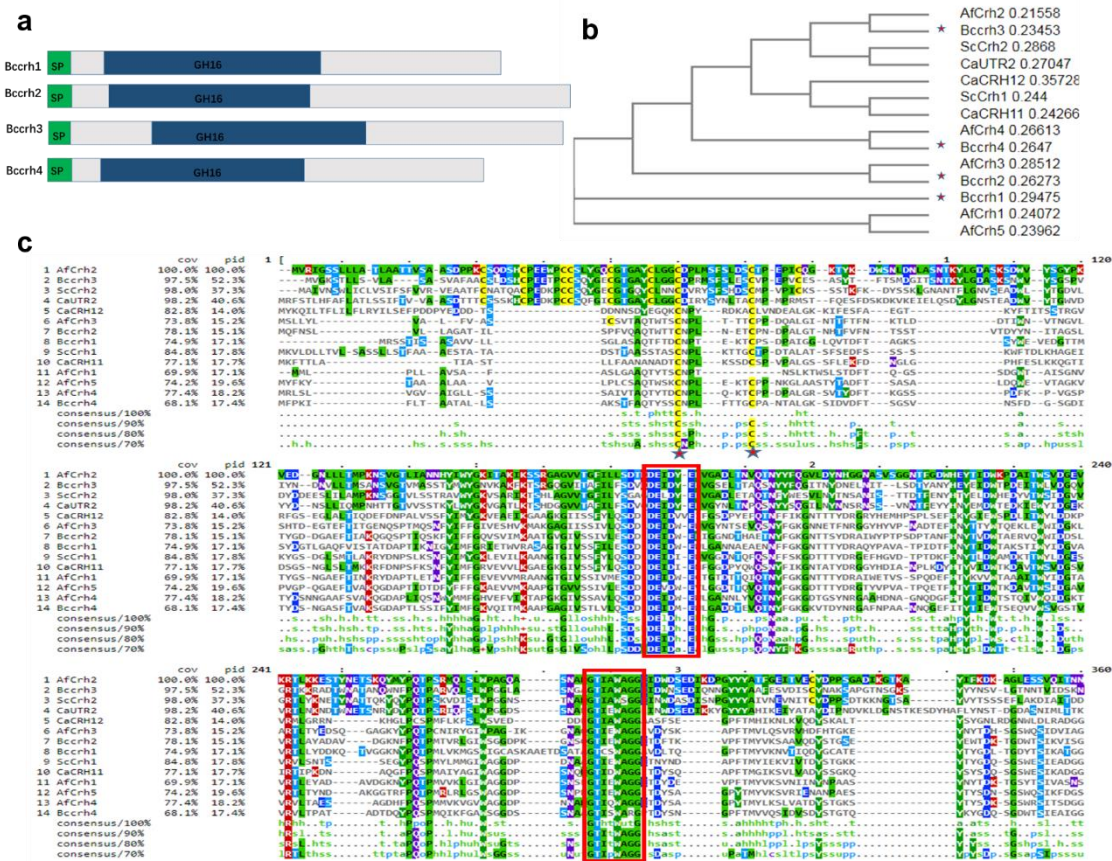


The *Botrytis cinerea* Crh1 transglycosylase is a cytoplasmic effector triggering plant cell death and defense response

Kai Bi *et al*

Supplementary Figures

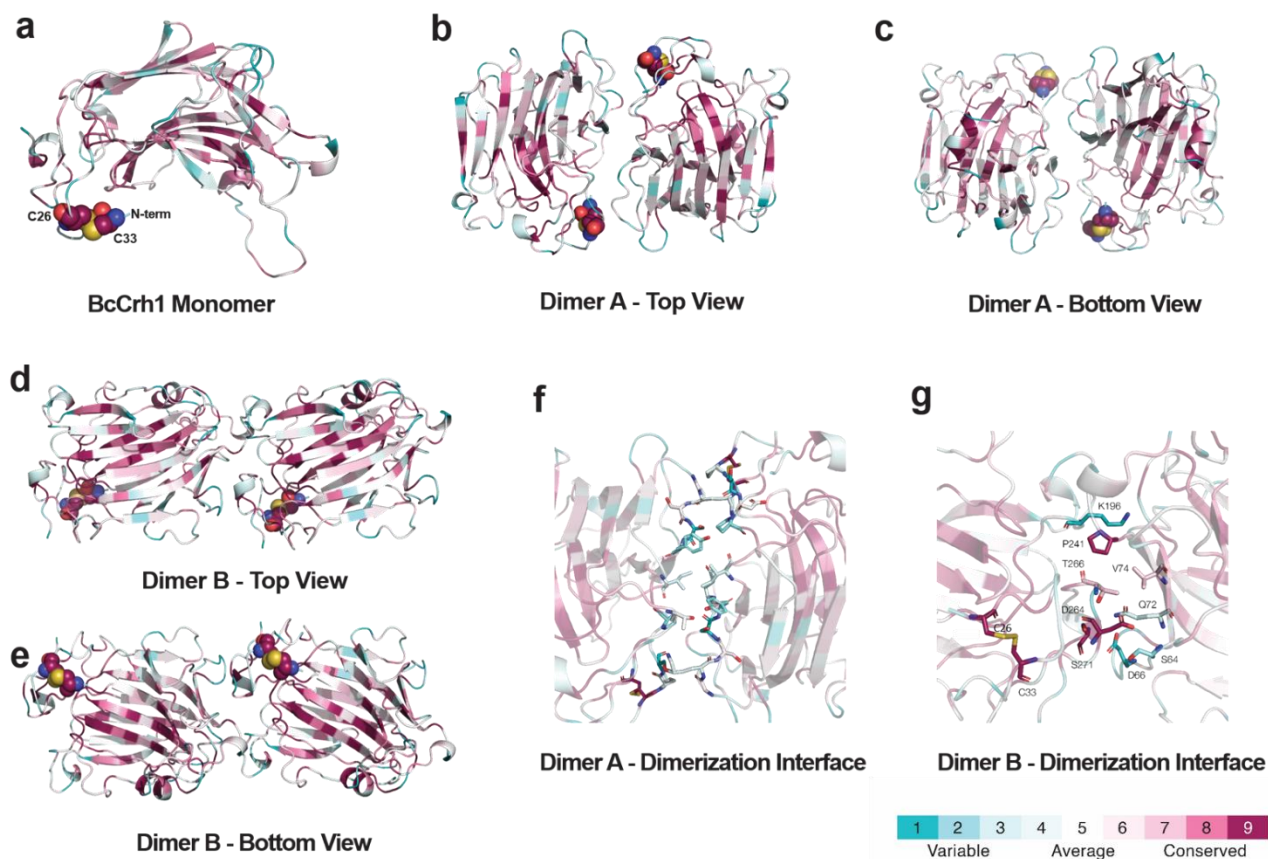
Supplementary Fig. 1. Phylogenetic and multiple sequence alignment of *B. cinerea* Crh family proteins. **a** Schematic presentation of predicted signal peptide (green) and GH16 domain (blue) of BcCrh proteins. Multiple sequence alignment (MSA) analysis of *B. cinerea* Crh proteins and their homologues from other species was generated by Clustal Omega online tool. Due to the C-terminus residues with low sequence identity, amino acid residues 1-277 of BcCrh1 were used for alignment. **b** Neighbor-joining tree of Crh proteins was generated based on the MSA result. The four *B. cinerea* proteins are marked by stars. **c** MSA results reformatted by Mview. Two highly conserved Cys residues are marked by red stars. Other conserved residues are color shaded. The conserved catalytic activity motif and the acceptor sugar binding motif are boxed by red rectangle. Af – *Aspergillus fumigatus*, Sc – *Sccharomyces cerevisiae*, Ca – *Candida albincas*.



