

SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Table S1. Overview of criteria used to define ECG abnormalities.

ECG Abnormalities	Criteria
LVH ³²	Sokolow-Lyon criteria: S wave in lead V1 and R wave in leads V5–V6 (largest) ≥ 35 mm Cornell voltage criteria: S wave in lead V3 and R wave in lead aVL > 28 mm (male) or > 20 mm (female) Requiring absence of: RBBB, LBBB, and IVCD
Atrial fibrillation/flutter ¹⁹	Fibrillation or flutter waves with irregular or regular RR intervals, respectively
First-degree AV block ¹⁹	PR interval > 200 ms
RBBB ¹⁹	QRS duration > 120 ms rSR' pattern in leads V1–V2 S-wave duration $>$ R-wave duration or > 40 ms in leads I and V6 Normal R peak in leads V5–V6 but > 50 ms in lead V1
Incomplete RBBB ¹⁹	QRS duration < 120 ms RBBB pattern
LBBB ¹⁹	QRS duration > 120 ms Absent Q waves in leads I and V5–V6 R-wave peak time > 60 ms in leads V5–V6 Notched R wave in leads I, aVL, and V5–V6
Incomplete LBBB ¹⁹	QRS duration < 120 ms LBBB pattern
LAFB ¹⁹	QRS duration < 120 ms Frontal plane axis between -45 and -90 degrees qR pattern in lead aVL R-wave peak time in lead aVL > 45 ms
LPFB ¹⁹	QRS duration < 120 ms Frontal plane axis between 90 and 180 degrees rS pattern in leads I and aVL qR pattern in leads III and aVF
IVCD	QRS duration > 120 ms Requiring absence of: RBBB and LBBB
QTc prolongation ³³	Fridericia-corrected QT interval > 450 ms (male) or > 470 ms (female) Any Q wave in leads V2–V3 > 20 ms or QS complex in leads V2–V3 Q wave ≥ 30 ms and ≥ 1 mm or QS complex in leads I, II, aVL, aVF, or V4–V6 in any two leads of a contiguous lead grouping (I, aVL; V1–V6; II, III, aVF)
Q waves ³⁴	R wave > 40 ms in leads V1–V2 and R/S > 1 with a concordant positive T wave Requiring absence of: LVH, RBBB, LBBB, and IVCD
ST depression or inverted T waves ^{34,35}	New horizontal or downsloping ST depression ≥ 0.5 mm in any two leads of a contiguous lead grouping (I, aVL; V1–V6; II, III, aVF) T-wave inversion > 1 mm in any two leads of a contiguous lead grouping (I, aVL; V1–V6; II, III, aVF) with prominent R wave or R/S ratio > 1 Requiring absence of (in leads V1–V3): RBBB, LBBB, and IVCD
ST elevation ^{34,35,36}	New ST elevation at the J point* in any two leads of a contiguous lead grouping (I, aVL; V1–V6; II, III, aVF) with the cut-off levels:

≥ 1 mm in all leads other than leads V2–V3, where the following cut-off levels apply:
 ≥ 2 mm in male ≥ 40 years
 ≥ 2.5 mm in male < 40 years
 ≥ 1.5 mm in female regardless of age
Requiring absence of (in leads V1–V3):
RBBB, LBBB, IVCD

*Criteria for ST elevation were slightly modified as measurement of the ST segment was performed at QRS offset + 1/16 of the average RR interval, known as the STM point in the 12SL algorithm and equivalent to ~80 ms after QRS offset. STM was chosen instead of the J point as a notched or slurred appearance of the terminal QRS complex (i.e. early repolarization) can make it difficult to define the J point.

Abbreviations: AV, atrioventricular; ECG, electrocardiogram; IVCD, intraventricular conduction disturbance; LVH, left ventricular hypertrophy; QTc, corrected QT; RBBB, right bundle branch block; LAFB, left anterior fascicular block; LBBB, left bundle branch block; LPFB, left posterior fascicular block.

Table S2. Overview of ICD-8, ICD-10, NCSP, and ATC codes used to identify medical comorbidities, procedures, and cardiovascular medications.

