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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

| Statistics | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section. | | | |
| n/a Confirmed | | | |
| The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement | | | |
| A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly | | | |
| The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section. | | | |
| A description of all covariates tested | | | |
| A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons | | | |
| A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals) | | | |
| For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i> | | | |
| For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings | | | |
| For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes | | | |
| Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated | | | |
| Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above. | | | |
| Software and code | | | |
| Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u> | | | |
| Data collection No custom software was used in this study | | | |
| Data analysis Software used: BWA (WGS: v0.7.15-r1140; WES: v0.5.9-r26-dev & v0.7.12-r1039), Picard tools 1.65 (broadinstitute.github.io/picard/), Bambino, CREST (v1.0), StrongARM pipeline, CICERO (v0.3.0), Chimerascan (v0.4.5), BWA (v0.7.12) MEM algorithm, Rsamtools (v1.30.0), VarScan2 (v2.3.5), CONSERTING, Samtools (v1.1 & 1.2), DNAcopy R package, MutSigCV, Trim Galore (v0.4.4), biobambam2 (2.0.87), macs2 (v2.1.1) | | | |
| For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information. | | | |

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

Genomic data have been deposited in the European Genome-Phenome Archive (EGA), which is hosted by the European Bioinformatics Institute (EBI), under accession EGAS00001004850 [https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ega/studies/EGAS00001004850] and St. Jude Cloud [https://pecan.stjude.cloud/permalink/tMN]. Other publicly available datasets used for CD34+ cell super-enchancer analysis are deposited in Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) [https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/] under the accession numbers GSE104579 [https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE104579], GSM772885 [https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE104579], and GSE74912 [https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi]. Also used: NHLBI GO Exome Sequencing Project [http://evs.gs.washington.edu/EVS/]; 1000 genomes [http://www.internationalgenome.org]; ExAC non-TCGA version [http://exac.broadinstitute.org/], and GRCh37/hg19 human genome assembly

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| Life sciences | ☐ Behavioural & social sciences ☐ Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences |
| For a reference copy of | the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf |
| | |
| Life scier | nces study design |
| All studies must dis | sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative. |
| Sample size | No sample size calculation was performed. Those tMN patients with appropriate informed consent and available material in the St. Jude Children's Research Hospital Tissue Bank were included in this study. Pediatric tMN is a rare disorder accounting for $^{\sim}1\%$ of pediatric patient treated for primary malignancies. The sample size used reflects tMN all available cases with material banked at our single institution with appropriate consent. This study provides a sampling of pediatric tMN from a single institution over approximately 2 decades. |
| Data exclusions | There are no data exclusions. |
| Replication | Given the nature of using banked patient material from diseases with very poor outcomes it was impossible to single each case and each timepoint more than once. Therefore, replicates were not completed for WGS, WES, or RNASeq, though orthogonal methods for confirming findings such has immunohistochemistry and RNASeq expression data were use to confirm a finding. Further, a selected panel of recurrently mutated genes in MDS was used for capture based sequencings (TWIST) to validate findings from WGS and WES. |
| Randomization | There was no randomization, as this study was not comparing any experimental groups, but rather characterizing one group. |
| Blinding | Blinding was not relevant to our study given that there were no experimental groups other than the whole cohort (pediatric tMN) being |

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

| Materials & experimental systems | Methods |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| n/a Involved in the study | n/a Involved in the study |
| Antibodies | ChIP-seq |
| Eukaryotic cell lines | Flow cytometry |
| Palaeontology | MRI-based neuroimaging |
| Animals and other organisms | 34 (C.) • 10 (C.) |
| Human research participants | |
| Clinical data | |
| | |

Antibodies

Antibodies used MECOM IHC antibody: C50E12, Cell Signaling Technology, dilution = 1:500

Validation Shown to bind MECOM in multiple cell lines on the manufacturer's website (www.cellsignal.com), original citation is PMID: 29939287

Eukaryotic cell lines

| Policy information about <u>cell lines</u> | |
|---|--|
| Cell line source(s) | ATCC (cat.# CCL-243) |
| Authentication | Our K562 cell line has been karyotyped at SJCRH (10/20/2017), with a complex karyotype consistent with that previously reported. |
| Mycoplasma contamination | Our K562 cell line has not recently been tested for mycoplasma. |
| Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register) | None listed on the ICLAC register |

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

| Population characteristics | All tMN patients with appropriate informed consent and with available stored material in the St. Jude Children's Research | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| | Hospital's Tissue Bank were included. The characteristics of the patient's used are listed in Supplementary Table 1 and Figure 1a. | |
| | None of those word used as an experimental acceptable with the subject of the subject of | |

None of these were used as an experimental covariant at the outset of the study.

Recruitment All tMN patients with appropriate informed consent and with available stored material in the St. Jude Children's Research Hospital's Tissue Bank were included. Therefore, potential self-selection bias may be present given that there is likely some pediatric tMN cases during the time period in question that did not consent to having material banked. This self-selection bias

should have negligible effects on any data presented in the manuscript. There was no recruitment of individuals for this study.

Ethics oversight St. Jude Children's Research Hospital Institutional Review Board.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.