







Figure H Clinical features of IL21R deficiency





age (y)

	Increased (no of patients)	Normal (no of patients)	Decreased (no of patients)	Unknown (no of patients)
Immunoglobulin sei	rum levels			
lgG	1/13 (8%)	3/13 (23%)	9/13 (70%)	0
lgA	0	5/12 (42%)	7/12 (58%)	1
lgE	5/12 (42%)	7/12 (58%)	0	1
lgM	3/12 (25%)	4/12 (33%)	5/12 (42%)	1
Absolute lymphocyl	te subpopulations			
WBC	5/8 (63%)	2/8 (25%)	1/8 (13%)	5
ALC	3/11 (27%)	5/11 (45%)	3/11 (27%)	2
B cells	2/11 (18%)	6/11 (55%)	3/11 (27%)	2
T cells	2/9 (22%)	4/9 (44%)	3/9 (33%)	4
CD4+ cells	2/11 (18%)	5/11 (45%)	4/11 (36%)	2
CD8+ cells	2/11 (18%)	6/11 (55%)	3/11 (27%)	2
CD4-CD8- cells	3/11 (27%)	8/11 (73%)	0	2
CD16+CD56+ NK o	cells 0	6/10 (60%)	4/10 (40%)	3

WBC, white blood cell count; ALC, all lymphocyte count.



FigureÁ KIL21R mutations impact Tfh, Th17, MAIT cells formation and NK cell differentiation



Figure Î : Impaired generation of memory B cells and induction of class switching due to IL-21R deficiency

Figure +

(A) Memory CD4⁺ T cells: Th17 cytokines





Supplementary Figure 1: Age at disease onset of novel and previously published IL21R deficiency patients



Supplementary Figure 2: Cutaneous rash resembling lupus in P5



Table I. Clinical features and outcome in IL21R deficiency

Patient	total n (%)	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9	P10	P11	P12	P13
First description	Er	man 2015	novel	novel	novel	Kotlarz 2014	novel	Kotlarz 2013	Kotlarz 2013	Kotlarz 2013	Kotlarz 2013	lves 2013	Stepensky 2015	novel
Age		11	1	8*	9	19*	19	4*	10*	18*	9*	15*	15	6
Sex		male	female	male	male	male	female	male	male	male	male	female	female	female
Age of onset (years)		0.5	_***	1	1.5	4	2	2	4	5	3	3	2	_***
Age at diagnosis (years)		5	1	2	6	19	19	n/a	n/a	13	8	13	8	0.3
consanguinity		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Bacterial infections														
Recurrent bacterial respiratory infections	11 (84.6)	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Bronchiectasis	6 (46.2)				+	+	+			+		+	+	
Recurrent otitis media	6 (46.2)	+				+				+	+	+	+	
Respiratory mycobacterial infections	2 (15.4)					M. tuberculosis					M. massilense			
Fungal infections														
Fungal respratory infections	5 (38.5)			P. jirovecii		+				P. jirovecii	P. jirovecii		P. jirovecii	
Candidiasis	5 (38.5)			esophageal		hepatosplenic			esophageal	esophageal	systemic			
Parasitic infestations														
Cryptosporidiosis associated cholangitis	6 (46.2)	+						+	+	+	+	+		
Cryptosporidiosis intestinal inflammation	5 (38.5)	+		+					+	+	+			
Viral infections					rubella	CMV penumonia,			n	chronic	chronic	CMV infection		
Inflammatory complications					persistance	OWV rounds,						1011		
Liver fibrosis	2 (18.2)							+	+					
Failure to thrive	5 (38.5)	+		+					+	+	+			
Asthma	3 (23.1)				+	+	+							
Other			I	oolydactily, celiac-like findings, giardiasis	recurrent bronchiolitis, hepatomegaly	mediastinal and intestinal / lymphadenopathy, lupus-like skin inflammation	food allergies		recurrent sinusitis, H. pylori associated gastritis, hepatomegaly	1	bacteremia. hematogenous spread of M. massilense	H. pylori gastritis		
Treatment	Pro an the	HSCT, ophylactic tibacterial erapy and IVIG	Prophylactic antibacterial therapy and IVIG	Prophylactic antibacterial therapy and IVIG	Steroids, Prophylactic antibacterial therapy and IVIG	HSCT, prophylactic antibacterial therapy, Voriconazole and IVIG	Omalizumab, Prophylactic antibacterial therapy and IVIC	Liver transplant at age 4 y	HSCT	Prophylactic antibacterial therapy and IVIG	Prophylactic antibacterial therapy and IVIG	HSCT, prophylatic antibacterial therapy, IVIG	HSCT	HSCT
Outcome	due t ası day +6	died o pulmonar pergillosis 1 post HSC	alive y T	died due to severe diarrhea	died due to pulmonary complications	died due to multiorgan failure day +55 post HSCT	alive	died due to bacteremia, systemic CMV infection and multiorgan failure day +542	died due to multiorgan failure and graft rejection day +84	died due to liver and respiratory failure	died due to infectious complications with liver and renal failure	died due to severe digestive GvHD/CMV ARDS day +149 post HSCT	alive	alive

n/p, not published; n/a, not applicable, * age at time of death;** age at clinical description; ***asymptomatic; CMV, cytomegaly virus; HSCT, hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; IVIG, intravenous immunoglobulin stubstitution; ARDS, acute respiratory distress syndrome