Covariates	ICD-8/-10 Codes	NCSP Codes	ATC Codes
Pacemaker/implantable cardioverter-defibrillator	Z95.0	BFCA-B	
Heart failure	425, 427.0-.1; I11.0, I13.0, I13.2, I42, I50, J81		
Coronary artery disease including myocardial infarction	410–414; I20–25	KFNG0, KFNA-E	
Atrial fibrillation/flutter	427.93–.94; I48	BFFB03–04	
Valvular heart disease	394–396, 424.0–.1; I05–06, I34–35	KFK, KFM	
Hypertension	400–404; I10–15		C02–03, C07–09
Hyperlipidemia	279.00; E78.0–.5		C10
Diabetes	250; E10–14		A10
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	490–492; J40–44		R03AC, R03AL, R03AK, R03BB
Chronic kidney disease	250.02, 400.39, 403–404, 581–584, 590.09, 593.20, 753.10–.11, 753.19; I12.0, N02–08, N11–14, N15.8–.9, N16, N18–19, N26, N39.1, M32.1B, Q61, Z99.2	BJFD2	
Diuretics			C03A, C03C, C03EB
ACEIs/ARBs			C09A–D
Beta-blockers			C07

Table S3. Overview of QT-prolonging medications. From <https://www.crediblemeds.org/>. Up to date as of September 01, 2020.

Overall Classes	Individual Medications	ATC Codes
Alimentary tract and metabolism	Cisapride	A03FA02
	Domperidone	A03FA03
	Ondansetron	A04AA01
	Granisetron	A04AA02
	Tropisetron	A04AA03
	Dolasetron	A04AA04
	Palonosetron	A04AA05
	Eliglustat	A16AX10
Blood and blood-forming organs	Cilostazol	B01AC23
	Quinidine	C01BA01
	Procainamide	C01BA02
	Disopyramide	C01BA03
	Hydroquinidine	C01BA13
	Flecainide	C01BC04
	Amiodarone	C01BD01
	Dofetilide	C01BD04
	Ibutilide	C01BD05
	Dronedarone	C01BD07
	Ketanserin	C02KD01
	Sotalol	C07AA07
Cardiovascular system	Isradipine	C08CA03
	Nicardipine	C08CA04
	Lacidipine	C08CA09
	Bepridil	C08EA02
	Moexipril	C09AA13
	Probucol	C10AX02
	Mifepristone	G03XB01
	Terodiline	G04BD05
	Tolterodine	G04BD07
	Mirabegron	G04BD12
	Vardenafil	G04BE09
	Alfuzosin	G04CA01
Genitourinary system and sex hormones	Terlipressin	H01BA04
	Oxytocin	H01BB02
	Carbetocin	H01BB03
	Pasireotide	H01CB05
	Osilodrostat	H02CA02
	Erythromycin	J01FA01
Antiinfectives		

Roxithromycin	J01FA06
Clarithromycin	J01FA09
Azithromycin	J01FA10
Telithromycin	J01FA15
Ofloxacin	J01MA01
Ciprofloxacin	J01MA02
Norfloxacin	J01MA06
Sparfloxacin	J01MA09
Grepafloxacin	J01MA11
Levofloxacin	J01MA12
Moxifloxacin	J01MA14
Gemifloxacin	J01MA15
Gatifloxacin	J01MA16
Telavancin	J01XA03
Lefamulin	J01XX12
Fluconazole	J02AC01
Bedaquiline	J04AK05
Delamanid	J04AK06
Clofazimine	J04BA01
Saquinavir	J05AE01
Efavirenz	J05AG03
Rilpivirine	J05AG05
Lopinavir and ritonavir	J05AR10
Fluorouracil	L01BC02
Capecitabine	L01BC06
Epirubicin	L01DB03
Aclarubicin	L01DB04
Oxaliplatin	L01XA03
Necitumumab	L01XC22
Inotuzumab ozogamicin	L01XC26
Sunitinib	L01XE04
Sorafenib	L01XE05
Dasatinib	L01XE06
Lapatinib	L01XE07
Nilotinib	L01XE08
Pazopanib	L01XE11
Vandetanib	L01XE12
Bosutinib	L01XE14
Vemurafenib	L01XE15
Crizotinib	L01XE16
Dabrafenib	L01XE23
Cabozantinib	L01XE26
Ceritinib	L01XE28
Lenvatinib	L01XE29
Osimertinib	L01XE35
Cobimetinib	L01XE38

Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

	Midostaurin	L01XE39
	Ribociclib	L01XE42
	Encorafenib	L01XE46
	Entrectinib	L01XE56
	Arsenic trioxide	L01XX27
	Bortezomib	L01XX32
	Anagrelide	L01XX35
	Vorinostat	L01XX38
	Romidepsin	L01XX39
	Eribulin	L01XX41
	Panobinostat	L01XX42
	Rucaparib	L01XX55
	Bendamustine	L01AA09
	Leuprorelin	L02AE02
	Tamoxifen	L02BA01
	Toremifene	L02BA02
	Apalutamide	L02BB05
	Abarelix	L02BX01
	Degarelix	L02BX02
	Tacrolimus	L04AD02
	Fingolimod	L04AA27
	Siponimod	L04AA42
Musculoskeletal system	Tizanidine	M03BX02
	Nusinersen	M09AX07
	Sevoflurane	N01AB08
	Propofol	N01AX10
	Cocaine	N01BC01
	Buprenorphine	N02AE01
	Tramadol	N02AX02
	Felbamate	N03AX10
	Retigabine	N03AX21
	Apomorphine	N04BC07
	Perphenazine	N05AB03
	Thioridazine	N05AC02
	Mesoridazine	N05AC03
	Haloperidol	N05AD01
	Melperone	N05AD03
	Pipamperone	N05AD05
	Benperidol	N05AD07
	Droperidol	N05AD08
	Sertindole	N05AE03
	Lurasidone	N05AE05
	Flupentixol	N05AF01
	Chlorprothixene	N05AF03
	Zuclopenthixol	N05AF05
	Pimozone	N05AG02
Nervous system		

Clozapine	N05AH02
Asenapine	N05AH05
Clotiapine	N05AH06
Sulpiride	N05AL01
Sultopride	N05AL02
Tiapride	N05AL03
Levosulpiride	N05AL07
Lithium	N05AN01
Prothipendyl	N05AX07
Zotepine	N05AX11
Aripiprazole	N05AX12
Paliperidone	N05AX13
Iloperidone	N05AX14
Pimavanserin	N05AX17
Dexmedetomidine	N05CM18
Chlorpromazine	N05AA01
Levomepromazine	N05AA02
Cyamemazine	N05AA06
Citalopram	N06AB04
Escitalopram	N06AB10
Mianserin	N06AX03
Mirtazapine	N06AX11
Venlafaxine	N06AX16
Atomoxetine	N06BA09
Donepezil	N06DA02
Memantine	N06DX01
Desipramine	N06AA01
Imipramine	N06AA02
Trimipramine	N06AA06
Nortriptyline	N06AA10
Maprotiline	N06AA21
Methadone	N07BC02
Levacetylmethadol	N07BC03
Lofexidine	N07BC04
Levomethadone	N07BC05
Tetrabenazine	N07XX06
Pitolisant	N07XX11
Valbenazine	N07XX13
Dextromethorphan	N07XX59
Chloroquine	P01BA01
Hydroxychloroquine	P01BA02
Primaquine phosphate	P01BA03
Arthemether	P01BF01
Artemimol and piperaquine	P01BF05
Halofantrine	P01BX01
Pentamidine	P01CX01

Antiparasitics, insecticides, and repellents

	Hydrocodone	R05DA03
	Alimemazine	R06AD01
Respiratory system	Promethazine	R06AD02
	Astemizole	R06AX11
	Terfenadine	R06AX12

Table S4. Patient characteristics stratified by subtype of SMI diagnosis.

