

Nanotechnology-Based Approaches for Targeting and Delivery of Drugs via Hexakis (m-PE) Macrocycles

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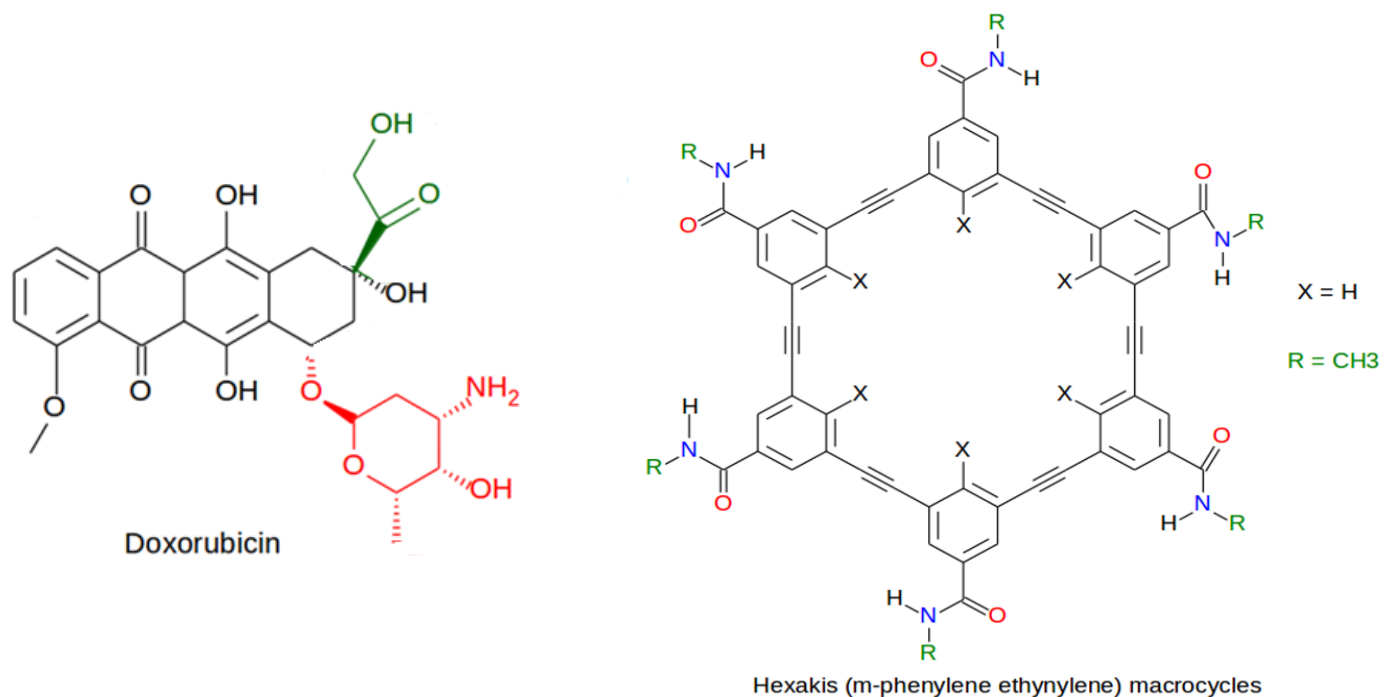
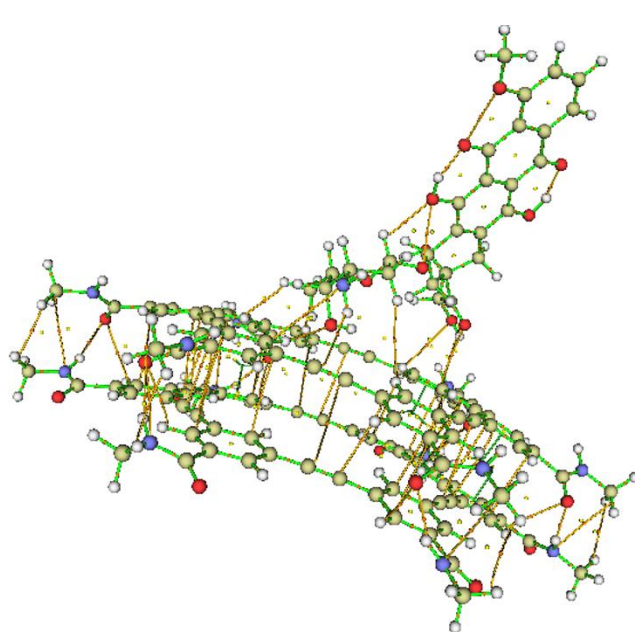
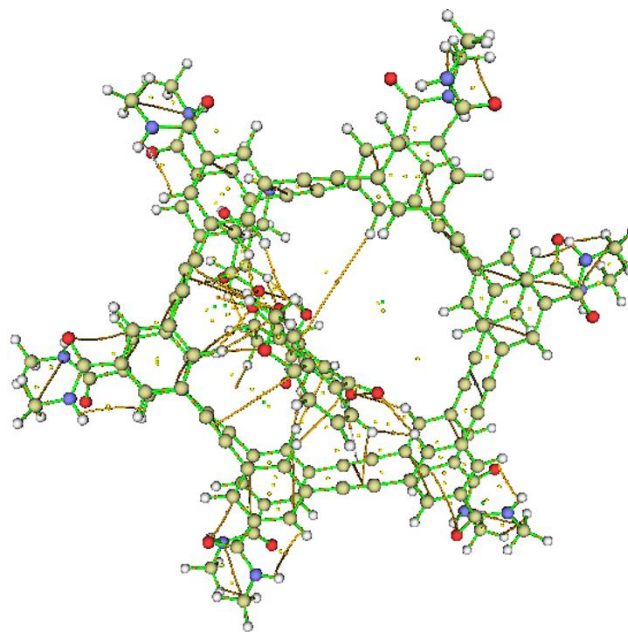


