



CGCACACACACACACACACAATCACTCACACGCGGTCACACGCACATTTCAATAAACTA ATG GAG CCT GGC TTT GTT TTT GTT TTA TTT CCA ACC CAC TTG AGC ACA CAG CAC ACA CAG AGA MEPGFVFVLFPTHLSTQHTQR GAA AAA TCA ATA CTC GTT ATG GGA TTA AAT TTA CAA AGC GCA AAG CAA AGC GAC AAA CAA AAT E K S I L V M G L N L Q S A K Q S D K Q N т G А TCA AAA GAA AGA AAA AAA AAC ACT CAA ATA AAC TCA CAA AGA ATT CCT TAT CGC CAA GGG GGC SKERKKNTQINSQRIPYRQGG CAA TGT TCT AAG GTT CTT TCG CCT TGA CSKVLSP* Q S T GAACTTTGAGCTTCCTCTGGCAAAGGAGATTATAATGTACAAATAATGTTGCAATAACCAGTTGAAACCAA TGGAATACCGAATCTTGCTAATTAGCAAGGACATCTGTTCACATCTTACCGGGCAGCATTAGATCCTTTTTA TAACTCTAATACTGTCAGGTAAAGATGTCGTCCGTGTCCTTAACCTTCAGTTCCACCAACAGCAGCAGCAG CACCacAAAAAAAAAAAAAGCGTAAAAATCCAAACAAATCATAAAAGTCGAAGGA

Figure S2 : pri-miR8 sequence.

In red is shown the open reading frame for miPEP-8. In green is listed the miPEP-8 amino acid sequence. In orange is shown the pre-miR-8. In blue are indicated the SNPs detected and the * indicate the premature stop codon.

Arrows indicate the 5' end identified in 5'RACE experiment. Black arrow show the most 5' end identified by 5'RACE and correlating with the 5'ends found in RNA-seq.





Figure S3 :

A : RNA-seq profil of the *miR-8* locus. Contrasting with the models of long RA and short RB CR43650 transcripts, no covering reads and overlapping reads were detected in the region located upstream the RB transcript suggesting that two different transcriptional units are present (schematized by blue rectangles on top). Arrowhead : Location of the *miR-8* GAL4 line insertion.

B : expression of *miR-8* gene in white recipent flies and miR-8 GAL4 flies. Differences are non significant (Mann & Whitney non parametric test). n=6





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Figure S4 : anti miPEP-8 antibodies characterization. - indicates programmed lysate with empty vector. **A** : *In vitro* translated miPEP-8 HA were produced in insect cell extracts and subjected to western blot experiments. **B** : the miPEP-8 ORFs ATGs were placed in natural, kozak (K) or mutated (mt) translational context and were tested for their ability to be translated. **C** : *N.benthamiana* agroinfiltrated with pCambia expressing vectors, empty vector (ctrl) or miPEP-8 encoding vector (miPEP-8). Arrows indicate miPEP-8. Note the signal in miPEP-8 overexpressing plants. **D** : miR-8 GAL4 flies were crossed with the respective UAS constructs (ctrl is driver crossed with the recipent white flies). Young Adults (1-2 days old) were subjected to western blot using the purified anti miPEP8 antibody. Arrows indicate miPEP-8. Note the increased signal in miPEP-8 overexpressing flies for the wt construct but not the ATG mutated one.



Figure S5 : qPCR on flies over-expressing miPEP-8 using the *miR-8* GAL4 line as driver. Top panel, the overexpression level is more than 45 fold times higher than the endogenous level (n=9). Middle and bottom panels, endogenous level of *pri-miR-8* (n= 17) and mature miR-8 (n=10) were determined by qPCR. Non significant variation (Mann & Whitney non parametric test) of endogenous *pri-miR-8* or mature *miR-8* was observed upon miPEP-8 overexpression.



Figure S6 : Lack of miPEP-8 effect on miR-8 endogenous targets.

A : western blot experiment on S2 cells overexpressing *miR-8* or miPEP-8 as indicated.
Bottom : average value of the relative expression/GAPDH from two independent experiments with SD indicated.
B : expression of *miR-8* and miPEP-8 using ptc-GAL4 in wing imaginal discs. Third instard discs are stained with an anti-peanut antibody. Arrows : repression of this Peanut expression in the ptc domain with *miR-8* but not miPEP-8.