	Controls (n=336 524)	Schizophrenia (n=4477)	Bipolar disorder (n=2571)	Severe depression (n=2980)	P
Age at ECG recording, years	56 [41–69]	50 [39–61]	58 [44–70]	58 [45–72]	<0.001
Males	161 282 (47.9)	2443 (54.6)	987 (38.4)	1034 (34.7)	<0.001
SMI duration, years	NA	10 [5–16]	7 [3–12]	5 [2–9]	NA
Heart failure	10 433 (3.1)	158 (3.5)	117 (4.6)	146 (4.9)	<0.001
Coronary artery disease	29 232 (8.7)	304 (6.8)	250 (9.7)	334 (11.2)	<0.001
Atrial fibrillation/flutter	14 903 (4.4)	120 (2.7)	135 (5.3)	169 (5.7)	<0.001
Valvular heart disease	3690 (1.1)	36 (0.8)	36 (1.4)	51 (1.7)	0.001
Hypertension	50 432 (15.0)	490 (10.9)	420 (16.3)	569 (19.1)	<0.001
Hyperlipidemia	49 201 (14.6)	689 (15.4)	462 (18.0)	535 (18.0)	<0.001
Diabetes	26 732 (7.9)	644 (14.4)	288 (11.2)	290 (9.7)	<0.001
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	29 093 (8.6)	655 (14.6)	337 (13.1)	359 (12.0)	<0.001
Chronic kidney disease	6328 (1.9)	108 (2.4)	119 (4.6)	84 (2.8)	<0.001
ACEIs/ARBs	64 743 (19.2)	515 (11.5)	378 (14.7)	508 (17.0)	<0.001
Beta-blockers	32 384 (9.6)	290 (6.5)	200 (7.8)	275 (9.2)	<0.001
Diuretics	45 533 (13.5)	565 (12.6)	430 (16.7)	472 (15.8)	<0.001
QT-prolonging medications	44 377 (13.2)	2885 (64.4)	1878 (73.0)	2056 (69.0)	<0.001

Table S5. ECG characteristics stratified by subtype of SMI diagnosis.

	Controls (n=336 524)	Schizophrenia (n=4477)	Bipolar disorder (n=2571)	Severe depression (n=2980)	P
Heart rate, bpm	69 [61–78]	78 [68–89]	72 [64–82]	75 [66–85]	<0.001
Missing	30 361	219	228	239	
P-wave duration, ms	108 [100–116]	106 [98–114]	110 [102–118]	108 [100–116]	<0.001
Missing	30 361	219	228	239	
PR interval, ms	156 [144–174]	154 [140–168]	162 [146–178]	156 [142–172]	0.782
Missing	30 361	219	228	239	
QRS duration, ms	92 [84–100]	90 [84–98]	92 [84–100]	90 [84–98]	<0.001
Missing	30 361	219	228	239	
QT interval, ms	396 [376–416]	384 [362–404]	394 [374–416]	390 [370–410]	<0.001
Missing	30 361	219	228	239	
QTcF interval, ms	414 [402–427]	416 [402–430]	418 [404–431]	417 [405–431]	<0.001
Missing	30 361	219	228	239	
No ECG abnormality	237 397 (70.5)	3380 (75.5)	1789 (69.6)	2126 (71.3)	<0.001
Minor ECG abnormality	18 541 (5.5)	292 (6.5)	189 (7.4)	179 (6.0)	<0.001
First-degree atrioventricular block	13 477 (4.0)	107 (2.4)	144 (5.6)	133 (4.5)	<0.001
Incomplete bundle branch block	8504 (2.5)	97 (2.2)	58 (2.3)	55 (1.8)	0.036
Incomplete right bundle branch block	7680 (2.3)	92 (2.1)	49 (1.9)	51 (1.7)	0.076
Incomplete left bundle branch block	824 (0.2)	5 (0.1)	9 (0.4)	4 (0.1)	0.116
Left fascicular block	4504 (1.3)	85 (1.9)	42 (1.6)	50 (1.7)	0.002
Left anterior fascicular block	2743 (0.8)	40 (0.9)	30 (1.2)	32 (1.1)	0.088
Left posterior fascicular block	1761 (0.5)	45 (1.0)	12 (0.5)	18 (0.6)	<0.001
QTcF prolongation	5831 (1.7)	159 (3.6)	90 (3.5)	75 (2.5)	<0.001
Major ECG abnormality	80 586 (23.9)	805 (18.0)	593 (23.1)	675 (22.7)	<0.001
Left ventricular hypertrophy	35 832 (10.6)	322 (7.2)	242 (9.4)	286 (9.6)	<0.001
Atrial fibrillation/flutter	12 561 (3.7)	52 (1.2)	84 (3.3)	98 (3.3)	<0.001
Bundle branch block	11 550 (3.4)	104 (2.3)	97 (3.8)	101 (3.4)	<0.001
Right bundle branch block	7803 (2.3)	77 (1.7)	69 (2.7)	71 (2.4)	0.035
Left bundle branch block	3747 (1.1)	27 (0.6)	28 (1.1)	30 (1.0)	0.013
Intraventricular conduction disturbance	2786 (0.8)	29 (0.6)	23 (0.9)	24 (0.8)	0.590
Q waves	17 064 (5.1)	244 (5.5)	127 (4.9)	170 (5.7)	0.278
ST-T deviations	15 283 (4.5)	149 (3.3)	114 (4.4)	118 (4.0)	<0.001