Table II. Details of HSCT and Clinical Course of Transplanted IL21R-Deficient Patients

					н	HSCT source		Complica	tions	
Patient no.	Age at HSCT	Organ damage prior to HSCT	HSCT conditioning regime	GvHD prophylaxis	Donor	cell source, cells/kg	Engraftmen (neutrophil)	t GvHD	Other	Clinical outcome, follow up time
1	12 y 11 mo	Bronchiectasis, cholangitis, hepatic transplant	Fludarabine (150 mg/m2) Treosulfan (108 g/m2)	MTX	10/10 MSD	UNKNOWN BMC	Failed	No	Failure to engraft, severe pulmonary aspergillosis,	died on day 61 post HSCT
5	20 y 2 mo	Bronchiectasis	Fludarabine (150 mg/m2) Melphalan (100 mg/m2)	CSA, MTX	10/10 MFD	8 x 10⁵ BMC	Failed	No b	Failure to engraft, severe pact. infections, PRES, CMV reactivation, ARDS	died on day 55 post HSCT
11	15 y 6 mo	Bronchiectasis, lung resection, cholangitis	Fludarabine (180 mg/m2) Busulfan (AUC 12 000 microM.min)	CSA, MMF)	10/10 MSD	6.5 x 10 ⁶ PBSC	Yes, day +14	Acute GvHD grade IV: ski GI, liver (D+4	0, CMV reactivation n, associateded 40) ARDS	died on day 149 post HSCT
12	9 y 3 mo	Bronchiectasis	Fludarabine (150 mg/m2) Treosulfan (42 g/m2) Thiotepa (10 mg/kg)	CSA, MMF	12/12 MSD	2.5 x 10 ⁶ BMC	Yes, day +14	No	CMV reactivation	clinical remission, IVIG not needed
13	2 y 6 mo	No	Fludarabine (150 mg/m2) Treosulfan (42 g/m2) Thiotepa (10 mg/kg)	CSA, MMF	12/12 MSD	1.04 x 10 ⁶ BMC	Yes, day +14	No	No	clinical remission, IVIG not needed
8	10 y	Cholangitis, liver fibrosis	not published	not published	HLA matched	not published	1st HSCT: ye 2nd HSCT: n/	es No /p info 2	increased cholangitis, CMV ection, graft rejection, require 2nd HSCT, multiorgan failure	died on day 84 ed post HSCT

HSCT, hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; AUC, area under the curve; MTX, methotrexate; CSA, cyclosporine A; MMF, mycophenolic acid; MSD, matched sibling donor; MFD, matched family donor; BMC, bone marrow cells; GvHD, graft versus host disease; GI, gastrointestinal; PRES, posterior reversible encephalopathy syndrome; CMV, cytomegaly virus; ARDS, acute respiratory distress syndrome; IVIG intravenous immunoglobulin substitution

Supplementary Table I. Sequences of primers used in targeted sequencing of IL21R

Patient ID	FW Primer	RV Primer
P1, P2	CAGGACTGTGAGTGGCTGAA	GGGTGGCTAGAACAGGACAA
P4	CAGCAAATTCTCACCCCATT	CTTGGCCATGAATGATGTTG
P5	AGAGCTGCTGCCCTAAATGA	CATCCATGTGGCAGGTGTAG
P6	CAGACTAAAGCCACCCCTTG	GACCTTGTCTCTGGCTCAGG
P9/P10		
P11	TCTCGATCTCCTGACCTCGT	GCCCTTGGTCTCTGTTCTTG
P13		

Supplementary Table II. Genetics of novel and published patients with IL21R deficiency

Patient	Defect	Exon	Domain	Diagnosis	Reference
P1,2,3	c.535delG (D179Tfs*51)	Exon 6	Fibronectin III type 2	Haloplex target enriched NGS	21
P4	c.473T>C (L158P)	Exon 5	Fibronectin III type 2	Whole Exome Sequencing	novel
P5	c.153-1G>T (splicing aberrant	Intron 3-4	Fibronectin III type 1	Whole Exome Sequencing	19
P6	c.1421C>G (S474*)	Exon 9	Cytoplasmic domain	Haloplex target enriched NGS	novel
P7,8	c.602G>T (R201L)	Exon 6	Fibronectin III type 2	Whole Exome Sequencing	20
P9,10	c.240_245 delCTGCCA (p.C81-H82del)	Exon 4	Fibronectin III type 1	targeted IL21R sequencing	20
P11	c.416G>C (W138S)	Exon 5	Fibronectin III type 2	Flow cytometry, targeted IL21R sequencing	23
P12,13	c.602G>A (R201Q)	Exon 6	Fibronectin III type 2	Whole Exome Sequencing	22

