JBC Supporting Information

Optimized serum stability and specificity of an ανβ6 integrin-binding peptide for tumor targeting

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Table S1. Original, cyclized, and modified A20FMDV2 peptide sequences used for binding and serum stability studies.

Peptide	Sequence	Weight (g/mol)
A20FMDV2	biotin-NAVPNLRGDLQVLAQKVARTK-amide	2517.0
C1C18 DFBP	biotin-CAVPNLRGDLQVLAQKVCRTK-amide	2832.2
C1C19 DFBP	biotin-CAVPNLRGDLQVLAQKVACTK-amide	2747.1
C1C20 DFBP	biotin-CAVPNLRGDLQVLAQKVARCK-amide	2802.1
C2C18 DFBP	biotin-NCVPNLRGDLQVLAQKVCRTK-amide	2875.2
C2C19 DFBP	biotin-NCVPNLRGDLQVLAQKVACTK-amide	2790.1
C6C17 DFBP	biotin-NAVPNCRGDLQVLAQKCARTK-amide	2805.1
C1C18 S-S	biotin-CAVPNLRGDLQVLAQKVCRTK-amide	2536.1
C2C18 R _D TKA _D DFBP	$biotin-N{\color{red}{\bf C}}VPNLRGDLQVLAQKV{\color{red}{\bf C}}R_DTKA_D\text{-amide}$	2946.3
C2C18 CitTKA _D DFBP	$biotin-N{\color{red}C}VPNLRGDLQVLAQKV{\color{red}C}CitTKA_D-amide$	2947.3
C2C18 Ph RDTKAD DFBP	$biotin-N{\color{red}CVP_h}NLRGDLQVLAQKV{\color{red}CR_D}TKA_D\text{-amide}$	2962.3
$C1C18 A_D R_D T K_D A_D DFBP$	$biotin \hbox{-} \hbox{$\hbox{$\hbox{$C$}$}$} A_D VPNLRGDLQVLA_D QKV \hbox{$\hbox{$\hbox{$\hbox{$\hbox{C}$}$}$} R_D TK_D A_D$-amide}$	2903.2
C2C18 AFGD RTKAD DFBP	$biotin-N{\color{red}CVPNL}_AFGDLQVLAQKV{\color{red}CRTKA}_D\text{-amide}$	2952.3
C2C18 CitGD DFBP	biotin-NCVPNLCitGDLQVLAQKVCRTK-amide	2876.2
C2C18 _G FGD R _D TKA _D DFBP	$biotin-NCVPNL_GFGDLQVLAQKVCR_DTKA_D-amide\\$	2994.3

C, DFBP-cyclized; C, disulfide-cyclized; R_D, D-arginine; A_D, D-alanine; Cit, Citrulline; P_h, hydroxyproline; K_D, D-lysine; AF, 4-aminophenylalanine; GF, 4-guanidinophenylalanine.

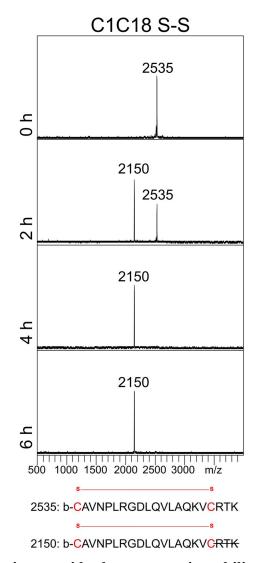


Figure S1. Disulfide cyclization provides less enzymatic stability than DFBP cyclization for the C1C18 peptide. MALDI-ToF spectra of disulfide-cyclized C1C18 S-S incubated in normal mouse serum for 0, 2, 4, and 6 h at 37 °C. Molecular weights of prominent peaks are shown. *Bottom*: predicted amino acid sequences of degradation products based on measured molecular weights.

C1C18 $A_D R_D T K_D A_D D F B P$ 138 Da Smaller Degradation Product

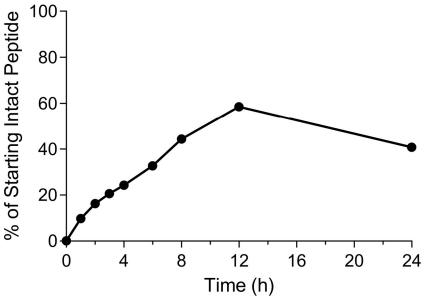


Figure S2. DFBP-cyclized C1C18 A_D R_DTK_DA_D is degraded into a stable 138 Da smaller product over serum incubation. Accumulation of a 138 Da smaller degradation product from the DFBP-cyclized C1C18 A_D R_DTK_DA_D peptide over a 24-h incubation in normal mouse serum, as measured by LC-MS. Values are normalized to the 0 h timepoint for the intact peptide.

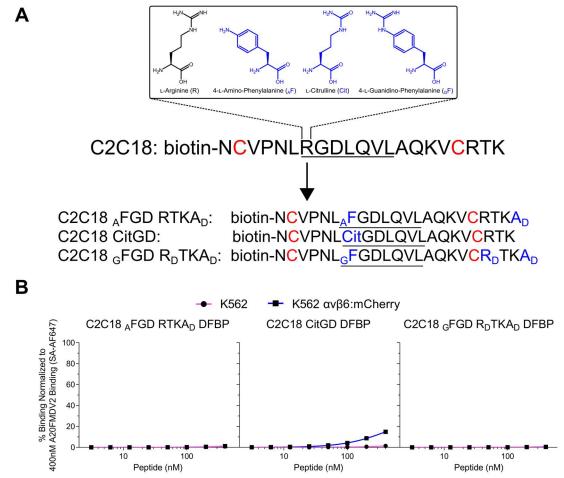


Figure S3. DFBP-cyclized C2C18 peptides with arginine mimetic-modified RGD motifs fail to bind $\alpha\nu\beta6^+$ cancer cells. *A*, schematic of mimetic substitutions made to the sequence of C2C18 DFBP to replace arginine in the RGD motif. Chemical structures of arginine (*black*) and mimetics (*blue*) are shown for comparison. The resulting mimetic-substituted peptide sequences are also listed, with cysteine substitutions for DFBP cyclization shown in *red* and substitutions and C-terminal modifications shown in *blue*. The RGDLXXL motif that is important for ανβ6 recognition is *underlined* in all sequences. *B*, flow cytometry binding curves of mimetic-substituted peptides to K562 and K562 ανβ6:mCherry cells, normalized to 400 nM A20FMDV2 binding to K562 ανβ6:mCherry cells. The curves represent a nonlinear regression of one independent experiment in which binding data are fitted to a Hill equation. SA-AF647, streptavidin Alexa Fluor 647.