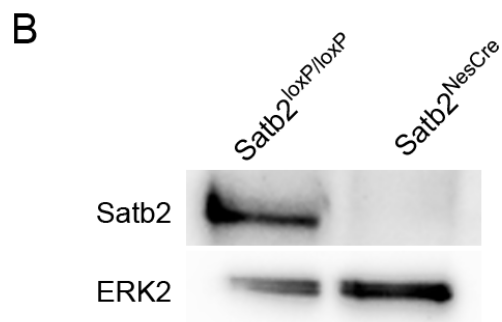
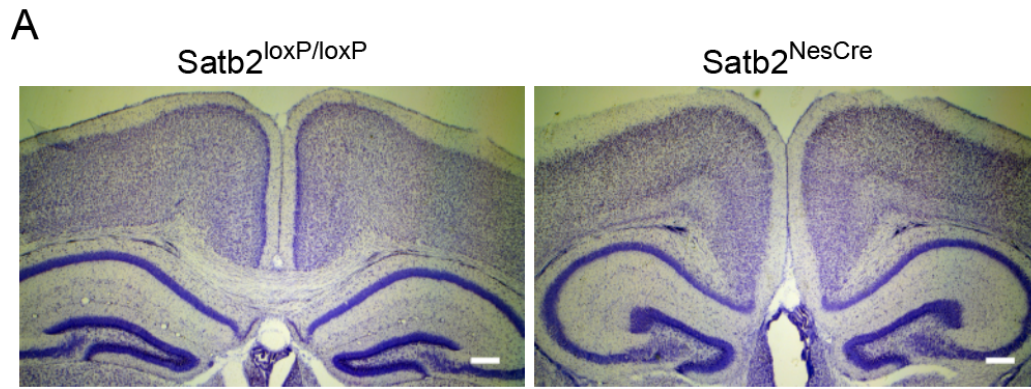


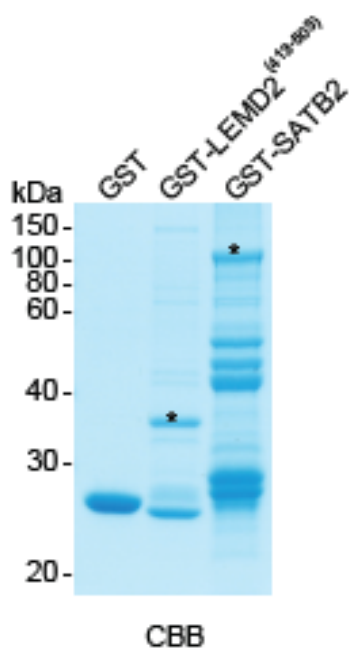
Table of Contents:

1. Appendix Figure S1
Phenotype of *Satb2*^{flx/flx} and *Satb2*^{NesCre}cKO mouse brain
2. Appendix Figure S2
Coomassie Brilliant Blue Staining of purified GST-hybrid proteins
3. Appendix Figure S3
AP bursting increases nuclear phospho-MSK1 immunoreactivity in both *Satb2*^{flx/flx} and *Satb2*^{NesCre} hippocampal neurons



