

Supplementary Table 1. Multiple logistic regression model for the association between difficulties for ADLs and IADLs with gender dimension for each population separately. Data was collected in Brejo dos Santos, in state of Paraíba, Brazil (SABE-PB) and in São Paulo, capital (SABE-SP) in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Yes	26	14.5	13	7.3	1.89	0.9-3.97	48	20.3	11	4.7	2.13	1.03-4.4
No/Don't usually do	72	40.2	68	38	1.0	1.0	119	50.4	58	24.6	1.0	1.0
<i>Own money management</i>						0.42						0.001
Yes	42	23.5	30	16.8	1.27	0.69-2.33	55	23.2	8	3.4	3.71	1.66-8.3
No/Don't usually do	56	31.3	51	28.5	1.0	1.0	113	47.7	61	25.7	1.0	1.0
<i>Use transport</i>						0.04						0.001
Yes	38	21.2	20	11.2	1.93	1.01-3.69	76	32.3	15	6.4	3.04	1.59-5.81
No/Don't usually do	60	33.5	61	34.1	1.0	1.0	90	38.3	54	22.9	1.0	1.0
<i>Shopping</i>						0.01						0.01
Yes	41	22.9	20	11.2	2.19	1.15-4.18	63	26.7	15	6.4	2.18	1.14-4.19
No/Don't usually do	57	31.8	61	34.1	1.0	1.0	104	44.1	54	22.9	1.0	1.0
<i>Phoning</i>						0.61						0.17
Yes	13	7.3	13	7.3	0.81	0.35-1.86	48	20.4	14	6	1.6	0.81-3.14
No/Don't usually do	84	47.2	68	38.2	1.0	1.0	118	50.2	55	23.4	1.0	1.0
<i>Ligth housework</i>						0.05						0.05
Yes	36	20.2	19	10.7	1.93	0.99-3.72	47	20	11	4.7	2.03	0.98-4.2
No/Don't usually do	61	34.3	62	34.8	1.0	1.0	120	51.1	57	24.3	1.0	1.0
<i>Taking medicines</i>						0.06						0.05
Yes	41	22.9	23	12.8	1.81	0.97-3.4	66	27.8	18	7.6	1.83	0.99-3.41
No/Don't take medicine	57	31.8	58	32.4	1.0	1.0	102	43	51	21.5	1.0	1.0

* p <0.05. SABE: Health, well-being and aging; ORadj: adjusted odds ratio; 95% CI: 95% confidence interval. ADLs: activities of daily living; IADLs: instrumental activities of daily living.