60 μ l of the total volume of 80 μ l was retained leaving 20 μ l of pelleted resin behind. 3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 60 μ l, (b) 1D Adapter Mix of 20 μ l, and (c) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 80 μ l, for a total volume of 180 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler. 4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 64 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Adaptor Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 25 μ l for DNA sequencing. Library was run on an SQK-108 flow-cell.

**C). SRA RUN_3 [Run 3 this study]
2D_Standard_Protocol_Barcode115_SQK-208**

SRA Experiment SRX4909472; SRA Runs SRR8082396, 8097532

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Midi Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13343), yielding 242 ng/ μ l provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version SQK-208) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μ g genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μ l, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μ l, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μ l, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μ l, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μ l, and (f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μ l for a total volume of 60 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 60 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with 70% EtOH of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Nuclease-free water of 31 μ l. 3. 2D Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 30 μ l, (b) 2D Adapter Mix of 10 μ l, (c) dH₂O of 5 μ l, (d) HP Adapter of 2 μ l with (d) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 50 μ l and (e) incubated for 10 min at room temp; followed with (f) HP tether of 1 μ l and (g) 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase added with (h) additional incubation at room temp for 10 min. The 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation with the HP Tether to increase library yield. The total yield is 100 μ l for this step. 4. Library Purification requires two steps. 4.1. MyOne C1 Streptavidin beads preparation Add in a

1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube (a) MyOne C1 Streptavidin beads of 50 μ l and (b) pellet beads on magnet for 2 min; (c) discard supernatant and (d) add Oxford Nanopore Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μ l; (e) vortex until homogeneous and (f) pellet on a magnet for 2 min; (g) discard supernatant and (h) repeat Oxford Nanopore Bead Binding Buffer wash step of 140 μ l with pelleting on a magnet for 2 min X 2; (i) add Bead Binding Buffer of 100 μ l and (j) label tube as Washed Beads for binding step. 4.2. Purification of Library using Streptavidin Beads For binding add (a) Washed Beads from previous step 4.1 of 100 μ l to the tube containing the Ligated DNA in step 3 of 100 μ l and (b) incubate at room temperature for 5 min; for elution add (c) Oxford Nanopore elution buffer to DNA-bound beads of 25 μ l, (d) incubate tube on hot block at 37°C for 10 min, (e) pellet beads on a magnet for 2 min, and (f) transfer supernatant containing library into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube for DNA sequencing. Library was run on an SQK-208 flow-cell.

**D). SRA RUN_4 [Not used in this study; mtDNA purged]
Standard_Protocol_Barcode115_SQK-108**

SRA Experiment SRX4909471; SRA Runs SRR8093111, 8082394

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Midi Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13343), yielding 242 ng/ μ l provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version SQK-108) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μ g genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μ l, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μ l, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μ l, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μ l, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μ l, and (f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μ l for a total volume of 60 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 60 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with 70% EtOH of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Nuclease-free water of 31 μ l. 3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 30 μ l, (b) 1D Adapter Mix of 20 μ l, and (c) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 50 μ l, for a total volume of 100 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler. 4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 40 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Adaptor Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 25 μ l for DNA sequencing. Library was run on an SQK-108 flow-cell.

**E). SRA RUN_5 [Run 4 this study]
5kb_shear_Standard_Protocol_Barcode115_SQK-208**

SRA Experiment SRX4909473; SRA Runs SRR8093112, 8082393

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Midi Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13343), yielding 242 ng/μl provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version SQK-208) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μl of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 5 kb DNA Shearing DNA was sheared to a target of 5 kb from ~ 2 μg of Tuatara DNA using a Covaris LE220R with (a) Peak Incident Power (W) 100, (b) Peak Incident Power (W) 100, (c) Duty Factor 20%, (d) Cycles per Burst 1000, and (e) Treatment Time (s) 600. It is noteworthy that while subjecting DNA to shearing a direct following step implementing nick-repair was applied. Final products from this shearing procedure required volume adjustments between input DNA (from shearing in buffer) and 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in the starting protocol of step 1 below to keep relative concentrations equivalent. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μg genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μl, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μl, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μl, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μl, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μl, and (f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μl for a total volume of 60 μl. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 60 μl and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with 70% EtOH of 140 μl X 2, and (c) elute in Nuclease-free water of 31 μl. 3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 30 μl, (b) 1D Adapter Mix of 20 μl, and (c) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 50 μl, for a total volume of 100 μl. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler. 4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 40 μl and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Adaptor Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μl X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 25 μl for DNA sequencing. Library was run on an SQK-208 flow-cell.

**F). SRA RUN_6 [Run 5 this study]
Trypsin_Resin_Barcode115_SQK-108****SRA Experiment SRX4909474; SRA Runs SRR8097531, 8082392**

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Midi Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13343), yielding 242 ng/ μ l provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version SQK-108) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation.

1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μ g genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μ l, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μ l, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μ l, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μ l, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μ l, and (f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μ l for a total volume of 60 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler.
2. Immobilized Trypsin-Resin in Place of SPRI Cleanup For this run a deviated protocol to increase library yield from wash cycles and avoid unnecessary DNA shearing from agitation, applied an enzymatic digest of end-repair enzymes in step 1 above replacing the use of SPRI beads. This was done using an activated trypsin.
 - 2.1. To activate trypsin resin, resin was gently mixed adding 20 μ l of resin to 100 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in a 1.5 ml tube. This was inverted for mixing flowed by a 6000 rpm spin, with the supernatant discarded; this was repeated two additional times, with 20 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer added to the end product.
 - 2.2. The (a) end-repaired DNA from step 1 of 60 μ l, and (b) activated trypsin resin of 20 μ l from step 2.1 were (c) incubate at 37°C for 30 min. Only 60 μ l of the total volume of 80 μ l was retained leaving 20 μ l of pelleted resin behind.
3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 60 μ l, (b) 1D Adapter Mix of 20 μ l, and (c) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 80 μ l, for a total volume of 180 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler.
4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 64 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Adaptor Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 25 μ l for DNA sequencing. Library was run on an SQK-108 flow-cell.

**G). SRA RUN_7 [Not used in this study; mtDNA purged]
2D_Trypsin_Resin_Barcode113_FLO-MIN106**

SRA Experiment SRX4909475; SRA Runs SRR8097530, 8082391

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Mini Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13323), yielding 150 ng/μl provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version FLO-MIN106) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μl of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μg genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μl, (b) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μl, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μl, and (d) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 41.73 μl for a total volume of 60 μl. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. Immobilized Trypsin-Resin in Place of SPRI Cleanup For this run a deviated protocol to increase library yield from wash cycles and avoid unnecessary DNA shearing from agitation, applied an enzymatic digest of end-repair enzymes in step 1 above replacing the use of SPRI beads. This was done using an activated trypsin. 2.1. To activate trypsin resin, resin was gently mixed adding 20 μl of resin to 100 μl of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in a 1.5 ml tube. This was inverted for mixing flowed by a 6000 rpm spin, with the supernatant discarded; this was repeated two additional times, with 20 μl of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer added to the end product. 2.2. The (a) end-repaired DNA from step 1 of 60 μl, and (b) activated trypsin resin of 20 μl from step 2.1 were (c) incubate at 37°C for 30 min. Only 60 μl of the total volume of 80 μl was retained leaving 20 μl of pelleted resin behind. 3. 2D Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 30 μl, (b) 2D Adapter Mix of 10 μl, (c) dH₂O of 5 μl, (d) HP Adapter of 2 μl with (d) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 50 μl and (e) incubated for 10 min at room temp; followed with (f) HP tether of 1 μl and (h) additional incubation at room temp for 10 min. The total yield is 100 μl for this step. 4. Library Purification requires two steps. 4.1. MyOne C1 Streptavidin beads preparation Add in a 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube (a) MyOne C1 Streptavidin beads of 50 μl and (b) pellet beads on magnet for 2 min; (c) discard supernatant and (d) add Oxford Nanopore Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μl; (e) vortex until homogeneous and (f) pellet on a magnet for 2 min; (g) discard supernatant and (h) repeat Oxford Nanopore Bead Binding Buffer wash step of 140 μl with pelleting on a magnet for 2 min X 2; (i) add Bead Binding Buffer of 100 μl and (j) label tube as Washed Beads for binding step. 4.2. Purification of Library using Streptavidin Beads For binding add (a) Washed Beads from previous step 4.1 of 100 μl to the tube containing the Ligated DNA in step 3 of 100 μl and (b) incubate at room temperature for 5 min; for elution add (c) Oxford Nanopore elution buffer to DNA-bound beads of 25 μl, (d) incubate tube on hot

block at 37°C for 10 min, (e) pellet beads on a magnet for 2 min, and (f) transfer supernatant containing library into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube for DNA sequencing. Library was run on a FLO-MIN106 flow-cell.

**H). SRA RUN_8 [Not used in this study; mtDNA purged]
2D_Trypsin_Resin_Ligase_Barcode113_FLO-MIN106-Half_Run**

SRA Experiment SRX4909476; SRA Runs SRR8097529, 8097528, 8097527, 8082390

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Mini Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13323), yielding 150 ng/μl provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version FLO-MIN106) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μl of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μg genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μl, (b) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μl, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μl, and (d) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 41.73 μl for a total volume of 60 μl. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. Immobilized Trypsin-Resin in Place of SPRI Cleanup For this run a deviated protocol to increase library yield from wash cycles and avoid unnecessary DNA shearing from agitation, applied an enzymatic digest of end-repair enzymes in step 1 above replacing the use of SPRI beads. This was done using an activated trypsin. 2.1. To activate trypsin resin, resin was gently mixed adding 20 μl of resin to 100 μl of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in a 1.5 ml tube. This was inverted for mixing flowed by a 6000 rpm spin, with the supernatant discarded; this was repeated two additional times, with 20 μl of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer added to the end product. 2.2. The (a) end-repaired DNA from step 1 of 60 μl, and (b) activated trypsin resin of 20 μl from step 2.1 were (c) incubate at 37°C for 30 min. Only 60 μl of the total volume of 80 μl was retained leaving 20 μl of pelleted resin behind. 3. 2D Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 30 μl, (b) 2D Adapter Mix of 10 μl, (c) dH₂O of 5 μl, (d) HP Adapter of 2 μl with (d) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 50 μl and (e) incubated for 10 min at room temp; followed with (f) HP tether of 1 μl and (g) 2 μl of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase added with (h) additional incubation at room temp for 10 min. The 2 μl of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation with the HP Tether to increase library yield. The total yield is 100 μl for this step. 4. Library Purification requires two steps. 4.1. MyOne C1 Streptavidin beads preparation Add in a 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube (a) MyOne C1 Streptavidin beads of 50 μl and (b) pellet beads on magnet for 2 min; (c) discard supernatant and (d) add Oxford Nanopore Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μl; (e) vortex until homogeneous and (f) pellet on a magnet for 2 min; (g) discard supernatant

and (h) repeat Oxford Nanopore Bead Binding Buffer wash step of 140 μ l with pelleting on a magnet for 2 min X 2; (i) add Bead Binding Buffer of 100 μ l and (j) label tube as Washed Beads for binding step. 4.2. Purification of Library using Streptavidin Beads For binding add (a) Washed Beads from previous step 4.1 of 100 μ l to the tube containing the Ligated DNA in step 3 of 100 μ l and (b) incubate at room temperature for 5 min; for elution add (c) Oxford Nanopore elution buffer to DNA-bound beads of 25 μ l, (d) incubate tube on hot block at 37°C for 10 min, (e) pellet beads on a magnet for 2 min, and (f) transfer supernatant containing library into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube for DNA sequencing. Library was run on a FLO-MIN106 flow-cell.

**I). SRA RUN_9 [Not used in this study; mtDNA purged]
2D_Trypsin_Resin_rSAP_Kinase_Ligase_Barcode113_FLO-MIN106**

SRA Experiment SRX4909477; SRA Runs SRR8097526, 8097525, 8097524, 8082389

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Mini Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13323), yielding 150 ng/ μ l provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version FLO-MIN106) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μ g genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μ l, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μ l, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μ l, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μ l, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μ l, and (f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μ l for a total volume of 60 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. An additional step (g) added 3 μ l of NEB Antarctic Phosphatase and 6 μ l of NEB Antarctic Phosphatase buffer containing Zn²⁺ for enzymatic activation and is also mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 37°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. Immobilized Trypsin-Resin in Place of SPRI Cleanup For this run a deviated protocol to increase library yield from wash cycles and avoid unnecessary DNA shearing from agitation, applied an enzymatic digest of end-repair enzymes in step 1 above replacing the use of SPRI beads. This was done using an activated trypsin. 2.1. To activate trypsin resin, resin was gently mixed adding 20 μ l of resin to 100 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in a 1.5 ml tube. This was inverted for mixing flowed by a 6000 rpm spin, with the supernatant discarded; this was repeated two additional times, with 20 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer added to the end product. 2.2. The (a) end-repaired DNA from step 1 of 60 μ l, and (b) activated trypsin resin of 20 μ l from step 2.1 were (c) incubate at 37°C for 30 min. Only 60 μ l of the total volume of 80 μ l was retained leaving 20 μ l of pelleted resin behind. 3. An additional step added (a) 2 μ l of T4 Polynucleotide Kinase, (b) 10 μ l of T4

Polynucleotide Kinase buffer, and 10 μ l of 10 mM ATP. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 37°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 4. 2D Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 30 μ l, (b) 2D Adapter Mix of 10 μ l, (c) dH₂O of 5 μ l, (d) HP Adapter of 2 μ l with (d) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 50 μ l and (e) incubated for 10 min at room temp; followed with (f) HP tether of 1 μ l and (g) 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase added with (h) additional incubation at room temp for 10 min. The 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation with the HP Tether to increase library yield. The total yield is 100 μ l for this step. 5. Library Purification requires two steps. 5.1. MyOne C1 Streptavidin beads preparation Add in a 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube (a) MyOne C1 Streptavidin beads of 50 μ l and (b) pellet beads on magnet for 2 min; (c) discard supernatant and (d) add Oxford Nanopore Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μ l; (e) vortex until homogeneous and (f) pellet on a magnet for 2 min; (g) discard supernatant and (h) repeat Oxford Nanopore Bead Binding Buffer wash step of 140 μ l with pelleting on a magnet for 2 min X 2; (i) add Bead Binding Buffer of 100 μ l and (j) label tube as Washed Beads for binding step. 5.2. Purification of Library using Streptavidin Beads. For binding add (a) Washed Beads from previous step 5.1 of 100 μ l to the tube containing the Ligated DNA in step 4 of 100 μ l and (b) incubate at room temperature for 5 min; for elution add (c) Oxford Nanopore elution buffer to DNA-bound beads of 25 μ l, (d) incubate tube on hot block at 37°C for 10 min, (e) pellet beads on a magnet for 2 min, and (f) transfer supernatant containing library into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube for DNA sequencing. Library was run on a FLO-MIN106 flow-cell.

**J). SRA RUN_10 [Run 6 this study; mtDNA purged]
Trypsin_Resin_Barcode113_SQK-108**

SRA Experiment SRX4909478; SRA Runs SRR8082388, 8097425, 8097426, 8097427

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Mini Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13323), yielding 150 ng/ μ l provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version SQK-108) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μ g genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μ l, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μ l, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μ l, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μ l, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μ l, and (f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μ l for a total volume of 60 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. Immobilized Trypsin-Resin in Place of SPRI Cleanup For this run a deviated protocol to increase

library yield from wash cycles and avoid unnecessary DNA shearing from agitation, applied an enzymatic digest of end-repair enzymes in step 1 above replacing the use of SPRI beads. This was done using an activated trypsin. 2.1. To activate trypsin resin, resin was gently mixed adding 20 μ l of resin to 100 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in a 1.5 ml tube. This was inverted for mixing flowed by a 6000 rpm spin, with the supernatant discarded; this was repeated two additional times, with 20 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer added to the end product. 2.2. The (a) end-repaired DNA from step 1 of 60 μ l, and (b) activated trypsin resin of 20 μ l from step 2.1 were (c) incubate at 37°C for 30 min. Only 60 μ l of the total volume of 80 μ l was retained leaving 20 μ l of pelleted resin behind. 3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 60 μ l, (b) 1D Adapter Mix of 20 μ l, and (c) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 80 μ l, for a total volume of 180 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler. 4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 64 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Adaptor Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 25 μ l for DNA sequencing. Library was run on an SQK-108 flow-cell.

**K). SRA RUN 11 [Not used in this study; mtDNA purged]
Trypsin_Resin_Nick_Repair_Barcode113_SQK-108_A**

SRA Experiment SRX4909467; SRA Run SRR8082399, 8097536, 8097537, 8097538

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Mini Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13323), yielding 150 ng/ μ l provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version FLO-MIN106) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μ g genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μ l, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μ l, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μ l, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μ l, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μ l, and (f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μ l for a total volume of 60 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. Immobilized Trypsin-Resin in Place of SPRI Cleanup For this run a deviated protocol to increase library yield from wash cycles and avoid unnecessary DNA shearing from agitation, applied an enzymatic digest of end-repair enzymes in step 1 above replacing the use of SPRI beads. This was done using an activated trypsin. 2.1. To activate trypsin resin, resin was gently mixed adding 20 μ l of resin to 100 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in a 1.5 ml tube. This was inverted for mixing flowed by a 6000 rpm spin, with the

supernatant discarded; this was repeated two additional times, with 20 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer added to the end product. 2.2. The (a) end-repaired DNA from step 1 of 60 μ l, and (b) activated trypsin resin of 20 μ l from step 2.1 were (c) incubate at 37°C for 30 min. Only 60 μ l of the total volume of 80 μ l was retained leaving 20 μ l of pelleted resin behind. 3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 60 μ l, (b) 1D Adapter Mix of 20 μ l, and (c) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 80 μ l, for a total volume of 180 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler. 4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 64 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Adaptor Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 25 μ l for DNA sequencing. Library was run on a FLO-MIN106 flow-cell.

