

Supplemental Material

Dog breed variation in genomic copy number underlies complex and novel phenotype associations

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Trait code name	Trait full name	Type of variable (range)	Description	Test used	Number of significant windows	Trait Source	Included (reason)
Aggressiveness	Aggressiveness	Continuous score (1.5-2.5)	-	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(Plassais et al. 2019)	NO (excess missing)
AOD	Age of death	Continuous measure	Average breed age of death (in years)	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	8	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
AttachmentAttentionSeeking	Attachment attention seeking	Continuous score (0-4)	Maintaining close proximity to the owner or other members of the household, soliciting affection or attention, and displaying agitation when the owner gives attention to third parties	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
BodyheightF	Height at the withers females	Continuous measure	Average breed height at the withers for females (in cm)	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	115	ours	NO (redundant to Plassais)
BodyheightM	Height at the withers males	Continuous measure	Average breed height at the withers for males (in cm)	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	89	ours	NO (redundant to Plassais)
BodyweightF	Weight females	Continuous measure	Average breed weight for females (in kg)	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	52	ours	NO (redundant to Plassais)
BodyweightM	Weight males	Continuous measure	Average breed weight for males (in kg)	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	33	ours	NO (redundant to Plassais)
Boldness	Boldness	Categorical variable (2 factors)	-	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(Plassais et al. 2019)	NO (excess missing)
Boldness	Boldness	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Dog trainer assessment of breed bolness	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	2	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
Bulky	Bulky	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Characterized heavy muscling and back fat thickness which is observed in 54% of the large dog breeds	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	34	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Cardiac	Cardiac disease propensity	Rank variable	Ranking of dog breeds based on the normalized number of heart related disease diagnostics	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	OFA	YES
Cataract	Cataract disease propensity	Rank variable	Ranking of dog breeds based on the normalized number of cataract diagnostics	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	OFA	YES
Chasing	Chasing	Continuous score (0-4)	Chasing cats, birds, and/or other small animals, given the opportunity	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
chest_rat_nn	Chest to body ratio	Percentage (0-1)	Average breed chest to body ratio (see reference)	Categorical non-stratified CMH	13	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
DogDirectedAggression	Dog directed aggression	Continuous score (0-4)	Threatening or hostile responses when approached by unfamiliar dogs	Categorical non-stratified CMH	7	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
DogDirectedFear	Dog directed fear	Continuous score (0-4)	Fearful or wary responses when approached by unfamiliar dogs	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
DogRivalry	Dog rivalry	Continuous score (0-4)	Threatening or hostile responses to other familiar dogs in the same household	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
Dropears	Drop ears	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Does the dog have hanging ears (1:no, 2:yes)?	Categorical non-stratified CMH	22	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Earbend	Ear bend	Categorical variable (4 factors)	Breed ear bend scaled from 1 (hanging low) to 4 (completely erect)	Categorical non-stratified CMH	31	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
Ectropion	Ectropion disease propensity	Rank variable	Ranking of dog breeds based on the normalized number of ectropion diagnostics	-	0	OFA	NO (excess missing)
ElbowDysplasia	Elbow dysplasia	Rank variable	Ranking of dog breeds based on the normalized number of elbow dysplasia diagnostics	Categorical non-stratified CMH	6	OFA	YES
EnergyLevel	Energy level	Continuous score (0-4)	Energetic, "always on the go", and/or playful	Categorical non-stratified CMH	6	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
excitability	Excitability	Discrete (ordinal) variable (10 factors)	Data on how excitable a breed is taken from Hart and Miller (1985)	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
Excitability	Excitability	Continuous score (0-4)	Displaying strong reactions to potentially exciting or arousing events, such as going for walks or car trips, doorbells, arrival of visitors, and the owner arriving home; has difficulty settling down after such events	Categorical non-stratified CMH	15	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
Fighting	Fighting	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Is the dog breed commonly used in dog fights?	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	ours	YES
Furnish	Furnish	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Do the breeds have furnishings (mustache, beard, or eyebrows) (1:no, 2:yes)?	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	22	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Hairlength	Hairlength	Discrete (ordinal) variable (4 factors)	Breed standard report of hair length categories are Long, Medium, Short and Hairless	Categorical non-stratified CMH	72	ours	YES
Hairless	Hairless	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Is the dog breed hairless?	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Headratio	Head ratio	Percentage (0-1)	Average breed head to body ratio (see reference)	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
Height	Height	Continuous measure	Average breed height at the withers (in in)	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	10	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Herding	Herding	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Is the dog breed commonly used for herding animals?	Categorical non-stratified CMH	23	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
HipDysplasia	Hip dysplasia propensity	Rank variable	Ranking of dog breeds based on the normalized number of elbow dysplasia diagnostics	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	OFA	YES
HT	Height at the withers	Continuous measure	Average breed height at the withers (in in)	Categorical non-stratified CMH	61	(Jones et al. 2008)	NO (redundant to Plassais)
IgA	Immunoglobulin A production	Continuous score (0.08-0.75)	Breed average ELISA IgA titration	-	0	(Olsson et al. 2014)	NO (excess missing)

