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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section

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n/a	Confirmed
	$oxed{oxed}$ The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	🔀 A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
	A description of all covariates tested
	🔀 A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.
\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
\boxtimes	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	igstyle Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

Provide a description of all commercial, open source and custom code used to collect the data in this study, specifying the version used OR state that no software was used.

Data analysis

Provide a description of all commercial, open source and custom code used to analyse the data in this study, specifying the version used OR state that no software was used.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

 $All \ manuscripts \ must \ include \ a \ \underline{data \ availability \ statement}. \ This \ statement \ should \ provide \ the \ following \ information, \ where \ applicable:$

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The datasets generated and analyzed for the current study are available from the corresponding author upon reasonable request at amy.pinkham@utdallas.edu.

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Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				
Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences			
For a reference copy of the docum	ent with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>			
Behavioural	& social sciences study design			
All studies must disclose or	these points even when the disclosure is negative.			
Study description	Data are quantitative, cross-sectional survey responses.			
Research sample	163 individuals with severe mental illness (SMI; 94 with schizophrenia spectrum illnesses and 69 with affective disorders) and 27 psychiatrically healthy comparison participants. Approximately half of the sample was male, and average age was 39 years.			
Sampling strategy	Participants were recruited from three parent studies of SMI, and 68.3% of individuals in those parent studies participated here.			
Data collection	Data were collected via verbal surveys. Interviewers were blind to the specific study hypotheses.			
Timing	Data were collected between April 3, 2020 and June 4, 2020.			
Data exclusions	No data were excluded.			
Non-participation	31.7% of participants in the parent studies did not participate here. The vast majority (approximately 95%) of these individuals did not participate because we were unable to contact them. The remaining 5% were active refusals for various reasons (e.g., too busy).			

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

This was not an experiment and participants were therefore not randomized to a condition.

Ma	terials & experimental systems	Methods		
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study		
\boxtimes	Antibodies	ChIP-seq		
\boxtimes	Eukaryotic cell lines	Flow cytometry		
\boxtimes	Palaeontology and archaeology	MRI-based neuroimaging		
\boxtimes	Animals and other organisms	·		
	Human research participants			
\boxtimes	Clinical data			
\boxtimes	Dual use research of concern			

Human research participants

Randomization

Recruitment

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics See above.

Participants were recruited through online advertisements and/or flyers at outpatient clinics. Survey responders were more likely to be female and to have more years of education relative to non-responders. Our sample may therefore not be fully representative of those with SMI and findings may not be generalizable beyond comparatively stable outpatients with SMI.

Ethics oversight The IRBs of the University of California, San Diego (UCSD), the University of Miami (UM), and The University of Texas at Dallas (UTD).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript. \\