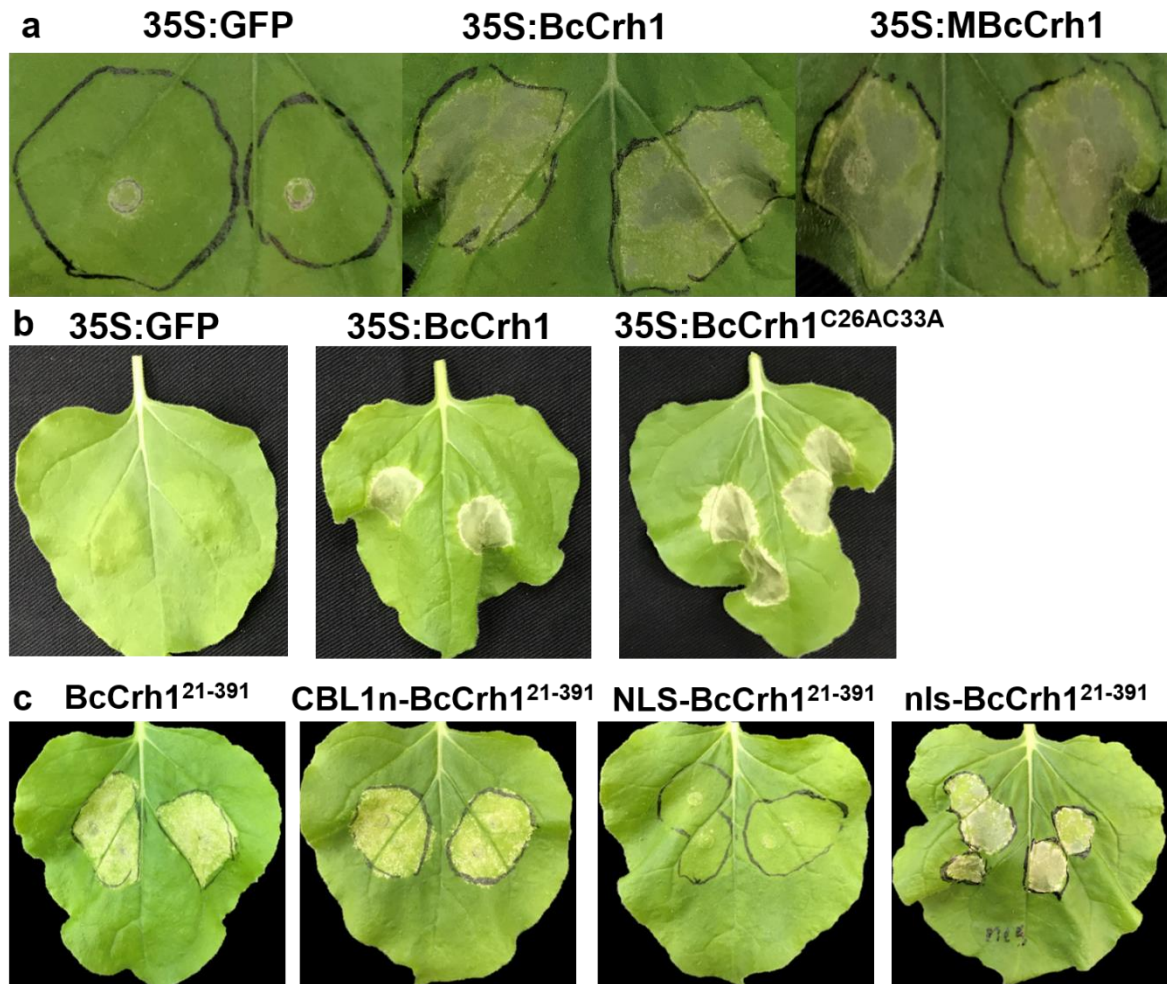
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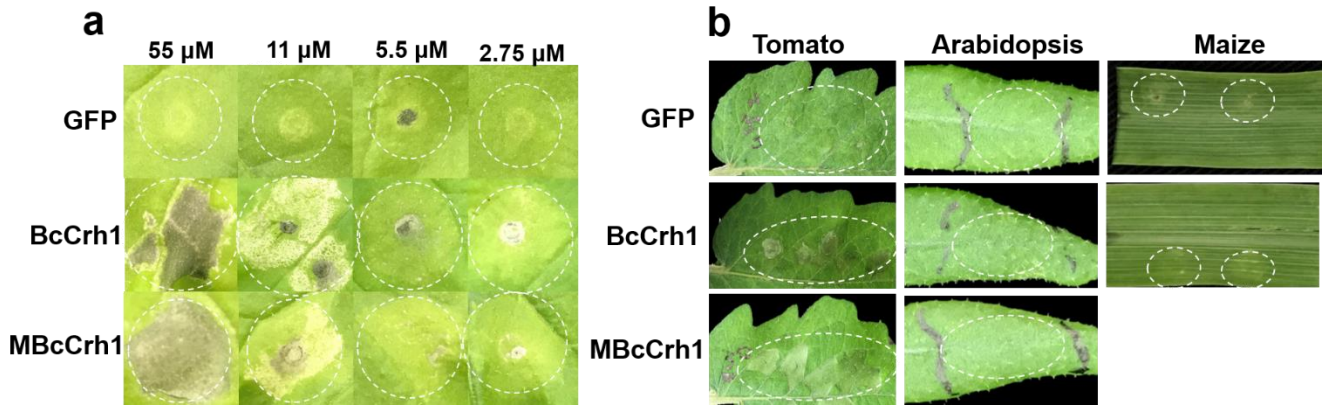
16 **Supplementary Fig. 2. 3D structural models prediction of BcCrh1.** HHpred was used for modeling template search against
 17 the PDB database. The Crh5 transglycosylase from *Aspergillus fumigatus* (PDB entry 6IBW, UniProt entry Q8J0P4) was
 18 identified as the best template for modelling with 48% sequence identity to BcCrh1 (Probability 100%, E-value 1.1e-32). The
 19 ConSurf webserver was used to collect homologues from the clean UniProt database, the pairwise alignment of B1084 (later
 20 called BcCrh1) and the template was deduced from the multiple sequence alignment. 100 different models were generated by
 21 MODELLER-9.18 with default parameters, and following a short energy minimization using GROMACS-5.1 and the
 22 AMBER99SB-ILDN force field, the model with the predicted lowest energy was chosen. **a** The model structure of BcCrh1
 23 monomer colored based on evolutionary conservation with turquoise-through-maroon representing variable-through-
 24 conserved residues respectively. The C26 and C33 at the N-terminus (highlighted in colored-spheres) form a disulfide bond
 25 and are both highly conserved among Crh protein members. **b-g** Predicted potential dimerization interfaces of BcCrh1 colored
 26 as in **a**. The PISA webserver (http://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/prot_int/pistart.html) and the crystal structure of 6IBW were used to
 27 test potential dimerization interfaces of BcCrh1. Two different topologies of the dimer were predicted based on the analysis.
 28 Schematic ribbon diagram of dimerized BcCrh1 model are shown (the top view, bottom view and dimerization interface). **b**,
 29 **c** and **f**: “head-to-head” topology of the dimer. **d**, **e** and **g**: “head-to-tail” topology of the dimer.



31 **Supplementary Fig. 3. Induction of plant cell death by BcCrh1.** a *N. benthamiana* leaves were infiltrated with
32 Agrobacterium harbors construct encoding GFP (35S:GFP), native (35S:BcCrh1) or the enzymatic inactive (35S:MBcCrh1)
33 BcCrh1. Images were taken five days after agroinfiltration. b Cell death inducing activity of the BcCrh1^{C26AC33A} mutant protein
34 was tested by agroinfiltration assay of *N. benthamiana* leaves. Representative pictures of *N. benthamiana* were taken at 5 d
35 after infiltration. c Representative *N. benthamiana* leaves five days after agroinfiltration with constructs expressing BcCrh1²¹⁻
36 ³⁹¹, CBL1n-BcCrh1²¹⁻³⁹¹ (Myristoylation signal), NLS-BcCrh1²¹⁻³⁹¹ (Nuclear localization signal) and nls-BcCrh1²¹⁻³⁹¹ (Mutant
37 form of nuclear localization signal).



