Supplementary Materials

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Sample of treatment log and adverse event assessment form.

Detailed description of target site localization using individualized neuronavigation:

Target site localization was performed prior to the start of the first rTMS treatment session using a previously published method developed in house (12). A pre-selected DLPFC coordinate (MNI coordinate (x,y,z) left: -50, 30, 36mm; right: +50, 30, 36) corresponding to juncture of BA 9 and 46 was superimposed on the participant's normalized MRI using the following steps (12). First, the best non-linear transformation for each participant was used to convert standard space coordinates for left and right DLPFC to the cortex (using spm normalize from SPM2 run under MATLAB, The MathWorks, Inc. Natick, MA) following manual input of the native space anterior commissure coordinate. Next, a marching cube algorithm was used to create a triangular mesh wrapping the isosurface of the scalp. The optimal scalp position for targeting the DLPFC was determined based on localization of a vertex of triangular mesh with a perpendicular that passes through the DLPFC on the cortex (12). With the position of the DLPFC target site superimposed on the participant's normalized MR image (see supplementary Figure 1A), neuronavigation (using the MINIBIRD system; Ascension Technologies combined with MRIcro/reg package) was used to co-register the participant's normalized MRI with their real head geometry using the 7 fiducial markers on the participant's MRI as reference points. Prior to the first rTMS treatment session, the participant was asked to sit and position their head in a frame within the treatment suite. The MINIBIRD magnetic wand was then used to co-register each of the 7 fiducial landmark positions on the normalized MRI with the corresponding positions on the scalp using MRIreg (see supplementary Figure 1B included as published in (13). The reliability of the technique was confirmed by navigating the wand to each position on the scalp and confirming registration with landmarks on the image. Following successful co-registration, the image was skull-stripped with a bright spot corresponding to the target stimulation site superimposed on the cortex. The exact location on the participant's scalp corresponding to the bright spot on the MRI was then marked (using the magnetic wand to navigate the wand cursor onto the target site on the cortex) using MRIreg 'tracker' mode (supplementary Figure 1C). The marked spot was used for rTMS coil placement prior to the first rTMS treatment session and recorded for subsequent treatment sessions.

Supplementary Figure 1. Method used for target localization





Supplementary raple 1. Faiticipant Reported Esychiatric Medications, Co-occurring Mental Health Conditions (Based on the MINI and Self Report) & Total Education Years

Group	Total Sample (n=40)	Sham (n=20)	Active (n=20)		
Any Psychotropic Medication	26 (65%)	10 (50%)	16 (80%)		
SSRI	13 (32.5%)	4 (20%)	9 (45%)		
SNRI	2 (5%)	1 (5%)	1 (5%)		
Tetracyclic Antidepressant	2 (5%)	1 (5%)	1 (5%)		
NDRI	3 (7.5%)	2 (10%)	1 (5%)		
Atypical Antipsychotic	8 (20%)	3 (15%)	5 (5%)		
Amphetamine	2 (5%)	0	2 (10%)		
Methylphenidate	7 (17.5%)	2 (10%)	5 (25%)		
Benzodiazepine (≤2mg Lorazepam/day)	4 (10%)	1 (5%)	3 (15%)		
Medical Marijuana	1 (2.5%)	0	1 (5%)		
Comorbidity on MINI	25 (62.5%)	11 (55%)	14 (70%)		
Major Depressive Episode (Current)	10 (25%)	7 (35%)	3 (15%)		
Dysthymia	1 (2.5%)	0	1 (5%)		
Suicide Risk Present	18 (45%)	9 (45%)	9 (45%)		
Hypomanic Episode (Current)	1 (2.5%)	1 (5%)	0		
Hypomanic Episode (Past)	6 (15%)	3 (15%)	3 (15%)		
Panic Disorder (Current)	2 (5%)				
Panic Disorder (Lifetime)	3 (7.5%)	1 (5%)	2 (10%)		
Limited Symptoms Panic Disorder (Lifetime)	3 (7.5%)	1 (5%)	2 (10%)		
Agoraphobia	5 (12.5%)	2 (10%)	3 (15%)		
Social Phobia	3 (7.5%)	3 (15%)	0		
Obsessive Compulsive Disorder	4 (10%)	3 (15%)	1 (5%)		
Psychotic Disorder (lifetime)	3 (7.5%)	2 (10%)	1 (5%)		
Psychotic Disorder (current)	3 (7.5%)	2 (10%)	1 (5%)		
Mood Disorder with Psychotic Features	2 (5%)	1 (5%)	1 (5%)		
Generalized Anxiety Disorder	10 (25%)	4 (20%)	6 (30%)		
Anorexia Nervosa	1 (2.5%)	1 (5%)	0		

