Gut microbiota-derived propionate mediates the neuroprotective effect of osteocalcin in a mouse model of Parkinson's disease

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Supplemental Fig. 1 OCN administration had no effect on motor function, dopaminergic neurons, gut microbiota and SCFAs.

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Supplemental Table S1 The comparison of the behavioral tests in 6-OHDA-induced PD mice after the administration of OCN.

Behavioral Tests	control	6-OHDA	6-OHDA+ 4 μg/kg OCN	6-OHDA+ 40 μg/kg OCN	P value		llue		
	(A, n = 12)	(B, n = 8)	(C, n = 7)	(D, n = 6)	Total	A vs B	B vs C	B vs D	
Open Field Test									
Distance (m)	10.32 ± 0.56	6.52 ± 0.75	9.99 ± 1.08	9.88 ± 1.06	0.0068	0.0061	0.0343	0.0539	
Number of rearing	34.08 ± 1.82	22.25 ± 2.09	28.86 ± 2.11	28.50 ± 4.16	0.0085	0.0042	0.2737	0.3561	
Cylinder test									
Left/right forelimb touches	1.61 ± 0.21	0.19 ± 0.05	1.08 ± 0.17	0.40 ± 0.17	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	0.0122	0.8800	
Rotarod test									
Time (s)	133.10 ± 12.44	59.63 ± 4.82	92.90 ± 13.81	73.94 ± 16.16	0.0006	0.0006	0.2999	0.8815	

Data represented mean \pm SEM, p < 0.05 was set as the threshold for significance by one-way ANOVA followed by post hoc comparisons using Tukey's test for multiple groups' comparisons.

Supplemental Table S2 The comparisons of the behavioral tests in 6-OHDA-induced PD mice treated with OCN after gut microbiota-depletion.

Behavioral Tests	control	6-OHDA	6-OHDA+OCN	Abx+control	Abx+6-OHDA	Abx+6-OHDA+OCN		P value		
	(A, n = 18)	(B, n = 11)	(C, n = 14)	(D, n = 11)	(E, n = 20)	(F, n = 12)	Total	A vs D	B vs C	E vs F
Open Field Test										
Distance (m)	7.57 ± 0.58	3.79 ± 0.35	6.35 ± 0.51	10.60 ± 0.77	6.69 ± 0.79	7.18 ± 0.42	< 0.0001	0.0018	0.0218	0.8932
Number of rearing	15.50 ± 1.33	6.27 ± 0.90	13.93 ± 1.46	23.82 ± 1.21	10.00 ± 1.64	14.00 ± 1.65	< 0.0001	0.0009	0.0053	0.8842
Cylinder test										
Left/right forelimb touches Rotarod test	1.08 ± 0.09	0.23 ± 0.11	1.57 ± 0.32	1.16 ± 0.14	0.25 ± 0.11	0.46 ± 0.15	< 0.0001	0.9995	<0.0001	0.9568
Time (s)	129.30 ± 10.65	65.36 ± 7.51	121.30 ± 11.32	157.00 ± 13.44	93.47 ± 15.56	129.6 ± 20.98	0.0002	0.6426	0.0471	0.3015

The dose of OCN was 4 μ g/kg. Data represented mean \pm SEM, p < 0.05 was set as the threshold for significance by one-way ANOVA followed by post hoc comparisons using Tukey's test for multiple groups' comparisons.

Supplemental Table S3 The comparisons of the behavioral tests after fecal microbiota transplantation.

Behavioral Tests	FMT control	FMT 6-OHDA	FMT 6-OHDA+OCN		P value	
	(A, n = 10)	(B, n = 10)	(C, n = 10)	Total	A vs B	B vs C
Open Field Test						
Distance (m)	7.85 ± 0.46	6.55 ± 0.53	7.81 ± 0.33	0.0854	0.1217	0.1361
Number of rearing	17.70 ± 1.39	14.90 ± 1.36	17.40 ± 1.36	0.3005	0.3331	0.4131
Pole Test						
Time (s)	5.92 ± 0.33	7.29 ± 0.43	5.08 ± 0.32	0.0008	0.0336	0.0006
Rotarod test						
Time (s)	180.80 ± 18.30	120.20 ± 12.12	208.60 ± 16.06	0.0016	0.0288	0.0013

Data represented mean \pm SEM, p < 0.05 was set as the threshold for significance by one-way ANOVA followed by post hoc comparisons using Tukey's test for multiple groups' comparisons.

Supplemental Table S4 The overall OTU number and annotation levels.