(continuation)							
Trait code name	Trait full name	Type of variable (range)	Description	Test used	Number of significant windows	Trait Source	Included (reason)
Intelligence	Intelligence	Discrete (ordinal) variable (6 factors)	Breed score on memory and trainability (see reference)	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	ours	YES
Lageears	Large ears	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Does the breed have characteristically large ears (1:no, 2:yes)?	Categorical non-stratified CMH	25	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Legratio	Leg ratio	Percentage (0-1)	Average breed leg to body ratio (see reference)	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	1	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
Lenghoffur	Length of fur	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Report of fur length (1:short, 2:long)	Categorical non-stratified CMH	5	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Lifespan	Lifespan	Continuous measure	Average breed age of death (in years)	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	5	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Lifespan	Lifespan	Continuous measure	Average breed age of death (in years)	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	7	ours	YES
Littersize	Litter size	Continuous measure	Average breed litter count	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	74	(Borge et al. 2011)	YES
Longlegs	Long legs	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Is the breed considered a sighthound (1:no, 2:yes)?	-	2	(Plassais et al. 2019)	NO (excess missing)
Musclcd	Musclcd	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Similar to the bulky phenotype but considering small breeds as well	Categorical non-stratified CMH	4	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Neckratio	Neck to body ratio	Percentage (0-1)	Average breed neck to body ratio (see reference)	Categorical non-stratified CMH	6	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
NonsocialFear	Nonsocial fear	Continuous score (0-4)	Fearful or wary responses to sudden or loud noises, traffic, and unfamiliar objects and situations	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
OwnerDirectedAggression	Owner directed aggression	Continuous score (0-4)	Threatening or hostile responses to the owner or other members of the household when challenged, manhandled, stared at, stepped over, or when approached while in possession of food or objects	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
PatellarLuxation	Patellar luxation propensity	Rank variable	Ranking of dog breeds based on the normalized number of patellar luxation diagnostics	Categorical non-stratified CMH	4	OFA	YES (close to excess missing)
RetinalAtrophy	Retinal atrophy (generalized) propensity	Rank variable	Ranking of dog breeds based on the normalized number of generalized retinal atrophy diagnostics	Categorical non-stratified CMH	1	OFA	YES
SeparationRelatedBehavior	Separation related behavior	Continuous score (0-4)	Vocalizing and/or destructiveness when separated from the owner, often accompanied or preceded by behavioral and autonomic signs of anxiety including restlessness, loss of appetite, trembling, and excessive salivation	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	3	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
Shortcoat	Short coat	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Coded with 1 for breeds with a very short coat and 0 for the rest	Categorical non-stratified CMH	1	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
SighthoundRacing	Sighthound racing	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Is the dog breed used in dog races/has a sighthound phenotype?	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	1	ours	YES
Smell	Smell	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Is the dog breed commonly used for smell detection (explosives, drugs ...)	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	ours	YES
Snoutangle	Snout angle	Continuous score (75-209)	Average breed angle from muzzle to stop	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
Snoutratio	Snout to body ratio	Percentage (0-1)	Average breed snout to body ratio (see reference)	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
StrangerDirectedAggression	Stranger directed aggression	Continuous score (0-4)	Threatening or hostile responses to strangers approaching or invading the dog's or owner's personal space, territory, or home range	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
StrangerDirectedFear	Stranger directed fear	Continuous score (0-4)	Fearful or wary responses when approached by strangers	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
Tailcurl	Tail curl	Discrete (ordinal) variable (4 factors)	Breed degree of curve in the tail on a scale of 1 (straight) to 4 (tightly curled)	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES (close to excess missing)
Tailcurve	Tail curve	Discrete (ordinal) variable (5 factors)	Breed degree of curve in the tail on a scale of 1 (straight) to 5 (tightly curled)	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	17	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
Tailratio	Tail to body ratio	Percentage (0-1)	Average breed tail to body ratio (see reference)	Categorical non-stratified CMH	9	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
Temperament	Temperament	Continuous score (0-100)	Average breed score on obedience and command memorization (see reference)	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	ATTS	YES
Thyroid	Thyroid	Rank variable	Ranking of dog breeds based on the normalized number of thyroid related disease diagnostics	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	OFA	YES (close to excess missing)
TouchSensitivity	Touch sensitivity	Continuous score (0-4)	Fearful or wary responses to potentially painful procedures, including bathing, grooming, nail-clipping, and veterinary examinations	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	5	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
Trainability	Trainability	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Dog trainer assessment of how easily a breed can be trained	Categorical non-stratified CMH	1	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
Trainability	Trainability	Continuous score (0-4)	Willingness to attend to the owner, obey simple commands, learn quickly, fetch objects, respond positively to correction, and ignore distracting stimuli	Categorical non-stratified CMH	2	(McLeant et al. 2019)	YES
Weight	Weight	Continuous measure	Average breed weight (in lb)	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	15	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Whitechest	White chest	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Is the breed's chest fur white?	Categorical non-stratified CMH	0	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES
Whitehead	White head	Categorical variable (2 factors)	Is the breed's head fur white?	Categorical Stratified CMH (two strata)	0	(Plassais et al. 2019)	YES (close to excess missing)
WT0.33resid	Residual of weight to lifespan regression	Continuous score (-0.67-0.79)	Regression residual of breed average lifespan vs weight	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	45	(Jones et al. 2008)	YES
WT	Weight	Continuous measure	Average breed weight (in lb)	Linear Regression (PCA corrected)	14	(Jones et al. 2008)	NO (redundant to Plassais)

Supplemental Table S3 – Description of GWAS phenotypes, number of association signals and test performed.

Non-Exonic CNV duplications	Conserved	Non-Conserved	
Associated	8	53	P-val=0.38
Non-associated	394	3680	

Non-Exonic CNV Deletions	Conserved	Non-Conserved	
Associated	51	238	P-val=0.15
Non-associated	10630	39278	

Non-Exonic CNV all	Conserved	Non-Conserved	
Associated	59	281	P-val=0.15
Non-associated	10931	42214	

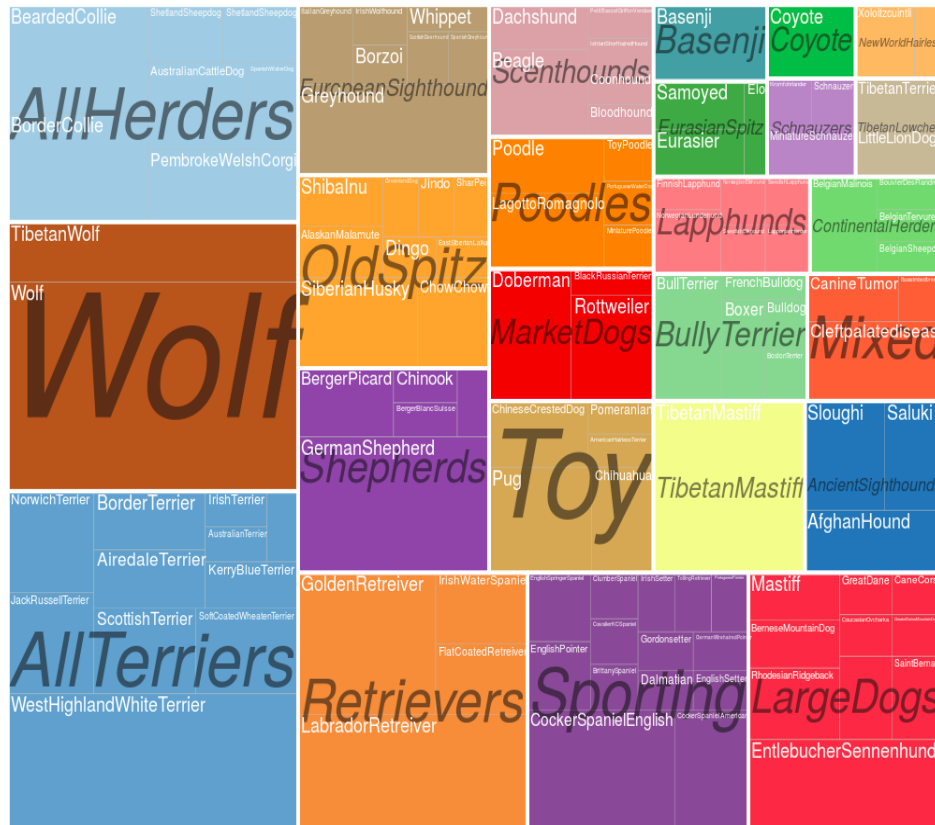
Supplemental Table S4 – Contingency table of conserved elements inside and outside associated windows.