Antisocial Personality	1 (2.5%)	0	1 (5%)
DISO/UE/ Solf Deported			. ,
Diagnoses			
Anxiety Disorder	5 (12.5%)	3 (15%)	2 (10%)
ADHD	8 (20%)	3 (15%)	5 (25%)
Depression	6 (15%)	2 (10%)	4 (20%)
Obsessive- Compulsive Disorder Schizophrenia or	4 (10%)	3 (15%)	1 (5%)
other psychotic disorder	1 (2.5%)	1 (5%)	0
Bipolar Disorder	3 (7.5%)	1 (5%)	2 (10%)
Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder	1 (2.5%)	0	1 (5%)
Tourette Syndrome	2 (5%)	2 (10%)	0
Learning Disorder	2 (5%)	1 (5%)	1 (5%)
Years of Completed Education ^a Educational Attainment	13.8±2.8	12.8±2.3	15±2.9
Grade 7-12 Only	7 (17.5%)	6 (30%)	1 (5%)
High School Only	11 (27.5%)	6 (30%)	5 (25%)
Some-Post Secondary	16 (40%)	6 (30%)	10 (50%)
Completed 2yr Program	2 (5%)	2 (10%)	2 (10%)
Completed 4yr Program	3 (7.5%)	0	1 (5%)
Some Graduate School	1 (2.5%)	0	1 (5%)
Completed Graduate School	0	0	0

MINI=The Mini International Neuropsychiatric Interview

^aYears of completed education calculated as total number of education years completed starting from grade 1 (e.g., currently in second year undergraduate university degree=13, grades 1-12 + 1 additional undergraduate year).

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Group	Total Group Females (N=12)	Total Group Males (N=28)	Females, Sham Group (n=6)	Females, Active Group (n=6)
Age in years	22.58 ± 4.7	22.57 ±4.5	20.17 ± 4.6	25.00 ± 3.6
Any Psychotropic Medication	8 (83.3%)	18 (64.3%)	3 (50%)	5 (83.3%)
Inclusion IQ ^a	111.2±18.7 ^a	109.1±17.3	113.83 ± 23.4	108.50 ± 14.5
Comorbidity on MINI	11 (91.7%)	14 (50%)	5 (83.3%)	6 (100%)
Years of Completed Education ^b	13.92 ± 3.1	13.82 ± 2.8	11.67 ± 0.8	16.17 ± 2.8
VABS-II Adaptive Behavior Composite	75.2±12.3	74.2±9.9	76.67 ± 14.4	73.67 ±11.2
BRIEF Metacognition Index	71.7±9.0	70.8±10.2	75.17 ± 8.8	77.00 ±7.7
BRIEF Global Executive Composite	73.33 ± 9.4	67.61 ± 8.7	71.33 ± 10.4	75.33 ± 8.8
CANTAB SWM (total errors)	27.2±19.2	21.5±20.1	28.83 ± 21.2	25.50 ± 18.8
SWM (strategy)	30.50 ± 7.4	29.64 ± 6.9	32.00 ± 7.3	29.00 ± 7.9

By Gender

All values presented as Mean ±SD

^aInclusion IQ= General Abilities Index of the Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale-Fourth Edition, MINI=The Mini International Neuropsychiatric Interview, VABS-II= Vineland Adaptive Behavior Scale-II, BRIEF= Behavioral Rating Inventory for Executive Function, CANTAB=The Cambridge Neuropsychological Test Automated Battery, SWM=spatial working memory

^bYears of completed education calculated as total number of education years completed starting from grade 1 (e.g., currently in second year undergraduate university degree=13, grades 1-12 + 1 additional undergraduate year).

