# nature research

Double-blind peer review submissions: write DBPR and your manuscript number here

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## **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Please do not complete any field with "not applicable" or n/a. Refer to the help text for what text to use if an item is not relevant to your study. For final submission: please carefully check your responses for accuracy; you will not be able to make changes later.

#### Statistics

For	all st	atistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Сог	nfirmed
		The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
		A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
		The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
X		A description of all covariates tested
X		A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
		A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
		For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
X		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
X		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
X		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i> ), indicating how they were calculated
		Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.
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## Software and code

Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>
Data collection
Arbeica SR5.confocal microscope fitted with a resonant scanner was used for image acquisition, specifying the version used OR
state that no software was used.
Data conclusion
Prior Ocraph version 2.4.0/4.520 were used for image acquisition 2.4.0/4.520 were

Data analysis Prism Graph version/8 was used for statistical analyses Imaris 8 and Image (version 2.1.0/1:53c) were used for image rendering.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

Provide your data availability statement here.

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## Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental \$2029

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf

## Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	Results were obtained from at least two independent experiments. An average of 3 electroporated embryos per experiment were evaluated and for each, 3-4 somites were counted. Altogether 373 somites were counted for 17 distinct experimental conditions about 22 somites per condition. The number of hudei per fiber was counted for a total of 8924 fibres. Statistical analyses (Mann-Whitney two-tailed non parametric) were applied on the entire population of myolibres counted for each experimental condition. Each experiment all is own controls (embryos electroporated with empty vectors). Sample size is based on previously published work and they are more than sufficient to determine statistical differences between experimental conditions, using non parametric statistics.
Data exclusions	Dis data were excluded clusions. If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.
Replication	We did not do systematic statistical analyses to verify that independent experiments gave similar results. This was done early in this project, until we realized that a crucial factor for reproducibility was to be very consistent with the exact developmental stages at which experiments were performed. From them on the original condition, and their respective controls. Experiments were replicated at least three times and similar results in all replicates were obligatory for an experiment to be validated. Since this study went on over many years, many of the experiments carried on by the initial investigator (DS) were in fact repeated by the next one (JM) to be sure.
Randomization	Embryobased for these stydieg weierandomity chosens were allocated into experimental groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled OR if this is not relevant to your study, explain why.
Blinding	We did not do systematic double-blind counting. It was done for about 1/3 of experiments. This includes all experiments shown in Figure 2 and Figure 5. As explained above, experiments shown in Figure 3 & 4 (initially performed by DS) were for the most part repeated by JM, such that we are entirely confident of the results shown here. describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.

## Behavioural & social sciences study design

#### All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description	Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).
Research sample	State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.
Sampling strategy	Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.
Data collection	Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.
Timing	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.
Non-participation	State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.
Randomization	If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.

## Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

#### crick Est database at BBSRC: http://www.crick.manchester.ac.uk/ ATTS:tuddies="PPAuse offsetersterest" at the disclosure is negative.

Study description

Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.

Research sample

Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National

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Research sample	Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.
Sampling strategy	Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.
Data collection	Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.
Timing and spatial scale	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.
Reproducibility	Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.
Randomization	Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.
Blinding	Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.
Did the study involve fiel	d work? Yes No

## Field work, collection and transport

Field conditions	Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).
Location	State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).
Access & import/export	Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).
Disturbance	Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.

## Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

Methods

x

n/a Involved in the study

Flow cytometry

ChIP-seq

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

MRI-based neuroimaging

#### Materials & experimental systems

- n/a Involved in the study
- Antibodies
- Eukaryotic cell lines
- ×
   Palaeontology and archaeology
- Animals and other organisms
- × Human research participants
- X Clinical data
- x
   Dual use research of concern

## Antibodies

Antibodies used	Rabbit polyclonal against RFP (Abcam #62341, 1/1000); Chicken polyclonal against EGFP (Abcam #13970, 1/1000); mouse monoclonal against Myosin Heavy Chain MYH1 (MF20) deposited to DHSB by Fishmari, Tax);mouse monoclonal antibody directed against Follistatin (Santa Cruz sc-365003, 1/1000) and mouse monoclonal antibody directed against HA (Abcam #1424, 1/1000).
Validation	Abcam#62341: 168 references on manufacturer's website (https://www.abcam.com/); Abcam#13970: 1869 references; Abcam#1424: 37 publications; MF20: 78 publications in Four groups and the set of the set

## Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s)

DF1/thicken:cell/time.obtained from ATCO: (CRL-12203), to test the efficiency of the gRNA CRISPR used in this study. C2C12 cells, obtained from ATCC (CRL-1772), used forthe esiRNA screen.

Authentication	Notauthenticated thentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated.
Mycoplasma contamination	<b>Notifested</b> that all cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination OR describe the results of the testing for mycoplasma contamination OR declare that the cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.
Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)	<b>Nula</b> me any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.

## Palaeontology and Archaeology

Specimen provenance	Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).	
Specimen deposition	Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.	
Dating methods	If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.	
Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.		
Ethics oversight	Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance	

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

was required and explain why not.

## Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals	Fertilized eggs from a local farm (naked-neck, breed)n, sex and age OR state that the study did not involve laboratory animals.
Wild animals	Rowide adminial used in this study been ved in or captured in the field; report species, sex and age where possible. Describe how animals were caught and transported and what happened to captive animals after the study (if killed, explain why and describe method; if released, say where and when) OR state that the study did not involve wild animals.
Field-collected samples	<b>Norfield collected samples were ased</b> ollected samples, describe all relevant parameters such as housing, maintenance, temperature, photoperiod and end-of-experiment protocol OR state that the study did not involve samples collected from the field.
Ethics oversight	No ethig approval is necessary for work on obiosen embryos before 14 days of incubation dy protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

## Human research participants

Policy information about studie	is involving human research participants	
Population characteristics	Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."	
Recruitment	Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.	
Ethics oversight	Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.	

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

## Clinical data

Policy information about <u>clinical studies</u> All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE <u>guidelines for publication of clinical research</u> and a completed <u>CONSORT checklist</u> must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration	
Study protocol	Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.
Data collection	Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.
Outcomes	Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

### Dual use research of concern

Policy information about dual use research of concern

#### Hazards

Could the accidental, deliberate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented in the manuscript, pose a threat to:

No	Yes			
х	Public he	ealth		
x	National	security		
x	Crops and	nd/or livestock		
x	x Ecosystems			
x	Any othe	er significant area		
Oth	er impacts	Describe any other significant impacts.		

Hazards

Please describe the agents/technologies/information that may pose a threat, including any agents subject to oversight for dual use research of

For examples of agents subject to oversight, see the United States Government Policy for Institutional Oversight of Life Sciences Dual Use Research of Concern.

#### Experiments of concern

Does the work involve any of these experiments of concern:

No Yes
x Demonstrate how to render a vaccine ineffective
X Confer resistance to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents
x Enhance the virulence of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent
x Increase transmissibility of a pathogen
x     Alter the host range of a pathogen
x       Enable evasion of diagnostic/detection modalities
x Enable the weaponization of a biological agent or toxin
x       Any other potentially harmful combination of experiments and agents
Other combinations Describe any other potentially harmful combination(s) of experiments and agents.

#### Precautions and benefits

Biosecurity precautions	Describe the precautions that were taken during the design and conduct of this research, or will be required in the communication and application of the research, to minimise biosecurity risks. These may include bio-containment facilities, changes to the study design/methodology or redaction of details from the manuscript.
Biosecurity oversight	Describe any evaluations and oversight of biosecurity risks of this work that you have received from people or organizations outside of your immediate team.
Benefits	Describe the benefits that application or use of this work could bring, including benefits that may mitigate risks to public health, national security, or the health of crops, livestock or the environment.
Communication benefits	Describe whether the benefits of communicating this information outweigh the risks, and if so, how.