Chromosome	Start	End	Ensembl_transcript	Feature_name	Trait
Chr26	11696564	11708211	ENSCAFT00000014674	TBX3	BodyheightF
Chr7	44336287	44363163	ENSCAFT00000027863	HDHD2	BodyheightF
Chr7	44370296	44413497	ENSCAFT00000027875	KATNAL2	BodyheightF
Chr7	44309588	44363129	ENSCAFT00000035344	HDHD2	BodyheightF
Chr7	44338091	44437346	ENSCAFT00000042868	KATNAL2	BodyheightF
Chr7	44372262	44412793	ENSCAFT00000044953	KATNAL2	BodyheightF
Chr7	44370299	44587494	ENSCAFT00000045108	KATNAL2	BodyheightF
Chr26	11697220	11708211	ENSCAFT00000046183	TBX3	BodyheightF
Chr26	11666482	11667175	ENSCAFT00000053431	lincRNA	BodyheightF
Chr26	11696564	11708211	ENSCAFT00000014674	TBX3	BodyheightM
Chr7	44336287	44363163	ENSCAFT00000027863	HDHD2	BodyheightM
Chr7	44370296	44413497	ENSCAFT00000027875	KATNAL2	BodyheightM
Chr7	44309588	44363129	ENSCAFT00000035344	HDHD2	BodyheightM
Chr17	36199018	36202608	ENSCAFT00000035694	protein_coding	BodyheightM
Chr7	44338091	44437346	ENSCAFT00000042868	KATNAL2	BodyheightM
Chr7	44372262	44412793	ENSCAFT00000044953	KATNAL2	BodyheightM
Chr7	44370299	44587494	ENSCAFT00000045108	KATNAL2	BodyheightM
Chr26	11697220	11708211	ENSCAFT00000046183	TBX3	BodyheightM
Chr17	36165207	36167595	ENSCAFT00000051403	lincRNA	BodyheightM
Chr17	36178287	36180035	ENSCAFT00000052000	lincRNA	BodyheightM
Chr17	35841306	36076836	ENSCAFT00000052207	lincRNA	BodyheightM
Chr26	11666482	11667175	ENSCAFT00000053431	lincRNA	BodyheightM
Chr17	36009692	36127383	ENSCAFT00000053686	lincRNA	BodyheightM
Chr17	35943579	35945825	ENSCAFT00000056000	lincRNA	BodyheightM
Chr26	11696564	11708211	ENSCAFT00000014674	TBX3	BodyweightF
Chr7	44336287	44363163	ENSCAFT00000027863	HDHD2	BodyweightF
Chr7	44370296	44413497	ENSCAFT00000027875	KATNAL2	BodyweightF
Chr7	44309588	44363129	ENSCAFT00000035344	HDHD2	BodyweightF
Chr7	44338091	44437346	ENSCAFT00000042868	KATNAL2	BodyweightF
Chr7	44372262	44412793	ENSCAFT00000044953	KATNAL2	BodyweightF
Chr7	44370299	44587494	ENSCAFT00000045108	KATNAL2	BodyweightF
Chr26	11697220	11708211	ENSCAFT00000046183	TBX3	BodyweightF
Chr26	11666482	11667175	ENSCAFT00000053431	lincRNA	BodyweightF
Chr26	11696564	11708211	ENSCAFT00000014674	TBX3	BodyweightM
Chr7	44336287	44363163	ENSCAFT00000027863	HDHD2	BodyweightM
Chr7	44370296	44413497	ENSCAFT00000027875	KATNAL2	BodyweightM
Chr7	44309588	44363129	ENSCAFT00000035344	HDHD2	BodyweightM
Chr17	36199018	36202608	ENSCAFT00000035694	protein_coding	BodyweightM
Chr7	44338091	44437346	ENSCAFT00000042868	KATNAL2	BodyweightM
Chr7	44372262	44412793	ENSCAFT00000044953	KATNAL2	BodyweightM
Chr7	44370299	44587494	ENSCAFT00000045108	KATNAL2	BodyweightM
Chr26	11697220	11708211	ENSCAFT00000046183	TBX3	BodyweightM
Chr17	36165207	36167595	ENSCAFT00000051403	lincRNA	BodyweightM
Chr17	36178287	36180035	ENSCAFT00000052000	lincRNA	BodyweightM
Chr17	35841306	36076836	ENSCAFT00000052207	lincRNA	BodyweightM
Chr26	11666482	11667175	ENSCAFT00000053431	lincRNA	BodyweightM
Chr17	36009692	36127383	ENSCAFT00000053686	lincRNA	BodyweightM
Chr17	35943579	35945825	ENSCAFT00000056000	lincRNA	BodyweightM
Chr33	785672	1092293	ENSCAFT00000014024	EPHA3	Hairlength
Chr37	6432400	6499256	ENSCAFT00000017095	PGAP1	Hairlength
Chr9	15840678	15962428	ENSCAFT00000017124	MAP2K6	Hairlength
Chr9	17334729	17340976	ENSCAFT00000021268	protein_coding	Hairlength
Chr33	1129049	1129156	ENSCAFT00000040553	RF00019	Hairlength
Chr9	17335270	17341774	ENSCAFT00000043194	protein_coding	Hairlength
Chr37	6423290	6499361	ENSCAFT00000043813	PGAP1	Hairlength
Chr9	17335270	17340910	ENSCAFT00000050102	protein_coding	Hairlength
Chr33	1143849	1149164	ENSCAFT00000052066	lincRNA	Hairlength
Chr33	1126850	1128113	ENSCAFT00000053824	lincRNA	Hairlength
Chr23	18984614	19058869	ENSCAFT00000057582	lincRNA	Hairlength
Chr23	19032257	19058869	ENSCAFT00000057649	lincRNA	Hairlength
Chr23	19032506	19103277	ENSCAFT00000059093	lincRNA	Hairlength
Chr33	1147978	1150689	ENSCAFT00000059143	lincRNA	Hairlength
Chr12	65087461	65120744	ENSCAFT00000006043	OSTM1	Intelligence
Chr4	64777068	65160441	ENSCAFT00000029386	HCN1	Intelligence
Chr1	7926235	7931932	ENSCAFT00000044917	protein_coding	Intelligence
Chr4	64776432	65163127	ENSCAFT00000049582	HCN1	Intelligence
Chr7	44336287	44363163	ENSCAFT00000027863	HDHD2	Lifespan
Chr7	44370296	44413497	ENSCAFT00000027875	KATNAL2	Lifespan
Chr7	44309588	44363129	ENSCAFT00000035344	HDHD2	Lifespan
Chr7	44338091	44437346	ENSCAFT00000042868	KATNAL2	Lifespan
Chr7	44372262	44412793	ENSCAFT00000044953	KATNAL2	Lifespan
Chr7	44370299	44587494	ENSCAFT00000045108	KATNAL2	Lifespan
Chr7	44336287	44363163	ENSCAFT00000027863	HDHD2	Littersize
Chr7	44370296	44413497	ENSCAFT00000027875	KATNAL2	Littersize
Chr7	44309588	44363129	ENSCAFT00000035344	HDHD2	Littersize
Chr7	44338091	44437346	ENSCAFT00000042868	KATNAL2	Littersize
Chr7	44372262	44412793	ENSCAFT00000044953	KATNAL2	Littersize
Chr7	44370299	44587494	ENSCAFT00000045108	KATNAL2	Littersize

Supplemental Table S5 – Hi-C contacts containing associated genes.