**L). SRA RUN_12 [Not used in this study; mtDNA purged]
Trypsin_Resin_Nick_Repair_Barcode113_SQK-108_B**

SRA Experiment SRX4909468; SRA Run SRR8082398, 8097533, 8097534, 8097535

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Mini Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13323), yielding 150 ng/ μ l provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version FLO-MIN106) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μ g genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μ l, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μ l, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μ l, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μ l, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μ l, and (f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μ l for a total volume of 60 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. Immobilized Trypsin-Resin in Place of SPRI Cleanup For this run a deviated protocol to increase library yield from wash cycles and avoid unnecessary DNA shearing from agitation, applied an enzymatic digest of end-repair enzymes in step 1 above replacing the use of SPRI beads. This was done using an activated trypsin. 2.1. To activate trypsin resin, resin was gently mixed adding 20 μ l of resin to 100 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in a 1.5 ml tube. This was inverted for mixing flowed by a 6000 rpm spin, with the supernatant discarded; this was repeated two additional times, with 20 μ l of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer added to the end product. 2.2. The (a) end-repaired DNA from step 1 of 60 μ l, and (b) activated trypsin resin of 20 μ l from step 2.1 were (c) incubate at 37°C for 30 min. Only 60 μ l of the total volume of 80 μ l was retained leaving 20 μ l of pelleted resin behind. 3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 60 μ l, (b)

1D Adapter Mix of 20 μ l, and (c) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 80 μ l, for a total volume of 180 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler. 4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 64 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Adaptor Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 25 μ l for DNA sequencing. Library was run on a FLO-MIN106 flow-cell.

**M). SRA RUN 13 [Not used in this study; mtDNA purged]
10kb_Shear_Barcode113_FLO-MIN106**

SRA Experiment SRX4909466; SRA Run SRR8082400, 8097539, 8097540, 8097541

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using the Qiagen Blood & Cell Culture DNA Mini Kit (Hilden, Germany, cat# 13323), yielding 150 ng/ μ l provided in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN19030; flow-cell version FLO-MIN106) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version GDE_9002_v108_revT_18Oct2016 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μ l of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 10 kb DNA Shearing DNA was sheared to a target of 10 kb from ~ 2 μ g of Tuatara DNA using a Covaris g-tube. It is noteworthy that while subjecting DNA to shearing a direct following step implementing nick-repair was applied. Final products from this shearing procedure required volume adjustments between input DNA (from shearing in buffer) and 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in the starting protocol of step 1 below to keep relative concentrations equivalent.

1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μ g genomic Tuatara DNA as described above of 8.27 μ l, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 3 μ l, (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μ l, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 7 μ l, (e) 100X NAD⁺ of 0.6 μ l, and (f) 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer of 38.13 μ l for a total volume of 60 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 60 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with 70% EtOH of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Nuclease-free water of 31 μ l. 3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 30 μ l, (b) 1D Adapter Mix of 20 μ l, and (c) NEB Instant Sticky End Ligase of 50 μ l, for a total volume of 100 μ l. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler. 4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 40 μ l and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Adaptor Bead Binding Buffer of 140 μ l X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 25 μ l for DNA sequencing. Library was run on an SQK-108 flow-cell.

**N). SRA RUN_14 [Run 7 this study]
1D-ligation-Trypsin-resin_1****SRA Experiment SRX7284173; SRA Run SRR10604630**

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using a phenol-chloroform extraction, yielding 78.7 ng/μl after resuspending in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN26033; flow-cell version SQK-LSK109) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version 1d-gDNA-sqk-lsk109-GDE_9063_v109_revC_23May2018 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μl of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μg genomic Tuatara DNA as described above was eluted to 37 μl in TE buffer, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Buffer of 3.5 μl, (c) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 2 μl (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μl, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 2 μl, (e) Oxford Nanopore DNA CS 1 μl for a total volume of 50 μl. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. Immobilized Trypsin-Resin in Place of SPRI Cleanup For this run a deviated protocol to increase library yield from wash cycles and avoid unnecessary DNA shearing from agitation, applied an enzymatic digest of end-repair enzymes in step 1 above replacing the use of SPRI beads. This was done using an activated trypsin. 2.1. To activate trypsin resin, resin was gently mixed adding 20 μl of resin to 120 μl of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in a 1.5 ml tube. This was inverted for mixing flowed by a 6000 rpm spin, with the supernatant discarded; this was repeated two additional times, with 20 μl of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer added to the end product. 2.2. The (a) end-repaired DNA from step 1 of 50 μl, and (b) activated trypsin resin of 20 μl from step 2.1 were (c) incubate at 37°C for 30 min. Only 60 μl of the total volume of 70 μl was retained leaving 10 μl of pelleted resin behind. 3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 60 μl, (b) Oxford Nanopore Adapter Mix (AMX) of 5 μl, and (c) NEB T4 Ligase of 10 μl, (d) Ligation Buffer (LNB) 25.0 μl, for a total volume of 100.0 μl. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler. 4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup. Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 50 μl and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Long Fragment Buffer of 100 μl X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 15 μl for DNA sequencing. Library was run on an SQK-LSK109 flow-cell.

**O). SRA RUN_15 [Run 8 this study]
1D-ligation-Trypsin-resin_2**

SRA Experiment SRX7284174; SRA Run SRR10604629

Total genomic DNA was extracted from blood using an enzymatic based DNA extraction, yielding 131.4 ng/μl after resuspending in TE buffer. Sequencing was undertaken using the Oxford Nanopore MinIon (machine ID No. MN26033; flow-cell version SQK-LSK109) with R9.4 chemistry and conducted using Minion protocol version 1d-gDNA-sqk-lsk109-GDE_9063_v109_revC_23May2018 for library preparation with modification. A nick-repair enzyme (NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix) to repair breaks in one side of the DNA double helix, which can prematurely shorten DNA reads was added. To increase library yield, NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Module was used to eliminate an additional SPRI (Solid Phase Reversible Immobilization) cleanup step, here applying Agencourt AMPure XP beads. To increase library yield, 2 μl of concentrated NEB T4 DNA ligase was added during adaptor ligation. 1. DNA Nick-Repair, Blunt-Ending, and End Repair Add in a clean low bind PCR tube, (a) ~ 2 μg genomic Tuatara DNA as described above was eluted to 37 μl in TE buffer, (b) NEBNext FFPE Repair Buffer of 3.5 μl, (c) NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix of 2 μl (c) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Mix of 3 μl, (d) NEBNext Ultra II End Repair/dA-Tailing Buffer of 2 μl, (e) Oxford Nanopore DNA CS 1 μl for a total volume of 50 μl. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 60 min and 65°C for 30 min in a thermocycler. 2. Immobilized Trypsin-Resin in Place of SPRI Cleanup For this run a deviated protocol to increase library yield from wash cycles and avoid unnecessary DNA shearing from agitation, applied an enzymatic digest of end-repair enzymes in step 1 above replacing the use of SPRI beads. This was done using an activated trypsin. 2.1. To activate trypsin resin, resin was gently mixed adding 20 μl of resin to 120 μl of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer in a 1.5 ml tube. This was inverted for mixing flowed by a 6000 rpm spin, with the supernatant discarded; this was repeated two additional times, with 20 μl of 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.5 buffer added to the end product. 2.2. The (a) end-repaired DNA from step 1 of 50 μl, and (b) activated trypsin resin of 20 μl from step 2.1 were (c) incubate at 37°C for 30 min. Only 60 μl of the total volume of 70 μl was retained leaving 10 μl of pelleted resin behind. 3. Adaptor Ligation Add to (a) eluted End-prepped DNA above of 60 μl, (b) Oxford Nanopore Adapter Mix (AMX) of 5 μl, and (c) NEB T4 Ligase of 10 μl, (d) Ligation Buffer (LNB) 25.0 μl, for a total volume of 100.0 μl. This is mixed gently via inversion and incubated at 20°C for 10 min in a thermocycler. 4. Library Purification, with additional SPRI Cleanup Add to the above (a) Agencourt AMPure XP beads of 50 μl and let stand for 2 min followed by discarding supernatant while on magnet, (b) wash with Long Fragment Buffer of 100 μl X 2, and (c) elute in Oxford Nanopore Elution Buffer of 15 μl for DNA sequencing. Library was run on a SQK-LSK109 flow-cell.

Supplementary Method 4

Data deposition of raw PacBio sequencing reads in the NCBI Sequence Read Archive (SRA) database as PRJNA445603. DNA sequence reads from two Tuatara samples are sequenced with PacBio raw reads deposited in the NCBI Sequence Read Archive (SRA) as SRP140116/PRJNA445603. (1) LAI, Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) 982 000167713537 originating from Lady Alice Island, Hen and Chickens Islands, New Zealand (Biosample SAMN08793959), and (2) SI-3, St. Louis Zoo SLZ 19079 originating from Stephens Island, Marlborough Sounds, Marlborough Province, New Zealand, (Biosample SAMN10598680, ISIS 103796).

The LAI sample was subjected to 4 PacBio runs. The first two are listed as A and B below and were used. Two additional LAI PacBio runs listed under C below were done on DNA extracted by Dovetail (Santa Cruz, CA) that purged mtDNA, and no mtDNA was detected. Two PacBio runs listed under D below were done on SI-3 providing a draft complete mt-genome available in GenBank as MN864230.

A). WGS sequencing of *Sphenodon punctatus*, LAI, Biosample SAMN08793959 5Kb Shear: LAsmith_gDNA_5kb

SRA Experiment SRX5334279; SRA Run SRR8530961

High-molecular-weight genomic DNA was extracted using the Qiagen Genomic Tip DNA extraction kit (genomic-tip column 100/G) from 100 µl of snap-frozen blood according to the manufacturer's directions, and performed at the Laboratories of Analytical Biology at the Smithsonian Institutions National Museum of Natural History (NMNH). A PacBio SMRTbell library was prepared using the SMRTBell Express Template Preparation Kit (Pacific Biosciences) following the PacBio 15-kb template preparation protocol, with a minimum size cutoff of 5kb size selection used in the size selection stage with the Sage Science BluePippin system. The prepared library was run on the PacBio Sequel platform (Pacific Biosciences) using version 2.1 chemistry. The Single Molecule Real-Time (SMRT) Cell was sequenced on a SMRT cell with 360min movie lengths.

B). WGS sequencing of *Sphenodon punctatus*, LAI, Biosample SAMN08793959 12kb Shear: LAsmith_gDNA_12Kb

SRA Experiment SRX5334280; SRA Run SRR8530960

High-molecular-weight genomic DNA was extracted using the Qiagen Genomic Tip DNA extraction kit (genomic-tip column 100/G) from 100 µl of snap-frozen blood according to the manufacturer's directions, and performed at the Laboratories of Analytical Biology at the Smithsonian Institutions National Museum of Natural History (NMNH). A PacBio SMRTbell library was prepared using the SMRTBell Express Template Preparation Kit (Pacific Biosciences) following the PacBio 15-kb template preparation protocol, with a minimum size cutoff of 12kb size selection used in the size

selection stage with the Sage Science BluePippin system. The prepared library was run on the PacBio Sequel platform (Pacific Biosciences) using version 2.1 chemistry. The Single Molecule Real-Time (SMRT) Cell was sequenced on a SMRT cell with 360min movie lengths.

C). WGS sequencing of *Sphenodon punctatus*, LAI, Biosample SAMN08793959

**12 Kb Shear: LA0114_gDNA_12kb_1 [Not used in this study; mtDNA purged]
SRA Experiment SRX5334282; SRA Run SRR8530958**

**12 Kb Shear: LA0114_gDNA_12kb_2 [Not used in this study; mtDNA purged]
SRA Experiment SRX5334281; SRA Run SRR8530959**

High-molecular-weight genomic DNA was extracted from ~100 µl of snap-frozen blood using proteinase K digestion with Phenol-Chloroform extraction, and performed at Dovetail Genomics (Scotts Valley, CA). A PacBio SMRTbell library was prepared using the SMRTBell Express Template Preparation Kit (Pacific Biosciences) following the PacBio 15-kb template preparation protocol, with a minimum size cutoff of 5kb size selection used in the size selection stage with the Sage Science BluePippin system. The prepared library was run on the PacBio Sequel platform (Pacific Biosciences) using version 2.1 chemistry. The Single Molecule Real-Time (SMRT) Cell was sequenced on a SMRT cell with 360min movie lengths.

D). WGS sequencing of *Sphenodon punctatus*, SI-3, Biosample SAMN10598680

**12 Kb Shear: SLZ19079_12Kb_1
SRA Experiment SRX7298462; SRA Run SRR10619303**

**12 Kb Shear: SLZ19079_12Kb_2
SRA Experiment SRX7298463; SRA Run SRR10619302**

High-molecular-weight genomic DNA was extracted using the Qiagen Genomic Tip DNA extraction kit (genomic-tip column 100/G) from ~20mg of liver tissue according to the manufacturer's directions, and was performed at the Laboratories of Analytical Biology at the Smithsonian Institutions National Museum of Natural History (NMNH). A PacBio SMRTbell library was prepared using the SMRTBell Express Template Preparation Kit (Pacific Biosciences) following the PacBio 15-kb template preparation protocol, with a minimum size cutoff of 5kb size selection used in the size selection stage with the Sage Science BluePippin system. The prepared library was run on the PacBio Sequel platform (Pacific Biosciences) using version 2.1 chemistry. The Single Molecule Real-Time (SMRT) Cell was sequenced with 360min movie lengths.

Supplementary Method 5

Evaluation of phylogenetic results in extant Tuatara populations and a duplicate molecule. In order to further evaluate whether the two Lady Alice Island (LAI) mt-genomic molecules are in fact not most recent common copies, a Wilcoxon signed-ranks test is conducted. Constraining the two LAI mt-genomic molecules as monophyletic produces two shortest alternative trees of 1357 steps in length: Alternative Tree 1 (LAI M2, (LAI M1, (((Poor Knights, ((S-1, S-2), (N Brother 1, N Brother 2))), Plate), (Cuvier, (Green Mercury, (((Mid Mercury 1, Mid Mercury 2), Stanley), Red Mercury))))), Hen)); Alternative Tree 2 (LAI M2, (LAI M1, (((Poor Knights, ((S-1, S-2), (N Brother 1, N Brother 2))), Plate), Hen), (Cuvier, (Green Mercury, (((Mid Mercury 1, Mid Mercury 2), Stanley), Red Mercury))))). When the shortest overall most parsimonious tree depicting a non-monophyletic grouping of LAI mt-molecules is compared with the two shortest alternative trees grouping the LAI mt-genomic molecules as monophyletic, these two alternative trees are rejected (tree 1, $n=66$, $Z=3.7644$, $P < 0.0002$; tree 2, $n=65$, $Z=3.8806$, $P < 0.0001$). This indicates that the two LAI mt-genomic molecules are indeed not related, and appear highly diverged as the phylogenetic tree suggests.

Supplementary Method 6

Statistical evaluation of duplicated putative Control Region sequences (NC1–3). In order to evaluate support for the non-monophyly of putative Control Region sequences (NC1–3) by region, Wilcoxon-signed ranks tests are conducted. When the two shortest overall most parsimonious trees (107 steps) depicting monophyly of sequences from each mt-genome are compared with the three shortest alternative trees (181 steps) grouping NC1 sequences as monophyletic, these three alternative trees are rejected (all, $n=76$, $Z=8.1695$, $P < 0.0001$). When the two shortest overall most parsimonious trees (107 steps) depicting monophyly of sequences from each mt-genome are compared with the 15 shortest alternative trees (187 steps) grouping NC2 sequences as monophyletic, these 15 alternative trees are rejected (all, $n=78$, $Z=8.7261$, $P < 0.0001$). When the two shortest overall most parsimonious trees (107 steps) depicting monophyly of sequences from each mt-genome are compared with the three shortest alternative trees (172 steps) grouping NC3 sequences as monophyletic, these three alternative trees are rejected (all, $n=76$, $Z=8.1695$, $P < 0.0001$). Hence, constraining sequences from any one of the three non-coding blocks (NC1–3) to be monophyletic is statistically rejected.

Supplementary Method 7

Evaluation of mitochondrial encoded protein structure. Estimations were done in PAML-CodeML for synonymous (dS) and non-synonymous (dN) substitution rates and their fraction $\omega = dN/dS$, with the LAI M2 lineage as the foreground branch and all mt-molecule-1 lineages as background branches. Specifically, we tested the null model of uniform selective pressure "M0", the nearly-neutral site model "M1a", the positive selection site model "M2a", the beta distribution site model of neutral evolution "M7", the beta distribution site model of positive selection "M8", the beta distribution site model of relaxation "M8a", the branch model assuming neutral evolution of the foreground "b_neut", the branch model with free evolution of the foreground "b_free", and – if the branch model comparisons were significant – the branch site models "bsA" and "bsA1" which assume positive selection and relaxation, respectively, at certain sites on some branches (Supplementary Table 1). The following models were tested against each other per gene using a likelihood ratio test (LRT): M1a and M2a (as well as M7 and M8) to detect positive selection as opposed to relaxation of selective pressures, and M8a and M8 to detect positive selection with increased power⁵⁰. All these site models assume that the evolution rate is constant across the phylogenetic branches and only varies across sites. We therefore also compared M0 and b_free to test for different ω between branches, and b_neut and b_free to assess if the foreground branch does not evolve neutrally. If these models differed significantly from each other, we also compared M1 and bsA to test for relaxation at specific sites on some branches, and bsA1 and bsA to detect positive selection at specific sites on some branches (Supplementary Table 1). If any of the site or branch-site model comparisons were significant, Bayes Empirical Bayes (BEB) analysis⁵³ was performed and sites with a BEB score [$\Pr(\omega > 1)$] higher than 95% were retained as sites under putative positive selection.

In general, PAML-CodeML identified a consistent pattern of purifying selection in all proteins, with an average ratio of $\omega = 0.096 \pm 0.016$ (Supplementary Table 2). The PAML-CodeML site models detected encoded ND2 to be under putative positive selection in the LAI M2 lineage (M8a vs M8; Supplementary Tables 2, 3). For multiple genes (encoding ND1, ATP6, COI, Cytb), we found evidence of variable selection across branches (M0 vs b_free, b_neut vs b_free), but subsequent branch-site models (bsA1 vs bsA) did not discover any individual sites under putative positive selection (Supplementary Table 2).

FEL is a maximum likelihood method that directly estimates dN and dS at each site and allows for variation in substitution rates across sites. This approach assumes that the selection pressure at each site is constant along the phylogenetic tree. As FEL is a fixed effects likelihood method as opposed to random effects models like PAML-CodeML, it is expected to be more accurate. Again, the LAI M2 lineage was selected as foreground branch. FEL detected sites under putative positive selection in six genes (encoding ND1: n=10; ND2: n=14; ND4: n=14; COII: n=3; COIII: n=3; Cytb: n=10; Table S3).