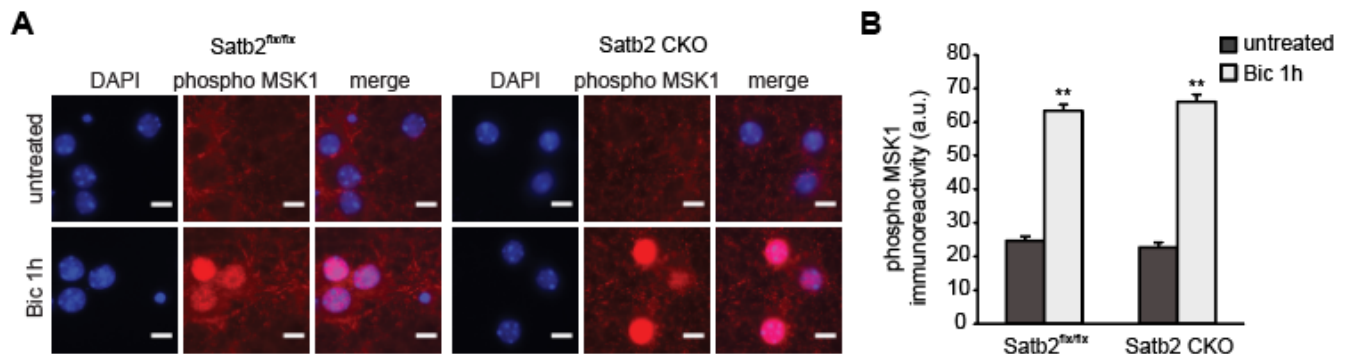
Appendix Figure S1.: Phenotype of $Satb2^{flx/flx}$ and $Satb2^{NesCre}$ cKO mouse brain

- A** Nissl-staining of coronal brain sections from P15 $Satb2^{flx/flx}$ (left panel) and $Satb2^{NesCre}$ knockout mice (right panel). $Satb2^{NesCre}$ mice (Cera et al., 2019) lack corpus callosum as has been described for $Satb2$ -germ line knockout mutants (Alcamo et al., 2008; Britanova et al., 2008). Scale bar: 200 μ m.
- B** Immunoblotting analysis for $Satb2$ in DIV7 primary hippocampal cultures derived from $Satb2^{NesCre}$ or $Satb2^{loxP/loxP}$ mice demonstrates absence of detectable $Satb2$ immunoreactivity in cultures from knockout animals compared to cultures from floxed littermate control mice.



Appendix Figure S2.: Coomassie Brilliant Blue Staining of purified GST-hybrid proteins

Coomassie Brilliant Blue (CBB)-stained gel of protein fractions obtained after affinity purification of GST-hybrid proteins is shown. Asterisks indicate the GST-SATB2 and GST-LEMD2⁽⁴¹³⁻⁵⁰³⁾ hybrid proteins.



Appendix Figure S3.: AP bursting increases nuclear phospho-MSK1 immunoreactivity in both Satb2^{flx/flx} and Satb2-deficient hippocampal neurons

Immunocytochemical analysis of the phosphorylation of MSK1 at threonine 581 following Bic-induced AP bursting for 1 h in primary hippocampal cultures derived from neonatal Satb2^{flx/flx} mice and Satb2^{flx/flx}::Nes-Cre mice. The mean nuclear phospho-MSK1 immunoreactivity was measured as absolute 8 bit gray levels. DAPI staining was used to identify nuclei. Representative images **(A)** and the quantitative analysis **(B)** are shown. AP bursting caused a significant increase in the nuclear phospho MSK1 immunoreactivity in both Satb2^{flx/flx} and Satb2^{flx/flx}::Nes-Cre cultures, $n = 3$ independent primary cultures, two-way ANOVA; main effect of treatment, $F_{1,8} = 46.48$, $p = 0.0001$; main effect of genotype, $F_{1,8} = 0.003$, $p = 0.95$, not significant interaction, $F_{1,8} = 0.15$, $p = 0.7081$; untreated vs. Bic-treated Satb2^{flx/flx} cultures $p = 0.0081$; untreated vs. Bic-treated Satb2^{flx/flx}::Nes-Cre cultures $p = 0.0041$, adjustment for multiple comparisons: Tukey's. Number of analyzed nuclei: 532 (Satb2^{flx/flx} cultures, untreated); 461 (Satb2^{flx/flx} cultures, Bic-treated); 520 (Satb2^{flx/flx}::Nes-Cre cultures, untreated), 492 (Satb2^{flx/flx}::Nes-Cre, Bic-treated). Data are presented as mean \pm SEM, ** $p < 0.01$, Scale bar, 10 μ m.