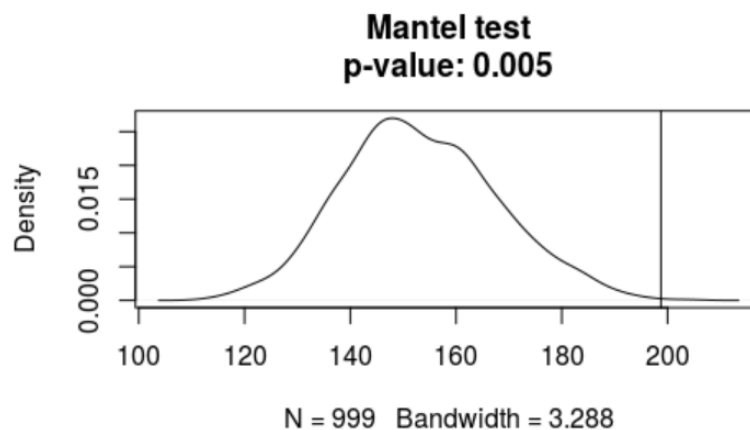
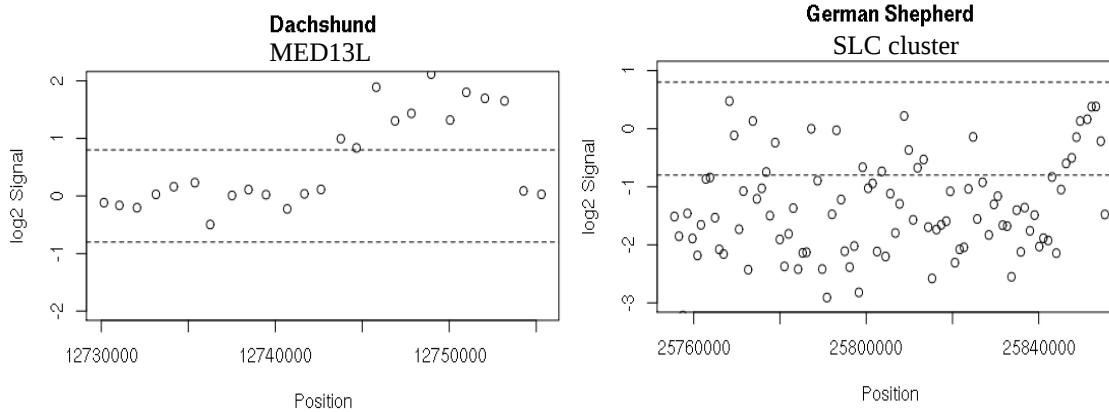
$$\square \approx 5 \quad N_{\text{Dog}} = 265 \quad N_{\text{Village}} = 110 \quad N_{\text{Wolf}} = 38$$

$$\square \approx 1 \quad N_{\text{trait}} = 58 \rightarrow N_{\text{tr-assoc}} = \frac{31}{58} \rightarrow N_{\text{assoc}} = 482$$



Supplemental Figure S1 – Visual representation of sample and phenotype numbers. Left: samples partitioned by breed and clade; on the top is a square representing the number of samples per area unit and the absolute number of dogs, village dogs and wolves. Right: phenotypes partitioned by type; on the top is a square representing the number of traits per area unit and the absolute number of traits, the fraction of traits with at least one CNV association and the total number of CNV associations across all traits.

	Original panel		aCGH panel	
Data	WGS	301	Nimblegen2M	64
			Nimblegen100K	64
			NimblegenCustom	14
Species	Breed(#)	263 (~100)	Breed(#)	128 (32)
	Wolves	38	Wolves	14

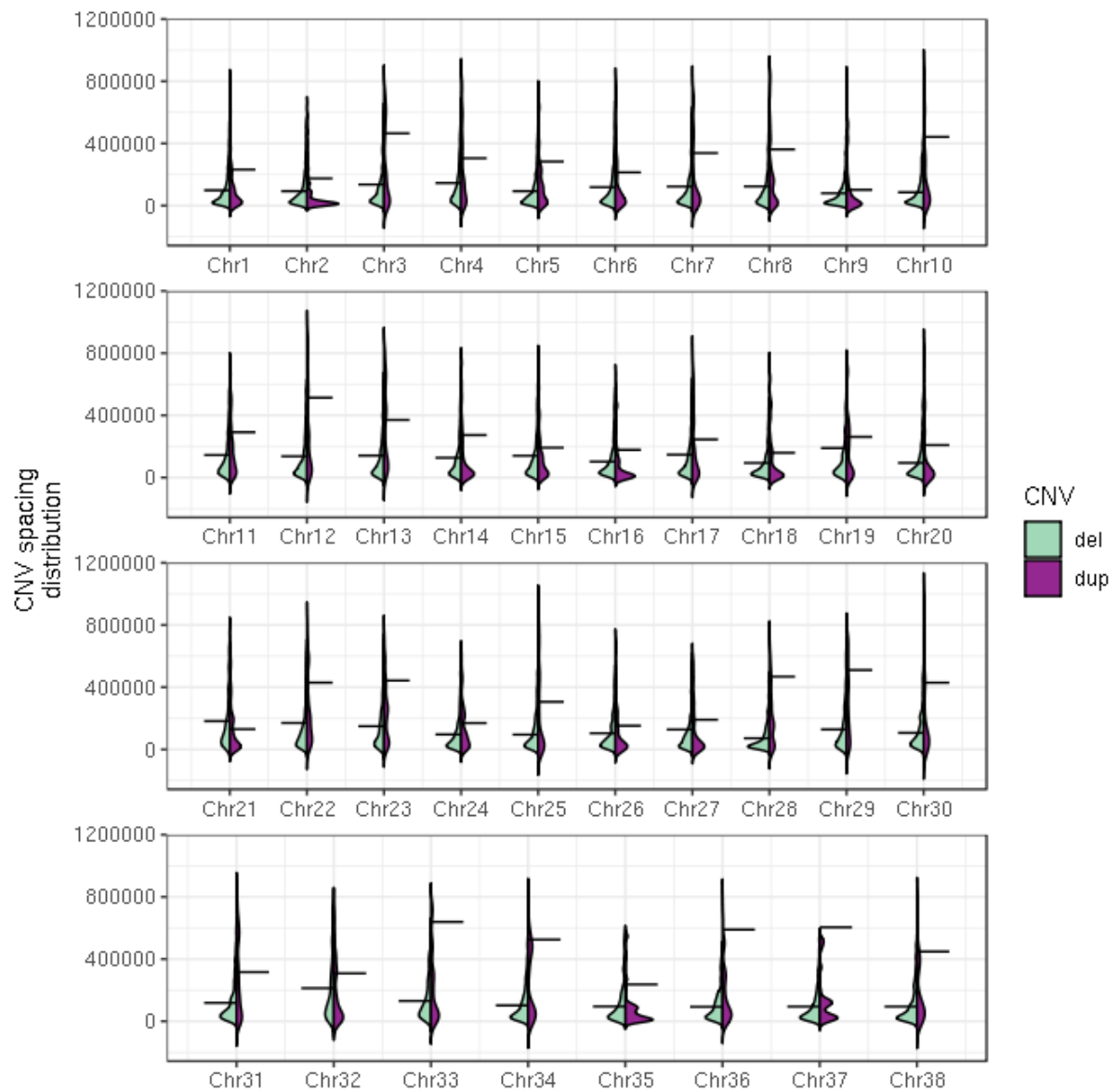


Supplemental Figure S2 – The frequencies of 12 CNV loci were assessed in 32 breeds common between our WGS panel and an array comparative genomics (aCGH) cohort (Ramirez et al. 2014; Nicholas et al. 2011; Berglund et al. 2012).

