(Data extraction form)

Knowledge of Obstetric Danger Signs - JDWNRH

Information to be extracted from the MCH HANDBOOK or the MCH REGISTER + Interview

Serial no			
1	Date of interview		(dd/mm/yyyy)
2	Date of birth of mother		(dd/mm/yyyy)
3	Level of education of mother		 None Non-formal education Primary education Secondary education Graduate education Others
4	Level of education of father		 None Non-formal education Primary education Secondary education Graduate education Others
5	Residence		☐ Urban ☐ Rural
	Past obstetric history		
6	Mother is Rh negative and father is Rh positive		□ No □ Yes
	History of three or more consecutive spontaneous abortions		□ No □ Yes
	Baby weighing less than 2500 grams		□ No □ Yes
	Baby weighing more than 4500 grams		□ No □ Yes
	Last pregnancy: admission for hypertension, preeclampsia, eclampsia		□ No □ Yes

	Previous surgery on reproductive tract (caesarean section, cervical cerclage, cone biopsy, myomectomy, ectopic pregnancy)	□ No □ Yes	
	Description of current pregnancy		
	Gravida		
	Parity		
7	Living children		
	Abortion in previous pregnancy		
	Stillbirth in previous pregnancy		
	Death of any previous child		
8	Number of ANC visits		
9	Period of gestation	+ (xx+x)	
	ADDITIONAL DETAILS (TO BE INTERVIWED HERE ONWARDS)		
10	Type of family	 Extended Nuclear Single-family 	
11	Have you heard of danger signs during pregnancy?	□ No □ Yes	
12	If yes to above question, then where did you hear about them? (You may select multiple responses)	 Nurse/mid-wife Doctor Family and relatives Media (television, newspaper) 	

		MCH Handbook Others	
13	Have you read (or has someone read to you) the MCH Handbook on obstetric danger signs?	 □ No □ Yes, some of them □ Yes, all of them 	
	KNOWLEDGE ON OBSTETRIC DANGER SIGNS		
14	Can you list any of the seven danger signs listed in the Maternal and Child Health Handbook? (Wait for the mother to answer)	 Per vaginal bleeding High fever Labour pains before 37 weeks Severe vomiting or severe abdominal pain Severe headache, blurred vision or convulsion Fast or difficult breathing Baby not moving or moving less than normal 	
15	Spots of blood in your panties during your pregnancy is normal.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know	
16	Vaginal bleeding that is similar to menstrual flow is normal during pregnancy.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know	
17	Vaginal bleeding with passage of fleshy parts, what is the next step you should do?	 You can stay home for next few hours Come to hospital as soon as possible Don't know 	
18	During your pregnancy, if you have fever with or without reddish dots or patches on your skin, what should you do?	 Take paracetamol Take rest and lie down Come to hospital Don't know 	
19	Labour is the process of giving birth and is associated with pain and delivery of the baby. During labour, if your water breaks at home, what is the next step you should do?	 You can stay home for next few hours Come to hospital as soon as possible Don't know 	
20	Labour is the process of giving birth and is associated with labour pain. If labour occurs before 37 weeks of gestation, what will you do?	 Will come to hospital I can manage the pain with pain killers Don't know 	

21	During the time when you are pregnant, if you have severe headache, blurring of vision or some abnormal sensation in your tummy, what should you do?	 Take rest and lie down Immediately come to hospital Don't know
22	During the time when you are pregnant, if you seizures (involuntary movement of limbs/mouth, with or without loss of consciousness, followed by drowsiness/headache), what should you do?	 Lie down on your right side Immediately come to hospital Don't know
23	If you have repeated bouts of vomiting during your pregnancy so much so that it does not allow you to eat or have a proper meal, what should you do?	 Take anti-vomiting medicines from shops Seek care from a hospital Drink a lot of water and stay home Don't know
24	During pregnancy, it is normal to have some breathing difficulties. If you have a feeling of fast and unusually difficult breathing, what would you do?	 Take anti-vomiting medicines from shops Seek care from a hospital Drink a lot of water and stay home Don't know
25	For some period of times, the baby may sleep and may not move. Sometimes, if the baby does not move for long periods or if you feel that it moves less than normal, what would you do?	 Lie down on one side Come to hospital Don't know
26	After delivery and discharge from hospital, if you have vaginal bleeding that is foul smelling or that is persistent, what should you do?	 Maintain hygiene and stay home Wait until your regular postnatal visit Come to hospital Don't know
27	After delivery and discharge from hospital, if you have persistent abdominal pain and/or fever, what should you do?	 Take paracetamol Take rest and lie down Come to hospital Don't know

-End-