Table S6. Brier scores.

Population	Brier Score (95% CI) For Conventional Model	Brier Score (95% CI) For ECG Abnormality Model
Controls		
Cardiovascular disease	0.186 (0.182–0.190)	0.182 (0.178–0.187)
No cardiovascular disease	0.053 (0.052–0.054)	0.052 (0.051–0.053)
SMI		
Cardiovascular disease	0.223 (0.198–0.251)	0.222 (0.194–0.253)
No cardiovascular disease	0.082 (0.072–0.093)	0.081 (0.071–0.092)

Figure S1. Flowchart.

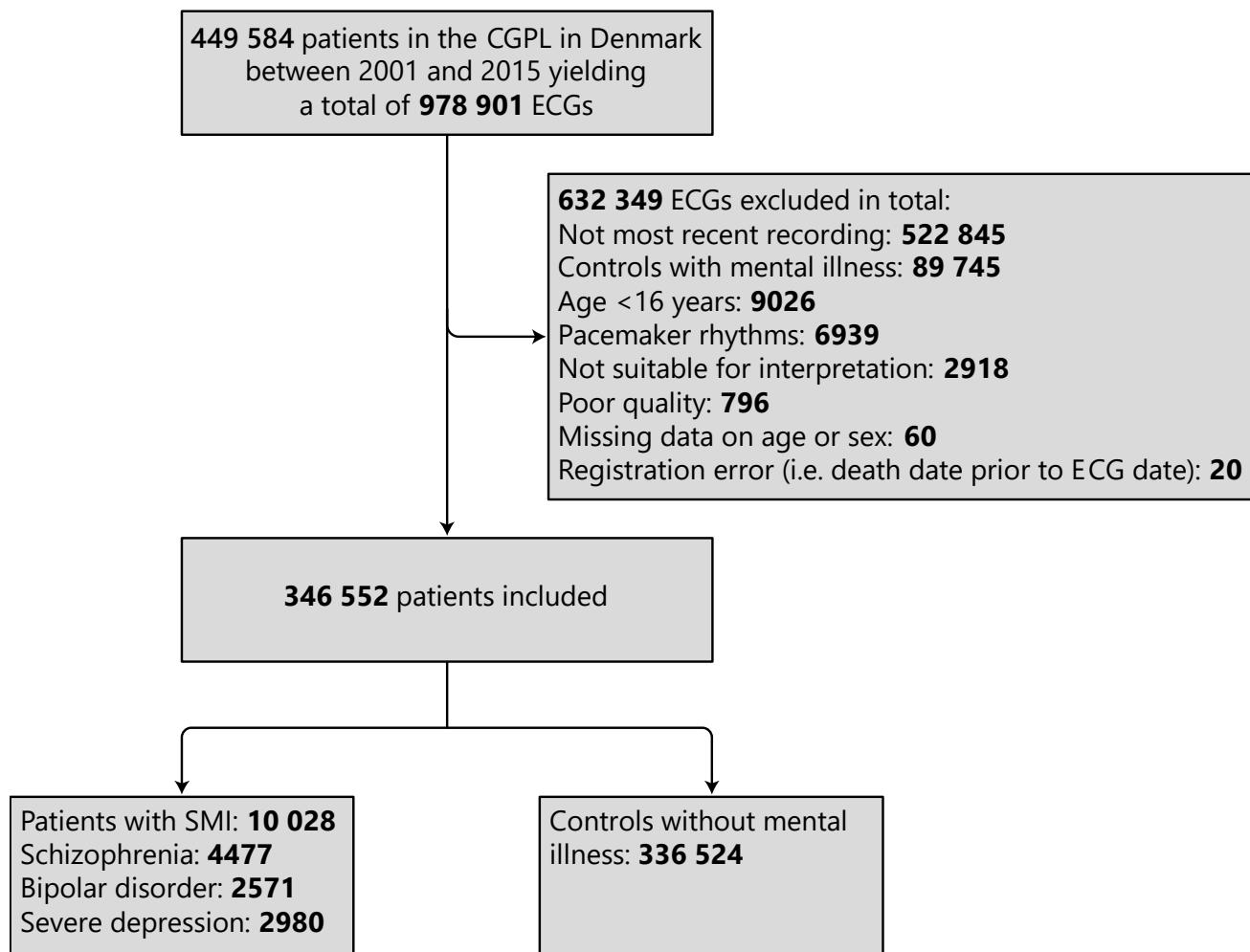


Figure S2. Association between SMI status and ECG abnormalities combined and long-term outcomes.