Supplementary Table 1. Summary of assumptions of the PAML site, branch and branch-site models, and of LRTs that can be performed to detect positive selection.

Model	Description	LRT
M0	site model; unique ω for all sites	
M1a	site model; assumes sites with $\omega < 1$ and with $\omega = 1$	
M2a	site model; assumes sites with $\omega < 1$, with $\omega = 1$, and with $\omega \geq 1$	vs M1a: test for positive selection at sites; sometimes lacks power
M7	site model; assumes ten categories of ω following a beta-distribution of sites, all at $\omega \leq 1$	
M8	site model; assumes ten categories of ω following a beta-distribution of sites, all at $\omega \leq 1$, and an additional category $\omega \geq 1$	vs M7: test for positive selection at sites; sometimes lacks power vs M8a: test for positive selection at sites with increased power
M8a	site model; assumes ten categories of ω following a beta-distribution of sites, all at $\omega \leq 1$, and an additional category $\omega = 1$	
b_neut	branch model; assumes relaxation of selection	
b_free	branch site model; assumes positive selection	vs M0 to detect different ω across branches vs b_neut to detect non-neutral evolution on foreground branch
bsA1	branch model; assumes relaxation of selection	
bsA	branch site model; assumes positive selection only applied if branch models show significant difference	vs M1 to detect relaxation at specific sites on some branches vs bsA1 to detect positive selection at specific sites on some branches

Supplementary Table 2. Summary of p-values across genes as obtained by LRT between models assuming absence (H0) and presence (H1) of positive selection. The ratios of non-synonymous to synonymous substitution rates ω per gene, across the phylogenetic tree (under M0) are indicated at the bottom of the table.

H0	H1	ND1	ND2	ND3	ND4	ND4L	ND5	ND6	ATP6	ATP8	COI	COII	COIII	Cytb
M1a	M2a	0.430	0.760	1	1	1	0.839	0.903	0.561	1	0.672	1	1	1
M7	M8	0.295	0.068	0.947	1	1	0.593	0.618	0.546	1	0.541	1	0.943	0.826
M8a	M8	0.195	0.036	1	0.924	1	0.523	0.657	0.278	1	0.386	1	0.844	0.546
M0	b free	0.019	0.157	0.392	0.294	1	0.232	0.324	0.021	1	0.0002	0.269	0.48	0.00001
b neut	b free	0.019	0.532	0.772	0.294	1	0.232	0.324	0.021	0.632	0.0002	0.269	0.48	0.00001
M1	bsA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
bsA1	bsA	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.997	-	1	-	-	-
ω M0		0.081	0.13	0.127	0.063	0.082	0.128	0.033	0.218	0.177	0.039	0.03	0.068	0.069

Supplementary Table 3. Summary of codon sites under putative positive selection (FDR ≤ 0.05). If a site is detected by FEL, stat refers to the LRT statistic, p-value to the p-value for this site, and BH⁵⁴ to the FDR-corrected p-values across sites per gene. If a site is detected by PAML with subsequent BEB analysis, stat refers to $[\Pr(\omega > 1)]$, and the p-value to p-value as obtained by LRT between models assuming absence and presence of positive selection, respectively.

gene	AA site	stat	p-value	BH
ND1	322	17.234	0.0001	0.003577778
ND1	78	15.795	0.0001	0.003577778
ND1	74	15.571	0.0001	0.003577778
ND1	50	13.046	0.0001	0.003577778
ND1	125	12.646	0.0001	0.003577778
ND1	285	15.62	0.0001	0.003577778
ND1	32	17.234	0.0001	0.003577778
ND1	139	15.663	0.0001	0.003577778
ND1	242	15.503	0.0001	0.003577778
ND1	253	11.633	0.001	0.0322
ND2	218	0.979	0.035554	N.A.
ND2	94	16.428	0.0001	0.00346
ND2	304	12.741	0.0001	0.00346
ND2	122	19.645	0.0001	0.00346
ND2	211	17.342	0.0001	0.00346
ND2	284	17.342	0.0001	0.00346
ND2	283	14.807	0.0001	0.00346
ND2	280	14.929	0.0001	0.00346
ND2	337	18.604	0.0001	0.00346
ND2	245	19.278	0.0001	0.00346
ND2	194	17.342	0.0001	0.00346
ND2	298	11.325	0.001	0.024714286
ND2	156	11.263	0.001	0.024714286
ND2	272	11.389	0.001	0.024714286
ND2	330	11.296	0.001	0.024714286
ND4	426	18.474	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	36	18.471	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	188	12.977	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	78	13.348	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	29	17.036	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	30	13.313	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	206	15.159	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	133	17.236	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	90	17.362	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	70	15.261	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	346	13.246	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	458	19.278	0.0001	0.003833333
ND4	374	10.615	0.001	0.032857143
ND4	259	11.525	0.001	0.032857143
COII	30	13.705	0.0001	0.0076
COII	7	18.272	0.0001	0.0076
COII	8	13.358	0.0001	0.0076
COIII	73	12.991	0.0001	0.0087
COIII	248	15.972	0.0001	0.0087
COIII	45	14.111	0.0001	0.0087
Cytb	267	17.104	0.0001	0.0048375
Cytb	244	16.935	0.0001	0.0048375
Cytb	338	19.276	0.0001	0.0048375
Cytb	25	19.536	0.0001	0.0048375
Cytb	372	23.477	0.0001	0.0048375
Cytb	15	15.138	0.0001	0.0048375
Cytb	374	14.293	0.0001	0.0048375
Cytb	10	19.556	0.0001	0.0048375
Cytb	170	10.406	0.001	0.0387
Cytb	308	10.406	0.001	0.0387

Supplementary Figure 1. Alignment of Oxford Nanopore 2D read with Illumina assembly of the Lady Alice Island Molecule 1 mt-Genome (LAI M1). Alignment of the Oxford Nanopore 2D (both strand connected) read covering the complete mitochondrial genome (Supplementary Data 1, Sequence Read Archive PRJNA445603; depicted above as Mt-Molecule 2D) and Illumina Assembly of the LAI M1 mt-genome (GenBank MN864228; depicted below as Illumina Draft). Sequences are presented as light strand sequence from 3' to 5'. The Oxford Nanopore 2D read was extracted as a consensus read with over hangs. The following sequences were clipped off the ends and the connection in *NDI* is noted by NN for two missing G bases when compared to the Illumina assembly: The first part of *NDI* cut sequence of 13 bases is 3'-CAATACGTAACCA-5' and the second part of *NDI* cut sequence of 17 bases is 3'-GCATAAACAGAACGTTA-5'. At the bottom of the alignment is a line of identity (asterisk) and difference where: (1) O = Oxford Nanopore gap, (2) I = Illumina Assembly gap which is an extra imposed base in the Oxford Nanopore read, (3) R = A or G, (4) Y = C or T, (5) M = A or C, (6) W = A or T, (7) S = G or C, and (8) K = G or T. The two NN connecting the circular molecule are included in the base numbering but actually are either gaps or mis-read bases. Alignments were done with ClustalW v1.4 in MacVector v8.0 with parameters of an open gap penalty of one and extended gap penalty of two with transitions weighted. Two alignment comparative-lines were manually adjusted to favor deletions and insertions over base substitutional changes in the Oxford Nanopore read as noted at the end of each adjusted individual line with a dash A. *Note:* The Oxford Nanopore 2D read has 1192 gaps and the LAI M1 Illumina assembly has 60 gaps. There are 191 transitional differences between the Oxford Nanopore read and the Illumina assembly, which are distributed as 49 R positions and 142 Y positions. There are 41 transversional differences between the Oxford Nanopore read and the Illumina assembly, which are distributed as 7 K positions, 20 W positions, 2 S positions, and 12 M positions. In total there are 1484 differences producing a 92% identity between the Oxford Nanopore 2D read covering the entire molecule and the Illumina assembly of Lady Alice Island molecule 1.

Mt-Molecule 2D	1	GTCATCGTAGCTTAAAAATATTAAGCCTGGCCTGAAGATGCCATTATAG	50
Illumina Draft	1	GTCATCGTAGCTTAAAAATATTAAGCCTGGCCTGAAGATGCCATTATAG *****	50
Mt-Molecule 2D	51	GACTTGGTGCCTCAATGACGCAAAGATTTGGTCATAAAC--ACTATTACT	98
Illumina Draft	51	GACTTGGTGCCTCAATGACGCAAAGATTTGGTCATAAACTTACTATTACT *****O*****	100
Mt-Molecule 2D	99	TAACTCT-AAATTACA--TGCAAGTATCAGCACGC-AATTAAGTTTCTCG	144
Illumina Draft	101	TAACTCTTAAATTACACATGCAAGTATCAGCACACCAGTGAAAAATGCC- *****O*****O*****R*O*R*K**RW*K**YI	149
Mt-Molecule 2D	145	CCCAAACAACCACCAAAG-AGCCGGCATCAGGCACACCAAAGTGGCCAAA	193
Illumina Draft	150	TTAAAACAACCACCAAAGGAGCCGGCATCAGGCACACCAAAGTGGCCAAA YYM*****O*****	199
Mt-Molecule 2D	194	GACGCTTGCCCTCGCCACACCCCAAGG-TACACAGCAGTGATTAACATT	242
Illumina Draft	200	GACGCTTGCCCTCGCCACACCCCAAGGTACACAGCAGTGATTAACATT *****O*****	249
Mt-Molecule 2D	243	GCTTCATAAGTGAAAACCTTGACTTAGCTATAGAGACCACGGCCAGTCAAT	292
Illumina Draft	250	AAGCCATAAGTGAAAACCTTGACTTAGCTATAGAGACCACGGCCGGTCAAT RMKY*****R*****	299
Mt-Molecule 2D	293	TTCGTGCCAGCCACCGGGTTAAACGAATTT-----GAAAGTAAAAGCC	336
Illumina Draft	300	TTCGTGCCAGCCACCGGGTTAAACGAATTTTAGGCCGAAAGTAAAAGCC *****O*****	349
Mt-Molecule 2D	337	CAACGGCGTAAAAGTAA-TAAATCACCACCC-TTCACTAAAACCCAAGAA	384
Illumina Draft	350	CAACGGCGTAAAAGTAACTAAATCACCACCCCTTCACTAAA-CCCAAGAA *****O*****O*****I*****	398
Mt-Molecule 2D	385	AAA-CTAAGATGAGTTGTAAAAA-CGCAC--CTATAAAA-CCTCTACATG	429
Illumina Draft	399	AAAATAAGATGAGTTGTAAAAAACGCACACCTATAAAAACCTCTACATG **O*****O*****O*****O*****	448
Mt-Molecule 2D	430	AAGATGTCTTGGGGACAAGAATAAAATTGAACTTACTAAAATTAAGG-AC	478
Illumina Draft	449	AAGATGTCTTGGGGACAAGAATAAAATTGAACTTACTAAAATTAAGGGAC *****O**	498
Mt-Molecule 2D	479	AA-CTGG-ATTAGATACCCACTATGCTTAATCCTAAACATCGACACCTA	526
Illumina Draft	499	AAACTGGGATTAGATACCCACTATGCTTAATCCTAAACATCGACACCTA **O****O*****	548
Mt-Molecule 2D	527	AACATA-A--GGTGTTCGCCCGGGAACCTACCAGCAAA-CGCTAGAAACC-	571
Illumina Draft	549	AACATAAAGGGTGTTCGCCCGGGAACCTACCAGCAAAACGCTAGAAACCC *****O*OO*****O*****O*****O*****	598
Mt-Molecule 2D	572	TAAAGACTTGACGGTGCSCCAAAACCCCTAGAGGAGCCTGTTC-ATAAT	619
Illumina Draft	599	TAAAGACTTGACGGTGCSCCAAAACCCCTAGAGGAGCCTGTTCATAAT *****O*****O*****	648
Mt-Molecule 2D	620	TGATGATCCGCA-CAA-CCTCACCATTTTTCGCCCC-AGCCTATATGCTA	666
Illumina Draft	649	TGATGATCCGCAATAAACCTCACCATTTTTCGCCCCAGCCTATAT--A *****OY**O*****O*****III*	695
Mt-Molecule 2D	667	CCGCCGTCGCCAGTCTACCTTGTGAAAGAATTAAGTAGGTCAAACAGCAT	716
Illumina Draft	696	CCGCCGTCGCCAGTCTACCTTGTGAAAGAATTAAGTAGGTCAAACAGCAT *****	745
Mt-Molecule 2D	717	TACCGCTAATACGTCAGGTCAAGGTGCAGCCAATAAAATGGAAAGAA-TG	765
Illumina Draft	746	TACCGCTAATACGTCAGGTCAAGGTGCAGCCAATAAAATGGAAAGAAATG *****O**	795

Mt-Molecule 2D	766	GGCTACATTCCCACAAAACCGGGAAATACTAAAAGTTAAATGAAAA--TA	813
Illumina Draft	796	GGCTACATTCCCACAAAACCGGGAAATACTAAAAGTTAAATGAAAAAATA *****O**	845
Mt-Molecule 2D	814	ACAAGAAGGTGGATTAGTAG-----AACCATAATATCAAGTTGAAA	855
Illumina Draft	846	ACAAGAAGGTGGATTAGTAGTAACTAGAACCATAATATCAAGTTGAAA *****OOOOOO*****	895
Mt-Molecule 2D	856	A-GGCTCTGGAGCGGTACACACCGCCCGTCACCCTCCTATTAA--CCAAA	903
Illumina Draft	896	AAGGCTCTGGAGCGGTACACACCGCCCGTCACCCTCCTATTAAACAAA *O*****O*****	945
Mt-Molecule 2D	904	-GGAGGCAAAGTCGTAACACGGTAAGCATACTGGAAAGTGTGCTTG-AAA	951
Illumina Draft	946	AGGAGGCAA-GTCGTAACACGGTAAGCATACTGGAAAGTGTGCTTGGAAA O*****I*****O**	994
Mt-Molecule 2D	952	CAAATGTAGCTTATTATAA-GCCCTCAGCCTACACCTGAACAATGTTAG	1001-A
Illumina Draft	995	CAAATGTAGCTTATTATAAAGCCC-TCAGCCTACACCTGAACAATGTTAG *****O***I*****	1044-A
Mt-Molecule 2D	1002	CACACCTAACCATTT-GAACCTTAAACTAGCCCGCTACC-AGATAATCTA	1049
Illumina Draft	1045	CACACCTAACCATTTTGAACCTTAAACTAGCCCGCTACCCAGATAATCTA *****O*****O*****	1094
Mt-Molecule 2D	1050	AAACCAATTCACTAACCCAAAACATTTTTTCGAGCTAAGTATAG-AGATAG	1098
Illumina Draft	1095	AAACCAATTCACTAACCCAAAACATTTTTTCGAGCTAAGTATAGGAGATAG *****O*****	1144
Mt-Molecule 2D	1099	AAAAGAACC--AGGAGTTATAGAGACAGTACCGCAAGG-AAAGTTAAAA	1145
Illumina Draft	1145	AAAAGAACCCAGGAGCTATAGAGACAGTACCGCAAGGAAAGTTAAAA *****O*****Y*****O*****	1194
Mt-Molecule 2D	1146	TAC-AAGTTAAATAAAGCAAAGATAGACCCTTGTACCTTTTGAATAATGG	1194
Illumina Draft	1195	TACCAAGTTAAATAAAGCAAAGATAGACCCTTGTACCTTTTGAATAATGG ***O*****	1244
Mt-Molecule 2D	1195	TTTAACTAGTCCAAACAAGCTAAAAGAGCTAAGCTTTT-ACCCGAAATC	1243
Illumina Draft	1245	TTTAACTAGTCCAAACAAGCTAAAAGAGCTAAGCTTTTACCCGAAATC *****O*****	1294
Mt-Molecule 2D	1244	AAGTGAGCTACTTATAAGCGTACAGAAATAATTCGGCTCTGTGGCAAA-G	1292
Illumina Draft	1295	AAGTGAGCTACTTATAAGCGTACAGAAATAATTCGGCTCTGTGGCAAAAG *****O*****	1344
Mt-Molecule 2D	1293	AGCGAAA-GACTAATAAGTAGAGGCGAAACACC---GAACATGAAGATA	1337
Illumina Draft	1345	AGCGAAAAGACTAATAAGTAGAGGCGAAACACCTACCGAACATGAAGATA *****O*****OOO*****	1394
Mt-Molecule 2D	1338	GCTGGTTACTTATTAACGAATC-AAGTTCACCTTAACTACCCAACC-	1385
Illumina Draft	1395	GCTGGTTACTTATTAACGAATCTAAGTTCACCTTAACTACCCAACCC *****O*****O	1444
Mt-Molecule 2D	1386	TCCTTAAACAA-GAGAAATGAAAGATTTAAGAGATATTTAATAGGGGTAC	1434
Illumina Draft	1445	TCCTTAAACAAAGAGAAATGAAAGATTTAAGAGATATTTAATAGGGGTAC *****O*****	1494
Mt-Molecule 2D	1435	AGCCCTGGCCAAAATAGGAAACAGCCTATACAAGAGGAAAGA--ATTACA	1482
Illumina Draft	1495	AGCCCTA-TTAAATAGGAAACAGCCTATACAAGAGGAAAGAGAAATTACA *****RIYY*****OO*****	1543
Mt-Molecule 2D	1483	CCAGACCGTAGGCCTTAAAGCAGCTACCAA-TATAAAGCGTTAAAGCTA	1531
Illumina Draft	1544	CCAGACCGTAGGCCTTAAAGCAGCCACCAAATATAAAGCGTTAAAGCTA *****Y*****O*****	1593

