Additional file 1

Supplementary figures S1-5

gapseq: informed prediction of bacterial metabolic pathways and reconstruction of accurate metabolic models

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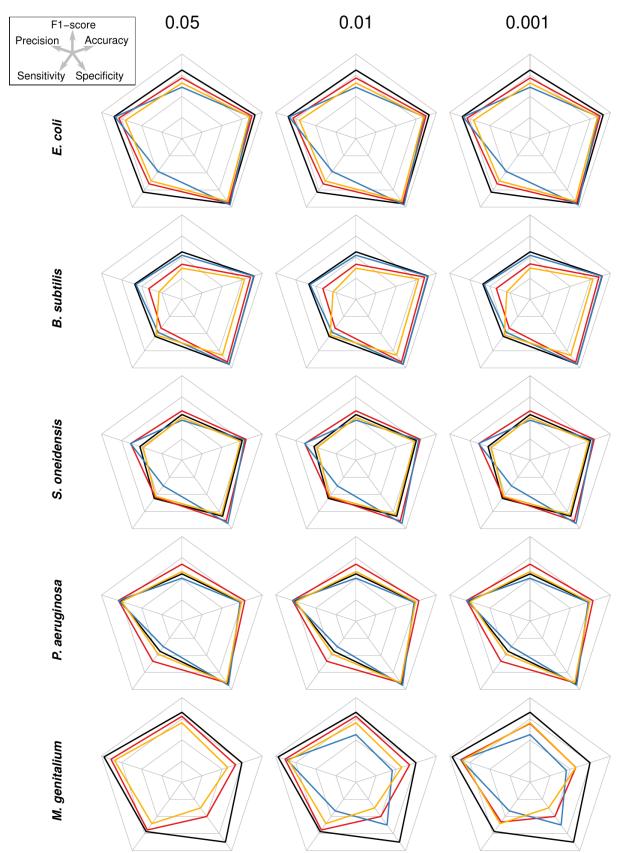


Fig S1 – Results from gene essentiality tests for three different growth rate thresholds. Genes were predicted to be essential if the predicted growth rate of the respective gene knock-out strain was below 0.05 hr⁻¹, 0.01 hr⁻¹ or 0.001 hr⁻¹. Charts in second column (0.01 hr⁻¹) represent the same results as in Figure 2. The radar chart axes display results for five test scores (see top left legend). Axes scales are linear with 0 in the centre and 1 at the corners. The essentiality tests were not feasible with the cutoff 0.05 hr⁻¹ for the *M. genitalium* CarveMe reconstruction, as the predicted growth without knockouts was already below this threshold (0.034 hr⁻¹).

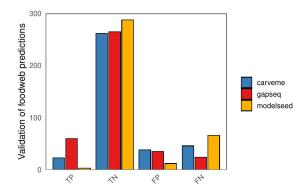


Fig S2 – Validation of substance production and consumption in anaerobic gut communities as referred to Additional file 2: Table S4.

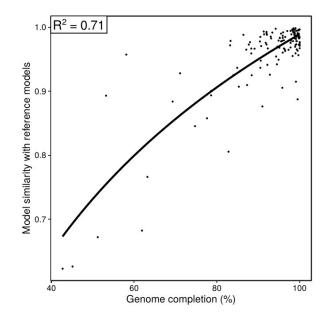


Fig S3 – Similarity of *gapseq* models reconstructed for 127 species-level genome bins (SGBs) from metagenomes compared to models reconstructed for reference genomes (RefSeq Prokaryotic Genomes). The x-axis represents the genome assembly completion of SGBs estimated using the BUSCO software version 4.0.6 (Simao *et al.* (2015, Bioinformatics)). The line shows the result of non-linear regression using a logarithmic function of form y(x)=c+b*log(x). Sequences of SGBs were obtained from Pasolli *et al.* (2019, *Cell*).

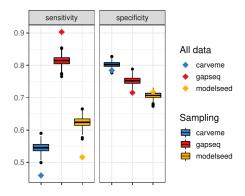


Fig S4 – Re-sampling test of enzyme prediction. Evaluation of enzyme predictions using a re-sampling test (500 iterations), where equal numbers of tests (n=100) for each EC number contributed to the evaluation statistics. Distribution of sensitivity and specificity of CarveMe, ModelSEED, and *gapseq* predictions of sampled data are shown (boxplot) compared with the original data (rhombus).

Fig S5 – Predicted metabolite production and consumption in an anaerobic microbial community using CarveMe, *gapseq*, and ModelSEED model reconstructions. Predictions are based on an agent-based dynamic simulation using the BacArena package within R and shown for all 7 time steps of the simulation.

(see next page)