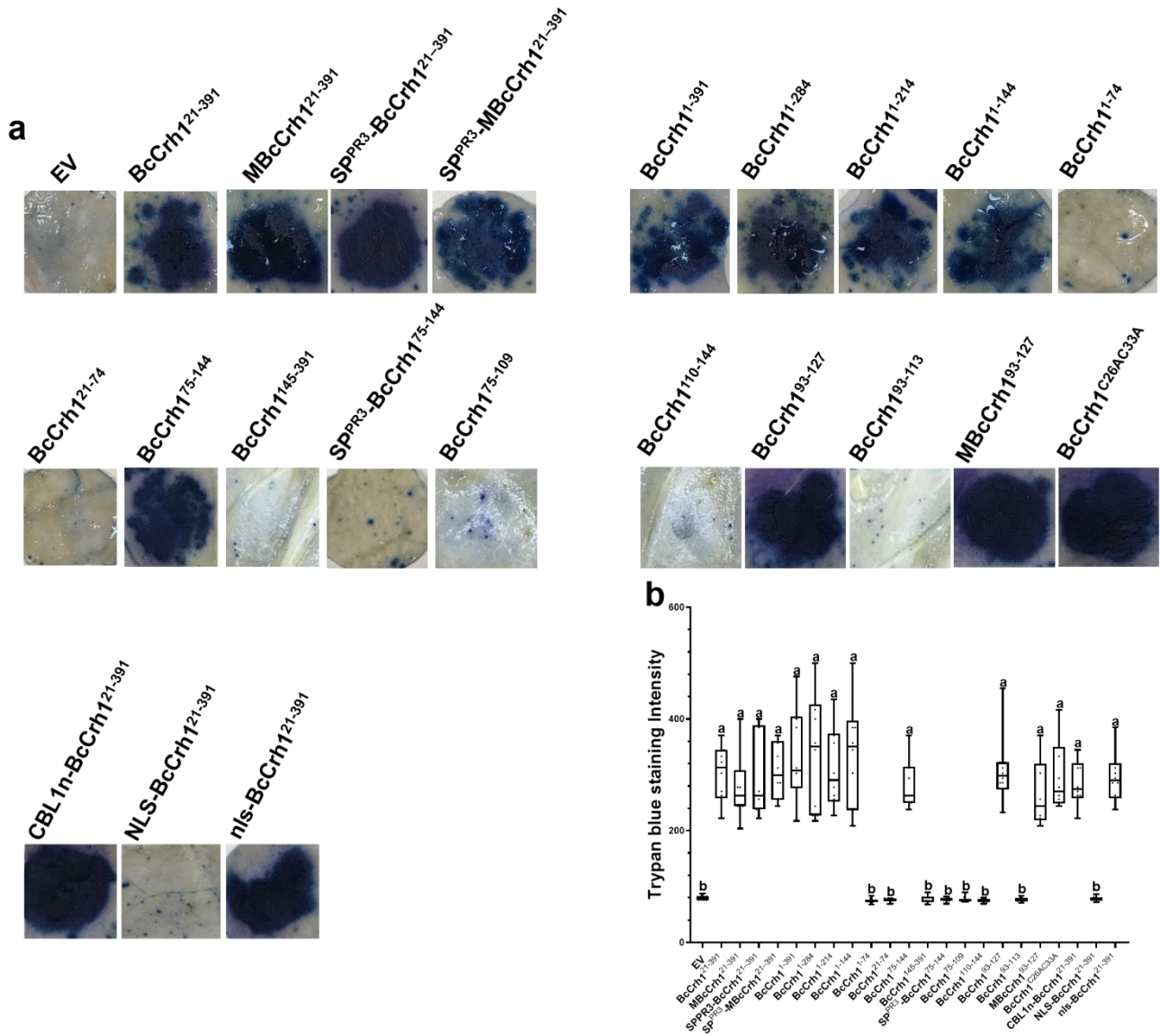
39 **Supplementary Fig. 4. Induction of cell death by BcCrh1 in different plant species.** **a** Response of *N. benthamiana* leaves
40 to different concentrations of purified BcCrh1 and MBcCrh1 protein. Pictures were taken two days after treatment. **b**
41 Infiltration assay of Tomato, *A. thaliana* and maize leaves. Leaves were infiltrated with 11 μ M of purified protein, pictures of
42 representative leaves were taken two days after treatment. White dash line shows the boundary of infiltration area.



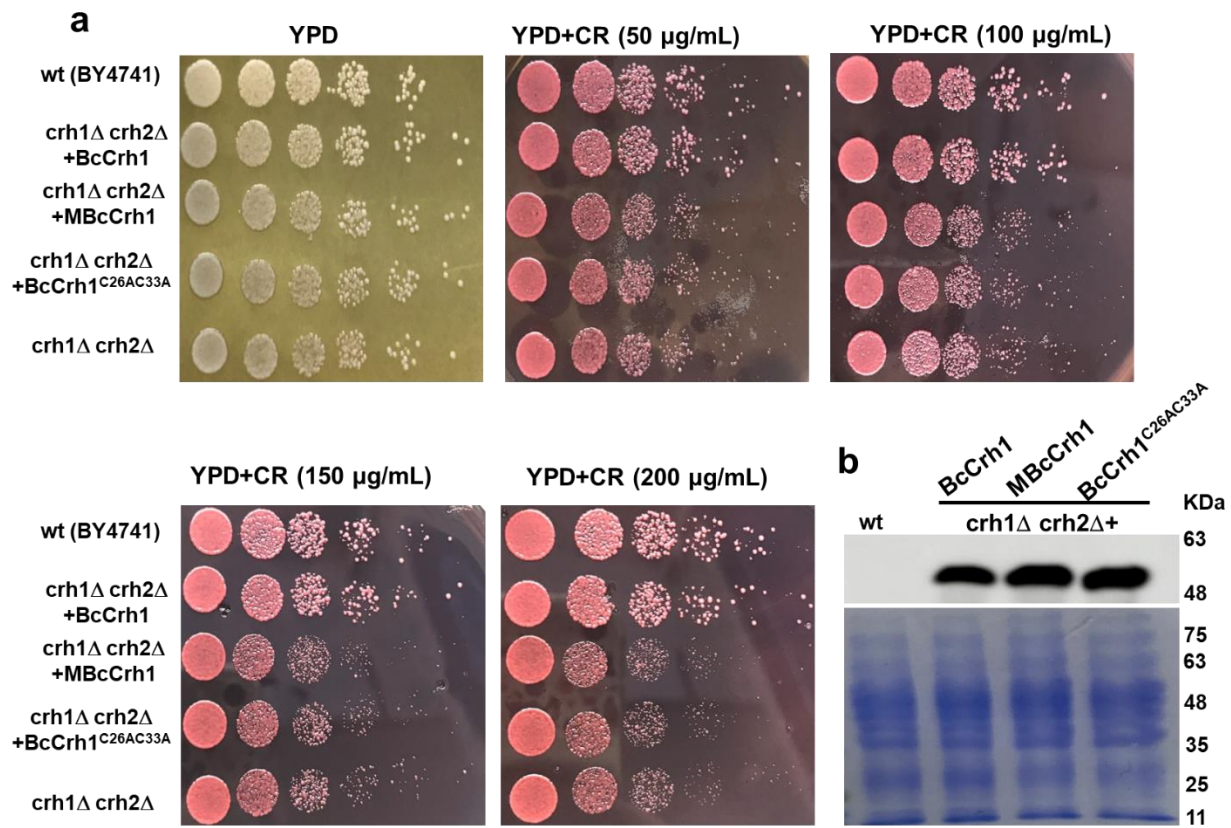
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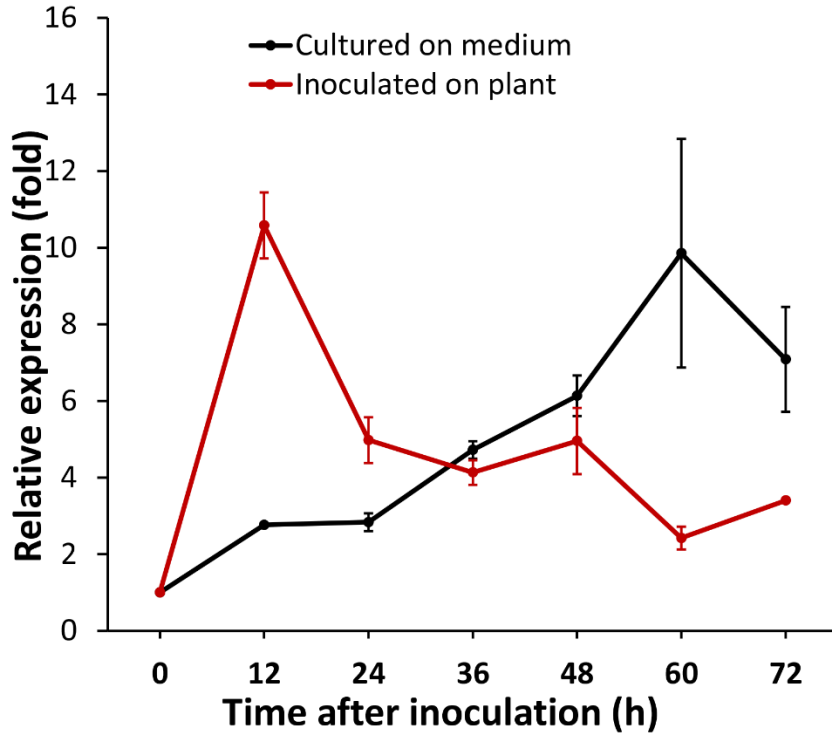
45 **Supplementary Fig. 5. Quantification of necrosis induced by different parts of the BcCrh1 protein.** a *N. benthamiana*
 46 leaves were Agroinfiltrated with the indicated BcCrh1 fragments, leaf samples were collected after five days and stained with
 47 trypan blue. b Relative staining intensity was measured by ImageJ. For each treatment, 10 samples from three independent
 48 biological replications were used for statistical analysis. Center lines of box plots represent the medians, box edges show the
 49 25th and 75th percentiles; whiskers extend to minimum and maximum values from the 25th and 75th percentiles; all present
 50 data are indicated as black dots. Different letters indicate statistically significant differences ($P \leq 0.01$, one-way ANOVA).