Top: table of the samples used for validation. The total number of samples and breeds in the WGS and the aCGH panels is represented.

Middle: two examples of validated CNVs with concordant gain-loss status in WGS and aCGH. aCGH probe signal intensity is plotted in the y axis against probe coordinates. Per-breed CNV frequencies were determined based on gain-loss concordance as depicted in these examples.

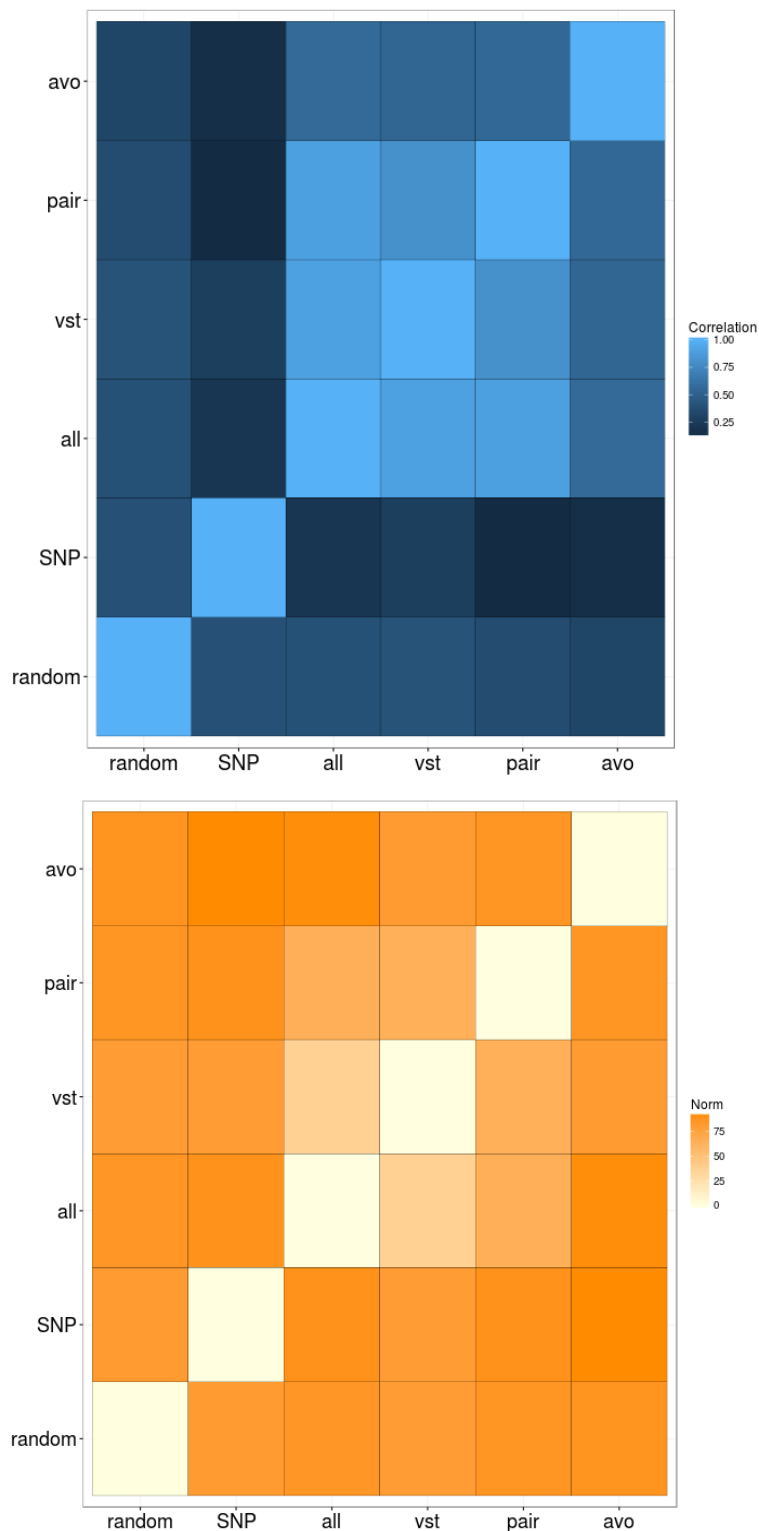
Bottom: global validation of CNV locus frequencies per breed. The similarity between frequency matrices resulting from both platforms was assessed using a mantel test. Per locus concordance was also assessed via correlation (data not shown).