Figure S1 – Molecular structures of doxorubicin (DOX) anticancer drug and hexakis (m-PE) monomer.



Outside complex



Inside complex

Figure S2 – The molecular graph of the outside and inside complexes obtained from the DFT calculation.

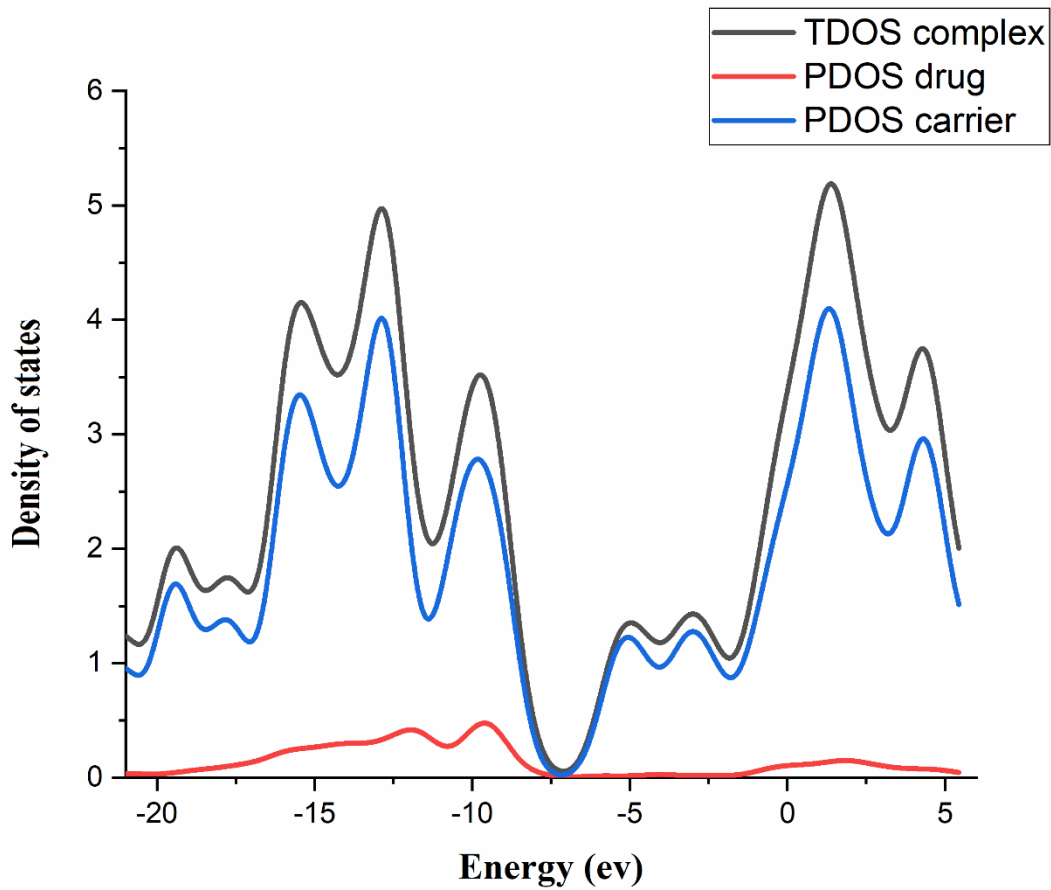


Figure S3 – The calculated electronic density of states for free DOX drug, hexakis dimer carrier, and their complex.

Table. S1 – The calculated average distance between the N and O atoms and average H-bond length (Å) in water and chloroform for each monomer^a and hexakis dimer.

<i>Hexakis dimer</i>	<i>Adsorption site</i>	<i>Distance Å</i>
<i>Chloroform</i>	O115-H109	1.986
		2.025
<i>Water</i>	O132-H105	1.987
		2.007
	O149-H101	1.991
		2.020
	O137-H97	1.988
		2.020
	O127-H125	1.979
		1.999
	O119-H113	1.989
		2.012
	N...O	2.941
		2.947
	N-H	1.338(1.328)
		1.345(1.331)
C=O	1.012(1.00)	
	1.023(1.011)	

^aValues in parentheses refer to calculation for each monomer

Table S2. Computed equilibrium bond lengths (units in Å) at the binding sites of DOX/hexakis dimer complexes in chloroform and water solvents. Atom labels are defined in Fig.2.

<i>Model</i>	<i>Adsorption site</i>	<i>Distance</i>
<i>Inside complexes</i>	O ₂₃₇ -H ₂₁₆	2.68
		2.72*
	O ₂₃₈ -H ₂₁₀	2.21
		2.24*
	O ₂₃₄ -H ₁₉₆	2.27
		2.29*
	O ₂₃₇ -H ₂₉₆	2.39
		2.42*
	O ₂₃₃ -H ₂₀₆	2.28
		2.31*
<i>Outside complexes</i>	O ₂₂₉ -H ₂₈₈	2.05
		2.1*
	O ₃₉ -H ₁₈₅	3.6
		3.91*
	O ₃₃ -H ₂₈₄	2.2
		2.34*
	O ₃₇ -H ₂₇₇	2.9
		3.2*
	N ₃₄ -H ₂₈₃	3.9
		4.2*

* In water solvent.

Table S3. The selected topological parameters of the investigated complexes, the density of the total energy of electrons (H_{BCP}), the kinetic (G_{BCP}) and potential (V_{BCP}) electron energy densities (all in a.u.), $-G_{BCP}/V_{BCP}$ ratio and the hydrogen bond energy (E_{HB} , in kJ/mol) for the intermolecular interactions between DOX drug and hexakis dimer in chloroform and water solution.

