



Supplemental materials: Integrin α 3 β 1 promotes invasive and metastatic properties of breast cancer cells through induction of the Brn-2 transcription factor.

Rakshitha Pandulal Miskin¹, Janine S. A. Warren², Abibatou Ndoye³, Lei Wu³, John M. Lamar², and C. Michael DiPersio^{2,3*}

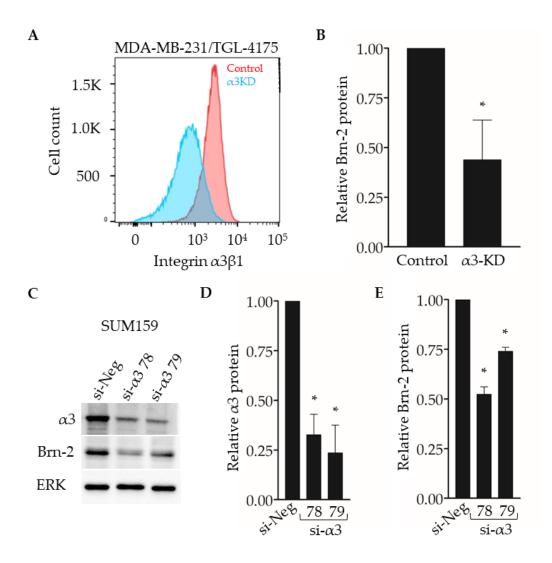


Figure S1. Suppression of integrin α 3 β 1 decreases Brn-2 protein in the TGL-4175 variant of MDA-MB-231 line, and in SUM159 cells. (A) Flow cytometry using monoclonal antibody, P1B5, to compare cell surface levels of integrin α 3 in TGL-4175 cells that stably express either non-targeting shRNA (Control) or α 3-targeting shRNA (α 3KD). (B) Western blot quantification of relative Brn-2 protein in α 3KD TGL-4175 cells relative to control. (C) Representative western blots for integrin α 3,

Brn-2 or ERK (loading control) in SUM159 cells transiently transfected with negative control siRNA (si-Neg) or with two distinct siRNAs that target integrin α 3 (si- α 3 78, si- α 3 79). Data are quantified in (D) and (E), respectively, relative to control; n=3; mean +/- SEM; *p<0.05; two-tailed T-test (B) or two-tailed T-test with Bonferroni correction (D, E).

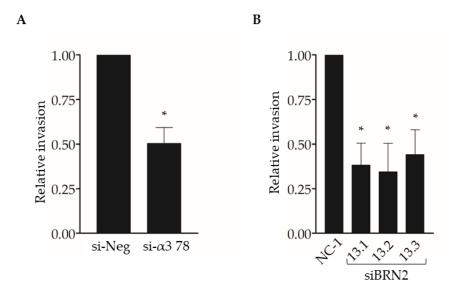


Figure S2. RNAi-targeting of integrin α 3 or *BRN2* reduces SUM159 cell invasion. Matrigel transwell invasion assays were performed using SUM159 cells transfected with (A) non-targeting siRNA (si-Neg) or integrin α 3-targeting siRNA (si- α 3 78) and (B) non-targeting dicer-substrate siRNA (NC-1) or *BRN2*-targeting dicer-substrate siRNA (si*BRN2* 13.1, 13.2, or 13.3). Graphs show invasion of α 3-knockdown cells (A) or Brn-2 knockdown cells (B) relative to control cells; n=3; mean +/- SEM; *p<0.05; two-tailed T-test (A) or two-tailed T-test with Bonferroni correction (B).

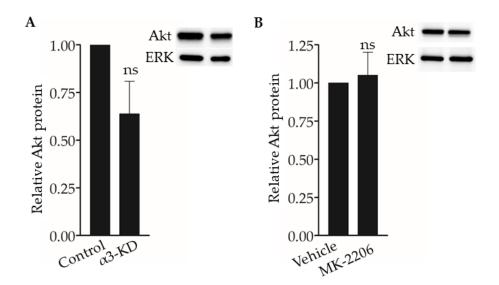


Figure S3. Suppression of integrin α 3 β 1 or treatment with MK-2206 does not significantly alter total Akt protein levels in MDA-MB-231 cells. (A, B) Representative western blots and corresponding graphs show Akt levels in (A) α 3KD cells relative to control cells, and (B) MDA-MB-231 cells treated with MK-2206 relative to vehicle-treated cells; n=3; mean +/- SEM; *p<0.05; two-tailed T-test.

