Please indicate the correct answer by putting  $\sqrt{or x}$  in the correct  $\square$  or write the correct answer in the dotted box

White fields are filled in by a volunteer, gray fields are filled in by a doctor

Date of completing the questionnaire			Form no (filled in by the doctor)		
First name	Last name	Birth date			
Contact phone nur	nber:				
Contact address					
Sex W□/M□	Age	sex <b>W</b> □ / <b>M</b> □	Age	BMI	
Do you smoke cig	arettes or other to	bacco?			
☐ YES, from	years, around	cigarettes a day			
☐ I have smoked i	n the past (period	of abstinence minim	um 6 months)	Pack Years	
years, arou	ndcigarett	es a day			
□NO					
Has anyone in you	ır family (parents,	siblings, grandparen	ts) suffered from	asthma or other	
allergic diseases, i	f so who?				
□allergic rhinitis .	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••		
□has diagnosed no	osakto polyps			······	
□allergic conjunct	ivitis				
Atopic dermatitis	who				
Other allergic dise	eases, such as		who?		
Thank you, the re	est of the section is	s to be completed onl	ly by the doctor		
Performed	tests (completed b	y the doctor):	1	genetic tests (3 tubes nl for EDTA)	
$\Box$ morphology $\Box$ CRP $\Box$ morphology $\Box$ C		□ CRP	□ morphology		
Study group (to be completed by a doctor):					
Severe asthma			Severe asthma  OMA		
FEV1 resting	□≥65%	FEV1 re	ecting	⊇65%	
TEVI Testing	□<65%	TEVIIC	Joining	<65%	
Asthma beginning	; □<40 y	Asthma	beginning	□<40 y	

1.	At what age did asthma symptoms appear (wheezing, shortness of breath, cough)				
	□<3 y				
	□3-7 у				
	□7-16 y				
	□16-40 y				
	□> 40 y				
2.	The year of asthma recog	gnition (by the doctor):			
3.	exacerbations, oral or int	vere (persistent symptoms desprayenous steroids, hospitalizat		requent	
	year	□ n/a		1	
4.	In the last 4 weeks:			YES	NO
1)	Have asthma symptoms cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, tightness in the chest (at least one symptom) more than 2 weeks?				
2)					
3)	Did you experience asthma symptoms at night: cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, chest tightness (at least one of the symptoms)?				
4)	Due to asthma symptoms did the patient use a reliever medication (SABA) more than twice a week?				
5) is the PEF or FEV1 value <80% of the predicted or maximum personal best score?					
Asthma control according to GINA					
	□ controlled □ partly controlled □ uncontrolled				

5	Have there been severe exacerbations in the last year (requiring the use of oral or intravenous steroids, ambulance service, help at the Emergency Department or Emergency Room or hospitalization)?				
	☐ There hasn't been in the last year				
	☐ There was 1				
	☐ There were 2				
	☐ There have been 3 or more in the las	t year He is now			
If the	re were severe exacerbations:				
5a.	How many times during the last year very A&E, IP, visit to the clinic with intravershospitalization)? (give me a number):.	enous / intramuscular / nebu	• '		
5b.	Number of additional unplanned medic number):	cal visits in the last year (ple	ease enter the		
5c.	Number of hospitalizations in the last	year (provide the number): .			
5d.	Have you had a life-threatening asthmatic incident in the past (need for intubation, adrenaline use, loss of consciousness during an asthma attack due to breathlessness?  □ NO □ YES				
.5.	Please list all your CURRENT asthma	medications - inhaled and c	oral		
	Drug name	Dose	Times a day		
	1)	mcg/mg/g/amp			
	2)	mcg/mg/g/amp			
	3)	mcg/mg/g/amp			
	4)	mcg/mg/g/amp	•••••		
	5)	mcg/mg/g/amp			
	6)	mcg/mg/g/amp			
6.	Has the patient been using systemic glamonths (or was it necessary to use then NO YES, dose of prednisone call	n for most days in the period			

7.	Does the patient take inhaled glucocorticoids as a single component or a combined drug for maintenance treatment?					
	□ NO □ YES, a dose of BDP-CFC calculation/daymcg/mg					
8	Is the patient taking LABA (ultraLABA) maintenance therapy as a single component or a combination drug?  □ NO □ YES □formoterol□salmeterol□ other					
9	•	ent taking SAMA or YES, □ipratropium		er		
10		ent taking anti-leukot YES □ montelukast		er		
11.	Is the patient taking anti IgE?  □ NO □ YES the month dosemg					
		Treatment i	ntensity according	g to GINA		
	l degree	□ 2 degree	□ 3 degree	☐ 4 degree	□ 5 d	legree
12.	Do	you suffer from			YES	NO
	a) f	or allergic rhinitis				
	b) h	nas nasal polyps				
	c) a	llergic conjunctivitis	S			
	d) a	ntopic dermatitis e) o	ther allergic diseas	ses		
	d) atopic dermatitis e) other allergic diseases  others					
	otne	ers				

