

## Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see [Authors & Referees](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

### Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

n/a Confirmed

- |                                     |                                     |  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | The exact sample size ( $n$ ) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided<br><i>Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.</i>   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | A description of all covariates tested   |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. $F$ , $t$ , $r$ ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and $P$ value noted<br><i>Give <math>P</math> values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>                            |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's $d$ , Pearson's $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated   |

*Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.*

### Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection

Immunofluorescence images: Zen 2010 v6.0 (Zeiss); Wester blot: ImageQuant LAS4000 v1.3 (GE Healthcare); RT-qPCR: StepOne software v2.3 (Applied Biosystems); Mass spectrometry: Xcalibur software (Thermo Fisher)

Data analysis

Excel 2016 (Microsoft), ImageJ v1.52 (NIH), Prism v8 (GraphPad), Mascot 2.5 (Matrix Science), Scaffold software (version 4.4, Proteome Software Inc.)

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

### Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The mass spectrometry datasets (Table1 and S1) generated and analysed during the current study are available in the ProteomeXchange repository, with identifier PXD016557. They can be accessed via <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/archive/login>, using the login: reviewer62648@ebi.ac.uk; and password: e2T3Dqld. After acceptance of the manuscript, the datasets will be publicly available. Original immunoblots and immunofluorescence data are accessible on Zenodo repository with the dataset identifier 10.5281/zenodo.4570029 (all versions: 10.5281/zenodo.3666278).

## Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

- Life sciences  Behavioural & social sciences  Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see [nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf](https://www.nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf)

## Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	For RNA and protein expression one to three samples were analyzed each time. For confocal images, 20 to 50 cells were analyzed for each sample in one experiment.
Data exclusions	No data were excluded.
Replication	All experiments were performed at least three times.
Randomization	No randomization was needed in this study.
Blinding	No blinding was needed in this study.

## Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

### Materials & experimental systems

- | n/a                                 | Involved in the study   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Antibodies                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Eukaryotic cell lines       |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> Palaeontology                          |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> Animals and other organisms            |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Human research participants |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> Clinical data                          |

### Methods

- | n/a                                 | Involved in the study                           |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> ChIP-seq               |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/> Flow cytometry         |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> MRI-based neuroimaging |

## Antibodies

### Antibodies used

For western-blot: anti-ARP-T1 (1:1000, SAB1408334, Sigma-Aldrich / 1:2000, GP-SH6, Progen), anti-keratin 10 (1:200, MS-611-P0, Thermo Scientific), anti-IFT88 (1:1000, 13967-1-AP, Proteintech, UK), anti-actin (1:2000, A2066, Sigma-Aldrich) and anti-alpha-tubulin (1:5000, T9026, Sigma-Aldrich), anti-mouse (1:5000, NA931V, GE Healthcare UK Limited), anti-rabbit (1:5000, NA934V, GE), anti-guinea pig (1:5000, ab97155, Abcam). For co-immunoprecipitation: anti-ARP-T1 (1:2000, Progen GP-SH6), anti-acetylated-tubulin (1:1000, T6793, Sigma-Aldrich), anti-TCP8 / TCP1 theta (1:500, PA5-30403, Thermo Scientific), anti-HCS70 (1:200, PA5-27337, Thermo Scientific), anti-BAG2 (1:100, PA5-30922, Thermo Scientific), anti-gamma-tubulin (1:500, #ab11316, Abcam), anti-EDH4 (1:1000, Dr.Plomann's lab), anti-septin2 (1:2000, HPA018481, Sigma-Aldrich), anti-septin9 (1:2000, HPA042564, Sigma-Aldrich). For immunofluorescence: anti-ARP-T1 (1:100, #SAB2103464; 1:200, Progen GP-SH6), anti-acetylated-tubulin (1:1000, T6793), anti-rootletin (1:50, sc-67824, Santa-Cruz; 1:200, NBP1-80820, Novus), anti-gamma-tubulin (1:500, ab11316, Abcam), anti-EDH4 (1:200, Dr.Plomann's lab), anti-septin2 (1:100, HPA018481, Sigma-Aldrich), anti-septin9 (1:2000, HPA042564, Sigma-Aldrich), secondary antibodies (1:500, A11008, A11001, A21467, A11035, A11003, A11060, Invitrogen; 1:100, BA-9500, Vector Laboratories; 1:200, RPN1233V, GE). Actin filaments were stained with phalloidin-alexa fluor 546 (1:200, A22283, Invitrogen).

### Validation

All antibodies were optimised and used following the manufactures' instructions.

## Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about [cell lines](#)

### Cell line source(s)

NHEK were established in our laboratory. HaCaT cells were bought at Invitrogen (Basel, Switzerland), ARPE-19 and hTERT-RPE1 at ATCC (Manassas, VA).

Authentication	None of the cell lines used were authenticated in our lab.
Mycoplasma contamination	Cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination, as kept in culture for less than 10 passages
Commonly misidentified lines (See <a href="#">ICLAC</a> register)	Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.

## Human research participants

Policy information about [studies involving human research participants](#)

Population characteristics	Patient samples were already used in our previous publication (Bal et al. 2017 Nature Medicine). All the details are therefore published.
Recruitment	Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.
Ethics oversight	Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

## Flow Cytometry

### Plots

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

### Methodology

Sample preparation	Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.
Instrument	Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.
Cell population abundance	Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.
Gating strategy	Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.