Figure S4: Uncropped Western blotting figures Integrin α3β1 promotes invasive and metastatic properties of breast cancer cells through induction of the Brn-2 transcription factor

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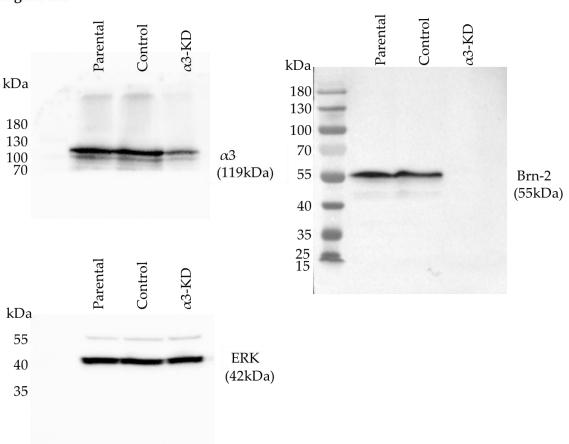


Figure 3A

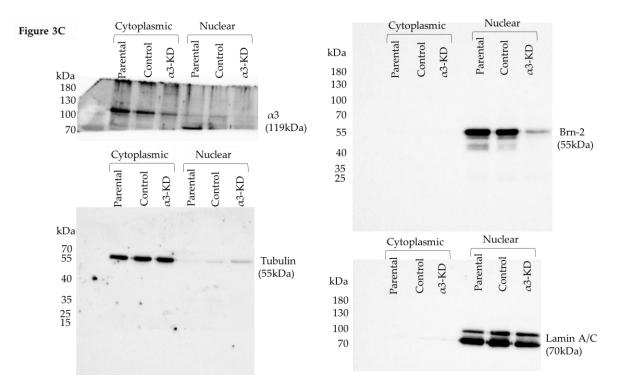
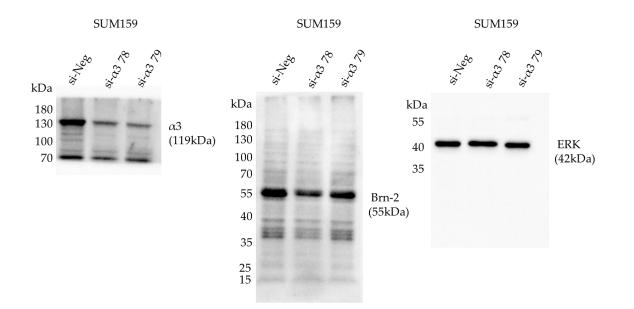
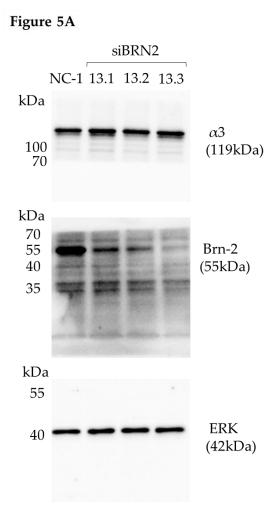
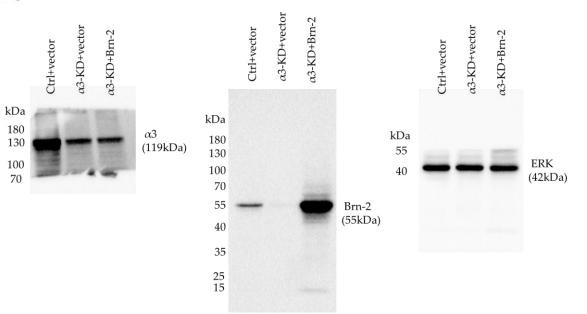


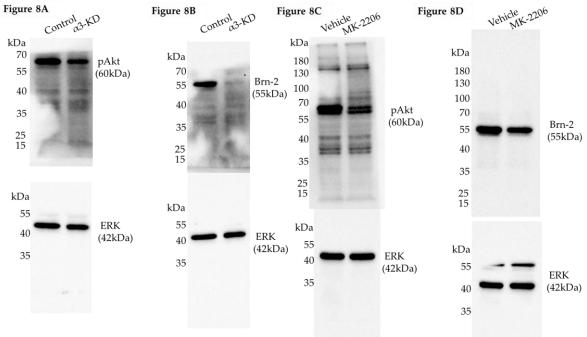
Figure S1C

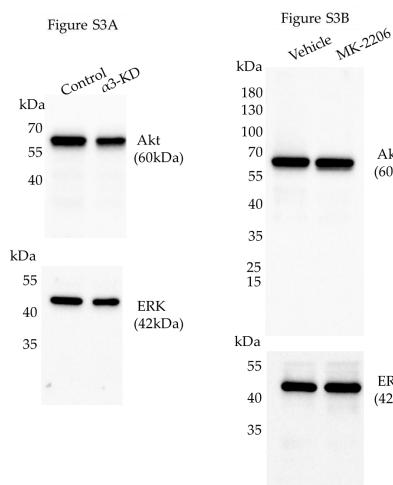














ERK

(42kDa)