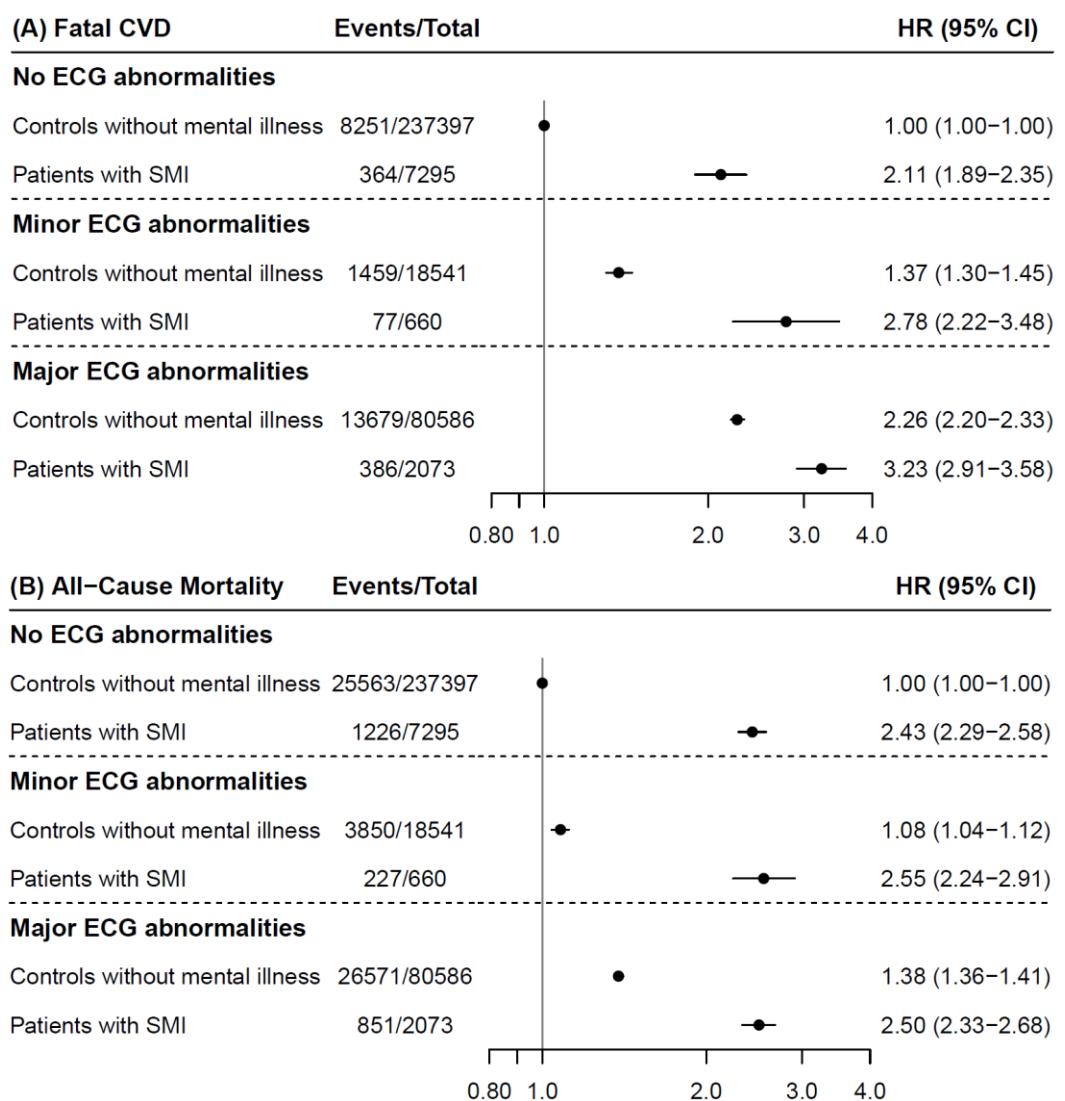


Figure S3. ECG abnormalities and fatal CVD risk stratified