-	Annotated OTUs(n)	Annotation rate		
		Order	Family	Genus
control	669.1 ± 137.3	100%	77.06%	15.81%
6-OHDA	732.4 ± 80.82	100%	65.65%	16.13%
6-OHDA+OCN	509.3 ± 75.55	100%	87.63%	13.97%
Total	646.4 ± 136.50	100%	75.39%	15.53%

Data represented mean \pm SD.

Supplemental Table S5 The comparison of taxonomy RAs of gut microbiota in 6-OHDA-induced mice after the administration of OCN.

Bacteria	control	6-OHDA	6-OHDA+OCN		P value				
	(A, n = 12)	(B, n = 8)	(C, n = 7)	Total	A vs B	B vs C			
		Phylum							
Bacteroidetes	0.7429 ± 0.0284	0.6286 ± 0.0215	0.8160 ± 0.0302	0.0009	0.0176	0.0007			
Firmicutes	0.2219 ± 0.0324	0.3513 ± 0.0258	0.1597 ± 0.0298	0.0018	0.0162	0.0018			
Family									
S24-7	0.7323 ± 0.0290	0.6286 ± 0.0215	0.8030 ± 0.0295	0.0021	0.0346	0.0016			
unclassified Clostridiales	0.1188 ± 0.0316	0.2292 ± 0.0329	0.0669 ± 0.0244	0.0084	0.0455	0.0083			
Lachnospiraceae	0.0148 ± 0.0041	0.0472 ± 0.0086	0.0152 ± 0.0057	0.0014	0.0022	0.0062			
Rikenellaceae	0.0081 ± 0.0017	$6.338e-006 \pm 6.338e-006$	0.0130 ± 0.0020	< 0.0001	0.0025	< 0.0001			
Erysipelotrichaceae	0.0045 ± 0.0007	0.0017 ± 0.0004	0.0038 ± 0.0006	0.0199	0.0160	0.1432			
		Genus							
unclassified S24-7	0.7323 ± 0.0290	0.6286 ± 0.0215	0.8030 ± 0.0295	0.0021	0.0346	0.0016			
unclassified Clostridiales	0.1188 ± 0.0316	0.2292 ± 0.0329	0.0669 ± 0.0244	0.0084	0.0455	0.0083			
unclassified Lachnospiraceae	0.0113 ± 0.0034	0.0396 ± 0.0079	0.0107 ± 0.0049	0.0013	0.0023	0.0052			
unclassified Rikenellaceae	0.0081 ± 0.0017	$6.338e-006 \pm 6.338e-006$	0.0130 ± 0.0020	< 0.0001	0.0025	< 0.0001			

Data represented mean \pm SEM, p < 0.05 was set as the threshold for significance by one-way ANOVA followed by post hoc comparisons using Tukey's test for multiple groups' comparisons. RAs = relative abundances.

Supplemental Table S6 The comparison of RAs of KOs regulating SCFA metabolism in 6-OHDA-induced mice after the administration of OCN.

КО	control	6-OHDA	6-OHDA+OCN	P value		
	(A, n = 12)	(B, n = 8)	(C, n = 7)	Total	A vs B	B vs C
K00656	0.001183 ± 5.093 e-005	0.001332 ± 4.769 e-005	0.001095 ± 4.546 e-005	0.0184	0.1011	0.0161
K13788	$1.459e-005 \pm 2.445e-006$	$1.111e-005 \pm 4.989e-006$	$8.693e-006 \pm 1.472e-006$	0.0436	0.7163	0.8815
K00925	$0.0009388 \pm 6.245 e\text{-}006$	$0.0009353 \pm 7.379 \text{e-}006$	$0.0009581 \pm 7.176 e\text{-}006$	0.0908	0.9246	0.1051
K01847	$0.001214 \pm 8.205 \text{e-}005$	$0.0009171 \pm 5.667e-005$	$0.001445 \pm 8.812e-005$	0.0011	0.0325	0.0008
K11264	$1.028e\text{-}005 \pm 1.717e\text{-}006$	$9.405e-006 \pm 4.641e-006$	$5.917e-006 \pm 9.615e-007$	0.5355	0.9705	0.6964
K13923	$1.050e-005 \pm 1.751e-006$	$9.521e-006 \pm 4.690e-006$	$5.937e-006 \pm 9.542e-007$	0.5166	0.9645	0.6891
K00932	$9.578e-006 \pm 1.991e-006$	$4.385e-006 \pm 1.496e-006$	$5.551e-006 \pm 3.432e-007$	0.0849	0.0951	0.9027
K00626	$0.0002503 \pm 2.372 e\text{-}005$	$0.0003044 \pm 8.150e-006$	$0.0001684 \pm 2.307 e\text{-}005$	0.0018	0.1802	0.0013
K00074	$0.0002078 \pm 2.159 e\text{-}005$	$0.0002846 \pm 1.425 e\text{-}005$	$0.0001422 \pm 2.332 e\text{-}005$	0.0009	0.0348	0.0006
K01692	$0.0001377 \pm 3.431e-005$	$0.0001150 \pm 2.087 e\text{-}005$	$0.0001240 \pm 2.330 \text{e-}005$	0.8592	0.8521	0.9804
K00634	0.0007249 ± 2.221 e-005	0.0006325 ± 1.705 e-005	$0.0008077 \pm 3.053 e\text{-}005$	0.0003	0.0228	0.0002
K00929	$0.0007458 \pm 1.887e\text{-}005$	$0.0006698 \pm 1.339 \text{e-}005$	$0.0008219 \pm 2.657e\text{-}005$	0.0002	0.0277	0.0002
K01034	$4.903e-005\pm9.392e-006$	$5.426e-005\pm1.323e-005$	4.274e-005±6.266e-006	0.7751	0.9278	0.7556
K01035	6.993e-006±1.388e-006	3.380e-006±1.175e-006	3.389e-006±6.149e-006	0.0689	0.1154	>0.9999