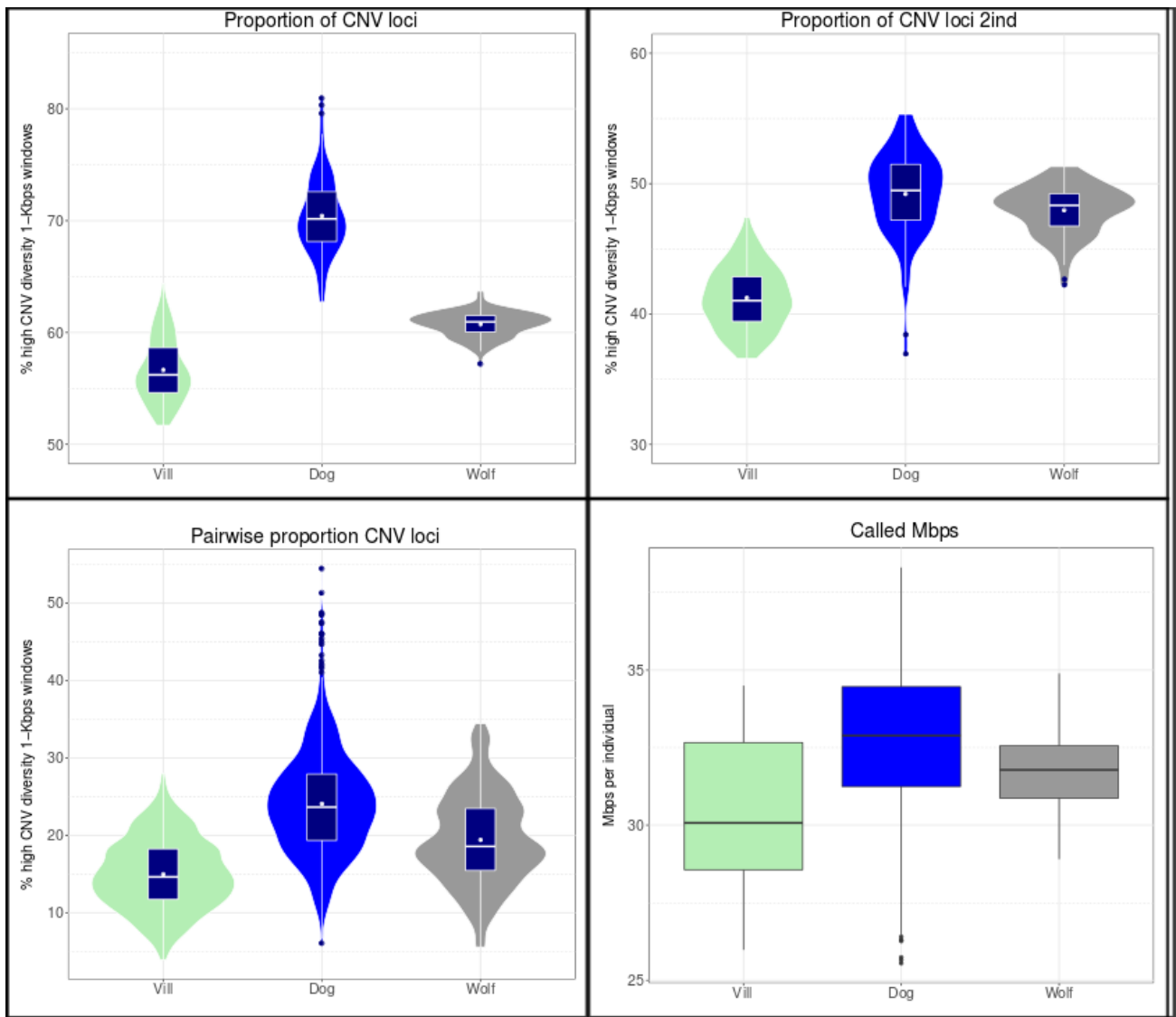
Supplemental Figure S3 – Violin plots of CNV distances per dog chromosome. The distributions of duplications and deletions are colored purple and turquoise respectively. The protruding lines on each violin plot correspond to the expected distance between events if they were evenly distributed along a chromosome. They were calculated by dividing the available chromosome space (length of the chromosome minus length of repeats and CNVs within that chromosome) by the number of CNV events in each respective chromosome. The expected distance between duplications is significantly larger than expected under an exponential distribution of our data points, meaning that duplications tend to cluster. The expected distance between deletions is not significant. (Bonferroni-corrected, Fisher-aggregated exponential distribution test for expected distance $p\text{-value}_{\text{duplications}}=0.006$ and $p\text{-value}_{\text{deletions}}=0.9$).



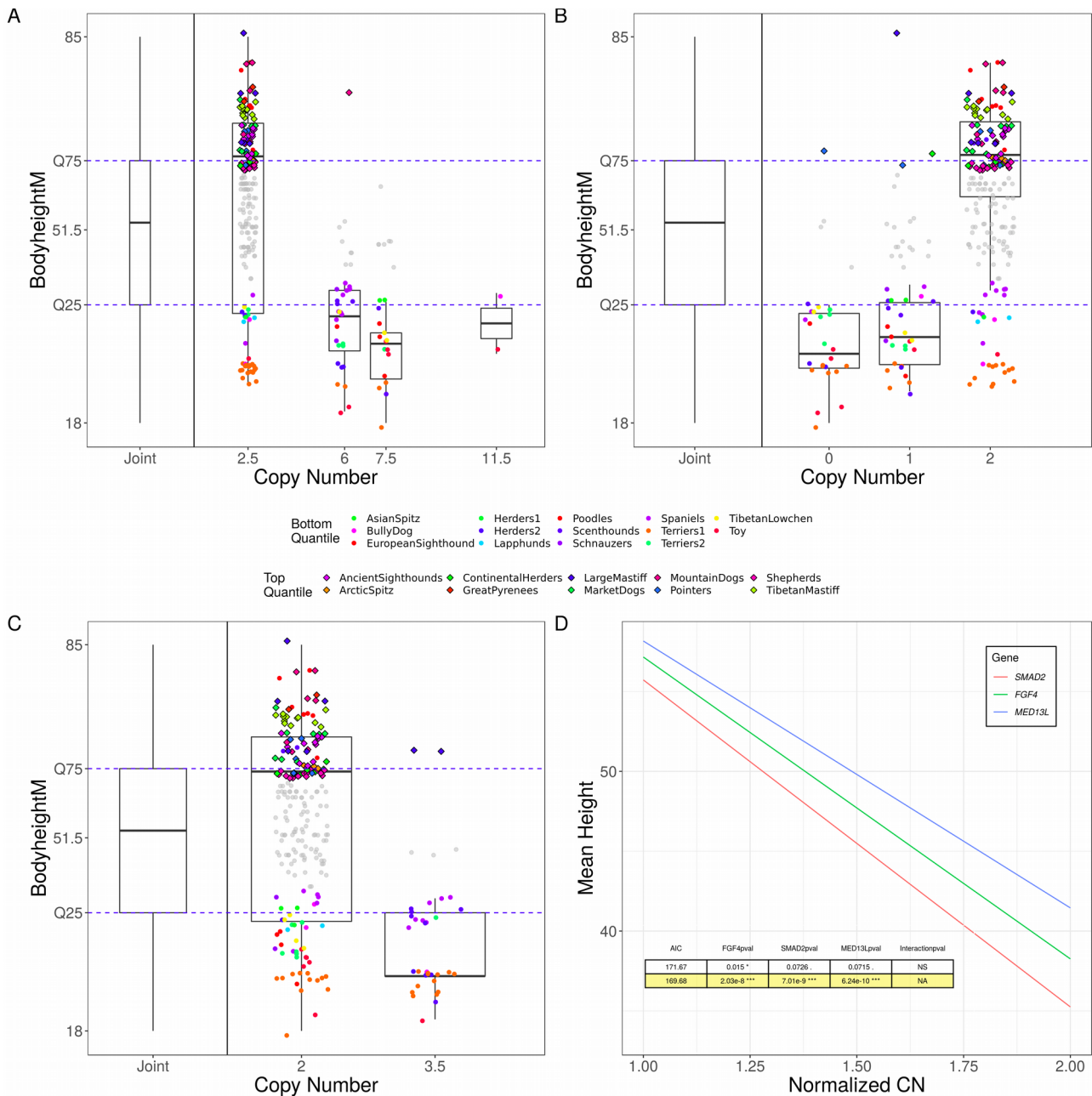
Supplemental Figure S4 – Breed phylogeny using CNVs. Breed macrogroups are colored accordingly. Contrary to haplogroup and IBD trees, we observe sparse clustering by macrogroup aside from individuals belonging to the same breed, pointing to an unstratified nature of the data.