### ChIP-seq

#### Data deposition

 $\bigvee$  Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links May remain private before publication. fittps://www.inetofinitioningov/rgeoRqueicy/acc=@SE21614ts, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.

Files in database submission

rBEDifiles are provided as supplementary tables of the paper bmission.

**RUCSC/(mm110):** to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.

#### Methodology

Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement. All sequencing data are single-end ChIP-seq data. Each read has 36 bp in length.
Sequencing depth	Myod replicate 1 ChIP-seq data has 22M total reads, and 7M uniquely mapped reads. (discarded in the analyses due to low rate of uniquely mapped reads) Myod replicate 2 ChIP-seq data has 28M total reads, and 12M uniquely mapped reads. <i>(uniquely napped reads, uniquely mapped reads, uniquely mapped reads, uniquely mapped reads, and 12M uniquely mapped reads, uniquely mapped reads, uniquely mapped reads, and 12M uniquely mapped reads, uniquely mapped reads, uniquely mapped reads, and 12M uniquely mapped reads, uniquely mapped reads, uniquely mapped reads, and 3M uniquely mapped reads, and 3M uniquely mapped reads, uniquely mapped reads, and 3M uniquely mapped reads. (discarded in the analyses because of low seq-quality Smad3 replicate 2 ChIP-seq data has 18M total reads, and 8M uniquely mapped reads.</i>
Antibodies	D_All procedures for ChIP-sequere described in the Mullen-et-al- (Cell-2011) printed Smad3 antibodies (Abcamcab28379), Smad2/3 (Celt from D. Wotten), Myod1 (Santa Cruz Bio, sc760). number.
Peak calling parameters	Bowtie2 -k2 -N1 -L32end-to-end -p 4phred33 -x Bowtie2Index -U ChIP.fg 1>ChIP.sam 2>ChIP.log macs2/calipeak tsample:bam -c Igg_control.band BAM G mm -n sample -bw 300 /g 000 / LB. peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.
Data quality	FastQC tool is used to evaluate the data quality. For Myod replicate 2 ChIP-seq data 4510 peaks found with FDR<0.01 and >5 fold enrichment. For Smad3 replicate 2 ChIP-seq data, 1687 peaks found with FDR<0.01 and >5 fold enrichment.
Software	Bowtie2 version 2.1.0 and MACS2 version 2.0.10 softwares the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

### Flow Cytometry

#### Plots

Confirm that:

The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).

The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).

All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.

A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

#### Methodology

Sample preparation	Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.
Instrument	Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.
Cell population abundance	Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.
Gating strategy	Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

### Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design	
Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.
Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.
Behavioral performance measures	State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).

#### Acquisition

Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.	
Field strength	Specify in Tesla	
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.	
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.	
Diffusion MRI Used	Not used	
Parameters Specify # of directions, b-values, whether single shell or multi-shell, and if cardiac gating was used.		
Preprocessing		
1 0	Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, egmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).	
-	f data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for ransformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.	
1	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. riginal Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.	

physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).

Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and

Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.

Noise and artifact removal

Volume censoring

#### Statistical modeling & inference

1 0 .	ecify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and cond levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).			
	fine precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether IOVA or factorial designs were used.			
Specify type of analysis: Whol	e brain ROI-based Both			
Anatomi	cal location(s) Describe how anatomical locations were determined (e.g. specify whether automated labeling algorithms or probabilistic atlases were used).			
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u> )	ecify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.			
Correction	scribe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).			
Models & analysis				
n/a       Involved in the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the study       Image: State of the study         Image: State of the s				
Functional and/or effective connect	ivity Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).			
Graph analysis	Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).			
Multivariate modeling and predictiv	e analysis Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.			