13.	Have you ever experienced any side effects after taking painkillers / anti- inflammatory / antipyretic drugs, e.g. aspirin?				
	□NO	$\square$ YES,	$\square$ I am not sure		
	if yes:				
	a) after which drug:				
	b) what symptoms				
	c) after what time of drug				
	d) how man	ny times			
	e) when the	e last time	year		
	f) did the doctor diagnosed hypersensitivity to non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs				
	$\square$ NO $\square$ YES, $\square$ I am not sure				
	g) Was a pr	rovocation w	ith this drug performed by a doctor?		
	□NO	□ YES,	$\square$ I am not sure		

1) Over the past 4 weeks, how often did your asthma stop you from perform your usual activities at work, at school, university or at home?	ning
·	
Always (1)	
Very common (2)	
Sometimes (3)	
Rare (4)	
No	
2) How often in the last 4 weeks have you felt short of breath?	
More than once a day (1)	
Once a day (2)	
3 to 6 times a week (3)	
Once or twice a week (4)	
No (5)	
3) How often in the last 4 weeks have you been waking up earlier than usua	ıl
during the night or morning due to asthma-related symptoms (such as whee	zing,
coughing, shortness of breath, chest tightness or pain)?	
□4 nights a week or more (1)	
□2 to 3 nights a week (2)	
□Once a week (3)	
□One or two (4)	
□No (5) 4)	
4) How often have you used your fast-acting 'reliever inhaler' in the last 4 w	veeks?
□3 times a day or more (1)	
$\Box 1$ or 2 times a day (2)	
$\Box$ 2 or 3 times a week (3)	
□Once a week or less (4)	
□No (5)	
5) How would you rate your asthma control over the past 4 weeks?	
□ Not controlled at all (1)	
□Limely controlled (2)	
☐ Moderately controlled (3)	
□ Well controlled (4)	
□ Fully controlled (5)	

15.	Result of the test:
13.	□25 points - asthma is fully controlled
	□ 20 - 24 points - asthma is well controlled
	□ ≤ 19 points - inadequately controlled asthma

#### Thank you, the rest of the section is to be completed only by the doctor

	Wyniki badań dodatkowych alergologicznych				
16.	Skin prick tests:				
	☐ the study was performed during th	e visit.			
	☐ the historical result				
	□ positive, including house dust mite	e from RodzDer.	p		
	□ positive but negative for house due	st mites from Ro	dzDer.p		
	☐ negative result				
17.	Detailed test results:	positive	negative	not done	
	House dust mites Der.p				
	House dust mites Der.f				
	Pantry mites				
	Grasses				
	Rye				
	Birch				
	Hazel				
	Alder				
	Mugwort				
	Cat				
	Dog				
	Cladosporium				
	Alternaria				
	Others				

18.	Resting spirometry				
	☐ the examination was performed at the visit ☐ historical result, date				
	Was the recommended wash-out times of the drugs observed?				
	□ YES □ NO, comment				
	FEV1 [L] FVC [L]				
	FEV1 [% wn] FVC [%wn]				
	FEV1/FVC				
	Diastolic test				
	☐ the examination was performed at the visit ☐ historical result, date				
	FEV1 [L] FVC [L]				
	FEV1 [% wn] FVC [%wn]				
	Δ FEV1[%]				
	Δ FEV1 [ml]				
	FEV1/FVC				
	Reversible obstruction   YES   NO				
	Diastolic test positive ☐ YES ☐ NO				
	Dalsza część tylko dla pacjentów chorych na astmę				
19.	Has the patient had a total serum IgE test measured?				
	□ NO □ YESIU/ml				
	Has the patient been tested for Der.p. specific IgE?				
	□ NO □ YESIU/ml				
	Class				

20.	Diagnosis of bronchial asthma: year of diagnosis
	Recognized on the basis of (select all items that were relevant in this case)
	□ an interview
	☐ a pharmacological test
	☐ diastolic test
	☐ diurnal variability of PEF
	□ bronchial hyperresponsiveness test
	□ other methods, such as
	ATS diagnosis criteria for severe asthma (at least one large and two small)

The end				
□ YES □ NO				
21. Does the patient's asthma meet the ATS criteria for severe asthma?				
g) A history of a life-threatening asthma attack				
a) A histomy of a life throatening authors attact				
□ YES □ NO				
f) Immediate deterioration after ≤25% dose reduction of oral or inhaled glucocorticoids				
□ YES □ NO				
e) ≥ 3 per year of oral GCS insertions				
□ YES □ NO				
d) $\geq$ 1 visit to the HED / emergency room / emergency room due to asthma				
□ YES □ NO				
c) Persistent airway obstruction (FEV1 <80% predicted, daily variability in PEF> 20%)				
□ YES □ NO				
b) Asthma symptoms requiring SABA use every day or almost every day				
theophylline or LTRA)  □ YES □ NO				
a) Need for additional daily treatment with a controlling medication (e.g. LABA,				
dose of another GCS]; (large criterion according to ATS 2000)  □ YES □ NO				
2) Necessary use of high doses of GCS [> 1200 μg / d of budesonide or an equivalent				
□ YES □ NO				
1) Therapy with permanent or almost permanent (≥50% of the year) use of oral glucocorticosteroids (high criterion according to ATS 2000)				
1) The second of				