52 **Supplementary Fig. 6. Complementation assay of Crh-deficient *S. cerevisiae* strain.** *S. cerevisiae* *crh1*Δ *crh2*Δ cells,
 53 which are completely deficient of Crh activity and hypersensitive to Congo red were transformed with BcCrh1, MBcCrh1 or
 54 BcCrh1^{C26AC33A}. **a** Cells of the different strains were grown to mid-log phase at 24°C in SD-Ura overnight, cultures were
 55 diluted to 3×10⁶ cells ml⁻¹ and then further five 1:5 serial dilutions. Five microliters of cell suspension were spotted onto YPD
 56 solid medium (control) or YPD supplemented with 50 μg/mL, 100 μg/mL, 150 μg/mL and 200 μg/mL Congo red and then
 57 plates were incubated for three days at 30°C. **b** Protein expression. Total proteins were extracts from exponential cultures and
 58 subjected to 10% SDS/PAGE and Western blot analysis using anti-c-myc monoclonal antibody (top). Total protein loading
 59 was evaluated by coomassie brilliant blue staining (Bottom).
 60

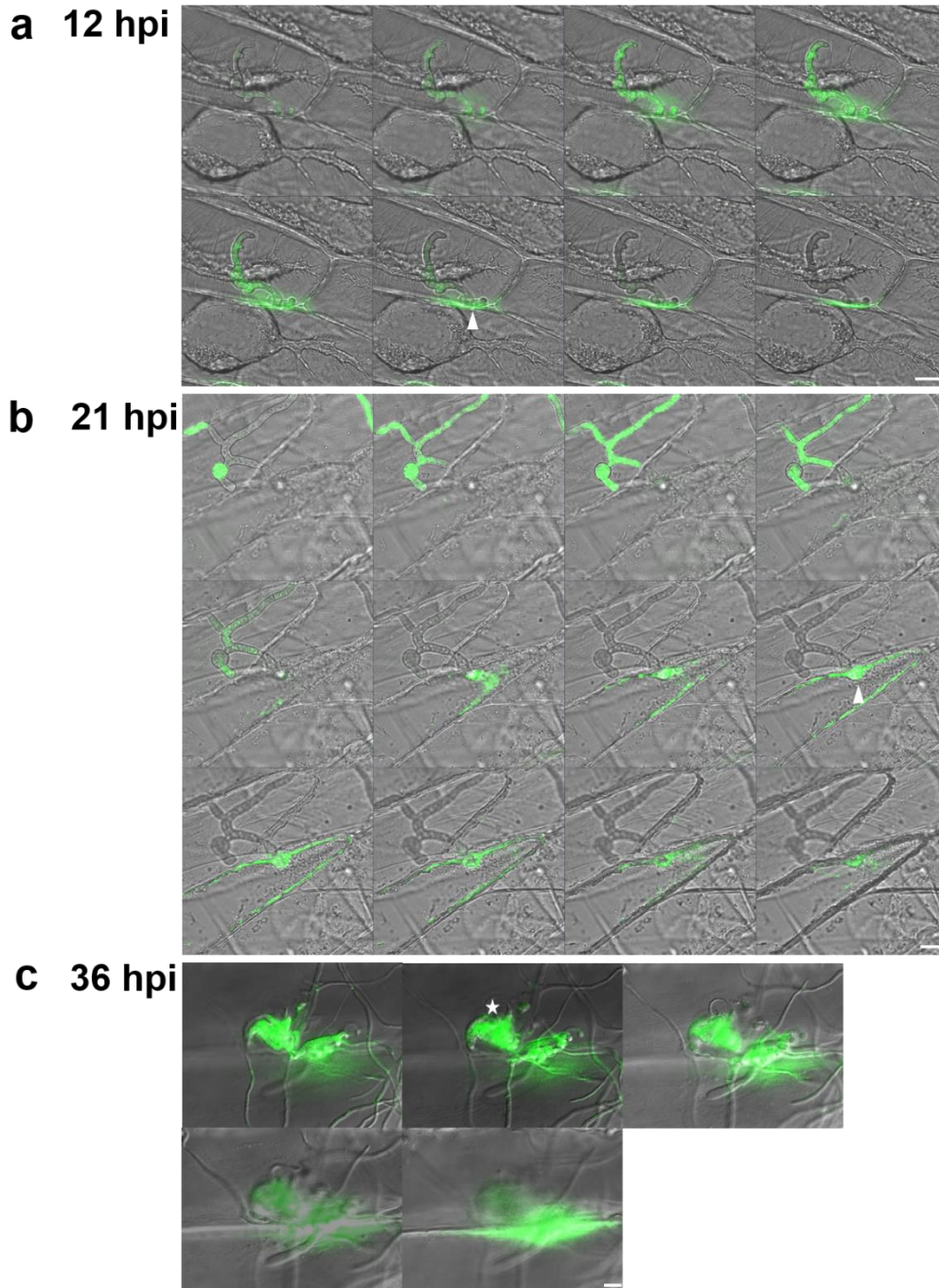


61
62 **Supplementary Fig. 7. *bccrh1* gene expression during saprophytic and pathogenic development.** *bccrh1* expression
63 levels were evaluated by qRT-PCR with the *bcgpdh* as a reference gene for normalization. Mean and standard deviations were
64 calculated from three biological replications. The relative expression levels were calculated using the comparative Ct method.
65 Expression level of *bccrh1* at 0 h was set as 1.