Data represented mean \pm SEM, p < 0.05 was set as the threshold for significance by one-way ANOVA followed by post hoc comparisons using Tukey's test for multiple groups' comparisons. RAs = relative abundances.

Supplemental Table S7 The comparison of the behavioral tests in 6-OHDA-induced mice after the administration of propionate.

Behavioral Tests	control	control+PPA	6-OHDA	6-OHDA+PPA		P value	
	(A, n = 12)	(B, n = 12)	(C, n = 9)	(D, n = 7)	Total	A vs C	C vs D
Open Field Test							
Distance (m)	10.05 ± 0.27	9.23 ± 0.63	6.77 ± 0.65	9.64 ± 0.88	0.0022	0.0017	0.0208
Number of rearing	17.42 ± 1.17	17.33 ± 1.21	8.22 ± 1.15	14.14 ± 1.82	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	0.0339
Cylinder test							
Left/right forelimb touches	1.15 ± 0.17	0.80 ± 0.10	0.33 ± 0.06	1.25 ± 0.22	0.0004	0.0011	0.0012
Rotarod test							
Time (s)	175.60 ± 9.88	160.70 ± 9.28	69.93 ± 7.35	122.3 ± 22.5	0.0001	< 0.0001	0.5025

PPA = propionate, Data represented mean \pm SEM, p < 0.05 was set as the threshold for significance by one-way ANOVA followed by post hoc comparisons using Tukey's test for multiple groups' comparisons.

Supplemental Table S8 The comparison of the behavioral tests in 6-OHDA-induced mice after the administration of FFAR3 agonist.

Behavioral Tests	control	control+DMSO	control +AR420626	6-OHDA	6-OHDA+ DMSO	6-OHDA+ AR420626		P value	
	(A, n = 6)	(B, n = 6)	(C, n = 6)	(D, n = 6)	(E, n = 6)	(F, n = 6)	Total	B vs E	E vs F
Open Field Test									
Distance (m)	11.98 ± 0.83	8.69 ± 0.98	11.48 ± 0.59	7.74 ± 0.27	6.09 ± 0.33	8.28 ± 0.92	< 0.0001	0.1299	0.2751
Number of rearing Cylinder test	26.67 ± 2.25	23.83 ± 1.58	23.83 ± 2.74	9.17 ± 1.14	10.67 ± 0.76	18.67 ± 1.87	<0.0001	0.0003	0.0472
Left/right forelimb touches Rotarod test	1.42 ± 0.15	1.22 ± 0.24	1.61 ± 0.26	0.43 ± 0.07	0.26 ± 0.06	0.94 ± 0.16	<0.0001	0.0063	0.0899
Time (s)	183.3 ± 17.74	214.3 ± 12.06	208.7 ± 18.82	85 ± 8.11	99.17 ± 15.3	169.2 ± 21.71	< 0.0001	0.0003	0.0496
Pole test									
Descent time (s)	4.40 ± 0.20	5.01 ± 0.25	5.79 ± 0.77	8.68 ± 1.23	10.32 ± 1.12	6.84 ± 0.40	< 0.0001	0.0005	0.0386

Data represented mean \pm SEM, p < 0.05 was set as the threshold for significance by one-way ANOVA followed by post hoc comparisons using Tukey's test for multiple groups' comparisons.