by subtype of SMI diagnosis.

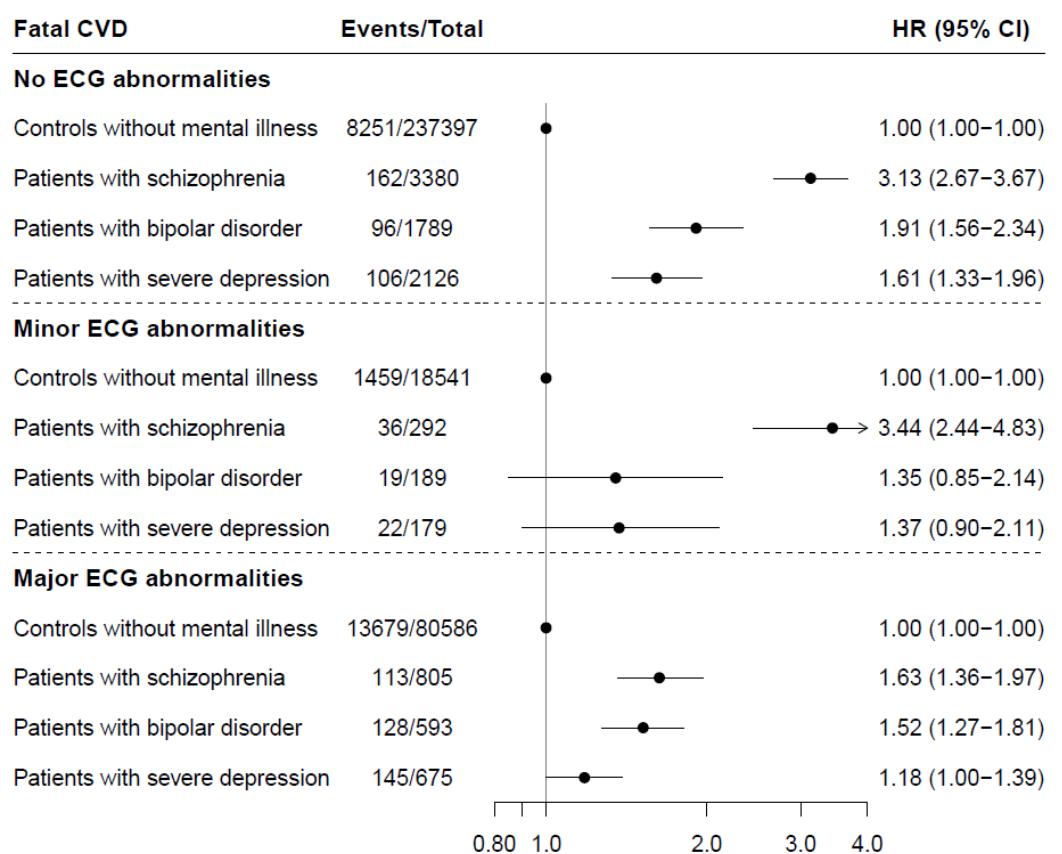


Figure S4. AUC values.