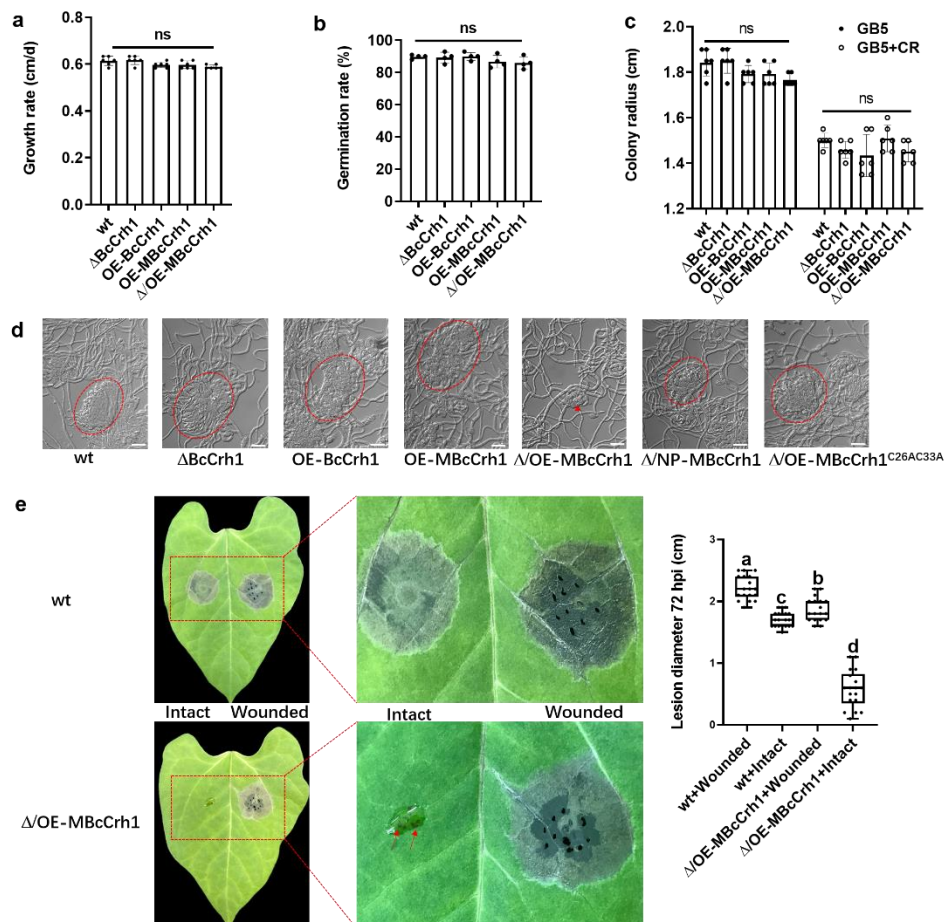


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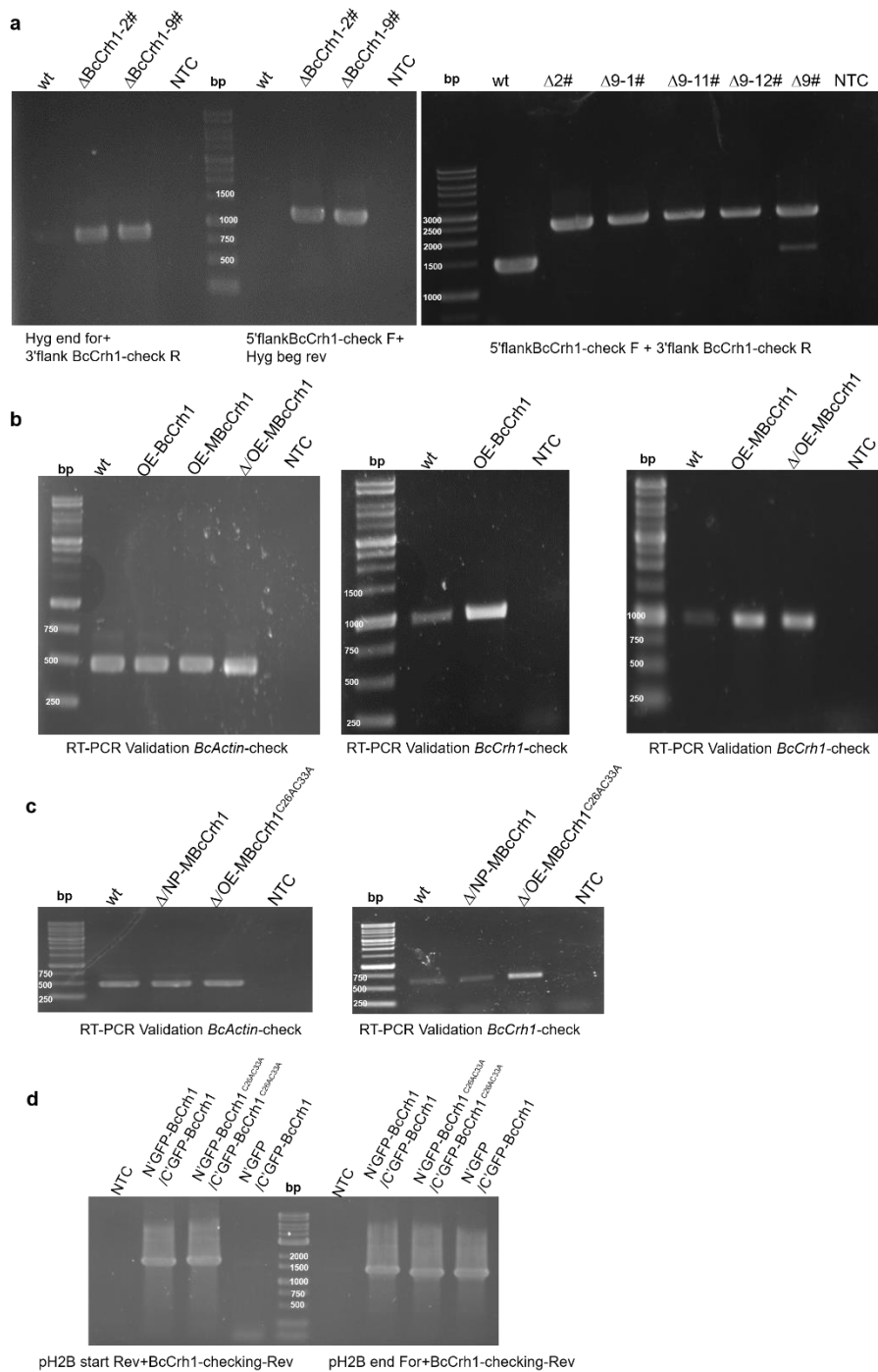
68 **Supplementary Fig. 8. Secretion of Bccrh1 during plant infection.** Onion epidermis was inoculated with spore suspension
69 of a *B. cinerea* strain that expresses BcCrh1-GFP fusion protein. Samples were scanned by a confocal microscope. Images
70 show continuous z-series of different infection states. **a, b** Protein localization to hyphal tips in early time points (12, 21 hpi,
71 arrowhead); **c** Protein localization secretion in infection structures (36 hpi, asterisks). Bar = 20 μ m. The experiments were
72 repeated three times with similar results obtained.