Mt-Molecule 2D	1532	ATTAACACCAACACCAACCTTTTAAATCCAACCCTAAACAA--TAAGTC	1578
Illumina Draft	1594	ATTAACACCAACACCAACCTTTTAAATCCAACCCTAAACAACAATAAGTC *****OOO*****	1643
Mt-Molecule 2D	1579	ATACTATAATAATATAACAGAATTAATGTTAAAATGAGTAACAAGAAA--	1626
Illumina Draft	1644	ATACTATAATAATATAACAGAATTAATGTTAAAATGAGTAACAAGAAAA *****OO	1693
Mt-Molecule 2D	1627	GATTTC--CGT--ATCCGCATAAGCCAGACTAGACAACCTACTGGTCATT	1672
Illumina Draft	1694	GATTTCCTCCGTGCATCCGCATAAGCCAGACTAGACAACCTACTGGTCATT *****OO**OO*****	1743
Mt-Molecule 2D	1673	GCACAATAATTAATA--CACACGAGCAATAATATTAATCTAACTGTTA	1719
Illumina Draft	1744	ACACAATAATTAATATTACACAACGAGCAATAATATTAATCTAACTGTTA R*****OOO*****	1793
Mt-Molecule 2D	1720	ACCCAACACAGGCATGCAATCTAG--AAAGATTAAACTCAC TAGTAG--AAC	1767
Illumina Draft	1794	ACCCAACACAGGCATGCA--CCTAGGAAAGATTAAACTCACAGGAAGAAC *****IY***O*****Y*W*O***	1842
Mt-Molecule 2D	1768	TCGGCAACACCGGGCCCTGACTGTTTACCAAAA--CATAACCTT--AGCTAA	1815
Illumina Draft	1843	TCGGCAACACCGGGCCCGACTGTTTACCAAAAACATAACCTT TAGCTAA *****Y*****O*****O*****	1892
Mt-Molecule 2D	1816	TCA--GTATTAAGGCGCCTCCTGCCAGGAAGAAAATTAACGCGCCGCG	1864
Illumina Draft	1893	TCAAGTATTAAGGCGCCTCCTGCCAG--TGAAAATTAACGCGCCGCG ***O*****OOW*****	1940
Mt-Molecule 2D	1865	TATTTCAAC--GTGCAA--GGTAGCGTAATCAATTGTCTC--TAAATGAAGAC	1911
Illumina Draft	1941	TATTTCTGACCGTGCAAAGGTAGCGTAATCAATTGTCTCCTAAATGAAGAC ***YYR**O*****O*****O*****	1990
Mt-Molecule 2D	1912	TAGTATGAACGGAGAAACGAGG--CCCAACTGTCTC--TGGCGAAAATCAGT	1959
Illumina Draft	1991	TAGTATGAACGGAGAAACGAGGGCCCAACTGTCTCCTGGCGAAAATCAGT *****O*****O*****	2040
Mt-Molecule 2D	1960	GAAATTGATCC--TTGTGCAAA--GCAAGGATAAA--CCATAAGACGATAAG	2005
Illumina Draft	2041	GAAATTGATCCCTTGTGCAAAAGCAAGGATAAAACCATAAGACGATAAG *****OO*****O*****O*****	2090
Mt-Molecule 2D	2006	ACC--GTGGAGCT--AAACATCAGAGTCAATTATACATGTTGAATC--ACCA	2051
Illumina Draft	2091	ACCCCGTGGAGCTTAAACATCAGAGTCAATTATACATGTTGAATCCACCA **OO*****O*****O*****	2140
Mt-Molecule 2D	2052	GGAATAAAATCAAAA--TGACCCC--TCTGTTTTG--CTGGG--CGGCCCTCG--	2096
Illumina Draft	2141	GGAATAAAATCAAAAATGACCCCCTCTGTTTTGGCTGGGGCGGCCCTCGG *****O*****O*****O*****O*****O*****	2190
Mt-Molecule 2D	2097	AATAAAAA----CTTCCGAAAAC--TCATTTAGACCAACAAGTCAAA--CAT	2140
Illumina Draft	2191	AATAAAAAAAACTTCCGAAAACCTCATTTAGACCAACAAGTCAAAAACAT *****OOOO*****O*****O*****	2240
Mt-Molecule 2D	2141	AAAATACTTGACCCAATATTATTGATTATTGAACCAAGTTACCCAGGGA	2190
Illumina Draft	2241	AAAATACTTGACCCAATATTATTGATTATTGAACCAAGTTACCCAGGGA *****	2290
Mt-Molecule 2D	2191	TAACAGCGCCATCCC--TTCGAGAGCCCATATCGACAAGG--AGATTACGAC	2238
Illumina Draft	2291	TAACAGCGCCATCCCTTTCGAGAGCCCATATCGACAAGGGAGATTACGAC *****O*****O*****	2340
Mt-Molecule 2D	2239	CTCGATGTTGGATCAGGACATCCTAGTGGTGCAACCGCTACTAAGGGTTC	2288
Illumina Draft	2341	CTCGATGTTGGATCAGGACATCCTAGTGGTGCAACCGCTACTAAGGGTTC *****	2390

Mt-Molecule 2D	2289	GTTTGTTCAACGATTAACAGTCCTACGTGATCTGAGTTCAGACCGGAGCA	2338
Illumina Draft	2391	GTTTGTTCAACGATTAACAGTCCTACGTGATCTGAGTTCAGACCGGAGCA *****	2440
Mt-Molecule 2D	2339	ATCCAGGTCGGTTTCTATCTATGACATACTATTTC-AGTACGAAAGGATC	2387
Illumina Draft	2441	ATCCAGGTCGGTTTCTATCTATGACATACTATTTCAGTACGAAAGGATC *****O*****	2490
Mt-Molecule 2D	2388	GAAACAGTAGGGCATAACCGCAAGCAAGCC-TGCCCTTAATTAATGAAAC	2436
Illumina Draft	2491	GAAACAGTAGGGCATAACCGCAAGCAAGCCCGCCCTTAATTAATGAAAC *****O*****	2540
Mt-Molecule 2D	2437	AAAATAAATTA---CTGGGAT-TCCCC-ACGCCCTAAACCAGGGCTGC	2480
Illumina Draft	2541	AAAATAAATTAATTAACCTGGGATCTCCCCACGCCCTAAACCAGGGCTGC *****O*****O*****O*****	2590
Mt-Molecule 2D	2481	TGGCGTAGCAAAACCTGGATATGCTAAAGACTTAAGCACTTTTACACAGA	2530
Illumina Draft	2591	TGGCGTAGCAAAACCTGGATATGCTAAAGACTTAAGCACTTTTACACAGA *****	2640
Mt-Molecule 2D	2531	GGTTCAACTCCTCTCGCAACAATGCTATCTCTATTAACCTGACTGATAG	2580
Illumina Draft	2641	GGTTCAACTCCTCTCGCAACAATGCTATCTCTATTAACCTGACTGATAG *****	2690
Mt-Molecule 2D	2581	ACCCACTTACATATACATCATCCAATCCTAATGTCAGTAGCATTTCTTAA	2630
Illumina Draft	2691	ACCCACTT--ATATACATCATCCAATCCTAATGTCAGTAGCATTTCTTAA *****OO*****	2738
Mt-Molecule 2D	2631	CATTACT-GAACGAAAA-TTCTAGGATATATACAATTACGAAAAGGCCCA	2678
Illumina Draft	2739	CATTACTAGAACGAAAAATTTCTAGGATATATACAATTACGAAAAGGCCCA *****O*****O*****	2788
Mt-Molecule 2D	2679	AATATAGTAGGCCCAAAGGG-ATTCTACAAC-TATTGCAGACGGCCTAAA	2726
Illumina Draft	2789	AATATAGTAGGCCCAAAGGGGATTCTACAACCTATTGCAGACGGCCTAAA *****O*****O*****	2838
Mt-Molecule 2D	2727	ACTATTTATAAA-GAACAGTACGTCCATATGCCGCCTCCCAAGCACTAT	2775
Illumina Draft	2839	ACTATTTATAAAAGAACCAGTACGTCCATATGCCGCCTCCCAAGCACTAT *****O*****	2888
Mt-Molecule 2D	2776	TCATTATGGCCCCAATCTTAGCGCTATCATTATCCATTATATATATGATCA	2825
Illumina Draft	2889	TCATTATGGCCCCAATCTTAGCGCTATCATTATCCATTATATATATGATCA *****	2938
Mt-Molecule 2D	2826	CCTCTTTCAATACCATTTC---AATGGACATAAACCTCGGCCTGTTAAT	2871
Illumina Draft	2939	CCTCTTTCAATACCATTTCCTTTAATGGACATAAACCTCGGCCTGTTAAT *****OO*****	2988
Mt-Molecule 2D	2872	CATACTCGCACTTTCAAGCATAGCAGTATATACAATCTTATGATCGGGGC	2921
Illumina Draft	2989	CATACTCGCACTTTCAAGCATAGCAGTATATACAATCTTATGATCGGG-C *****I*	3037
Mt-Molecule 2D	2922	TGATC-TCAAATT--AAATACGCTCTTA-AGNNGCTATTCGAGCGGTAGC	2967
Illumina Draft	3038	TGATCCTCAAATCTAAATACGCTCTTATAGGGCCATTCGAGCGGTAGC *****O*****O*****O*NN*Y*****	3087
Mt-Molecule 2D	2968	A--AACTATCTCTTATGAAGTCACACTAG-AATTATTATTT-ATCTACAA	3013
Illumina Draft	3088	ACAACTATCTCTTATGAAGTCACACTAGGAATTATTATTTTATCTACAA *OO*****O*****O*****	3137
Mt-Molecule 2D	3014	TCCTACTAAGCG-AGGATTTA--ATTCAAACCTAAACGCCACGCAAGAA	3060
Illumina Draft	3138	TCCTACTAAGCGGAGGATTTACAATTCAAACCTAAACGCCACGCAAGAA *****O*****O*****	3187

Mt-Molecule 2D	3061	CCAATATGACTCTTAATAACATCATGACCAATAATA-T--TATGGTTAAC	3107
Illumina Draft	3188	CCAATATGACTCTTAATAACATCATGACCAATAATAATAATATGGTTAAC *****O*OO*****	3237
Mt-Molecule 2D	3108	ATCTACCCTTTGCAGAAACAAACCGA-CCCCATTTGACCTAACAG--GGT	3154
Illumina Draft	3238	ATCTACCCTT-GCAGAAACAAACCGAGCCCCATTTGACCTAACAGAGGGT *****I*****O*****OO***	3286
Mt-Molecule 2D	3155	GAGTCTGAAC TTGTCTCAGGATTTAATGTAGAATATTCAGCAGGCCATT	3204
Illumina Draft	3287	GAGTCTGAAC TTGTCTCAGGATTTAATGTAGAATATTCAGCAGGCCATT *****	3336
Mt-Molecule 2D	3205	TGCTTTATTCTTCTTAGCAGA-T-CGCCAATATCATAATAATAAATACAG	3252
Illumina Draft	3337	TGCTTTATTCTTCTTAGCAGAATACGCCAATATCATAATAATAAATACAG *****O*****	3386
Mt-Molecule 2D	3253	TATCATGCATTATATTTATAAATCCAGGGCAAGGAATAATACCAGAACTA	3302
Illumina Draft	3387	TATCATGCATTATATTTATAAATCCAGGGCAAGGAATAATACCAGAACTA *****	3436
Mt-Molecule 2D	3303	TTCACCATAAATATTTATAAATAAAAACAACTATCCTAACAATTTGATTCCT	3352
Illumina Draft	3437	TTCACCATAAATATTTATAAATAAAAACAACTATCCTAACAATTTGATTCCT *****	3486
Mt-Molecule 2D	3353	ATGGGTCCGGCCTCCTACC-TCGATTCCGATATGACCAAC-C--CATC	3397
Illumina Draft	3487	ATGGGTCCGGCCTCCTACCCTCGATTCCGATATGACCAACTCATGCATC *****O*****O*OOO***	3536
Mt-Molecule 2D	3398	TTCTATGAAAAA-CTTCTCCCAATC-TCCTAGCATTATGCCTTTGACAC	3445
Illumina Draft	3537	TTCTATGAAAAA ACTTCTCCCAATCACCCTAGCATTATGCCTTTGACAC *****O*****OY*****	3586
Mt-Molecule 2D	3446	ACATCTATGCCTATTACCTTATCAGGGATTCTC--AGCAATTTGGACATG	3493
Illumina Draft	3587	ACATCCATGCCTATTACCTTATCAGGGATTCCCCAGCAATTTGGACATG *****Y*****Y*OO*****	3636
Mt-Molecule 2D	3494	TGCCTGAATAAAGGATCACTTTGATAGAGTGAAC TAAAAA-GGTTTAAACC	3542
Illumina Draft	3637	TGCCTGAATAAAGGATCACTTTGATAGAGTGAAC TAAAAAAGGTTTAAACC *****O*****	3686
Mt-Molecule 2D	3543	TCTTTCATCTCCTAGAAAA-TGGGAATCGAACCCAAACATTAGAGACCAA	3591
Illumina Draft	3687	-CTTTCATCTCCTAGAAAAATGGGAATCGAACCCAAACATTAGAGACCAA I*****O*****	3735
Mt-Molecule 2D	3592	AACTCTATGTACCCCATCATACTGTTTTCTAAAGTAAAGTCAGCTAATAA	3641
Illumina Draft	3736	AACTCTATGTACCCCATCATACTGTTTTCTAAAGTAAAGTCAGCTAATAA *****	3785
Mt-Molecule 2D	3642	AGCTTCTGGGCTCATGCCCAAAAATGTTGGTTAAACC-TTCTT-ACTA	3689
Illumina Draft	3786	AGCTTCTGGGCCCATGCCCAAAAATGTTGGTTAAACCCTTCTTTACTA *****Y*****O*****O***	3835
Mt-Molecule 2D	3690	ATGCACC--TCCATCACCTCTTTGCTCCTTATCGCCCTATCCACA-GCAC	3736
Illumina Draft	3836	ATGCACCCCTCCATCACCTCTTTGCTCCTTATCGCCCTATCCACAAGCAC *****O*****O***	3885
Mt-Molecule 2D	3737	TATTAT-----CAAGCTACCATTGAATATTCGCCTGAGCTG-ATTG-	3776
Illumina Draft	3886	TATTATTACAATATCAAGCTACCATTGAATATTCGCCTGAGCTGGATTGG *****OOOOOOO*****O*****O***	3935
Mt-Molecule 2D	3777	AAAT--ATA-----CTATACTACCC-TAATCTCAA- GAACACCACCCC	3816
Illumina Draft	3936	AAATTAATATACTCTATACTACCCCTAATCTCAAAGAACACCACCCC ***O***OOOOO*****O*****O*****	3985

Mt-Molecule 2D	3817	CGAGCTGCGTAGAAGCCACCATAAA--TATTTTCATGACA--AGCCGCGGCC	3863
Illumina Draft	3986	CGAGC--CGTAGAAGCCACCATAAAATATTTTCATGACACAAGCCGCGGCC *****II*****O*****O*****	4033
Mt-Molecule 2D	3864	TCAGCCATATTAAT--TCGCAAGCACCATTAATGCTTGACAAACTGCCCA	3911
Illumina Draft	4034	TCAGCCATATTAATCTTCGCAAGCACCATTAATGCTTGACAAACTGCCCA *****O*****	4083
Mt-Molecule 2D	3912	ATGAGACATTTTCATTACTCACACCCTCAACACCAATAATAATATTAACAC	3961
Illumina Draft	4084	ATGAGACATTTTCATTACTCACACCCTCAACACCAATAATAATATTAACAC *****	4133
Mt-Molecule 2D	3962	TAGCTATTACCATAAAAAGCTTAA--CCATTCCACTTCTGATTGCCA	4008
Illumina Draft	4134	TAGCTATTACCATAAAAAGCTTAAAGCTTAAAGCTTAAAGCTTAAAGCTTAA *****ROOO*****	4183
Mt-Molecule 2D	4009	GAAGTATCATTAG--ACAACCAA---GT---ATTAATTATCACAACATG	4050
Illumina Draft	4184	GAAGTATCATTAGGAACAACCAACTCAGTTATATTAATTATCACAACATG *****O*****OOO*OOO*****	4233
Mt-Molecule 2D	4051	ACAAAACTGGCCCCACTAGCCATCATTATCTATTGCACAACCTCATTAA	4100
Illumina Draft	4234	ACAAAACTGGCCCCACTAGCCATCATTATCTATTGCACAACCTCATTAA *****	4283
Mt-Molecule 2D	4101	ATCATCACTTGTGACCAGC--TCGGT--TTTATCTATGGTAGTTGGGGG--	4146
Illumina Draft	4284	ATCATCACTTGTGACCAGCCTCGGTCTTTTATCTATGGTAGTTGGGGGG *****O*****OO*****O	4333
Mt-Molecule 2D	4147	TGAGGA-----ACCA-CCATAAATTCGAAAAAT-ATAGCATACTCCTC	4185
Illumina Draft	4334	TGAGGAGGAATGAACCAATTACAAATTCGAAAAATATAGCATACTCCTC *****OOOOO*OYY*Y*****O*****O***	4383
Mt-Molecule 2D	4186	AATCGCTC-TATAG-ATG---GTTATA-TTTTAAACAA-GCCCCAGACC	4227
Illumina Draft	4384	AATCGCTCATATAGGATGAGTAGTTATAATTTTACAAAAGCCCCAGACC *****O*****O*OOO*****O*****M*****O*****	4433
Mt-Molecule 2D	4228	TATCCCTACTGTACCTTATACTATATATTATGTAAAC-TTACAATATTC	4276
Illumina Draft	4434	TATCCCTACTGTACCTTATACTATATATTATGTAAACCTTACAATATTC *****O*****	4483
Mt-Molecule 2D	4277	TTAGTTATT--TCCACCAC--TAACCAAGCTGACAAGCCTTTTTT-CAAC	4320
Illumina Draft	4484	TTAGTTATTATTTCCACCACCTAACCAAGCTGACAAGCCTTTTTTCAAC *****OOO*****OO*****O*****O****	4533
Mt-Molecule 2D	4321	ACAAA-CAAATCATTTCC-ATAATAATCTTGATAGCCCTAACC-TGCTTT	4367
Illumina Draft	4534	ACAAAACAAATCATTTCCATAATAATCTTGATAGCCCTAACCCTGCTTT *****O*****O*****O*****O*****	4583
Mt-Molecule 2D	4368	CAATAGGAGGCC-TACCACCCATAACAGGGTTTT-ACCAA-TGATTAATT	4415
Illumina Draft	4584	CAATAGGAGGCC-TACCACCCATAACAGGGTTTTTACCAAATGATTAATT *****O*****O*****	4633
Mt-Molecule 2D	4416	CTACAAGAACTAATCTACCAACACCAA---CAAATGGCCACTCTAGCATC	4462
Illumina Draft	4634	CTACAAGAACTAATCTACCAACACCAAACCAAATGGCCACTCTAGCATC *****OO*****	4683
Mt-Molecule 2D	4463	CTT---CACCTTGCTCAGC-TCTT---TACCTCCGC-TAGTATCAACG	4503
Illumina Draft	4684	CTTATCCACCTTGCTCAGCCTCTCTTTTACCTCCGCCTAGTATCAACG **OOO*****O***OOO*****O*****	4733
Mt-Molecule 2D	4504	CATTCTAACCA-TC-ACCAAACCTCAAATGTGACAAAAA-CTGATGA	4550
Illumina Draft	4734	CATTCTAACCCTCCACCAAACCTCAAATGTGACAAAAAAGCTGACGA *****O*O*****O*****O****Y**	4783