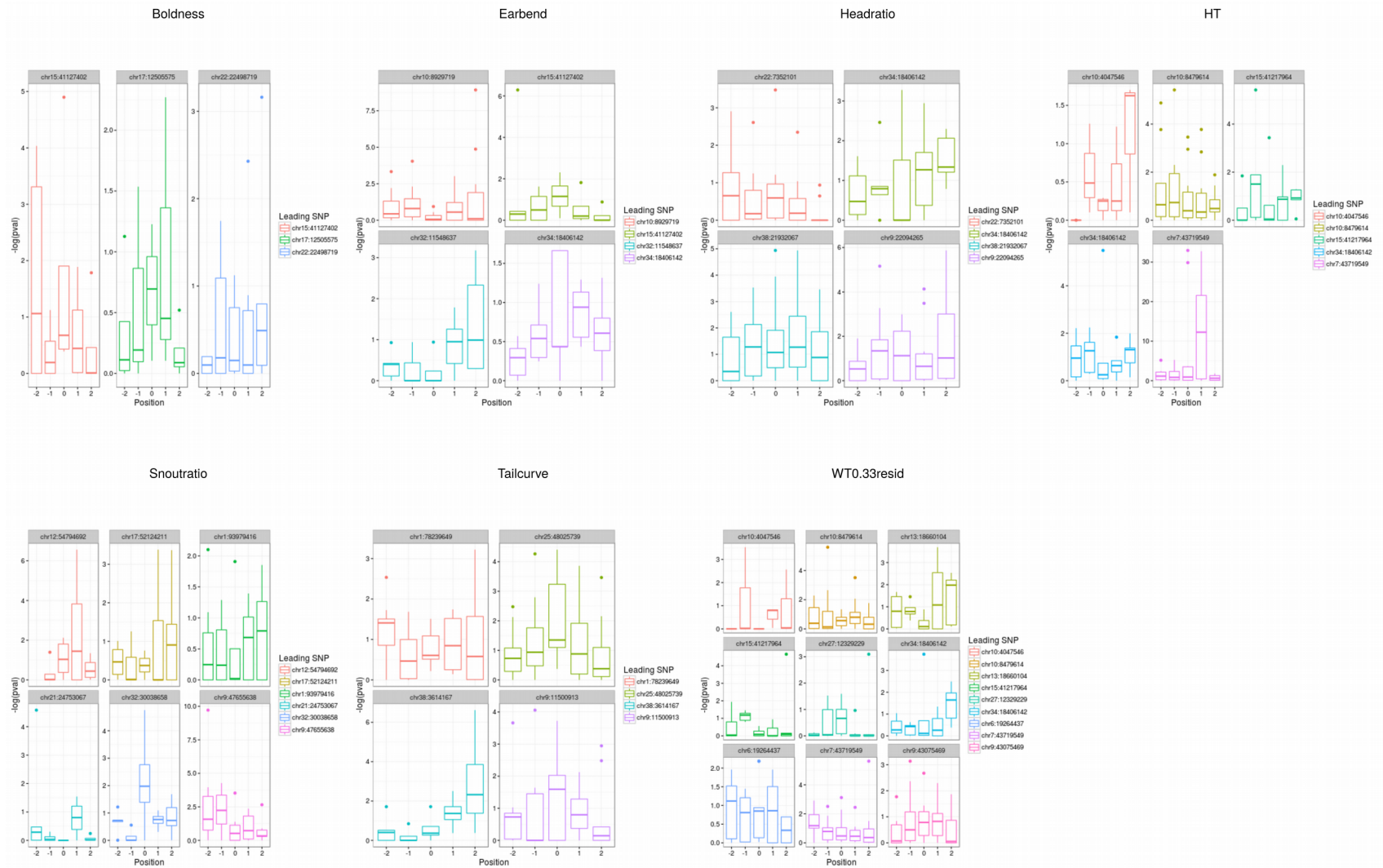
Supplemental Figure S5 – Breed phylogeny CNV comparison to Haplotype based trees. Random: randomly generated distance matrix (zero similarity); SNP: Haplotype based distance matrix; all: distance matrix using all structural variation; vst: distance matrix using only breed-differentiated structural variants; pair: distance matrix using all structural variants but excluding breed-admixed haplotypes for each pair of breeds. avo: distance matrix using all structural variants but excluding any breed-admixed haplotypes across all breeds. Top/blue: distance matrix correlation; Bottom/orange: 2-norm scaled matrix distance. On a global scale, we see little similarity to the basic SNP tree topology.