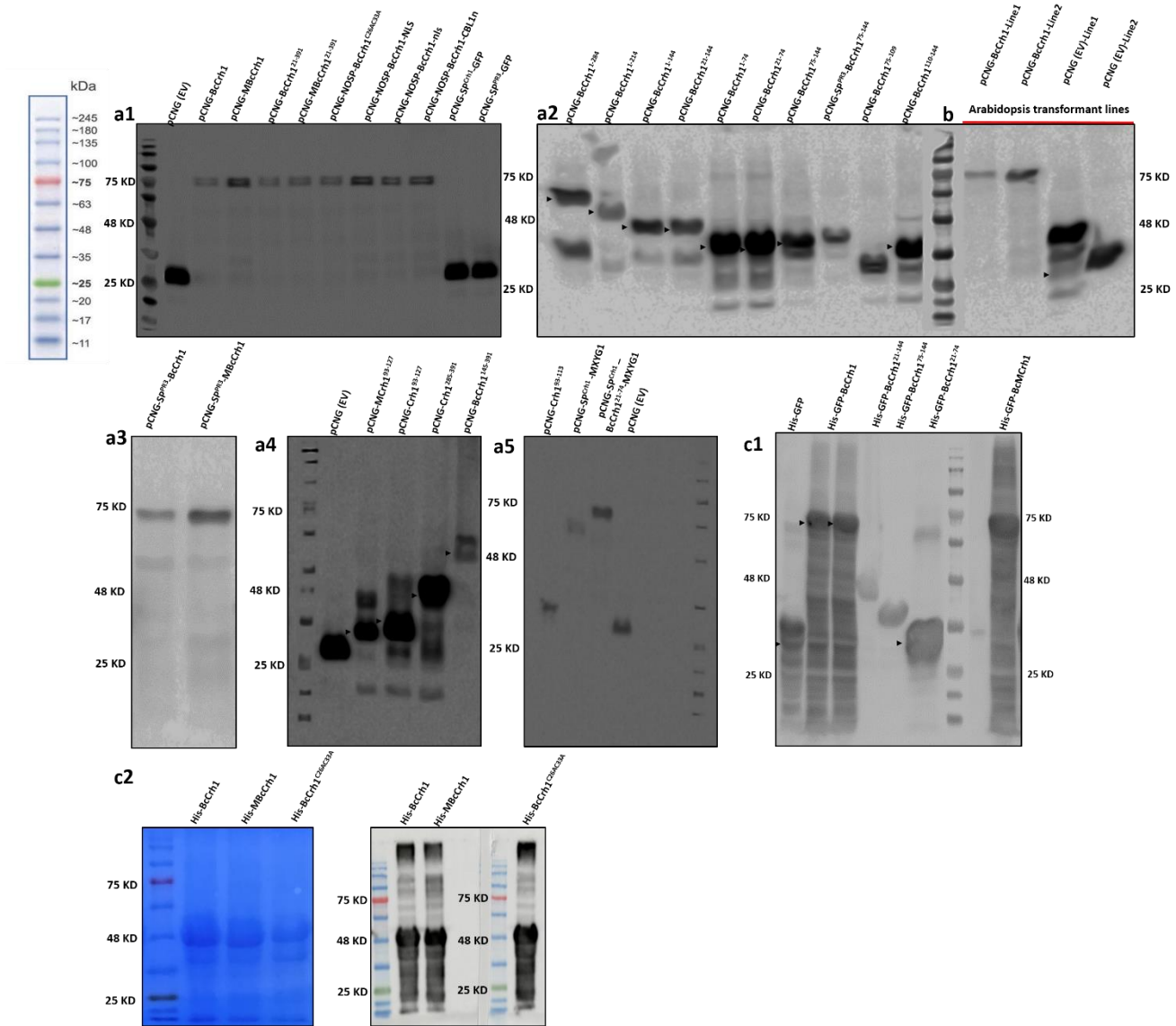
74 **Supplementary Fig. 9. Developmental phenotypes of *B. cinerea* mutant strains.** **a** Hyphal growth rate. Fungi were grown on
75 GB5+Glucose plates at 22°C with continuous fluorescent light. Radial growth was measured daily for three days and growth rate (mm/d)
76 was calculated. Data represent mean \pm SD (n = 6) from three independent biological replications. **b** Spore germination. Values stand for
77 mean \pm SD from three independent biological replications, at least 120 spores were counted in each replication. **c** Effect of cell wall stressor
78 on colony radial growth. Fungi were cultured on GB5+Glucose medium with or without 300 μ g/ml Congo red (CR), colony diameter was
79 measured after three days. Data represent the means \pm SD from three independent biological replications. In the graphs, ns = no statistical
80 differences at $P \leq 0.01$ according to one-way ANOVA. **d** Infection cushion formation. Conidia were suspended in GB5+2% Gluc medium,
81 density was adjusted 10^4 conidia ml^{-1} and 10 μ l of the suspension were applied to a glass slide and incubated in a moist chamber at 22°C.
82 Pictures were taken after 36 h of incubation. Red rings and arrow indicate the typical and abnormal infection cushions, respectively. Notably,
83 at this stage, all strains except $\Delta/\text{OE-MBcCrh1}$ formed normal infection cushions. Strain designation: wt – B05.10 wild type, ΔBcCrh1 –
84 *bccrh1* deletion, OE-BcCrh1 – *bccrh1* over-expression, OE-MBcCrh1 – over-expression of enzyme inactive *bccrh1*, $\Delta/\text{NP-MBcCrh1}$ –
85 over-expression of the enzyme inactive *bccrh1* from native *bccrh1* promoter in background of *bccrh1* deletion, $\Delta/\text{OE-MBcCrh1}^{\text{C26AC33A}}$ – over-
86 over-expression of enzyme inactive *bccrh1* with mutations in C26 and C33 in background of *bccrh1* deletion. Bar = 20 μ m. Images are from a
87 single experiment that was repeated three times with similar results. **e** Pathogenicity assay. Intact and artificially wounded bean leaves were
88 inoculated with wild type and $\Delta/\text{OE-MBcCrh1}$ spore suspensions, the plants were incubated in a moist chamber for three days and then
89 pictures were taken and lesion diameter was measured. At least 18 sample points from three independent biological replications were used
90 for statistical analysis. Box limits shows the 25th and 75th percentiles, the center lines of Boxplots indicate the medians values; whiskers
91 extend to minimum and maximum values; all present data are indicated as black dots. Different letters indicate statistical differences at $P \leq$
92 0.01 according to one-way ANOVA.



94 **Supplementary Fig. 10.** PCR validation of *B. cinerea* mutant strains. **a** Analysis of *bccrh1* deletion strains Δ BcCrh1-2 and
 95 Δ BcCrh1-9. **b-c** RT-PCR analysis of *bccrh1* expression in different over-expression strains. The *bcactin* gene was used as
 96 normalizer. **d** Confirmation of BiFC expression cassettes. Genomic DNA was extracted from the different strains (N'GFP-
 97 BcCrh1/C'GFP-BcCrh1, N'GFP-BcCrh1^{C26AC33A}/C'GFP-BcCrh1^{C26AC33A} and N'GFP/C'GFP-BcCrh1) and presence of the
 98 BiFC cassette was verified by PCR. NTC – no template control, ddH₂O was used as negative control. Images are from a single
 99 experiment that was repeated twice with similar results.
 100



102 **Supplementary Fig. 11. Expression of recombinant proteins.** α -GFP antibody and α -His antibody were used to detect
 103 protein expression by Western blot analysis. **a1-a5** Protein fused with GFP tag that were extracted from *N. benthamiana*
 104 leaves following Agroinfiltration. **b** Proteins isolated from *A. thaliana* transgenic lines expressing the BcCrh1-GFP protein
 105 (Line1 and Line2) and the empty vector (EV). **c1** Proteins fused with GFP tag that were produced in *E. coli*. **c2** Coomassie
 106 blue staining and Western blots with α -His antibody of proteins with His tag that were produced in *E. coli*. Black arrows
 107 indicate the expected products with nonspecific bands. Images are from a single experiment that was repeated twice with
 108 similar results.



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110

111 **Supplementary Tables**

112

113 **Supplemental Table 1. List of Oligonucleotides used in this study.**

Primer purpose	Primer name and sequence (5'- 3')
<i>BcCrhI</i> transient expression with native SP	<i>BcCrhI</i> -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctagaATGCGTTCCTCAACAATATC <i>BcCrhI</i> -TE R: ccccggggtaccgtcgacggatccCATAACGAGATAACCTAATCC
<i>BcCrhI</i> transient expression without SP	<i>BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻³⁹¹ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctagaATGCAAACATTCAGTATTGCAA <i>BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻³⁹¹ -TE R: ccccggggtaccgtcgacggatccCATAACGAGATAACCTAATCC
<i>BcCrhI</i> transient expression with plant SP (PR3)	<i>SP</i> (PR3)- <i>BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻³⁹¹ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctagaATGAAGACTAATCTTTTTCTCT <i>SP</i> (PR3)- <i>BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻³⁹¹ -TE R: ccccggggtaccgtcgacggatccCATAACGAGATAACCTAATCC
<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻²⁸⁴ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻²⁸⁴ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctagaATGCGTTCCTCAACAATATC <i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻²⁸⁴ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacggatccAGCTGATCCGTCGGCGCTGCA
<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻²¹⁴ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻²¹⁴ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctagaATGCGTTCCTCAACAATATC <i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻²¹⁴ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacggatccGGCACATCCGATCCAGCTTC
<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻¹⁴⁴ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻¹⁴⁴ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctagaATGCGTTCCTCAACAATATC <i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻¹⁴⁴ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacggatccCGTCGTGTTTCCCTTTCCGA
<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻⁷⁴ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻⁷⁴ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctagaATGCGTTCCTCAACAATATC <i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁻⁷⁴ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacggatccGACGAATTGGGCACCGAGG
<i>BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻⁷⁴ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻⁷⁴ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctagaATGCAAACATTCAGTATTGCAA <i>BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻⁷⁴ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacggatccGACGAATTGGGCACCGAGG
<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁴⁴ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁴⁴ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctATGATTAGCACAGCAACCGATGCAC <i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁴⁴ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacggatccCGTCGTGTTTCCCTTTCCGA
<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹⁴⁵⁻³⁹¹ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻³⁹¹ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctATGACCTATGACCGTGCTCAATAC

	<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻³⁹¹ -TE R: ccccggggtaccgtcgacgatccCATAACGAGATAACCTAATCC
<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁴⁴ transient expression with plant SP (PR3)	SP (PR3) <i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁴⁴ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctagaATGAAGACTAATCTTTTTCTCT <i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁴⁴ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacgatccCGTCGTGTTTCCCTTTCCGA
<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁰⁹ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁰⁹ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctATGATTAGCACAGCAACCGATGCAC <i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁰⁹ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacggaACTGACGATACCAGTTCCG
<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹¹⁰⁻¹⁴⁴ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ¹¹⁰⁻¹⁴⁴ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctATGAGTTTTATTCTCGAATCCGA <i>BcCrhI</i> ¹¹⁰⁻¹⁴⁴ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacgatccCGTCGTGTTTCCCTTTCCGA
<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁹³⁻¹²⁷ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁹²⁻¹²⁷ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctATGGGTTCGCATCGAGACATGGGTG <i>BcCrhI</i> ⁹²⁻¹²⁷ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacggaACCGAGCCATTCCCAATCAA
<i>MBcCrhI</i> ⁹³⁻¹²⁷ transient expression	<i>MBcCrhI</i> ⁹²⁻¹²⁷ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctATGGGTTCGCATCGAGACATGGGTG <i>MBcCrhI</i> ⁹²⁻¹²⁷ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacggaACCGAGCCATTGCCAATGAA TCTGATCGAG
<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁹³⁻¹¹³ transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁹²⁻¹¹³ -TE F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctATGGGTTCGCATCGAGACATGGGTG <i>BcCrhI</i> ⁹²⁻¹¹³ -TE R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacggaGAGAATAAACTACTGACG
<i>SP(BcCrhI)-GFP</i> transient expression 35S: <i>SP(BcCrhI)</i> cloning	<i>SP(BcCrhI)-GFP</i> -TE F: TAAAACGACGGCCAGTGCCAAGCTTAGCTTGCATGCCTGCAGG <i>SP(BcCrhI)-GFP</i> -TE F: CCCGCTCCCCGGGGTACCTGCACTGGCAAGTCTGAAAG
<i>BcCrhI</i> ^{C26AC33A} transient expression	<i>BcCrhI</i> ^{C26AC33A} -TE F: CCATTACGAACGATAGCATCTAGAATGCAAACATTCCTGAT GCTAAC <i>BcCrhI</i> ^{C26AC33A} -TE R: ccccggggtaccgtcgacgatccCATAACGAGATAACCTAATCC
<i>BcXYGI</i> Fused with <i>SP(BcCrhI)</i> and <i>GFP</i> transient expression	<i>SP(BcCrhI)- BcXYGI</i> F: ATGCGTTCCTCAACAATATCAGCATCTGCTGTTGTTCTCCTTTC AGGACTTGCCAGTGCAAACCTACTCCTACTCTTG <i>BcXYGI-GFP</i> R: ctccccggggtaccgtcgacgatccATTGAGCGAGACGGAGTAG
<i>BcXYGI</i> Fused with <i>SP(BcCrhI)- BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻⁷⁴ and <i>GFP</i> transient	<i>SP(BcCrhI)- BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻⁷⁴ F: ccatttacgaacgatagcatctagaATGCGTTCCTCAACAATATC

expression	<p><i>SP(BcCrhI)- BcCrhI²¹⁻⁷⁴ R:</i> GACGAATTGGGCACCGAGG</p> <p><i>BcCrhI-BcXYGI F:</i> CCTCGGTGCCCAATTCGTCAACCCTACTCCTACTCTTG</p> <p><i>BcCrhI-BcXYGI R:</i> ctccccgggggtaccgtcgacggatccATTGAGCGAGACGGAGTAG</p>
<i>BcCrhI</i> over-expression	<p><i>BcCrhI-OE F:</i> attggegcccATGCGTTCCTCAACAATATCAGC</p> <p><i>BcCrhI-OE R:</i> gcggccgcTTAAGCGTAATCTGGAACATCGTATGGGTACATAACG AGATAACCTAATCCGAGAC</p>
<i>MBcCrhI</i> over-expression in wt and <i>bccrhI</i> deletion mutant background	<p><i>MBcCrhI-OE (PoliC-MBcCrhI) F:</i> CCATCACATCACAAATCGATCCAACCATGCGTTCCTCAACAATA TCAGCAT</p>
<i>MBcCrhI^{C26AC33A}</i> over-expression in <i>bccrhI</i> deletion mutant background	<p><i>MBcCrhI-OE (MBcCrhI-Tgluc) R:</i> CATACATCTTATCTACATACGCTAAGCGGCCGCCATAACGAGA TAACCTAATCCGAGA</p>
<i>BcCrhI</i> -GFP fused protein under control of the native <i>bccrhI</i> promoter	<p><i>PtpC-promoter of BcCrhI F:</i> GCCCAAAAATGCTCCTTCAATATCACTAGTTTCATATGCTTTG GAAATGGGATGG</p> <p><i>Promoter of BcCrhI R:</i> GCTGATATTGTTGAGGAACGCATCTTGAAATATGTGATGTGTG TGTGC</p> <p><i>BcCrhI F:</i> ATGCGTTCCTCAACAATATCAGCAT</p> <p><i>BcCrhI-GFP-R:</i> TACTTACCTCACCCCTTGAAACCATCATAACGAGATAACCTAA TCCGAGA</p>
<i>MBcCrhI</i> under control of the native promoter in <i>bccrhI</i> deletion mutant background	<p><i>PtpC-promoter of BcCrhI F:</i> GCCCAAAAATGCTCCTTCAATATCACTAGTTTCATATGCTTTG GAAATGGGATGG</p> <p><i>promoter of BcCrhI R:</i> GCTGATATTGTTGAGGAACGCATCTTGAAATATGTGATGTGTG TGTGC</p> <p><i>MBcCrhI F:</i> ATGCGTTCCTCAACAATATCAGCAT</p> <p><i>MBcCrhI-Tgluc-R:</i> CATACATCTTATCTACATACGCTAAGCGGCCGCCATAACGAGA TAACCTAATCCGAGA</p>
<i>BcCrhI/MBcCrhI</i> expression in <i>E. coli</i>	<p><i>BcCrhI pET14b F:</i> AACCTGTACTTCCAGGGTCATATGCAAACATTCAGTATTG</p> <p><i>BcCrhI pET14b R:</i></p>

	CCGGCCATGGAAAAAAAAACATTACATAACGAGATAACCTAA TC
<i>BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻¹⁴⁴ expression in <i>E. coli</i>	<i>BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻¹⁴⁴ pET14b F: AACCTGTACTIONTCCAGGGTCATATGCAAACATTCACTGATTGC <i>BcCrhI</i> ²¹⁻¹⁴⁴ pET14b R: TCGGGCTTTGTTAGCAGCCGTTACGTCGTGTTTCCCTTTCCGA
<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁴⁴ expression in <i>E. coli</i>	<i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁴⁴ pET14b F: AACCTGTACTIONTCCAGGGTCATATGATTAGCACAGCAACCGAT GCAC <i>BcCrhI</i> ⁷⁵⁻¹⁴⁴ pET14b R: TCGGGCTTTGTTAGCAGCCGTTACGTCGTGTTTCCCTTTCCGA
Generate pET14b linearized vector skeleton for cloning	pET14b-GFP F: CGGCTGCTAACAAAGCCCGAAAGG pET14b-GFP R: CATATGACCCTGGAAGTACAGG
<i>BcCrhI</i> replacement vector upstream Amplify 5' flank of <i>BcCrhI</i>	pTZ-5'flank <i>BcCrhI</i> F: ggtaacgccagggtttcccagtcacgacgCCCCGCCCTCGTTTGCTTACAG TGAC HygTer-5'flank <i>BcCrhI</i> R: cctttttttcaggaattattctcacagtCTTGAAATATGTGATGTGTGTGTGCG TG
<i>BcCrhI</i> replacement vector downstream Amplify 3' flank of <i>BcCrhI</i>	OliCProm-3'flank <i>BcCrhI</i> F: gatctagatgattcgcgaggtaccgagctACCTGATAACGAGAAATTCCAG GAAAG pTZ-3'flank <i>BcCrhI</i> R: agcggataacaatttcacacaggaaacagcCATGGGAGTATTGCATCAGGTAT CACC
Amplify <i>hph</i> cassette	OliCProm-Hyg-pOnex F: AGCTCGGTACCTCGCGAATGC ToACR R: ACTGTGAGAATAATTCCTG
Check <i>BcCrhI</i> deletion	5'flank <i>BcCrhI</i> -check F: TTTCATGACAATGCTGAAAACCTTC 3'flank <i>BcCrhI</i> -check R: GAGATGTTGAGAATCTAATTACTATT
Used to check homologous recombination of <i>hph</i> -containing cassette	Hyg end for: ATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTC Hyg beg rev: GAGATGCAATAGGTCAGGCTCTCGCTGAATTC
Used to check the expression cassettes of pH2B: <i>N'GFP-BcCrhI</i> and pH2B: <i>C'GFP-</i> <i>BcCrhI</i>	pH2B start Rev: caaaacatctctctccatccaccaaaac pH2B end For: actcatcaatcaatctcagcc
To amplify part of the open reading frame	<i>BcCrhI</i> -check For:

