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Last updated by author(s): Feb 4, 2021

Reporting Summary

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Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods
section. n/a Confirmed
The exact sample size (<i>n</i>) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured
repeatedly The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided
Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
A description of all covariates tested
A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
🔲 📉 For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of
outcomes Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated
Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.
Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer

code Data collectian data employed in this study were obtained from the BrainMap database (www.brainmap.org), an on-line repository of data gleaned by hand curation from the peer-reviewed, English language literature which reported voxel-wise, whole-brain studies and tabulated significant effects using 3-D coordinates referable to an established brain atlas space (either Talairach or MNI). Independent component analyses were performed using the MELODIC (multivariate exploratory linear optimized decomposition into Data analysis

independent components) function of the FSL (FMRIB Software Library) analytic package. Statistical analysis code used to generate figures is shared at TJV's github page (https://github.com/tvanasse/brainmap_structure_function_2020). Software packages including Nilearn (version 0.6.0b), Nibabel (version 2.5.1), and Nipype(version 1.4.2) were utilized.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

BrainMap data are publicly accessible at www.brainmap.org. ICA-computed component maps and average metadata component loading correlations can be downloaded at BrainMap's affiliated publication repository (http://brainmap.org/pubs/). Intermediate, per-experiment data formats used in ICA computation (modeled atrophy maps and modeled-activation maps) are available upon reasonable request via execution of a data-use agreement and with investigator support

Field-specific reporting

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Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is

negative. Sample	Sigo coordinate-based meta-analyses were performed using independent components analysis (ICA): 1) a functional ICA was performed on task-activation data; 2) a structural ICA was performed on voxel-based morphometry data. All data were drawn from the BrainMap database (www.brainmap.org) of published coordinate-reporting studies, using all available data with limited exclusions (see below). The functional ICA included N=7,865 experiments; the structural ICA included N=2,002 experiments.
Data exclusions	Data exclusions were made at the per-experiment level for redundancy (duplicate entries). Data exclusions were made at the per-category level for meta-data categories (either behavioral or by disease) containing < 10 experiments. Functional data utilized were limited to studies reporting on healthy control subjects, excluding task-activation studies in patient populations.
Replication	Independent components analysis was performed on two entirely distinct data sets (functional and structural) which were then compared for similarity. That is, the experimental design was a replication, testing whether structural pathology network architecture (a newer construct) recapitulated physiological network architecture (an established construct).
Randomization	Not applicable.
Blinding	Not applicable.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems

n/a	Involved in the study		
\times		Antibodies	
\sim		Eukaryotic cell lines	
\square		Palaeontology and	
\times		archaeology Animals and other	
\times		organisms Human research	
\times		participants Clinical data	
\times		Dual use research of concern	
\times			

Methods

n/a	Involved in the study
\times	ChIP-seq
\times	Flow cytometry
\ge	MRI-based neuroimaging

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April 2020