Mt-Molecule 2D	5290	GACAG-ATGAACTGTA--CCTGCCTCTAGCAG-AAACCTGGCTCA-----	5330
Illumina Draft	5583	GACAGGATGAACCGTATACCCGCCTCTAGCAGGAAACCTGGCCACGCAG *****O*****Y**OO**Y*****O*****Y**OOOOO	5632
Mt-Molecule 2D	5331	GACC---CGCAGAC-TAACTATTTTT--CCTACACTTG-CTGGCGTCT--	5371
Illumina Draft	5633	GACCAAGCGTAGACCTAACCATTTTTCCCTACACTTGGCTGGCGTCTCT ***OOO**Y***O***Y*****OO*****O*****OO	5682
Mt-Molecule 2D	5372	TCAATCTTAGGAGCAATTAATCTCATCACCA--ATCA--ATATAAA--C	5414
Illumina Draft	5683	TCAATCTTAGGAGCAATTAACCTCATCACCAATCATTAATATAAAACC *****Y*****OO****OO*****OO*	5732
Mt-Molecule 2D	5415	CCCAAACCAAT---AATACCAATACC-TTATTCATTTGATC-GTCCTAG	5459
Illumina Draft	5733	CCCAAACCAATCTCAATACCAATACCCTTATTCATTTGATCGTCCTAG *****OO*****O*****O*****O*****	5782
Mt-Molecule 2D	5460	TCACAGCAGTATTACTACTCTTATCCTTACCGTACTAGCAG----AATT	5505
Illumina Draft	5783	TCACAGCAGTATTACTACTCTTATCCTTACCGTACTAGCAGCAGGAATT *****OOO****	5832
Mt-Molecule 2D	5506	ACAATA-----ACTGACCGAAACCTAAATACT--ATT--TTGACC-A-C	5543
Illumina Draft	5833	ACAATACTTCTAACTGACCGAAACCTAAATACTTATTCTTTGACCCATC *****OOOOO*****O*****OO****O**O*	5882
Mt-Molecule 2D	5544	TGGAGGAGGAGACC--ATCCTGTACCAA-ATTTATTTTGATTTT--GCC	5587
Illumina Draft	5883	TGGAGGAGGAGACCCCATCCTGTACCAACACTTATTTTGATTTTGGCC *****OO*****O**Y*****OOO***	5932
Mt-Molecule 2D	5588	ACC-AGAAGTTTATATCTTAATCTTACCTGGATTTGGGATAATC--ACAT	5634
Illumina Draft	5933	ACCAGAAGTTTATATCTTAATCTTACCTGGATTTGGGATAATCTCACAT **O*****O****	5982
Mt-Molecule 2D	5635	-----AACCGACTACTCAAACAAGAAAGAACCTTTCGGATATATAGGAAT	5679
Illumina Draft	5983	GTAGTAACCGACTACTCAAACAAGAAAGAACCTTTCGGATATATAGGAAT OOOO*****	6032
Mt-Molecule 2D	5680	AGTCTGAGCAAT---TTCAATTGATTCTAAGGCTC-ATTGTATGGGCC	5725
Illumina Draft	6033	AGTCTGAGCAATAATTTCAATTGATTCTAAGGCTTATTGTATGGGCC *****OO*****YW*****YO*****	6082
Mt-Molecule 2D	5726	ACCACATATTCACAGTCG-AATGGACGTAGACAC--GCGCCTATTTTACA	5772
Illumina Draft	6083	ACCACATATTCACAGTCGGAATGGACGTAGACACACGCGCCTATTTTACA *****O*****O*****O*****	6132
Mt-Molecule 2D	5773	TCTGCAACTATAAATTTATGCCATCCCAACAG-CATTAAGTGTTT---G	5817
Illumina Draft	6133	TCTGCAACTATAAATTTATGCCATCCCAACAGCATTAAAGTGTTTAGCTG *****O*****OOO*	6182
Mt-Molecule 2D	5818	ACTAGCTACCCTTTATGAGG-AATAATTAATGAGAAGCAAGCATGCTCT	5866
Illumina Draft	6183	ACTAGCTACCCTTTATGAGGAATAATTAATGAGAAGCAAGCATGCTCT *****O*****	6232
Mt-Molecule 2D	5867	GAGCCCTGGGTTTATTTCTTTATTTACCGTAGGTGGATTAACCTG-AAT	5915
Illumina Draft	6233	GAGCCCTGGGTTTATTTCTTTATTTACCGTAGGTGGATTAACCTGGAAT *****I*****O***	6281
Mt-Molecule 2D	5916	CATTCTAGCAA-CTCATCTTAGACATTATT-TC-ACGACACTTATTAC-	5961
Illumina Draft	6282	CATTCTAGCAAATCATCTTAGACATTATTCTCCACGACACTTATTACG *****O*****O**O*****O*****	6331
Mt-Molecule 2D	5962	-AGTAGCGCA--TC-----GCAC-ATCTATAG-AGCAGTATT-GCAATC	5999
Illumina Draft	6332	TAGTAGCGCACTTCCACTACGTACTATCTATAGGAGCAGTATTTGCAATC O*****OO**OOOOO*Y**O*****O*****O*****	6381

Mt-Molecule 2D	6000	ATGGCTG-AC-AAACCCATTGATTCCCCCTCCCAATAACAGGATATATATTA	6047
Illumina Draft	6382	ATGGCTGGACTAACCCATTGATTCCCCCTCC--TAACAGGATATATATTA *****O**O*****YY**II*****	6429
Mt-Molecule 2D	6048	CACAAAACATGAGCAAAGTACACTTCGCACATAATATTCATCGGAGTAAA	6097
Illumina Draft	6430	CACAAAACATGAGCAAAGTACACTTCGCACATAACATTCATCGGAGTAAA *****Y*****	6479
Mt-Molecule 2D	6098	C-TAACCTTTTTCCCAACACTTCTTAGGCCTAGCAGGAATG----AC	6141
Illumina Draft	6480	CCTAACCTTTTTCCCAACACTTCTTAGGCCTAGCAGGAATGCCACGAC *O*****OOOO**	6529
Mt-Molecule 2D	6142	GATACTCAGACTACCCAGATGCATACTCCACATGAAATACCCATATCATCT	6191
Illumina Draft	6530	GATACTCAGACTACCCAGATGCATACTCCACATGAAATACCCATATCATCT *****	6579
Mt-Molecule 2D	6192	TT--GATCACTTATCTCCTTAACAGCTATCAT---TATACTTTT-ATCTT	6235
Illumina Draft	6580	TTTGATCACTTATCTCCTTAACAGCTATCATCATTATACTTTTTATCTT **OO*****OO*****O*****	6629
Mt-Molecule 2D	6236	TTGAGAGGCTTTT---CAAACGAGAAGTAGACCACA--AAAATAAACT	6279
Illumina Draft	6630	TTGAGAGGCTTTTCTTCAAACGAGAAGTAGACCACACAAAATAAACT *****OOOO*****OO*****	6679
Mt-Molecule 2D	6280	-CACAGGCTCAGAATGATTACATG--ACTTC-----ACACACCA-C	6316
Illumina Draft	6680	TCACAGGCTCAGAATGATTACACGGACACCCCCACAACCTACACACCAAC O*****Y*OO**YY*OOOOOO*****O*	6729
Mt-Molecule 2D	6317	GAAGAACCC---TTTATTTTACCAACCACAAGAGA-----AATTGAAAT	6357
Illumina Draft	6730	GAAGAACCCCTTTTATTT-ACCAACCACAAGAGGAAGGAATFGAAC *****OO*****I*****OOOO*****MY	6778
Mt-Molecule 2D	6358	T--TCCAAC-AGTTTCAAGCTAATTGAGCAACCACATACAATCTCTCTTA	6404
Illumina Draft	6779	CCCTCCAACCTAGTTTCAAGCTAATTGAGCAACCACATACAATCTCTCTTA YOO*****O*****	6828
Mt-Molecule 2D	6405	GG-ACTTTAGTAAAA-TTA--CGTT-TTGTTCATGAACGAGTTAA-GACTT	6448
Illumina Draft	6829	GGGACTTTAGTAAAAATTATACGTTCTTGTTCATGAACGAGTTAAAGACTT **O*****O**OO**O*****O*****	6878
Mt-Molecule 2D	6449	AAACCCCT-----GCATGGCCTACCCATACAAAATTGCACTACAAAA	6489
Illumina Draft	6879	AAACCCCTTAAAGCCCGCATGGCCTACCCATACAAAATTGCACTACAAAA *****OOOOOOO*****	6928
Mt-Molecule 2D	6490	CGCATC-TCTCCTCTAATAGAAGAACTTC-----ACGACCATGCAC	6529
Illumina Draft	6929	CGCATCCTCTCCTAATAGAAGAACTTCTACACTTCCACGACCATGCAC *****O*****OOOOOOO*****	6978
Mt-Molecule 2D	6530	TAATAGTCATCCTATTAATCAGCACATCCGTGTTCTACATAATCACTATA	6579
Illumina Draft	6979	TAATAGTCATCCTATTAATCAGCACATCCGTGTTCTACATAATCACTATA *****Y***	7028
Mt-Molecule 2D	6580	ACACTGACTACTAACTAACACACATTAACGCAACAGACGCC--AATC	6628
Illumina Draft	7029	ACACTGACTACTAACTAACACAC--ATTAACGCAACAGACGCCCAATC *****II*****O****	7076
Mt-Molecule 2D	6629	ACAGAAACAGTATGAGT-ATCCTACCATCTATTATTCTAGTAACAATTGC	6677
Illumina Draft	7077	ACAGAAACAGTATGAACCATCTACCATCTATTATTCTAGTAACAATTGC *****RYO*****	7126
Mt-Molecule 2D	6678	CCTACCAT--TACAAATCCTATACCTAATAGATGAAATCAACAACC--T	6722
Illumina Draft	7127	CCTACCATCATTACAAATCCTATACCTAATAGATGAAATCAACAACCCT *****OO*****OO*	7176

Mt-Molecule 2D	6723	TTCTAACCATCAAAGCCCTTGGCCACCAATGATACTGAAGTTATGAATAT	6772
Illumina Draft	7177	TTCTAACCATCAAAGCCCTTGGCCACCAATGATACTGAAGCTATGAATAT *****Y*****	7226
Mt-Molecule 2D	6773	AT-GACTACAAAGACCTCTCATTTGAC--CTACATAATCCCAACAAA-GA	6818
Illumina Draft	7227	ACAGACTACAAAGACCTCTCATTTGACTCCTACATAATCCTAACAAAAGA *YO*****OO*****Y*****O**	7276
Mt-Molecule 2D	6819	ATCAAAA--TGGACACTTCCGCTGCTAG---CAGACCCTGAATGATT-	6862
Illumina Draft	7277	ACTAAAAAACGGACACTTCCGCTGCTAGAAGTAGACCACCGAATGATTG *YY****OY*****OOY*****Y*****O	7326
Mt-Molecule 2D	6863	-ACCAACAAAATCCCAATCCGAATTTTGGTATCAG--AAG-CGTCTTA	6907
Illumina Draft	7327	TACCAACAAAATCCCAATCCGAATTTTGGTATCAGCAGAAGATGTCTTA O*****OOO***O*****	7376
Mt-Molecule 2D	6908	CACTCATGAGCCGTCCCATCCTAGGAGTAAAA-TCGACGCCGTACCAGG	6956
Illumina Draft	7377	CACTCATGAGCCGTCCCATCCTAGGAGTAAAAATCGACGCCGTACCAGG *****O*****	7426
Mt-Molecule 2D	6957	ACGCCTAAATCAGTCCACAATCTCAACACACC-GTTGTACCTTT--ACG	7002
Illumina Draft	7427	ACGCCTAAATCAAATACAATCTCAACACACCCTGCCAGGCCTTTTTACG *****RW*Y*****O*IIIII*****OOO***	7476
Mt-Molecule 2D	7003	GCCAATGCTCAGAGATTTGCGGAGCCAACCATAGCTTTATACCAATTGTT	7052
Illumina Draft	7477	GCCAATGCTCAGAGATTTGCGGAGCCAACCATAGCTTTATACCAATTGTT *****	7526
Mt-Molecule 2D	7053	ATTGAAGCTGTACCTATCTCACAACTTCGAAGACTGATCATGGGCCA-	7101
Illumina Draft	7527	ATTGAAGCTGTACCTATCTCACA---CTTCGAAGACTGATCATGGGCCAC *****III*****O	7573
Mt-Molecule 2D	7102	-ACCCA-CA-CCGAGAAA-TG-TACAGCACCAGCCCTTTAGCGGAGACAG	7146
Illumina Draft	7574	AACCCAATAACCGAGAAGCTAATGCAGCACCAGCCCTTTAGCGGAGACAG O*****OY*O*****RO*RO*R*****	7623
Mt-Molecule 2D	7147	-ACA--TTCTCT--TCGTTTGAACCGAGAAGC--ACGCAGCACCAGCCT	7189
Illumina Draft	7624	GAACACATTCTCTCTTCGTTTGAACCGAGAAGCTAATGCAGCACCAGCCT O***OO*****OO*****OO*Y*****	7673
Mt-Molecule 2D	7190	T--AAGCTG-AGACAGGAACACATTAAT---TTCGTTAA--CC-----A	7225
Illumina Draft	7674	TTTAAGCTGGAGACAGGAACACATTTGTTCCCTTCGTTAATGCCCAACTA *OO*****O*****RW*OOO*****OO*OOOOO*	7273
Mt-Molecule 2D	7226	AACCTG-CCCCATGATTATCAACAATAGTCCTAGTGTGGCTCTCACTTAG	7274
Illumina Draft	7724	AACCCGGCCCCCTGATTATCAACAATAGTCCTAGTGTGGCTCTCACTAGG ***Y*O***M*****WR*	7773
Mt-Molecule 2D	7275	AGTAATACACCAAAA-GTGAAAC-----ATTTATCCCAACCA	7312
Illumina Draft	7774	AGTAATACACCAAAAAGTGAAACTATTCAAAACATTTATCCCAACCA *****O*****OOOOOOOOO*****	7823
Mt-Molecule 2D	7313	TAAAG--GTG-AGC---TC---ACTTGACCT-GACTGCTATCC-GAACC	7351-A
Illumina Draft	7824	TGT-GCTGCGGAGCCCTCGTCCACCTTGACCTGACCATGATCCCGAACC *RWI*OO*Y*O***OOO*OOO*****O**YRYK***O*****	7873-A
Mt-Molecule 2D	7352	TTTT-GAAATTTTGGCCACTCCTTATTTACTAAAAATACCCCTTATATGA	7400
Illumina Draft	7874	TTTTTGAAATTTTGGCCACTCCTTATTTACTAAAAATACCCCTTATATGA ***O*****	7923
Mt-Molecule 2D	7401	CTAGCGGTGATAATACCAGCAATAGTTCTTTT-ACCC-AGCCAACACCT	7448
Illumina Draft	7924	CTAGCGGTGATAATACCAGCAATAGTTCTTTTACCCCAACACCT *****O*****	7973

Mt-Molecule 2D	7449	TGTAACAGG-CGTTATATTCTACTTAAAAA-TGAACAATGAAGCAATTCA	7496
Illumina Draft	7974	TGTAACAGGGCGTTATATTCTACTTAAAAAATGAACAATGAAGCAATTCA *****O*****O*****	8023
Mt-Molecule 2D	7497	CTAAACAGATTATAAGCCTACTC--AACGCAAGGCCATAAATGAACGGTG	7544
Illumina Draft	8024	CTAAACAGATTATAAGCCCCTCCAACGCAAGGCCATAAATGAACGGTG *****Y***OO*****	8073
Mt-Molecule 2D	7545	TTTT-CATGACCTTAATAA--CC--AATATCAATAAACATGATTAGTCT	7588
Illumina Draft	8074	TTTTTCATGACCTTAATAATAACCCTAACATCAATAAACATGATTAGTCT ***O*****OOO**O**Y*****	8123
Mt-Molecule 2D	7589	ACTCCCTCACACATTCACCCCAACAGCC-CTTAGCATTAACCATGGCCC	7637
Illumina Draft	8124	ACTCCCTCACACATTCACCCCAACAGCCCAATTAGCATTAACCATGGCCC *****O*M*****	8173
Mt-Molecule 2D	7638	TAGCCTTTCCATTATGGTTAGCCACCGCA-TCATCGGGGTATTAAAAA--	7684
Illumina Draft	8174	TAGCCTTTCCATTATGGTTAGCCACCGTAATCATCGGGGTATTAAAAAAA *****Y*O*****OO	8223
Mt-Molecule 2D	7685	-CAACTCGATCACTAGCACATTTCTCCAG---TTTC--ATTC-TTAT	7726
Illumina Draft	8224	ACAACCTCGATCACTAGCACATTTCTCCAGAGGCTCCCAACCATTTCT O*****OOOY*Y*OO*WY*O**M*	8273
Mt-Molecule 2D	7727	-ATCCCAGCCTTC-TG-TAGTTGAAACAATCAGCCTCTTAATTCGCCCT-T	7772
Illumina Draft	8274	TATCCCAGCCCTTGTGGTAGTTGAAACAATCAGCCTCTTAATTCGCCCT O*****Y*YO**O*****O*	8323
Mt-Molecule 2D	7773	TAGCACTCGGAGTACGCCTAGCAGCTAACCTAACAGCAGGACATCTACTA	7822
Illumina Draft	8324	TAGCACTCGGAGTACGCCTAGCAGCTAACCTAACAGCAGGACATCTACTA *****	8373
Mt-Molecule 2D	7823	CT--AACCAATAGCCCTAGCAATCATCCACCTTC-AACACC--TATGACT	7867
Illumina Draft	8374	CTTCAACTAATAGCCCTAGCAATCATCCACCTTCCAACACCCATATGAC- **OO***Y*****O*****OO*****I	8422
Mt-Molecule 2D	7868	TCGGCTACAGTGGCCGTAGCAACAACCTTTAATACTA---ACCATCCTAGA	7914
Illumina Draft	8423	-CGCTACAGTGGCCGTAGCAACAACCTTTAATACTACTAACCATCCTAGA I*****OOO*****	8471
Mt-Molecule 2D	7915	AGTAGCAGTAGCACTTATTCAAGCCTATGTATTTGTACTC--ACTATCCC	7962
Illumina Draft	8472	AGTAGCAGTAGCACTTATTCAAGCCTATGTATTTGTACTCCTACTATCCC *****OO*****	8521
Mt-Molecule 2D	7963	TGTACCTACAAGAAA-CATCTAATGTCCACT-AAACCCACACATACTACA	8010
Illumina Draft	8522	TGTACCTACAAGAAAACATCTAATGTCCACTCAAACCCACACATATCACA *****O*****O*****Y***	8571
Mt-Molecule 2D	8011	TCGTAGAACAAA--CCATGACCTATTACAGGAGCAATATCTAC--TATTA	8056
Illumina Draft	8572	TCGTAGAACAAAGTCCATGACCTATTACAGGAGCAATATCTGCCCTATTA *****OO*****R*OO*****	8621
Mt-Molecule 2D	8057	TCAACATCAGGTCTCGCC-TAAGATT-----ATA-CTCTACGACATTAAT	8099
Illumina Draft	8622	ATAACATCAGGTCTCGCCGTATGATTTCACTATAACTCTACGACATTAAT WY*****O**W***OOOO**O*****	8671
Mt-Molecule 2D	8100	CGTTACCG-ATTACT--GCCTTCT--AACAAATATACCAATGATGACGA-	8142
Illumina Draft	8672	CGTTACCGGATTACTAAGCCTTCTTCTAACAAATATACCAATGATGACGAG *****O*****OO*****OO*****O	8721
Mt-Molecule 2D	8143	-TATTATACGAGAAG--AT-TTTCATG-ACACCAC--CCTATTTGTACAA	8185
Illumina Draft	8722	ATATTATACGAGAAGGCACATTTCAAGGACACCACACCCTATTTGTACAA O*****OO*YO*****W*O*****OO*****	8771