of <i>BcCrh1</i>	AGAAAAGACCTGTCCTTCAGACCCA <i>BcCrh1</i> -check Rev: AAGATCAATCATGCCGTATTCGTGC
To amplify part of the open reading frame of <i>BcActin</i>	<i>BcActin</i> -check F: CCCAATCAACCCAAAGTCCAACAG <i>BcActin</i> -check R: CCACCGCTCTCAAGACCCAAGA
Y2H assay	<i>AD-BcCrh1</i> F: tatggccatggaggccagtgaattcCAAACATTCACTGATTGC <i>AD-BcCrh1</i> R: tctgcagctcgagctcgatgTTACATAACGAGATAACCTAATC <i>BD-BcCrh1</i> F: GCATATGGCCATGGAGGCCGAATTCCAAACATTCACTGATTGC <i>BD-BcCrh1</i> R: GCGGCCGCTGCAGGTTCGACGTTACATAACGAGATAACCTAATC <i>BD-BcCrh1</i> ^{C26AC33A} F: GCATATGGCCATGGAGGCCCAAACATTCACTGATGCTAACCC AACAGAAAAGACCGCTCCTTCAGACCCAGCCATTG <i>BD-BcCrh1</i> - ^{C26A} F: GCATATGGCCATGGAGGCCGAATTCCAAACATTCACTGATGCTAACCC AACCCAAACAGAAAAGACCGCT <i>AD-BcCrh1</i> ^{Δ21-38} F: TATGGCCATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCATTGGAGGCCCTCAAGTGACC <i>AD-BcCrh1</i> ^{Δ21-38} R: GCATATGGCCATGGAGGCCGAATTCATTGGAGGCCCTCAAGTGACC
<i>BcCrh1</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>BcCrh1</i> -q F: TGATTGCAACCCAACAGAAA <i>BcCrh1</i> -q R: GGTTGCTGTGCTAATGACGA
<i>B. cinerea Bcgpdh</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>Bcgpdh</i> -q F: CGAAGAATAGCACAAACAGCTGGAC <i>Bcgpdh</i> -q R: CGTCACCTTATGCTTCTTGCTCC
<i>S. lycopersicum LoxD</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>LoxD</i> -q F: GGCTTGCTTTACTCCTGGTC <i>LoxD</i> -q R: AAATCAAAGCGCCAGTTCTT
<i>S. lycopersicum PR1a</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>PR1a</i> -q F: TGGTATGGCGTAAGTCGGTA <i>PR1a</i> -q R: CTTGGAATCAAAGTCCGGTT
<i>S. lycopersicum ACS6</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>ACS6</i> -q F: CCTGGTTGTTTCATTTCATTGCTCAGAG <i>ACS6</i> -q R: GCAACTTCAACTCCCTTATTTGGTTGTAA
<i>S. lycopersicum LRR22</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>LRR22</i> -q F: AAGATTGGAGGTTGCCATTGGAGC <i>LRR22</i> -q R: ATCGCGATGAATGATCGGTGGAGT
<i>S. lycopersicum PI-II</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>PI-II</i> -q F: CCTATTCAAGATGTCCCCGTTTC <i>PI-II</i> -q R: GGGCAATCCAGAAGATGG

<i>S. lycopersicum NPR1</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>NPR1</i> -q F: CCCTGGCTAGCATGAGGAAG <i>NPR1</i> -q R: AGAGAGAGCCCTAAGCCGAT
<i>S. lycopersicum OPR3</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>OPR3</i> -q F: CTTTGAGGAACGCGTATCAGG <i>OPR3</i> -q R: TGACACGAGATCAGCATCACC
<i>S. lycopersicum actin</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>actin</i> -q F: TGAGCTTCGAGTTGCTCCTGA <i>actin</i> -q R: AGCACAGCCTGGATAGCAACA
<i>A. thaliana UBQ10</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>UBQ10</i> -q F: AGATCCAGGACAAGGAAGGTATTC <i>UBQ10</i> -q R: CGCAGGACCAAGTGAAGAGTAG
<i>A. thaliana NPR1</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>NPR1</i> -q F: TGCATCAGAAGCAACTTTGG <i>NPR1</i> -q R: GGCCTTTGAGAGAATGCTTG
<i>A. thaliana PR5</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>PR5</i> -q F: GTCAATTCAAATCCTCCATCG <i>PR5</i> -q R: CGCAGGACCAAGTGAAGAGTAG
<i>A. thaliana PAD4</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>PAD4</i> -q F: TCTTCAGTTAAAGATCAAGGAAGG <i>PAD4</i> -q R: GGTTGAATGGCCGGTTATC
<i>A. thaliana PDF1.2</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>PDF1.2</i> -q F: GTTCTCTTTGCTGCTTTTCGAC <i>PDF1.2</i> -q R: GCAAACCCCTGACCATGT
<i>A. thaliana LOX3</i> for qRT-PCR	<i>LOX3</i> -q F: CGCCAATCAACAGTTTCTGA <i>LOX3</i> -q R: CTCGTCTCGTGGCACATACA
BcXYG1 ^{E120Q/D122H/E124Q} enzymatic activity site-directed mutation	BcXYG1 ^{E120Q/D122H/E124Q} F: CTCGATCAGATTCATTGGCAATGGCT BcXYG1 ^{E120Q/D122H/E124Q} R: AGCCATTGCCAATGAATCTGATCGAG

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Supplemental Table 2. List of *B. cinerea* and yeast strains used in this study.

Strain	Genotype and description	Source
B05.10	Haploidized <i>B. cinerea</i> wild type strain	Shlezinger et al., (2016)
$\Delta bccrh1$	<i>bccrh1</i> deletion mutant	This work
OE-BcCrh1	Over expression strain of the native form of BcCrh1	This work
OE-MBcCrh1	Over expression strain of the mutated form of BcCrh1 that has no enzymatic activity in wild-type background	This work
NP-BcCrh1-GFP	BcCrh1-GFP fused protein under control of the native <i>bccrh1</i> promoter	This work
Δ /OE-MBcCrh1	Over expression strain of the mutated form of BcCrh1 that has no enzymatic activity in <i>bccrh1</i> deletion background	This work
Δ /NP-MBcCrh1	Mutant strain of the enzymatic inactive BcCrh1 protein under control of the native <i>bccrh1</i> promoter in <i>bccrh1</i> deletion background	This work
Δ /OE-MBcCrh1 ^{C26AC33A}	Over expression strain of the mutated form of BcCrh1 that lost both enzymatic activity and homodimer activity in <i>bccrh1</i> deletion background	This work
N'GFP-BcCrh1 /C'GFP-BcCrh1	BiFC assay, BcCrh1 was fused with N'GFP and C'GFP, respectively. Co-expressing of the N'GFP-BcCrh1 and C'GFP-BcCrh1 was controlled by <i>B. cinerea</i> H2B promoter.	This work
N'GFP-BcCrh1 ^{C26AC33A} /C'GFP-BcCrh1 ^{C26AC33A}	BiFC assay, BcCrh1 ^{C26AC33A} was fused with N'GFP and C'GFP, respectively. Co-expressing of the N'GFP-BcCrh1 ^{C26AC33A} and C'GFP-BcCrh1 ^{C26AC33A} was controlled by <i>B. cinerea</i> H2B promoter.	This work
N'GFP /C'GFP-BcCrh1	BiFC assay, BcCrh1 was fused with C'GFP only. Co-expressing of the N'GFP and C'GFP-BcCrh1 was controlled by <i>B. cinerea</i> H2B promoter.	This work
OE-GFP	Over expression strain of the free GFP protein	This work
BY4741	MATa his3 Δ 1 leu2 Δ 0 met15 Δ 0 ura3 Δ 0	Cabib E et al., (2007)
GRA007 (crh1 Δ crh2 Δ)	MATa his3 Δ 1 leu2 Δ 0 ura3 Δ 0 crh2::HIS3 crh1::hphMX4	Cabib E et al., (2007)
crh1 Δ crh2 Δ /BcCrh1	Yeast strain of the BcCrh1 protein under control of <i>CRH2</i> promoter and terminator in GRA007 background	This work

<i>crh1</i> Δ <i>crh2</i> Δ/MBcCrh1	Yeast strain of the enzymatic inactive BcCrh1 protein under control of <i>CRH2</i> promoter and terminator in GRA007 background	This work
<i>crh1</i> Δ <i>crh2</i> Δ/BcCrh1 ^{C26AC33A}	Yeast strain of the BcCrh1 ^{C26AC33A} protein (the mutated form of BcCrh1 that lost homodimer activity) under control of <i>CRH2</i> promoter and terminator in GRA007 background	This work