	<i>Site adsorption</i>	ρ_{BCP}	$\nabla^2\rho_{BCP}$	G_{BCP}	V_{BCP}	H_{BCP}	$-G_{BCP}/V_{BCP}$	E_{HB}
Inside complexes	O ₂₃₉ -H ₂₁₆	0.01661	0.0505	0.01160	-0.0105	0.00101	1.0960	-13.901
		0.01658	0.0502	0.01154	-0.0105	0.00100	1.0950	-13.843*
	O ₂₃₈ -H ₂₁₀	0.01634	0.0574	0.01267	-0.0109	0.00167	1.1526	-14.431
		0.00817	0.0294	0.00588	-0.0044	0.00146	1.3323	-5.795*
	O ₂₃₄ -H ₁₉₆	0.0138	0.0457	0.00996	-0.0085	0.00146	1.1720	-11.158
		0.00649	0.0265	0.00508	-0.0035	0.00153	1.4332	-4.659*
	O ₂₃₇ -H ₂₉₆	0.0118	0.0453	0.00935	-0.0073	0.00196	1.2659	-9.7046
		0.00101	0.0156	0.00263	-0.0013	0.00126	1.9326	-1.786*
	O ₂₃₃ -H ₂₀₆	0.01307	0.0463	0.0098	-0.0081	0.00171	1.2105	-10.692
		0.00583	0.0202	0.00392	-0.0028	0.00112	1.3999	-3.683*
Outside complexes	O ₂₂₉ -H ₂₈₈	0.01939	0.0691	0.01564	-0.0140	0.00163	1.1165	-18.39
		0.01921	0.0614	0.01429	-0.0132	0.00105	1.0796	-17.381*
	O ₃₉ -H ₁₈₅	0.0201	0.0809	0.01786	-0.0155	0.00236	1.1524	-20.347
		0.02239	0.0702	0.01693	-0.0163	0.00061	1.0374	-21.431*
	O ₃₃ -H ₂₈₄	0.0204	0.0813	0.01803	-0.0157	0.00228	1.1451	-20.677
		0.02142	0.0698	0.0165	-0.0155	0.0009	1.0610	-20.413*
	O ₃₇ -H ₂₇₇	0.02389	0.0989	0.02231	-0.0199	0.00240	1.1209	-26.134
		0.02251	0.0711	0.01713	-0.0164	0.0006	1.0388	-21.652*
	N ₃₄ -H ₂₈₃	0.0508	0.01646	0.02315	-0.0421	-0.0190	0.5487	-55.382
	0.0501	0.0121	0.02196	-0.0409	-0.0189	0.5369	-53.685*	

* In water solvent.

Table S4. The DOX optimized structural geometries in vacuum phase and experimental data²².

Lengths are in angstrom (Å)

	EXP²²	DFT/6-31G**	%SD
<i>C2-C3</i>	1.32 ^c	1.35	1.5151
<i>C2-C1</i>	1.39 ^c	1.36	-1.1582
<i>C1-C16</i>	1.40 ^c	1.39	-0.7142
<i>C15-C16</i>	1.36 ^c	1.37	0.7352
<i>C4-C15</i>	1.42 ^c	1.40	-1.4084
<i>C3-H3</i>	0.98 ^c	1.00	2.0408
<i>C4-C3</i>	1.41 ^c	1.40	-0.7092
<i>C2-H2</i>	1.01 ^c	1.02	-0.9803
<i>C4-O4</i>	1.34 ^c	1.34	0
<i>O4-C23</i>	1.46 ^c	1.44	-1.3698
<i>C5-F5</i>	1.34 ^c	1.33	-0.7462
<i>C23-H23</i>	1.16 ^c	1.13	-2.5862
<i>C5-C15</i>	1.50 ^c	1.47	-1.9087
<i>C17-C18</i>	1.37 ^c	1.39	0.01459
<i>C18-C12</i>	1.46 ^c	1.47	0.6849
<i>C12-C16</i>	1.50 ^c	1.49	-0.6666
<i>C12-O12</i>	1.25 ^c	1.20	-4.00
<i>C5-O5</i>	1.24 ^c	1.24	0
<i>C6-C17</i>	1.40 ^c	1.38	-0.7142
<i>C19-C20</i>	1.36 ^c	1.37	0.7352
<i>C9-O9</i>	1.44 ^c	1.43	-0.6944
<i>O9-H9</i>	1.09 ^c	1.05	-3.66
<i>C10-H10</i>	1.01 ^c	1.04	2.4798
<i>C13-O13</i>	1.20 ^c	1.21	0.8349
<i>C14-H14</i>	0.99 ^c	1.01	2.02
<i>C13-C14</i>	1.50 ^c	1.49	-0.6666
<i>N22-H22</i>	1.00 ^c	0.99	1

^c X-ray data (average for four molecules)

Table S5. ^1H NMR chemical shifts (δ , in ppm) obtained from the DFT calculation, ^1H shifts relative to monomer and dimer of hexakis.

<i>Type of H</i>	<i>Description of Proton</i>	<i>Hexakis dimer</i> δ (ppm)	<i>Hexakis monomer</i> δ (ppm)
<i>Ar-H</i>	<i>aromatic (H is on phenyl ring)</i>	7.1	7.9
<i>R CO NHR</i>	<i>amide</i>	8.2	9.08
<i>R₂N-CH₃</i>	<i>α to nitrogen (C is attached to N)</i>	1.2	1.5