Mt-Molecule 2D	8186	AA-GGGCTACGATATGGAATAATTTGTTTATTGTCTCCGAGGTGTT---	8231
Illumina Draft	8772	AAAGGGCTACGATATGGAATAATTTGTTTATTGTCTCCGAGGTGTTCTT **O*****OOO	8821
Mt-Molecule 2D	8232	-TTTATTGGTTTCTTTTGA-CCTTTTATCACCTAGCCTATCCCC-ACAC	8278
Illumina Draft	8822	TTTATTGGTTTCTTTTGA-CCTTTTATCACCTAGCCTATCCCCACAC O*****O*****O****	8871
Mt-Molecule 2D	8279	CAGAAATTG-AGGCCAATA--CGCTAACTG---TTTTCCC---AGACC-A	8318
Illumina Draft	8872	CAGAAATTGGAGGCCAATGGCCGCAACTGGGGTTTTCCCGTTAGACCCA *****O*****ROO**Y*****OOO*****OOO*****O*	8921
Mt-Molecule 2D	8319	TTCGAGGTCCCC-TTCTAAACACAACCGTATTATTAGCCTCCGGGGTAAC	8367
Illumina Draft	8922	TTCGAGGTCCCCCTTCTAAACACAACCGTATTATTAGCCTCCGGGGTAAC *****O*****	8971
Mt-Molecule 2D	8368	AGTCACCTGAGCACATCATTCTATCATAGAAGG-AAACGAAA-TCGGCC-	8414
Illumina Draft	8972	AGTCACCTGAGCACATCATTCTATCATAGAAGGAAACGAAAATCGGCC *****O*****O*****O	9021
Mt-Molecule 2D	8415	TTTTCT--TTATTGTTAACCATCACCTAG-ATTATACTTACAGCCTTA	8461
Illumina Draft	9022	TTTTCTCTTTATTGTTAACCATCACCTAGGATTATACTTACAGCCTTA *****O*****O*****	9071
Mt-Molecule 2D	8462	CAAGCAATAGAGTATTACGAAGCCC--TTTACAATTCAGATAATGTT-A	8508
Illumina Draft	9072	CAAGCAATAGAGTATTACGAAGCCCCTTTTACAATTCAGATAATGTTTA *****OO*****O*****O*	9121
Mt-Molecule 2D	8509	TG----AACCTTTT--GT----ACAGGTTTCCACGGACTC-ATGTAATTA	8547
Illumina Draft	9122	TGGAACAACCTTTTGTGGCCACAGGTTTCCACGGACTCCATGTAATTA **OOO*****O**OOO*****O*****	9171
Mt-Molecule 2D	8548	TCGGC--CTCCTT-C--ACTGTATGCCTCCTACGACAAATCCTTCA----	8588
Illumina Draft	9172	TCGGCTCCTCCTTCTAATTGTATGCCTCCTACGACAAATCCTTCAATCAC *****OO*****O**OO*Y*****OOO	9221
Mt-Molecule 2D	8589	-----CCATTTTGGGCTTGAGGCAGCAGCATGATATTGACA	8624
Illumina Draft	9222	TTACCATAGACCACCATTTTGGGTTTGAGGCAGCAGCATGATATTGACA OOOOOOOOOOO*****Y*****	9271
Mt-Molecule 2D	8625	TTTCGTAGACGTAGTATGGCTATTC-ATTTACCTCAAT---TGATGAG	8669
Illumina Draft	9272	TTTCGTAGACGTAGTATGGCTATTCCTATTTACCTCAATCTACTGATGAG *****O*****OOO*****	9321
Mt-Molecule 2D	8670	G-ACCTATTCTTT-AGTATTATTAGTACAAATGACTTC-AATCATTAAGT	8716
Illumina Draft	9322	GGACCTATTCTTTAGTATTATTAGTACAAATGACTTCCAATCATTAAGT *O*****O*****O*****	9371
Mt-Molecule 2D	8717	TCTAGGCAACCTAGAAAAAGAATAATGAACATATTAATC-TGCTT--AGT	8763
Illumina Draft	9372	TCTAGGCAACCTAGAAAA-GAATAATGAACATATTAATCCTGCTTTAGT *****I*****O*****O****	9420
Mt-Molecule 2D	8764	TATAATAATCCTCTTATCTATAGCATTAATCACAATTAACATCTGACTCC	8813
Illumina Draft	9421	TATAATAATCCTCTTATCTATAGCATTAATCACAATTAACATCTGACTCC *****	9470
Mt-Molecule 2D	8814	CAAACACA--ACCACATCAAGAAAACTATCACCATACGAATGCGGCTTT	8861
Illumina Draft	9471	CAAACACACAACCACATCAAGAAAACTATCACCATACGAATGCGGCTTT *****OO*****	9520
Mt-Molecule 2D	8862	GACTCCTTAATTTCCGCTC----CCATT---ATGCGCTTT--CTGGT	8900
Illumina Draft	9521	GACCCTTAATCTCCGCTCGCCTCCATTTTCTATGCGCTTTTCTTGGT ***Y*Y*****Y*****OOOO*****OOO*****O*****	9570

Mt-Molecule 2D	9623	CATATGAGTGTAACAACACTATTCTTA--TTACCTTGACACTT--TCAGACC	9669
Illumina Draft	10367	CATATGAGCGTAAACAACACTATTCTTAATTACCTTGACACTTCTTCAGACC *****Y*****O*****OO*****	10416
Mt-Molecule 2D	9670	TTCA-ATTAG-ATTTCTTTGTGCCACAGACCTG-----TTTTATAT---	9708
Illumina Draft	10417	TTCTTACTAGGAGCCTTTTGTGCCACAGACCTGGCACTGTTTATATCAT **MO*Y**O*KYYY*****OOOOO*****OO	10466
Mt-Molecule 2D	9709	--TCGAAGCAACG--TTATCCCTACACTAATCATTATC--TGATGAGGAA	9752
Illumina Draft	10467	ATTCTGAAGCAACGCTTATCCCCACACTAATCATTATCACCCGATGAGGAA OO*****O*****Y*****OOOY*****	10516
Mt-Molecule 2D	9753	ATCAACCAGAACGCCTTAATGCCG--AATATATTTCTTATTT--ACACACTC	9800
Illumina Draft	10517	ATCAACCAGAACGCCTTAATGCCGGAATATATTTCTTATTTTACACACTC *****O*****O*****	10566
Mt-Molecule 2D	9801	ACAGCCTCTCTTCCATTACTAATTGCACTACTGACTTTTATATAACCTGAA	9850
Illumina Draft	10567	ACAGCCTCTCTTCCATTACTAATTGCACTACTGACTTTTATATAACCTGAA *****	10616
Mt-Molecule 2D	9851	CAACACCCTATTAATCACAATCCTACATTTCTGCCCCAAAACACCAACC	9900
Illumina Draft	10617	CAACACCCTATTAATCACAATCCTACATTTCTGCCCCAAAACACCAACC *****	10666
Mt-Molecule 2D	9901	CACCATCAACAAGTTTCTTTCTGTGAAGTGCATGTATAATAGCATTTTTA	9950
Illumina Draft	10667	CACCATCAACAAGTTTCTTTCTGTGAAGTGCATGTATAATAGCATTTTTA *****	10716
Mt-Molecule 2D	9951	GTAAAA--TACCATTATATAAG--TCCA--TATGACTACCAA--GCCCATG--	9994
Illumina Draft	10717	GTAAAAATACCATTATATGGGCTCCACTTATGACTACCAAAGCCCATGT *****O*****RR*O*****O*****O*****O	10766
Mt-Molecule 2D	9995	--AAGC--CAATCGTTG--CTCAATGGTCT--GT--ACAATCCTCCTAAAAT	10036
Illumina Draft	10767	AGAAGCTCCAATCGCGGCTCAATGGTCTTAGCCGCAATCCTCCTAAAAT OO*****O*****YY*O*****OO*YOR*****	10816
Mt-Molecule 2D	10037	TAG--AGGATATGGCATTATTCGTACCATCACCATACTCACCC--AATAACA	10084
Illumina Draft	10817	TAGGAGGATATGGCATTATTCGTACCATCACCATACTCACCCAAATAACA ***O*****O*****	10866
Mt-Molecule 2D	10085	AAAACCATGTCAATCCCATTATTTACTTTTATCTTTATGAGGG--TG--TTAT	10132
Illumina Draft	10867	AAAACCATGTCAATCCCATTATTTACTTTTATCTTTATGAGGGTGGTTAT *****O**O****	10916
Mt-Molecule 2D	10133	AATAAGCCTCATTTCGCTTCGACAAAACAGATTTAAAATCT--TATCGCCT	10180
Illumina Draft	10917	AACAAGCCTCATTTCGCTTCGACAAAACAGATTTAAAATCTCTTATCGCCT *Y*****OO*****	10966
Mt-Molecule 2D	10181	ATTCATCAGTAA---ATAAGGGCTTAGTAACAGCAGCCTCCCTAATCCAC	10227
Illumina Draft	10967	ATTCATCAGTAAGCCATATGGGCTTAGTAACAGCAGCCTCCCTAATCCAC *****OOO**W*****	11016
Mt-Molecule 2D	10228	ACAGAATGAAGCCTAACGG--AGCCATCATTTCATTA--TAGCCACGGCCT	10275
Illumina Draft	11017	ACAGAATGAAGCCTAACGGGAGCCATCATTTTAATAGTAGCCACGGCCT *****O*****Y*W**O*****	11066
Mt-Molecule 2D	10276	TGTCTCCTCAGCACTATTTTTGTCTATCCAACTTAATTATGAACG--GTT	10324
Illumina Draft	11067	TGTCTCCTCAGCACTATTTT--GTCTATCCAACTTAATTATGAACGTATT *****I*****OR**	11115
Mt-Molecule 2D	10325	AACAATCGAACACTACTTTTGTAGTACGAAGCATAACAAC--ACTATACC--T	10370
Illumina Draft	11116	AACAATCGAACACTACTTTTGTAGTACGAAGCATAACAACATAATTATACCCT *****OO*Y*****OO*	11165

Mt-Molecule 2D	10371	TCTCTCCA--TGAT-ATTCCTGTTTAAATCCCAT-AAACATAGCCCTCCCA	10416
Illumina Draft	11166	TCTCTCCACATGATGACTCCTGTTTAA-CCTATTAAACATAGCCCTCCCA *****OO**O*Y*****I**Y**O*****	11214
Mt-Molecule 2D	10417	--ATTAATCAACCTAATAGGAGAACTACTAATTATTACGGCCAT--TCAA	10462
Illumina Draft	11215	CCACAATCAACCTAATAGGAGAACTACTAATTATTACGGCCATATTCAA OO*WY*****OO****	11264
Mt-Molecule 2D	10463	CT--TCT-----ACAATCCT-ATTGCAGG--CTGGCGTAGTGTTAACAG	10501
Illumina Draft	11265	CTGATCCCCCCCCACAATCCTTATTACAGGAGCTGGCGTAGTGTTAACAG **OO**YO*****O**R**OO*****	11314
Mt-Molecule 2D	10502	CCTGCTACTCATTACA--TATCTTAACCACA--ACATAGCA-GTTCTCT	10546
Illumina Draft	11315	CCTGCTACTCATTACACATATTCTTAACCACACAACATAGCAAGTTCTCT *****OO*****OO*****O*****	11364
Mt-Molecule 2D	10547	AGCCAC-TGGCATCCATACAA-TAACAAACACACGAGAACACCTATTAAT	10594
Illumina Draft	11365	AGCCACCTGGCATCCATACAAATAACAAACACACGAGAACACCTATTAAT *****O*****O*****	11414
Mt-Molecule 2D	10595	AAGCCTTCACATAATTCCAATAGTTCTC---TATTCAAACCAGAAC-AG	10639
Illumina Draft	11415	AAGCCTTCACATAATTCCAATAGTTCTCCTAATATTCAAACCAGAACTAG *****OO*****O*****	11464
Mt-Molecule 2D	10640	TATGAT-T--CA--TATTAACCAGATACC-TGACCG-TCACAAAGTGAAC	10682
Illumina Draft	11465	TATGATCTGGCAGTATTAACCAGATACCCTGACCGCTCGCAA-G-GAAC *****O**OO**O*****O*****O**R**I*I****	11512
Mt-Molecule 2D	10683	CACGA--C--ACTT-GAGTCAATCCTAAA-CAACAAACAAAGCTACTAAC	10726
Illumina Draft	11513	CACGAGATTGACCCCGAGTCAACTCTAAAACAACAAACAAAGCTACTAAC *****OYO**Y*O*****Y*O*****	11562
Mt-Molecule 2D	10727	AACACC-AACCAGAAACCACAAGCACAGAACACCCAAAATCATACAAAT	10775
Illumina Draft	11563	AACACCCAACCAGAAACCACAAGCACAGAACACCCAAAATCATACAAAT *****O*****	11612
Mt-Molecule 2D	10776	CGCAACCCC-ACAAAACCTTTCACGAATCAAAGAAATACCACCAAATCA	10824
Illumina Draft	11613	CGCAACCCCACAAAA-TCCCCACGAATCAAAGAAATACCACCAAATCA *****O*****I**Y*Y*****	11661
Mt-Molecule 2D	10825	ACTGTCTCTTCCCAACCCC--TTTTACTTAACCCC-AAGAAAATCCAGA	10871
Illumina Draft	11662	ACTGTCTCTTCCCAACCCCCTTTTTACTTAACCCC-AAGAAAATCCAGA *****O*****O*****	11711
Mt-Molecule 2D	10872	CCCAACAAAACCTAGCAAAGATAAAAA--CCACAAGATTAACAGCAACTG	10919
Illumina Draft	11712	CCCAACAAAACCTAGCAAAGATAAAAAACCACAAGATTAACAGCAACTG *****O*****	11761
Mt-Molecule 2D	10920	AACGACTCCCTCAAGCCTCAGGATAAAAAATCAGCAGCCAAAGCAACAGAA	10969
Illumina Draft	11762	AACGACTCCCTCAAGCCTCAGGATAAAAAATCAGCAGCCAAAGCAACAGAA *****	11811
Mt-Molecule 2D	10970	TAAGCGAACACTACTAACATACCACCCGAATAAATCAAAAACAAA-TGAC	11018
Illumina Draft	11812	TAAGCGAACACTACTAACATACCACCCGAATAAATCAAAAACAAAATGAC *****O****	11861
Mt-Molecule 2D	11019	AGACAAAAA-GAAGTTACCAACACCGACCAAAAATCCCC-ACCAACA-T-	11064
Illumina Draft	11862	AGACAAAAAAGAACT-ACCAACACCGACCAAAAATCCCCACCAACAGCA *****O*****I*****O*****OYO	11910
Mt-Molecule 2D	11065	GAAGCTATCAAAA-GCCCTAACACCCCATAAATAGGGCGAAGGGTTAGAAGC	11113
Illumina Draft	11911	GAAGCTATCAAAAAGCCCTAACACCCCATAAATAGGGCGAAGGGTTAGAAGC *****O*****	11960

