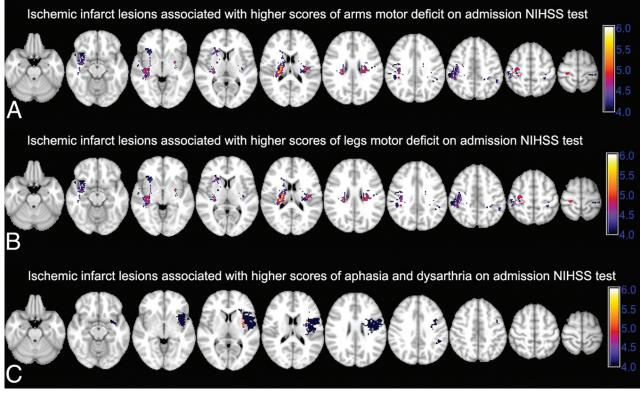


ON-LINE FIG 1. *A*, Summation map of the admission DWI infarct lesions among all 238 patients. Each voxel value represents the total number of patients with infarction at that particular voxel coordinate. *B*, Overlay summation map of voxels with >10 infarct lesions in the patient cohort included in voxel-based analyses.



ON-LINE FIG 2. Voxel-based analysis of infarct lesions associated with worse paresis and language deficits at the time of admission. The color range shows *z* scores with corresponding *P* value thresholds after family-wise error Bonferroni correction for multiple comparisons and application of 2000 permutations. *A*, Infarct lesions associated with higher scores on arm motor deficits (question 5) on the admission NIHSS test: *z* score = $3.9 \rightarrow P$ value = .05; *z* score = $4.5 \rightarrow P$ value = .05; *z* score = $4.2 \rightarrow P$ value = .01. *C*, Infarct lesions associated with higher scores on aphasia and dysarthria (questions 9 and 10) on the admission NIHSS test: *z* score = $4.2 \rightarrow P$ value = .05; *z* score = $4.9 \rightarrow P$ value = .01.