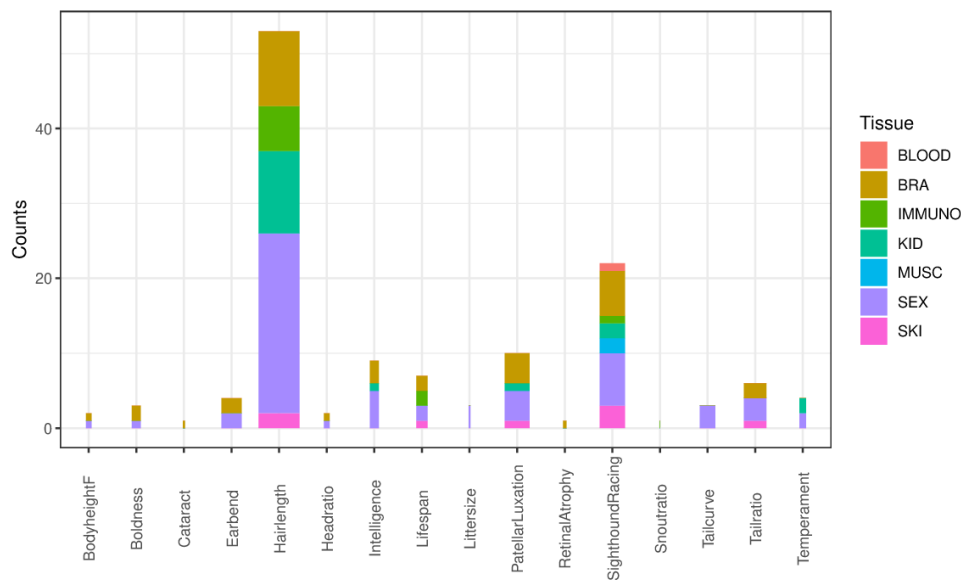
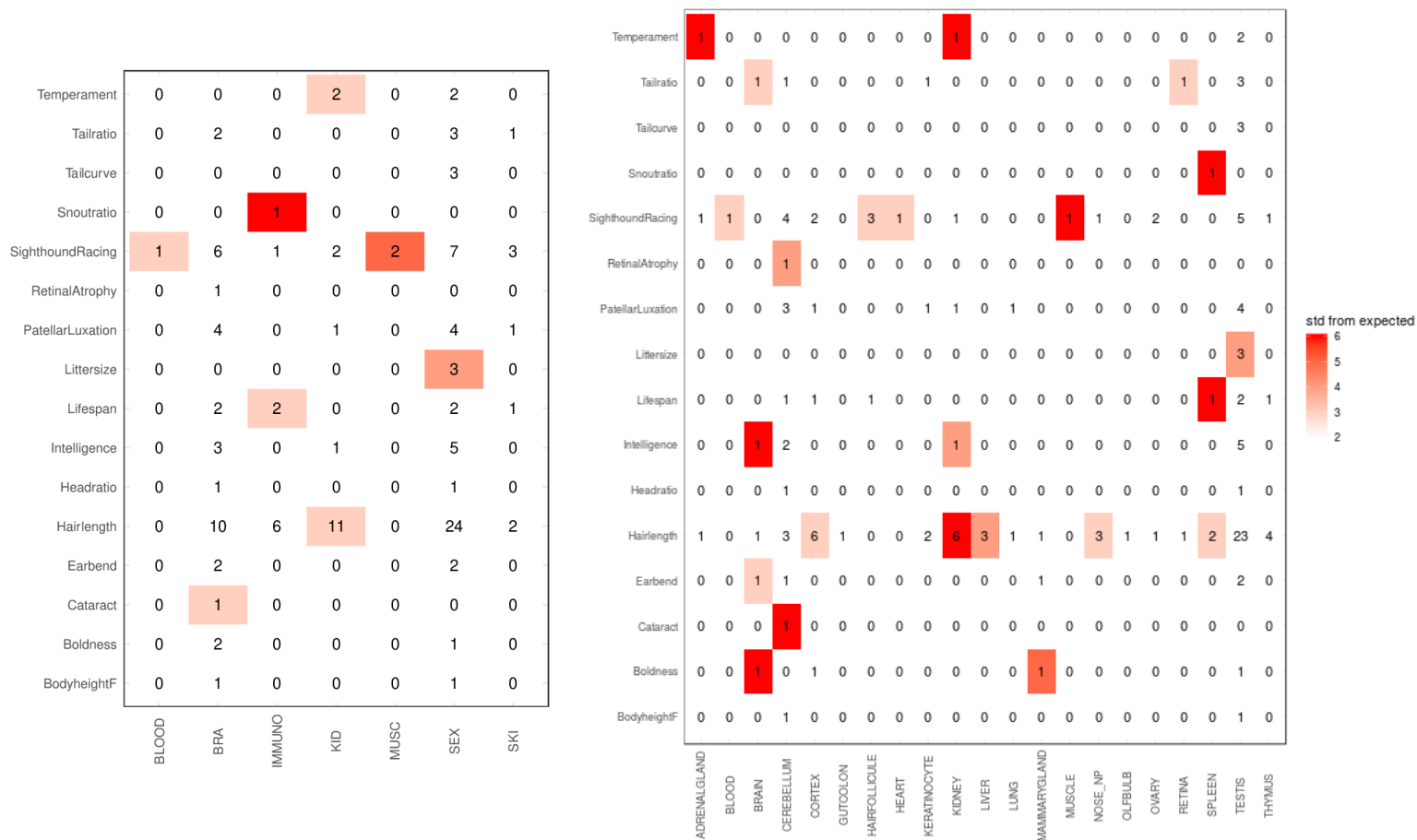
Supplemental Figure S6 – Proportion of segregating copy number variants in village dogs (green), breed dogs (blue) and wolves (gray). Top left: raw proportions; Top right: proportions using CNV present in three or more individuals ; Bottom left: pairwise proportions of segregating CNVs; bottom right raw amount of copy number calls per subspecies.



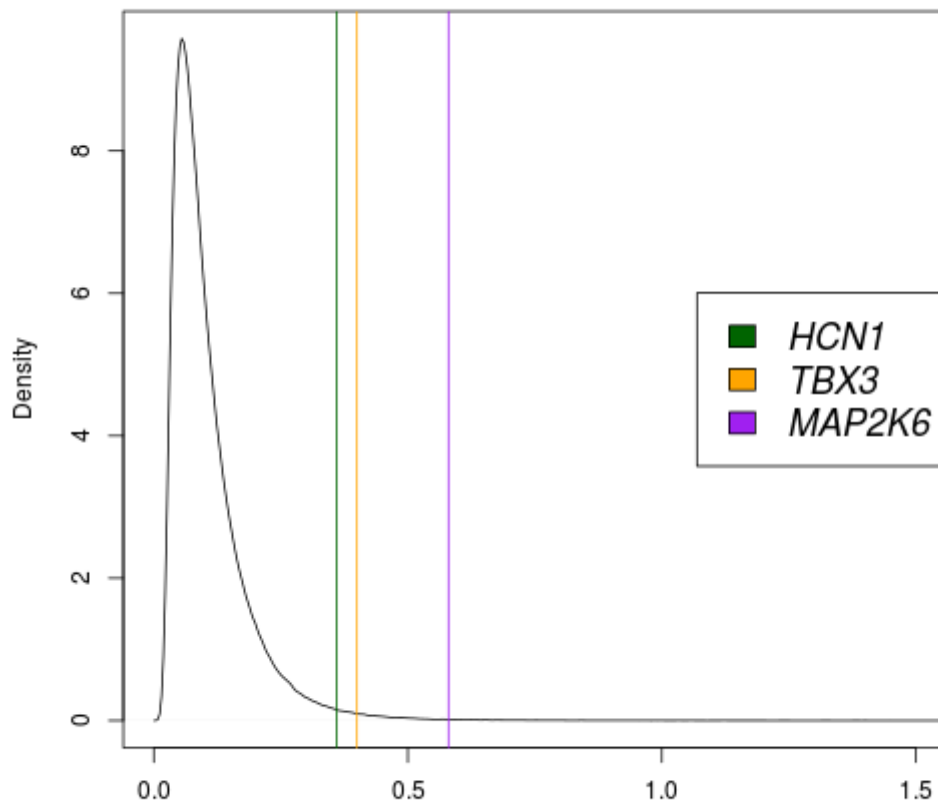
Supplemental Figure S7. (A-C) Boxplot dissection of the three main body mass/height associations *MED13L*, *SMAD2* and *FGF4* respectively. Breeds are colored by trait percentile. Chondrodysplastic breeds were not included in our main body height association analysis to avoid interference of the previously described *FGF4* retrogene (Chr18:48,415,710-48,416,710) with non-syndromic height variation. **(D)** Interaction plot for the three aforementioned genes. Within the plot is a table showing that the model without interaction is preferred.



Supplemental Figure S8 – Binned CNV p-values for associated CNVs surrounding leading SNP GWAS results for different traits (methods). The leading SNP hits have been extracted from (Plassais et al. 2019). We detect few instances where the central CNV bins show concordantly small p-values.



Supplemental Figure S9 – Correlation of lncRNA tissue-specific expression and associated traits. Top: Contingency table of the two variables, the cells with exceeding counts are colored with respect to their deviation from the expected values (methods). Bottom: Alternative visualization of the variables in a stacked barplot of the tissue specific counts. The width of the bars is proportional to the number of associations within the tissue.



Supplemental Figure S10 – placement of trait-associated Hi-C contacts in the empirical distribution of all normalized CNV contacts (methods). The few associations contained within distal contacts seem to be concordant with the trait they are tagging.