NGS, next generation sequencing

Supplementary Table III. Laboratory features of patients with IL21R deficiency

Patient	WBC	ALC	ANC	lgA mg/dl	lgG mg/dl	lgM mg/dl	lgE	CD3+	CD4+	CD8+	CD16+CD56+	CD19+	DNT
P1	18 000	3500	13700	100 (44-244)	92 (44-244)	711 (640-1040)	144 (-150)	84%(60-76) 2940(1200-2600)	17%(31-47)) 595(650-1500)	46%(18-35) 1610(370-1100)	<mark>1%(</mark> 4-17) <mark>35</mark> (100-480)	15%(13-27) 525(270-860)	-
P2	13600	7500	4900	69 (7-123)	<mark>1460</mark> (304-1231)	105 (32-203)	3 (-150)	57%(49-76) 4275(3400-9000)	38%(31-56))2850(1400-4300)	15%(12-24))1125 (500-1700)	3%(3-15) 225(160-950)	38%(14-37) 2850(610-2600)	-
P3	12300	5300	5900	<mark>45</mark> (70-303)	<mark>442</mark> (764-2134)	<mark>24</mark> (69-387)	255 (-150)	83%(60-76) 4399(1200-2600)	44%(31-47)) 2332(650-1500)	37%(18-35) 1961(370-1100)	<mark>2%(</mark> 4-17) 106(100-480)	15%(13-27) 1007(270-860)	-
P4	5300	1400	2900	<mark>28</mark> (44-244)	780 (745-1804)	<mark>60</mark> (78-261)	40 (-150)	81%(54-76) 1134(1600-6700	40%(31-54)) <mark>560</mark> (1000-4600)	36%(12-28) 504(400-2100)	<mark>2%(</mark> 3-22) 28(200-1200)	<mark>7%</mark> (15-39) 98(600-2700)	-
P5	2900	690	unknown	<mark>23</mark> (139-378)	<mark>688</mark> (913-1884)	435 (88-322)	9 (-150)	74%(56-94) <mark>510</mark> (1000-2200)	<mark>25%</mark> (31-52) 165(530-1300)	41%(18-35) 276 (330-920)	9%(3-22) <mark>62</mark> (70-480)	8%(6-23) <mark>60</mark> (110-570)	+
P6	11300	2100	8200	<mark>100</mark> (139-378)	<mark>500</mark> (913-1884)	<mark>60</mark> (88-322)	500-30000 (-150)	78%(66-76) 1482(1400-2000	43%(33-41)) 817(700-1100)	30%(27-35) 570(600-900)	<mark>5%</mark> (9-16) 95(200-300)	17%(12-22) 323(300-500)	-
P7	n/p	n/p	n/p	normal	normal	317 (38-150)	1360 (2-60)	n/p	n/p	n/p	n/p	elevated	-
P8	n/p	n/p	n/p	normal	<mark>495</mark> (520 - 1290)	normal	2010 (6-120)	normal	n/p	n/p	normal	normal	+
P9	11250	1450	8370	187 (90-450)	<mark>625</mark> (800-1800)	133 (60-250)	<mark>3669</mark> (-150)	83%(56-84) 1159(1000-2200)	37%(31-52)) 760(530-1300)	22%(18-35) <mark>325</mark> (330-920)	8%(6-27) 122(70-1200)	11%(3-19) 162(110-570)	+
P10	6530	1161	3920	<mark>29</mark> (74-260)	<mark>29</mark> (730 - 1400)	<mark>26</mark>) (68-175)	146 (-150)	55%(60-76) 634(1200-2600)	46%(31-47) 533(650-1500)	<mark>9%</mark> (18-35) 105(370-1300)	<mark>3%(</mark> 6-27) 33(70-1200)	20%(9-11) 226(270-860)	-
P11	unknown	2200 (1700-2800)	unknown	<mark>67</mark> (74-260)	<mark>590</mark> (730 - 1410)	<mark>32</mark>)(68-1750)	34.7 (-150)	<mark>71%</mark> (81-83) 1562(1411-2268)	<mark>37%</mark> (43-53)) 1125(901-1204)	<mark>25%</mark> (26-35) 550(442-980)	9%(7-8) 198(119-224)	18%(9-11) 396 (170-308)	-
P12	unknown	3700 (1800-5000)	unknown	<mark>27</mark> (30-188)	<mark>221</mark> (540-1340)	<mark>307</mark> (42-170)	60 (-150)	unknown	42%(26-41) 1565(641-1453)	26%(13-47) 973(200-1700)	3%(2-31) 115(70-500)	10%(9-20) 381(296-784)	-
P13	unknown	9600	unknwon	unknown	low	unknown	unknown	74% unknown	39%(38-46) 3744(1800-4000)	16.3%(6-41) 1505(600-1600)	0.25%(3-14) unknown	21(21-41) 1968(430-3000)	-

values lower than reference values are indicated in red, values higher than reference values are indicated in blue.