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Supplementary File

Table S1

Clinical Probability Inputs Used in the Economic Model

Variable	No AUA	A project	AUA project		
Probability of inappropriate antipsychotic use (SE; 95% CI)	0.281 (0.0022; 0.279-0.288)		0.219 (0.0020; 0.215-0.223)		
	Antipsychotic use	No antipsychotic use	Antipsychotic use	No antipsychotic use	
Probability of improvement in NPS (SE; 95% CI)	0.728 (0.013; 0.702- 0.754)	0.800 (0.010; 0.781- 0.819)	0.730 (0.016; 0.698- 0.761)	0.774 (0.011; 0.752- 0.796)	
Probability of ED visit (SE; 95% CI)	0.057 (0.006; 0.045- 0.069)	0.043 (0.005; 0.034- 0.053)	0.094 (0.0.015; 0.065- 0.125)	0.048 (0.008; 0.033- 0.063)	
Probability of hospitalization (SE; 95% CI)	0.067 (0.006; 0.054- 0.080)	0.045 (0.003; 0.038- 0.052)	0.146 (0.035; 0.076- 0.216)	0.044 (0.004; 0.036- 0.051)	

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Table S2

Cost inputs Oscu in the Leone	Estimated total cost	Estimated cost per resident	Minimum	Maximum	Sources
AUA project					
Learning Workshops (LWs) Project Staff Manager (0.5 FTE for 20mo) Administrative assistant (0.75 FTE for 20mo) Practice leads (1.0 FTE for 15mo and 1.0 FTE for 12mo) Nurse educator [education content writer] (1.0 FTE for 4mo)	\$77,535.74 \$459,234.00	\$43.10	\$21.55	\$64.65	AUA project records; Minimum and maximum estimates are within +/-50% of the average calculated estimate
Other expenses	\$87,026.00				
Inappropriate antipsychotic use (per day)		\$0.34	\$0.17	\$0.50	AUA project records; Minimum and maximum estimates are within +/-50% of the average calculated estimate
Emergency Department (ED) visit		\$500.23	\$250.12	\$750.35	Hospital ED costs estimated from CIHI Report on Seniors ED Visits in Ontario;
					Emergency physician costs estimated from Provincial Schedule of Medical Benefits;
					Minimum and maximum estimates are within +/-50% of the average calculated estimate
Hospitalization		\$21,514	\$21,476	\$22,074	Average hospital costs, and minimum and maximum estimates were provided from the CIHI Patient Cost Estimator

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Table S3

Results of Select One-Way Sensitivity and Scenario Analyses Comparing AUA Project to No AUA Project

Inputs	Strategy	Cost (\$)	Incremental cost (\$)	Effectiveness (inappropriate antipsychotic avoided)	Incremental effectiveness (inappropriate antipsychotic avoided)	Incremental cost per inappropriate antipsychotic avoided
One-way sensitivity analyses						
Probability of inappropriate antipsychotic use: Decreased by 50% (0.1405), No AUA project	No AUA project	1,088.72		0.860		
	AUA project	1,543.14	454.42	0.781	-0.079	DOMINATED (-\$5,788.77)
Increased by 50% (0.4215), No AUA project	No AUA project	1,293.89		0.579		
	AUA project	1,543.14	249.74	0.781	0.203	\$1,233.29
Decreased by 50% (0.1095), AUA project	No AUA project	1,191.06		0.719		
	AUA project	1,271.63	80.58	0891	0.172	\$469.83
Increased by 50% (0.3285), AUA project	No AUA project	1,191.06		0.719		
	AUA project	1,814.64	623.58	0.672	-0.048	DOMINATED (-\$13,128.09)
Scenario analysis						
In-kind costs of intervention implementation	No AUA project	1,191.06		0.719		
	AUA project	1,755.38	564.33	0.781	0.062	\$9,102.09

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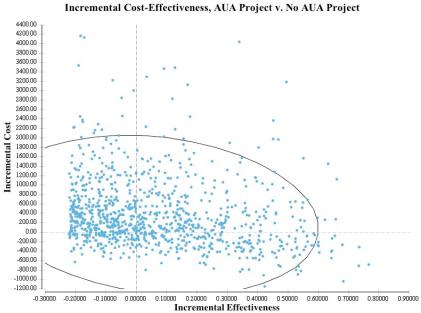


Figure S1: Monte Carlo incremental scatterplot showing the probabilistic sensitivity analysis of AUA project compared to no AUA project.