Figure S7 : qPCR on agroinfiltrated *N.benthamiana* leaves with either *A.thaliana pri-miR165a* (n= 8) or *Drosophila pri-miR-8* (n= 12) expressed from ubiquitous promoter (35S) together with either an empty expression vector (ctrl) or a vector expressing miPEP-165a or miPEP-8 respectively. Bottom transfected *drosophila* S2 cells (n= 13) expressing the *A.thaliana pri-miR165a* together with the p-actin empty vector (ctrl) or a p-actin vector expressing the miPEP-165a. * indicate that the difference is significant with a pvalue<0,01 (**) or 0,001 (***)

Homology arms and gRNAs designs

W



w; ∆miR-8

Figure S8 : scheme of Knock In/ Knock Down strategy ; genomic sequence of the $\Delta miR-8$ line and the resulting wing phenotype of the generated $\Delta miR-8$ flies

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gene	symbol	logFC	pvalue (FDR)	updown	reference
FBgn0015838	Vang	-0,25	0,000100718	down	Bolin et al, 2016
FBgn0011225	jar	-0,41	3,07216E-11	down	Bolin et al, 2016
FBgn0005672	spi	-0,34	4,63246E-09	down	Morante et al, 2013
FBgn0036372	Abp1	-0,18	0,01777008	down	Bolin et al, 2016
FBgn0262716	Arp3	-0,22	0,002244126	down	Bolin et al, 2016
FBgn0013726	pnut	-0,25	6,25716E-05	down	Bolin et al, 2016; Eichenlaub et al, 2016
FBgn0003514	sqh	-0,26	9,0503E-05	down	Bolin et al, 2016
FBgn0038320	Sra-1	-0,28	2,44587E-05	down	Bolin et al, 2016
FBgn0034970	yki	-0,32	1,82097E-06	down	Umegawachiet al, 2017; Sander et al, 2018
FBgn0001257	ImpL2	-0,35	6,13257E-06	down	Lee et al, 2015
FBgn0036141	wls	-0,36	1,78976E-07	down	Kennel et al, 2008
FBgn0034709	Swim	0,82	3,1208E-15	up	Lucas et al, 2015
FBgn0034407	DptB	1,00	0,000544687	up	Choi & Hyun, 2012

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Figure S9 : miPEP-8 and *miR-8* deregulated genes in S2 cells overexpressing miPEP-8 or miR-8. **A** : published *miR-8* targets identified in this study that are highly significant (see FDR value) with a logFC > 0,25. **B** : venn diagram for significant deregulated genes (number indicated in the center of each circle) with a logFC > 1,5.

Α

PANTHER GO-Slim Biological Process



Chart tooltips are read as: Category name (Accession): # genes; Percent of ine hit against total # genes; Percent of gene hit against total # Process hits



Figure S10 : GO of transcriptome of *miR-8* specific genes. **A** : Most significant regulated biological processes. **B** : Fold enrichment of the most representative biological activities controled by *miR-8*. Note enrichment of epithelial cell adhesion, and integrity, regulation of actin filament assembly, wing imaginal disc morphogenesis.





Figure S11 : Gene Ontology of transcriptome of miPEP-8 specific genes. A : Most significant regulated biological processes. B : Fold enrichment of the most representative biological activities.





Figure S12 : Modulation of two miPEP-8 regulated genes analysed by qPCR in white (wt miPEP-8) and in w ; miPEP-8 mutated adult flies (miPEP-8alt) (N= 6 and 8 respectively). The differences are significant (p<0,05).

AGATCGTGAAGAAGCGCACCAAGC	RP49 q5
GCACCAGGAACTTCTTGAATCCGG	RP49 q3
CGAGACCTACTGCATCGACA	Dm tub q5
AGGTCACCGTATGTGGGTGT	Dm tub q3
AGGACACGGACGACATCTTT	premiR8 q3
TCTTACCGGGCAGCATTAGA	premiR8 q5
TCGCCTTGAGAACTTTGAGC	primiR8 q5
TGATTTGTTTGGATTTTTACGC	primiR8 q3OK
TTGTTTGTCGCTTTGCTTTG	primiR8 q3 quatuor
GAGCCTGGCTTTGTTTTGT	PrimiR8q5quatuor
GGGGGTAATACTGTCAGGTAAA	New mir8fwqRT
CCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTA	New universal rv stemloop
GCTTCGGCTTAATGATGGTC	U14fwqRT
GGGTGTGATTCTGCTTGTCA	snoR442fwqRT
GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTCGCACTGGATACGACAGTCAG	stemloopRTU14
GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTCGCACTGGATACGACGATCAG	stemloopRTsnoR442
GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTCGCACTGGATACGACGACATC	SL RT miR8
CTTCAGAACCGGAGACCGAC	Cyt C1L Fw
TCTTGCGAGACTTGAGCGTT	Cyt C1L Rv
GGAGCAACTGGATCGCACTA	CG10089 Fw
GCAGTTACCCTCGCAGATGT	CG10089 Rv

Figure S13 : sequences and list of primers used in real time quantitative PCR experiments.