

**Supp. Table 1.** Data on the epidemiological cut-off values (ECVs) >95% per drug and molecular type as reported elsewhere [25, 26]. When a MIC is lower than or equal to the ECV, the isolates are likely from the wild type distribution of their molecular type for a particular antifungal drug, whereas if the MIC is greater than the ECV the isolates are from a non-wild type distribution and are likely to have an acquired form of resistance.

<b>MT</b>	<b>Amphotericin-B</b>	<b>5-fluorocytosine</b>	<b>Fluconazole</b>	<b>Itraconazole</b>	<b>Voriconazole</b>	<b>Posaconazole</b>
VNI	0.5 µg/ml	8 µg/ml	8 µg/ml	0.25 µg/ml	0.25 µg/ml	0.25 µg/ml
VGI	0.5 µg/ml	4 µg/ml	8 µg/ml	0.5 µg/ml	0.5 µg/ml	0.5 µg/ml
VGII	1 µg/ml	16 µg/ml	32 µg/ml	0.5 µg/ml	0.25 µg/ml	ND
VGIII	ND	ND	8 µg/ml	0.5 µg/ml	ND	ND

ND: Not determined