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Last updated by author(s):	2020/12/12

Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

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FOL	an statisticai ar	lalyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.			
n/a	Confirmed				
	🗶 The exact	sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement			
	🗶 A statem	ent on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly			
	The statis Only comn	stical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided non tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.			
×	A descrip	tion of all covariates tested			
	🗶 A descrip	tion of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons			
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.				
×	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
X	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
×	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated				
Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.					
Software and code					
Poli	cy information	about <u>availability of computer code</u>			
Da	ita collection	N/A			
Da	ita analysis	Protein Prospector software (UCSF), Maxquant/Perseus, Skyline, RACKJ, DEseq2,STAR, Phylogeny and MUSCLE web tool of EMBL-EBI, PrDOS,AtCAST3.1,ImageJ			
Form	nanuscripts utilizin	g custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not vet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and			

Data

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

We have added accession codes into the respective method parts and have a separate Data availability statement. The source data for figure 2, 4, 5, 6, supplemental figure 4, 6, 9 and 16 are provided as a Source Data file.

Field-specific reporting					
Please select the c	one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				
X Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences				
For a reference copy of	the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf				
Life sciences study design					
All studies must di	sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.				
Sample size	We performed 3 biological replicates for qPCR, RT-PCR, RNA-seq, RNA-IP, CHIP and label-free IP-MS, as well as reverse labeling (2 biological replicates) for labeled IP-MS, following conventional experimental design in the field. For counting rosette leaf numbers to determine flowering time, we use n>12 for each genotype, which have been shown to be sufficient for determining flowering time in previous studies.				
Data exclusions	No data exclusion				
Replication	All replicates were successful				
Randomization	Not applicable				
Blinding	Not applicable				
Reportin	ng for specific materials, systems and methods				
	ion from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, sted is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.				
Materials & ex	perimental systems Methods				
n/a Involved in t	he study n/a Involved in the study				
Antibodie	S ChIP-seq				
x Eukaryotio	c cell lines				
X Palaeontology and archaeology X MRI-based neuroimaging					
Animals and other organisms					
Human research participants					
Clinical da					
Dual use research of concern					
Antihodies					

Antibodies used

ACINUS antibody, GFP nanobody(antibody), GFP antibody

Validation

ACINUS antibody was tested by comparing WT and acinus mutants, as well as Immunoprecipitation (IP) followed by mass spectrometric analysis. GFP antibody is a home-made antibody and has been tested with western for multiple GFP-fusion protein and with IP. GFP nanobody was from a publication (Fridy et al, Nature Method, 2014)