Supplementary Figure 2:

<u>Comparison of cognitive performance in participants with ASD and ASD plus attention-</u> <u>deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)</u>



Figure 1 provides a visual comparison of performance on different cognitive measures in participants with ASD+ADHD that participated in the current trial. A total of 9/40 (~23%) clinical trial participants had clinically significant ADHD, which was defined as being treated with a stimulant medication at the time of trial participation. Means (dotted line), means (solid line) and standard deviations for ASD+ADHD trial participants compared to all other trial participants are provided for: 1A) The Cambridge Neuropsychological Test Automated Battery (CANTAB) spatial working memory total errors, (1B) CANTAB stop signal reaction time (SST-Reaction Time), (1C) the Behavioral Rating Inventory for Executive Function (BRIEF) metacognition index, and (1D) general intellectual ability (i.e., general ability index on the Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale-Fourth Edition). Although the subgroup with ASD+ADHD is small, EF scores overlap across ASD and ASD+ADHD participants without clear indication of a distinction between groups.





adverse events in the active group was 1.37 times the rate in the sham group (rate: active=7%, sham=~2.6%, p-value= 0.24; p=0.9, after exclusion of one participant in active group that reported 15 adverse events

		<u>Sham</u>	<u>Ac</u>	<u>ctive</u>
Adverse Event	n	%	n	%
Headache	5	50.0%	17	73.9%
Pain at application site	1	10.0%	1	4.3%
Neck pain	0	0.0%	1	4.3%
Nose bleed	2	20.0%	0	0.0%
Nausea	0	0.0%	1	4.3%
Laceration	1	10.0%	0	0.0%
Congestion	0	0.0%	1	4.3%
Other	1	10.0%	2	8.7%
Total events reported	10	100.0%	23	100.0%

Note: A number of participants that reported any adverse event reported more than one event over the treatment course.

<u>Supplementary Figure 4.</u> Change in spatial working memory performance in active and sham rTMS groups across baseline (Pre: n=20 active, n=20 sham), post rTMS (Post: n=18 active, n=20 sham) and one-month follow-up (F-Up: n=17 active, n=17 sham) timepoints with individuals with ASD plus ADHD demarcated by dotted lines.



Spatial working memory=total number of errors on the spatial working memory test from the

Cambridge Neuropsychological Test Automated Battery (CANTAB)

PROTOCOL TITLE: FF- Temerty Centre for Therapeutic Brain	oeutic
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Name of medication		Dosage	Indication					
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Pain/Discomfort Scale: 1-10								
□ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 1-No pain	6 7	8 9	10 10- Worst pain					
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Adverse Events Form													
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2.													
3.													
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Reporte 0 = No 1 = Yes If Yes, c submit	ed as SAE? omplete CAMH SAE form and to REB	Relation 1 = Not 2 = Prob 3 = Poss 4 = Mos	to Study Device related bably not related ibly related t probably related	Severity (Grade) 1 = Mild 2 = Moderate 3 = Severe	Action 1 = No treatment 2 = Treatment with medication 3 = Treatment other (please specify in comments 4 = Hospitalization		5 = CPR 6 = Other (please specify in comments)		Outcome 1 = Resolved 2 = Resolving 3 = Not resolved 4 = Resolved with sequelae	5 = Fatal 6 = Unknown			
Investigator name: Date of Signature: Investigator signature: Date of MMM YYYY]					