Mt-Molecule 2D	11114	CATTAACAA---ACCAAAGACGAAACAA-GACCAAACAGAAAA-TAGCAT	11158
Illumina Draft	11961	CACTAACAAACAAACCAAAGACGAAACAAAGACCAAACAGAAAAATAGCAT **Y*****OOO*****O*****O*****	12010
Mt-Molecule 2D	11159	AAGTCATTATTCTCACCAAGACTCAAACCTCGGAATAGCGG-TTGAAAA-C	11206
Illumina Draft	12011	AAGTCATTATTCTCACCAAGACTCAAACCTCGGAATAGCGGCTTGAAAAAC *****O*****O*	12060
Mt-Molecule 2D	11207	CGCCGTTATGTTTAACTATAAAA-TGCAAGGCGGCACGCC---TTATATT	11252
Illumina Draft	12061	CGCCGTTATGTTTAACTATAAAAATGCA-GGCGGCACGCCCTTATATT *****O****I*****OO*****	12109
Mt-Molecule 2D	11253	TATATATACTATACTCTAGTACGTCCTTCCCCTC-CTATGTATATATCGT	11301
Illumina Draft	12110	TATATATACTATACTCTAGTACGTCCTTCCCCTCCTTATGTATATCGT *****Y*O*YM*R*****	12159
Mt-Molecule 2D	11302	GCATTCCTTCTCGACCTCACGA-TAATCATACTCCATTGACTTCCTATTG	11350
Illumina Draft	12160	GCATTCCTTCTCGACCTCACGAGTAATCATACTCCATTGACTTCCTATTG *****O*****	12209
Mt-Molecule 2D	11351	ATTCTACATATTAGTGAGA--TAAGCAACCCTTGAATGTAAGATTAATCA	11398
Illumina Draft	12210	ATTCTACATATTAGTGAGAGATAAGCAACCCTTGAATGTAAGATTAATCA *****OO*****	12259
Mt-Molecule 2D	11399	TTACTAGCTTCACGCGCATAAATATCCTATTCCACATACTTT-CTTTTCAA	11447
Illumina Draft	12260	TTACTAGCTTCACGCGCATAAATATCCTATTCCACATACTTTTCTTTCAA *****O*****	12309
Mt-Molecule 2D	11448	A-TACCTCTGGTTACTCTTTCCAGTGCTTACGGATCTTCC-TCCCGCAAC	11495
Illumina Draft	12310	AATACCTCTGGTTACTCTTTCCAGTGCTTACGGATCTTCCCTCCCGCAAC *O*****O*****	12359
Mt-Molecule 2D	11496	T--TGATATTAAGAATACCTCTGGTTGCACTCGAGATTTAAAGACAGTT	11543
Illumina Draft	12360	TCTTGATATTAAGAATACCTCTGGTTGCACTCGAGATTTAAAGACAGTT *OO*****	12409
Mt-Molecule 2D	11544	CTGTCACAAATAAGTAACTTATAGTCTGCAAAACATTTGGTACTTTT--A	11591
Illumina Draft	12410	CTGTCACAAATAAGTAACTTATAGTCTGCAAAACATTTGGTACTTTTTTA *****OO*	12459
Mt-Molecule 2D	11592	AAATATTTACCTTTCAACCA--TATCCAGTTATGTCTATACCATCCTATA	11639
Illumina Draft	12460	AAATATTTACCTTTCAACCACATATCCAGTTATGTCTATACCATCCTGTA *****OO*****R**	12509
Mt-Molecule 2D	11640	TAGG-TCGGGCATATTAATGCATGGTGT--AACGGACATA---ATTCCA	11682
Illumina Draft	12510	TAGGTCGGGCATATTAATGCATGGTGTGTAACGGACATAGACAATTCCA ***O*****OO*****OOO*****	12559
Mt-Molecule 2D	11683	AGAGGCTATTTAATTAATGCCTTGTAGACATAATACTACATATATTCCC	11732
Illumina Draft	12560	AGAGGCTATTTAATTAATGCCTTGTAGACATAATACTACATATATTCCC *****	12609
Mt-Molecule 2D	11733	C-TTCTTAACAAAAATTTT-ACCATTAACCTTAAAAATATTTTATTATAAC	11780
Illumina Draft	12610	CCTTCTTAACAAAAATTTTACCATTAACCTTAAAAATATTTTATTATAAC *O*****O*****	12659
Mt-Molecule 2D	11781	TTAGTTTTT-C-ACTAAACCCCTTACCCCTC-ACGAACATAGATTAGCT	11826
Illumina Draft	12660	TTAGTTTTTCTGCTAAACCCCTTACCCCTCAGAACATAGATTAGCT *****O*OR*****O*****O*****	12709
Mt-Molecule 2D	11827	AACTTTATTCTTGTAAACCCCTAAACCAAGAGTCAACTAACTGAGTTT	11876
Illumina Draft	12710	AACTTTATTCTTGTAAACCCCTAAACCAAGAGTCAACTAACTGAGTTT *****	12759

Mt-Molecule 2D	11877	GTTCGTAG-AAAACCTTTT--CCCCACTTTTT--AAAATGATAAATAA	11920
Illumina Draft	12760	GTTCGTAGGAAAACCTTTTTCCCCCACTTTTTTTAAATGATAAATAA *****O*****OO*****OO*****	12809
Mt-Molecule 2D	11921	TTTATAAAATCCTATACTAAGGAAGCCTTATGTATTTTTAAATTTAAACC	11970
Illumina Draft	12810	TTTATAAAATCCTATACTAAGGAAGCCTTATGTATTTTTAAATTTAAACC *****	12859
Mt-Molecule 2D	11971	-TAATTTTT-AATGTATTTTT--ATCCTGCCAGGGCCACGGAACCTTCAT	12015
Illumina Draft	12860	CTAATTTTTTAATGTATTTTTTTTATCCTGCCAGGGCCACGGAACCTTCAC O*****O*****OO*****Y	12909
Mt-Molecule 2D	12016	-CAT--GAGGG-AGGAACCCACCGG-TTTAGGAGTTGGCCATTCCTG-	12058
Illumina Draft	12910	GCTTTTAGAGGGAGGAACCCACCGCTTTAGGAGCCGGCCATTCCTGG O*W*OO*****O*****O*****Y*****O	12959
Mt-Molecule 2D	12059	CAAACCCAAGTG-AAGCTATGATCGAAACCAATGAATCACACCAATTA	12107
Illumina Draft	12960	CAAACCCAAGTGGAAGCTATGATCGAAACCAATGAATCACACCAATTA *****O*****	13009
Mt-Molecule 2D	12108	ACACAATAATGCTTGATCCATTGGCATCCTTCTC-ACC--TTAATGGCC	12154
Illumina Draft	13010	ACACAATAATGCTTGATCCATTAGCATCCTTCTCTACCCTTTAATGGCC *****R*****O***OO*****	13059
Mt-Molecule 2D	12155	GATACCTATTTAAAACCTCAATAAAGATACAAGCCCGTACTGCA--AA	12201
Illumina Draft	13060	GATACCTATTTAAAACCTCAATAAAGATACAAGCCCGTACTGCAAGTAAA *****OO**	13109
Mt-Molecule 2D	12202	GTACGCCTTCTTTTCCACACTTGCCACC-TTATCATATTTATTAACCTAG	12250
Illumina Draft	13110	GTACGCCTTCTTTTCCACACTTGCCACCCTTATCATATTTATTAACCTAG *****O*****	13159
Mt-Molecule 2D	12251	-AA-GGAAATCAACACCACGCACATCAACTTAATCTCTTCCACAAATTTT	12298
Illumina Draft	13160	GAATAGAAATCAACACCACGCACATCAACTTAATCTCTTCCACAAATTTT O*OR*****	13209
Mt-Molecule 2D	12299	AACGTCGGTCCAAGCTTTAAATTCGATTACTTCACACTCATATCTGCCC	12348
Illumina Draft	13210	AACGTCGGCTTAAGCTTTAAATTCGATTACTTCACACTCATATCTGCCC *****Y*Y*****	13259
Mt-Molecule 2D	12349	AACAGCACTATTTGTAACATGGTCTATTATAGATTTGCCAAATGATATA	12398
Illumina Draft	13260	AACAGCACTATTTGTAACATGGTCTATTATAGATTTGCCAAATGATATA *****	13309
Mt-Molecule 2D	12399	TAGCCACGACCAAGAAGTCAATAAATTCCTTTAAATACCTATTAATCTTT	12448
Illumina Draft	13310	TAGCCACGACCAAGAAGTCAATAAATTCCTTTAAATACCTATTAATCTTT *****	13359
Mt-Molecule 2D	12449	CTTTT-GTAATATTAACACTAGTCTCCTCAAACAACCTTTT-CAATGT	12496
Illumina Draft	13360	CTTTTAGCAATATTAACACTAGTCTCCTCAAACAACCTTTTCAATGT ****O*Y*****O*****	13409
Mt-Molecule 2D	12497	TATCGGATGGGAAGGTGTTGGCATCATGTCTTTCCTACTAATCGGATGAT	12546
Illumina Draft	13410	TATCGGATGGGAAGGTGTTGGCATCATGTCTTTCCTACTAATCGGATGAT *****	13459
Mt-Molecule 2D	12547	GACGGACCTGAGGAGAA--TA---CAGC-TCAATACAAGCCATCATCTAC	12590
Illumina Draft	13460	GACGGACCCGAGGAGAAGCTAACACAGCCTCAATACAAGCCATCATCTAC *****Y*****OO*OO*O*****	13509
Mt-Molecule 2D	12591	AATCGCCTTG-AGACATTGGCTTTATTT-AACACTAGTATGAACTGGAAC	12638
Illumina Draft	13510	AATCGCCTTGAGACATTGGCTTTATTTAACACTAGTATGAACTGGAAC *****O*****O*****Y*****	13559

Mt-Molecule 2D	12639	CAACGTTGCTTCATGAGAACTCGACCAATTATTTATACTAAA-CCATTCG	12687
Illumina Draft	13560	CAACGTTGCTTCATGAGAACTCGACCAATTATTTATACTAAAACCATTCG *****O*****	13609
Mt-Molecule 2D	12688	ACACACTACCC-TTTTAGCCCTGGTCCTAGCAGCCGCTGCAAA-TCAGCA	12735
Illumina Draft	13610	ACACACTACCCCTTTTAGCCCTGGTCCTAGCAGCCGCTGCAAAATCAGCA *****O*****O*****	13659
Mt-Molecule 2D	12736	CAATTTGGCATAACCCCTTGACTATTAAA--TATAGAAGG-CCAACACC	12781
Illumina Draft	13660	CAATTTGGCATAACCCCTTGACTATTAGGGCCATAGAAGGGCCAACACC *****RROOY*****O*****	13709
Mt-Molecule 2D	12782	AGTATCAGCCCTACTTCACTCTAGCACAATAGTCGTAGCCGGCATTTTCT	12831
Illumina Draft	13710	AGTATCAGCCCTACTTCACTCTAGCACAATAGTCGTAGCCGGCATTTTCT *****	13759
Mt-Molecule 2D	12832	TATTAATCCGCTTCACCCAATAATA-AAGACAACGAACTTACACGAACC	12880
Illumina Draft	13760	TATTAATCCGCTTCACCCAATAATAGAAGACAACGAACTTACACGAACC *****O*****	13809
Mt-Molecule 2D	12881	ACCTGCCTCTTACTTGGGGCCATCTCCACCTTTATAACCGCAATATGTGC	12930
Illumina Draft	13810	ACCTGCCTCTTACTTGGGGCCATCTCCACCTTTATAACCGCAATATGTGC *****	13859
Mt-Molecule 2D	12931	ACTAACACAAA-TGATATCAAAAA--TTATTGCTT-ATCAACAGC-GGTC	12975
Illumina Draft	13860	ACTAACACAAAATGATATCAAAAAAATTATTGCTTTATCAACAGCTAGTC *****O*****OO*****O*****OR**	13909
Mt-Molecule 2D	12976	AACTAGGCCTAATAATAACAACCATCA-CCTTAATCAACCAAAC-TTGCC	13023
Illumina Draft	13910	AACTAGGCCTAATAATAACAACCATCGGCCTTAATCAACCAAACCTTGCC *****RO*****O*****	13959
Mt-Molecule 2D	13024	TTTTCTCCACATATGCCTACACGCATTCTTTTTAAATCAAACTATTTAT	13073
Illumina Draft	13960	TTT-CTCCACATATGCCTACACGCATTCTTT--AAATCAAACTATTTAT ***I*****II*****	14006
Mt-Molecule 2D	13074	TTGCTC-GGAATCATCTCCACAACCTTAGCAACGAACAGGACATTCGAA	13122
Illumina Draft	14007	TTGCTCCGGAATCATCTCCACAACCTTAGCAACGAACAGGACATTCGAA *****O*****	14056
Mt-Molecule 2D	13123	AA-TAGGAG-AATC-ACAAAACAATACCAATTACATCCTCCTGCTTCACA	13169
Illumina Draft	14057	AAATAGGAGGAATCCACAAAACAATACCAATTACATCCTCCTGCTTCACA **O*****O*****O*****	14106
Mt-Molecule 2D	13170	ATTGGGAACCTTGCTCTAGCAGGAATTCCATTCATGACCGGCTTCTACTC	13219
Illumina Draft	14107	ATTGGGAACCTTGCTCTAGCAGGAATTCCATTCATGACCGGCTTCTACTC *****	14156
Mt-Molecule 2D	13220	AAAAGATGCTATCATTGAAACCATAAACTCATCTACACTAAACCTAG-AG	13268
Illumina Draft	14157	AAAAGATGCTATCATTGAAACCATAAACTCATCTACACTAAACCTAGGAG *****O**	14206
Mt-Molecule 2D	13269	CACTTCTTCTTACCATGGCCGCCACCGTAATAACAGCTGCCTATACAACA	13318
Illumina Draft	14207	CACTTCTTCTTACCATGGCCGCCACCGTAATAACAGCTGCCTATACAACA *****	14256
Mt-Molecule 2D	13319	CGCCTTATCTTTT-AGTACAAACAGGCCCCC-ACGACATTACCAATACA	13366
Illumina Draft	14257	CGCCTTATCTTTTATGACAAAACAGGCCCCCACGACATTACCAATACA *****O*****O*****	14306
Mt-Molecule 2D	13367	AAAA-TCACTGA-GATAAAACC-TATCTAATGCCATCCTACGCCTCTCCT	13413
Illumina Draft	14307	AAAAATCACTGAAGATAAAACCCTATCTAATGCCATCCTACGCCTCTCCT ***O*****O*****O*****	14356

Mt-Molecule 2D	13414	TAGGAAGCATTGCAATTGGGCCTATTTCTGCTAAGTGACTTTAGACCAA	13463
Illumina Draft	14357	TAGGAAGCATTGCAATTGGGCCTATTTCTGCTA--TGACTTTAGACCAA *****II*****	14404
Mt-Molecule 2D	13464	CTCAGACC-TCC-TACAACGTGTCACCACCCATCAAACCTCTCAGCACTA	13511
Illumina Draft	14405	CTCAGACCCTCCCTACAACGTGTCACCACCCATCAAACCTCTCAGCACTA *****O**O*****	14454
Mt-Molecule 2D	13512	GGG-CCACCA--ATGG-AATCTTTGTATCACTTATTTTCATCCATAAAA-	13556
Illumina Draft	14455	GGGGCCACCATAATGGGAATCTTTGTATCACTTATTTTCATCCATAAAA **O*****OO**O*****	14504
Mt-Molecule 2D	13557	CAAACAAAACCGTCCACAAAAA--TAATTTGTCAACCTTTTCAAACATAT	13604
Illumina Draft	14505	CAAACAAAACCGTCCACAAAAAATAACTTGTCAACCTTTTCAAACATAT *****OO**Y*****	14554
Mt-Molecule 2D	13605	TAACATTCTATAGCTCC-----ACCGATCCCCACAACCCACCTTT--	13646
Illumina Draft	14555	TAACATTCTATAGCTCCCTAACCCACCGATCCCCACAACCCACCTTTTA *****OOOOO*****	14604
Mt-Molecule 2D	13647	-AAAAAGCACAAA-GTATCCACAACC-TCAATGATGCAAC-TGATACGA	13692
Illumina Draft	14605	AAAAAGCACAAAAGTATCCACAACCCTCAATGATGCAACCTGATACGA O*****O*****O*****O*****	14654
Mt-Molecule 2D	13693	ATATTCAGTCCC-AAATTTCTTCTCCAAAACACAAT-AAAGATACAAA	13740
Illumina Draft	14655	ATATTCAGTCCCAAATT-CTTCTCCAAAACACAATTAAAGATACAAA *****O*****I*****O*****	14703
Mt-Molecule 2D	13741	GCCCTTTCCTTC-TGGCCCAGGGCAA-GTAAAA-CCTACTTAGCAGTATT	13787
Illumina Draft	14704	GCCCTTTCCTTCCTGGCCCAGGGCAAAGTAAAAACCTACTTAGCAGTATT *****O*****O*****O*****	14753
Mt-Molecule 2D	13788	CACAATATCCTTGATAACC-TGATTATCTTAACAAATCAGACCTCCCCAC	13836
Illumina Draft	14754	CACAATATCCTTGATAACCCCTGATTATCTTAACAACCTAGACCTCCCCAC *****O*****MY*****	14803
Mt-Molecule 2D	13837	GCTGAACCTTTTATAGCT-ATTAAAGCACCAACCTTGTAATTG-AGACTG	13884
Illumina Draft	14804	GCTGAACCTTTTATAGCTTATTAAAGCACCAACCTTGTAATTTGGAGACTG *****O*****O*****	14853
Mt-Molecule 2D	13885	AAGACTTATCCCTTCTAAAAGTATTTATAAAAAACACTACACCTACTTAGT	13934
Illumina Draft	14854	AAGACTTATCCCTTCTAAAAGTATTTATAAAAAACACTACACCTACTTAGT *****	14903
Mt-Molecule 2D	13935	TTAACAAAAACATCAGATTGTGATTCGTCAATAGGGGCTAAGCCCTTT	13984
Illumina Draft	14904	TTAACAAAAACATCAGACTGTGATTCGTCAATAGGGGCTAAGCCCTTT *****Y*****	14953
Mt-Molecule 2D	13985	-AGGTACAGGCGGCATGCCGCCTATATTTATATA--CTATACTCTAGTA	14031
Illumina Draft	14954	TAGGTACAGGCGGCATGCCGCCTATATTTATATACTATACTCTAGTA O*****O*****	15003
Mt-Molecule 2D	14032	CGTCCTTCCCC-TCC-TATGTATATCGTGCATTCCTTCTCGACCTCACG	14079
Illumina Draft	15004	CGTCCTTCCCCCTCCCTATGTATATCGTGCATTCCTTCTCGACCTCACG *****O**O*****	15053
Mt-Molecule 2D	14080	AGTAATCATACTCCATTGACTTCCATTGATTCTACATATTAGTGAGA--	14127
Illumina Draft	15054	AGTAATCATACTCCATTGACTTCCATTGATTCTACATATTAGTGAGAGA *****O*****	15103
Mt-Molecule 2D	14128	TAAGCAACCCTTGAATGTA-GATTAATCATTACTAGCTTCACGC--ATAA	14174
Illumina Draft	15104	TAAGCAACCCTTGAATGTAAGATTAATCATTACTAGCTTCACGCATATA *****O*****O****	15153