Supplemental Figure legend

Supplemental Figure. 1 OCN administration had no effect on motor function, dopaminergic neurons, gut microbiota and SCFAs. (A) Bar plots of performance in the behavioral tests, including the open field test, pole test, cylinder test and rotarod test. n = 10 per group. (B) (Upper panel) Representative immunostaining showing TH-positive neurons in the SN. (Lower panel) The average number of TH-positive neurons in the ST. n = 3 per group, 3 sections per mouse.(C) (Left panel) Representative immunostaining (upper) and western blotting (lower) showing TH-positive fibers and TH protein levels in the striatum. (Right panel) The quantitation of TH-positive fibers (upper) and TH protein levels (lower) in the striatum. Immunostaining: n = 3 per group, 3 sections per mouse; western blotting: n = 3 per group. (D) (Upper panel) The plots of alpha and beta diversity. n=10. (Lower panel) Bar plots of the RAs of f_S24-7, f_Rikenellaceae, f_Lachnospiraceae, f_unclassified Clostridiales at the family level. n=10. (E) Bar plots of the RAs of K01847, K00634, K00929 and K00074, n = 10 per group. (F) Bar plots of comparing the fecal levels of acetate, propionate and butyrate among groups. n=10.

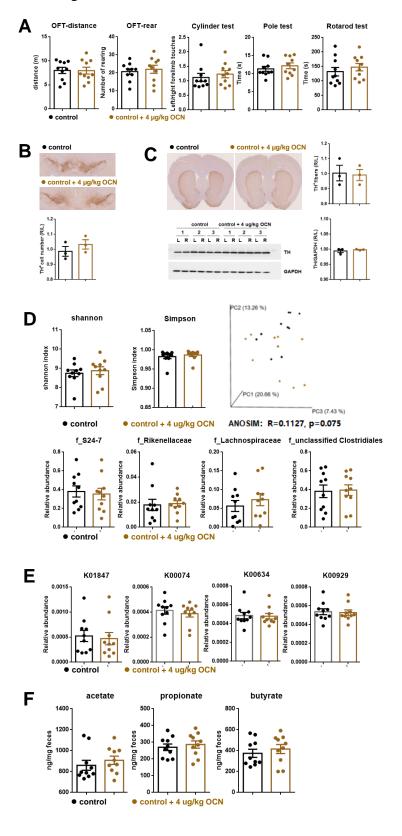
Supplemental Figure. 2 Antibiotic treatment depleted the gut microbiota. (A) The concentration of stool-extracted DNA between control group and Abx group. n=4. (B) The comparison of cecal size between control group and Abx group. (C) The comparison of Stool cultures between control group and Abx group.

Supplemental Figure. 3 The comparison of alpha diversity of gut microbiota in 6-OHDA-induced PD mice. (Left panel) Bar plot of the Shannon index. (Right panel) Bar plot of the Simpson index. n-7-12, The data represent the mean ± SEM and was analyzed by one-way ANOVA followed by post hoc comparisons using Tukey's test for multiple groups' comparisons.

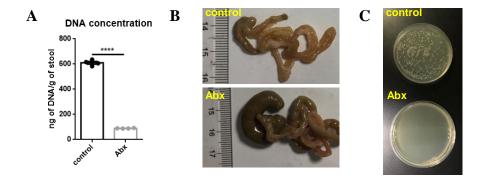
Supplemental Figure. 4 Cisplatin ablated the enteric neurons. (Left panel) The Representative immunostaining showing PGP9.5-positive neurons in the ileum between control group and cisplatin-treated group. (Right panel) The average number of PGP9.5-positive neurons in the ileum. n-3-5, The data represent the mean \pm SEM

and was analyzed by one-way ANOVA followed by post hoc comparisons using Tukey's test for multiple groups' comparisons.

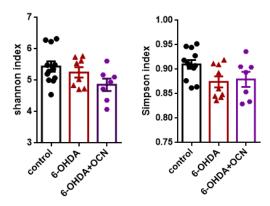
Supplemental Fig. 5 Correlation analysis between the altered KO and gut microbial taxa. Spearman correlation analysis of RAs of K01847 and that of p_Bacteroidetes, A; f_S24-7 , B; $f_Rikenellaceae$, C; $p_Firmicutes$, D; $f_Lachnospiraceae$, E and $f_Lachnospiraceae$



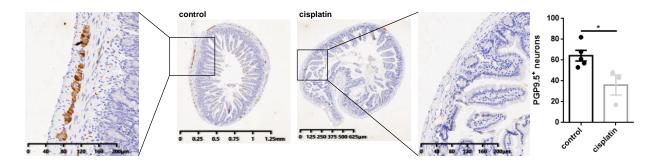
Supplemental Fig. 2



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