Mt-Molecule 2D	14175	TATCCTATTCCACATACTTT-CTTTTCAAATACCTCTGGTTACTCTTTC	14223
Illumina Draft	15154	TATCCTATTCCACATACTTTCTTTCAAATACCTCTGGTTACTCTTTC *****O*****	15203
Mt-Molecule 2D	14224	CAGTGCTTACGGATCTTCCC---GCAACTCTTGATATTAAGAATACCTC	14269
Illumina Draft	15204	CAGTGCTTACGGATCTTCCCCTCCGCAACTCTTGATATTAAGAATACCTC *****O*****	15253
Mt-Molecule 2D	14270	TGGTTGCACTCGAGATTTAAAGACACGTTCTGTGCACAAATAAGTAACTTA	14319
Illumina Draft	15254	TGGTTGCACTCGAGATTTAAAGACACGTTCTGTGCACAAATAAGTAACTTA *****	15303
Mt-Molecule 2D	14320	TAGTCTGCAAAACATTTGGTACTTTTT--AAATATTTAC-TTTC AACCCAC	14366
Illumina Draft	15304	TAGTCTGCAAAACATTTGGTACTTTTTTAAATATTTACCTTTC AACCCAC *****OO*****	15353
Mt-Molecule 2D	14367	ATATCCAGTTATGTCTATACCATCCTATATAG--TCAGGCATATTAATGC	14414
Illumina Draft	15354	ATATCCAGTTATGTCTATACCATCCTGTATAGGGTCGGGCATATTAATGC *****R*****OO**R*****	15403
Mt-Molecule 2D	14415	ATGGTGT--AACGGACATAGACAATTCCAAGAGGCTATTTAATTAATGCT	14462
Illumina Draft	15404	ATGGTGTGTAACGGACATAGACAATTCCAAGAGGCTATTTAATTAATGCT *****O*****	15453
Mt-Molecule 2D	14463	TGTTAGACATAATACTACATATATTTCCCC-TTCTTAACAAAATTTTTTA	14511
Illumina Draft	15454	TGTTAGACATAATACTACATATATTTCCCCCTTCTTAACAAAATTTTTTA *****O*****	15503
Mt-Molecule 2D	14512	CCATTAACTTTAAAATATTTTATTATAACTTAGTTTTT-CTGCTAAACCC	14560
Illumina Draft	15504	CCATTAACTTTAAAATATTTTATTATAGCTTAGTTTTTCTGCTAAACCC *****R*****O*****	15553
Mt-Molecule 2D	14561	CC-TTACCCCTTCACGAACATAGATTA---ACTTTATTCTTGTTAAAC	14605
Illumina Draft	15554	CCCTTACCCCT--CACGAACATAGATTAGCTAACTTTATTCTTGTTAAAC **O*****II*****OOO*****	15601
Mt-Molecule 2D	14606	CC-TAAACCAAGAGTCAACTAACTGAGTTTGTTTC--AG-AAAATTTTTT	14651
Illumina Draft	15602	CCCTAAACCAAGAGTCAACTAACTGAGTTTGTTCGTAGGAAACTTTTT **O*****OO**O*****	15651
Mt-Molecule 2D	14652	--CCCCACTTTTTT---AAAATGATAAATAATTATAAAATCCTATACTA	14696
Illumina Draft	15652	TCCCCCACTTTTTTTAAAATGATAAATAATTATAAAATCCTATACTA OO*****OO*****	15701
Mt-Molecule 2D	14697	AGGAAGCCTTATGTATTTTTTAAATTTAAACCCTAATTTTTT-AATGTATTT	14745
Illumina Draft	15702	AGGAAGCCTTATGTATTTTTTAAATTTAAACCCTAATTTTTTAAATGTATTT *****O*****	15751
Mt-Molecule 2D	14746	TT---ATC-TGCCAGGGCCACGGAACCTCACGCTTTTAGAGG--AG-AAC	14788
Illumina Draft	15752	TTTTTATCCTGCCAGGGCCACGGAACCTCACGCTTTTAGAGGGGAGGAAC **OOO**O*****OO**O**	15801
Mt-Molecule 2D	14789	CCCACCGGCTTTAGGAGCCGGCCA--CTTGCCAAACC-AAGTGGAAGCT	14835
Illumina Draft	15802	CCCACCGGCTTTAGGAGCCGGCCATTCTTGCCAAACCAAGTGGAAGCT *****OO*****	15851
Mt-Molecule 2D	14836	ATGA-CGAAACCATTCGAAAACACCACCCA-CTATTAA-GTCCTAAATCA	14882
Illumina Draft	15852	ATGATCGAAACCATTCGAAAACACCACCCAATTATTAAAGTCTTAAATCA ***O*****OO*****O*****	15901
Mt-Molecule 2D	14883	TGCCTTTATTGACCTACCATCCCCATCCAACATCTCCGCATGATGAAACT	14932
Illumina Draft	15902	TGCCTTTATTGACCTACCATCCCCATCCAACATCTCCGCATGATGAAACT *****	15951

Mt-Molecule 2D	14933	TTTGGCTCTCTCCTAGGATTATGTTTAATTATCCAGCTAATCACTGGAGT	14982
Illumina Draft	15952	TT-GGCTCTCTCCTAGGATTATGTTTAATTATCCAGCTAATCACTGGAGT **I*****	16000
Mt-Molecule 2D	14983	ATTTTGTAGCCATACATTACACCGCCGA-GTAATACTAAGCATCTCTT-A	15030
Illumina Draft	16001	ATTTTGTAGCCATACATTACACCGCCGACGTATCACTA-GCATCTCTTCA *****O**WY***I*****O*	16049
Mt-Molecule 2D	15031	ATCTCTCAT--TTGCCGAAACGTAAACTACGGTTGACTAATCCGCAATAT	15078
Illumina Draft	16050	ATCTCTCATATTTGCCGAAACGTAAACTACGGTTGACTAATCCGCAATAT *****O*****	16099
Mt-Molecule 2D	15079	ACATGCAA-CGGAGCTTCATTGTTTTTCATCTGCCTATACCTTCATGCAA	15127
Illumina Draft	16100	ACATGCAAACGGAGCTTCATTGTTTTTCATCTGCCTATACCTTCATGCAA *****O*****	16149
Mt-Molecule 2D	15128	CCCGAGGCCTTTATTACGGATC-TATCTCTACAAAGAA-CATGAAACATT	15175
Illumina Draft	16150	CCCGAGGCCTTTATTACGGATCCTATCTCTACAAAGAAACATGAAACATT *****O*****O*****	16199
Mt-Molecule 2D	15176	G-AGTTATCTTACTACTAACCCTATAGCAACAGCATTTCGTAGGATATGT	15224
Illumina Draft	16200	GGAGTTATCTTACTACTAACCCTATAGCAACAGCATTTCGTAGGATATGT *O*****	16249
Mt-Molecule 2D	15225	CCTCCCATGAGGACAAATATCCTTCTGAGG--CAACAGTAATCACAAAC-	15271
Illumina Draft	16250	CCTCCCATGAGGACAAATATCCTTCTGAGGGCAACAGTAATCACAAACC *****O*****O*****	16299
Mt-Molecule 2D	15272	--TTGTCC--ATACCATATGTAGGAGGAACACTTGTAATTTGAATCTGA	15316
Illumina Draft	16300	TCTTGTCCGCCATACCATATGTAGGAGGAACACTTGTAATTTGAATCTGA OO*****OO*****	16349
Mt-Molecule 2D	15317	GGAGGCTTCTCAATTGACAACGCCACACTAACCCGATTTT--ACCTTTCA	15364
Illumina Draft	16350	GGAGGCTTCTCAATTGACAACGCCACACTAACCCGATTTTTTACCTTTCA *****O*****	16399
Mt-Molecule 2D	15365	CTTCTACTCCCATTCATAATCATAGGCTTAAGCATTATACACTTAGTAT	15414
Illumina Draft	16400	CTTCTACTCCCATTCATAATCATAGGCTTAAGCATTATACACTTAGTAT *****R*****	16449
Mt-Molecule 2D	15415	TC-TCCACAAAACAGGATCGAACAACC-AACAGGAATAAACTCCAACCTCA	15462
Illumina Draft	16450	TCCTCCACGAAACAGGATCGAACAACCCAACAGGAATAAACTCCAACCTCA **O*****R*****O*****	16499
Mt-Molecule 2D	15463	GACAAAATCCCATTCACACC-TACTTTTCTTACAAGGACCTGCTAGGAGC	15511
Illumina Draft	16500	GACAAAATCCCATTCACACCCTACTTTTCTTACAAGGACCTGCTAGGAGC *****O*****	16549
Mt-Molecule 2D	15512	A-T--CAATATTAACAGCATTA-TAACC-TCACACTTTTATACC-AAACC	15555
Illumina Draft	16550	ACTAATAATATTAACAGCATTA-TAACCCTCACACTTTTATACCCAACC *O*OOY*****O*****O*****O*****	16599
Mt-Molecule 2D	15556	-ATTAGGAG--CCGAAAATTTACCCCGGCAAACCCACTTTCT-----	15596
Illumina Draft	16600	TATTAGGAGACCCGAAAATTTACCCCGGCAAACCCACTTTCTACTCCC O*****OO*****O*****OOOOO	16649
Mt-Molecule 2D	15597	CCCACATTAAGCCAGAGTGATATTTTT-ATTCGCTTATGCCATCCTCCG	15645
Illumina Draft	16650	CCCACATTAAGCCAGAGTGATATTTTTTATTCGCTTATGCCATCCTCCG *****O*****	16699
Mt-Molecule 2D	15646	ATCTATTCCTAATAAAA-TGG-AGGG-TGTTGGCCTTAATACTCTCAATCT	15692
Illumina Draft	16700	ATCTATTCCTAATAAAAATGGGAGGGGTGTTGGCCTTAATACTCTCAATCT *****O***O*****O*****	16749

Mt-Molecule 2D	15693	TAATCCTCCTCATCATACCCCTGGTCCACACATCCAAACAACGAAGCTCA	15742
Illumina Draft	16750	TAATCCTCCTCATCATACCCCTGGTCCACACATCCAAACAACGAAGCTCA *****	16799
Mt-Molecule 2D	15743	ATACACCGCCCAATCAGTAAAATATTATTCTGATACTTAATCTCCACTAT	15792
Illumina Draft	16800	ATACACCGCCCAATCAGTAAAATATTATTCTGATACTTAATCTCCACTAT *****	16849
Mt-Molecule 2D	15793	TTTCATCCTCACATGAATTGGGG-ACAACCAGTAGAACCC-ATTCACGG	15840
Illumina Draft	16850	TTTCATCCTCACATGAATTGGGGGACAACCAGTAGAACCCCATTCATCT *****O*****O*****YSK	16899
Mt-Molecule 2D	15841	TAATCGGCCAAACAAC-TCAGTAATTTATTTCCCTAATTATTACAGTCCTA	15889
Illumina Draft	16900	TAATCGGCCAAACAGCCTCAGTAATTTATTTCCCTAATTATTACAGTCCTA *****R*O*****	16949
Mt-Molecule 2D	15890	ATTC-TATTACTGGCACTAT-GAAAATAAA-TATTAAAC-GATAGTCTC-	15934
Illumina Draft	16950	ATTCCTATTACTGGCACTATAGAAAATAAAATATTAAACTGATAGTCTCA ***O*****O*****O*****O*****O	16999
Mt-Molecule 2D	15935	CTCAAGAAAAGAGGACCTTTCC-TCATCC-GGTCCCAGAAC-GGAGTT	15981
Illumina Draft	17000	CTCAAGAAAAGAGGACCTTTCCCTATCCCGGTCCCAGAACCGGAGTT *****O*****O*****O*****	17049
Mt-Molecule 2D	15982	TAAATAAACTATTTCTTGACATCACAACCTC-ACCAACCGGAG--GGA	16028
Illumina Draft	17050	TAAATAAACTATTTCTTGACATCACAACCTCTACCAACCGGAGTGGGA *****O*****O*****	17099
Mt-Molecule 2D	16029	AAAA-GTGATTGCTAATCACTAAAATCAGGGTTAAACACCTGACCCC-TC	16076
Illumina Draft	17100	AAAAAGTGATTGCTAATCACTAAAATCAGGGTTAAACACCTGACCCCCTC ***O*****O*****	17149
Mt-Molecule 2D	16077	ATTAATGCAGGCGGCATGCCGCTTATATTTATATA--CTATACTCTAGT	16124
Illumina Draft	17150	ATTAATGCAGGCGGCATGCCGCTTATATTTATATATACTATACTCTAGT *****O*****	17199
Mt-Molecule 2D	16125	ACGTCCTTCCCC-TCC-TATGTATATCGTGCATTCCTTCTCGACCTCAC	16172
Illumina Draft	17200	ACGTCCTTCCCCCTCCCTATGTATATCGTGCATTCCTTCTCGACCTCAC *****O***O*****	17249
Mt-Molecule 2D	16173	GAGTAATCAT-CATATATT-A-TTCCATTGATTCTACATATTA-TGAGA	16218
Illumina Draft	17250	GAGTAATCATAC-TCCATTGACTTCCATTGATTCTACATATTAGTGAGA *****O*I*MY***O*****O*****	17298
Mt-Molecule 2D	16219	GATG-GCAACCCT-GAATGTAAGATTAATCGT-ACTAGCTTCACGCGCAT	16265
Illumina Draft	17299	GATAAGCAACCCTTGAATGTAAGATTAATCATTACTAGCTTCACGCGCAT ***RO*****O*****R*O*****	17348
Mt-Molecule 2D	16266	AATATCCTATTCCACATACTTTTCTTTTCAAATACC---GTTACT-T	16310
Illumina Draft	17349	AATATCCTATTCCACATACTTTTCTTTTCAAATACC---GTTACTTACTCT *****I*****O*****O*****O*****	17397
Mt-Molecule 2D	16311	TTCCAGTGCTTACATGGATCTTCCCTCCCGCAAATTTTGTATA--AGAA	16357
Illumina Draft	17398	TTCCAGTGCTTAC--GGATCTTCCCTCCCGCAA-CTCTTGATATTAAGAA *****II*****IY*Y*****OO*****	17444
Mt-Molecule 2D	16358	TAC-TCTGGTTGCAC-CGAGATTTAAAGACACGTTCTGTGCACAAATAAGT	16405
Illumina Draft	17445	TACCTCTGGTTGCACTCGAGATTTAAAGACACGTTCTGTGCACAAATAAGT ***O*****O*****	17494
Mt-Molecule 2D	16406	AACTTATAGTCTGCAAAACATTTGGTACTTTTT-AAAATATTTACCTTTC	16454
Illumina Draft	17495	AACTTATAGTCTGCAAAACATTTGGTACTTTTTTAAAATATTTACCTTTC *****O*****	17544

Mt-Molecule 2D 16455 AACCA--TATCCAGTTATGTCTATACCATCCTGTATAGGGTCGGGCATAT 16502
Illumina Draft 17545 AACCATATCCAGTTATGTCTATACCATCCTGTATAGGGTCGGGCATAT 17594
*****O*****

Mt-Molecule 2D 16503 TAATGCATGGTGTGTAACGGACATAGACAATCCA-GAGGCTATTTAATT 16551
Illumina Draft 17595 TAATGCATGGTGTGTAACGGACATAGACAATCCAAGAGGCTATTTAATT 17644
*****O*****

Mt-Molecule 2D 16552 AATGCTTGTT-G-TATAATACTACATATATTTCCCC-TTCTTAACAAAA- 16597
Illumina Draft 17645 AATGCTTGTTAGACATAATACTACATATATTTCCCCCTTCTTAACAAAA 17694
*****O*OY*****O*****O*****

Mt-Molecule 2D 16598 -TTTTACCATTAACTTTAAAATATTTTATTATAGC--AGTTTTT-CTGCT 16643
Illumina Draft 17695 TTTTTACCATTAACTTTAAAATATTTTATTATAGCTTAGTTTTTCTGCT 17744
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Mt-Molecule 2D 16644 AAACCCC--TTACCCCC-ACGAACATAGATTAGCTAACTTTATCT-GTT 16689
Illumina Draft 17745 AAACCCCCTTACCCCCACGAACATAGATTAGCTAACTTTATCTTGTT 17794
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Mt-Molecule 2D 16690 AAACCC-TAAACCAAGAGTCAA-TAAACTGAGTTTGTTCGTAGGAAAAC 16737
Illumina Draft 17795 AAACCCCTAAACCAAGAGTCAACTAAACTGAGTTTGTTCGTAGGAAAAC 17844
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Mt-Molecule 2D 16738 TTTT--CCCCACTTTTT---AAATGATAAATAATTTATAAAATCCTAT 16780
Illumina Draft 17845 TTTTTCCCCCACTTTTTTTTAAATGATAAATAATTTATAAAATCCTAT 17894
OO**OOO*****O*****

Mt-Molecule 2D 16781 ACTAAGGAAGCCTTATGCGTTTT-AAACATTAAGT---ATTTTT---ACA 16823
Illumina Draft 17895 ACTAAGGAAGCCTTATGCATTTTTAAACATTAATCTTATTTTTTTTACA 17944
*****R***O*****R*OO*****OO***

Mt-Molecule 2D 16824 T-ATTTTTAC--AAAAATAAGCATTTTT-ACATAAAATATAAGGGCCCGT 16869
Illumina Draft 17945 TTATTTTTACCAAAAATAAGCATTTTTTACATAAAATATAAGGGCCCGT 17994
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Mt-Molecule 2D 16870 ACCTACAACCACACCATGTATAATTTATTTCTTTTT--CATAAAA-TAAA 16916
Illumina Draft 17995 ACCTACAACCACACCATGTATAATTTATTTCTTTTTTCCATAAAAATAAA 18044
*****O*****O*****O*****

Mt-Molecule 2D 16917 AGCACTGAAA-TGCCTCTTACCATTTACAATAAAA 16950
Illumina Draft 18045 -GCACTGAAAATGCCTCTTACCATTTACAATAAAA 18078
I*****O*****