

Supporting Information

S2 File. Appendix 2 on the Results section.

Supplementary analysis regarding the regression analysis.

Notes: Detailed information on the study data, including the data sets of the final (n=451) and the intention-to-treat (n=482) analyses, can be found here: GESIS repository (German “Leibniz Institut für Sozialwissenschaften”; SowiDataNet – datatorium); DOI: <https://doi.org/10.7802/2127>).

Supplementary Table S1. Sample characteristics in the intention-to-treat analysis

Variables		N = 482
Gender	Female, n (%)	359 (74.5)
	Male, n (%)	121 (25.1)
	Other/diverse, n (%)	1 (0.2)
Age (years)	Mean (SD), median, range (years)	32.3 (10.15), 29.00, 18-65 years
Educational attainment^a	General certificate of secondary school, n (%)	14 (2.9)
	Master craftsman´s diploma, n (%)	10 (2.1)
	Advanced college entrance qualification, n (%)	30 (6.2)
	University entrance qualification, n (%)	207 (42.9)
	College or university degree, n (%)	182 (37.8)
	- Bachelor degree, n (%)	99 (20.5)
	- Master degree, n (%)	61 (12.7)
	- PhD level, n (%)	22 (4.6)
	Other, n (%)	39 (8.1)
Study program	Distance-learning university, n (%)	426 (88.4)
	Traditional (on-campus) college or university, n (%)	30 (6.2)
	Distance-learning and traditional study program, n (%)	25 (5.2)
	Postgraduate program, n (%)	1 (0.2)
Study time model	Studying in full-time, n (%)	257 (53.3)

S2 File. Supporting information.

	Studying in part-time, n (%)	225 (46.7)
	Missing (postgraduate program), n (%)	1 (0.2)
Awareness of e-mental health services^b	No	282 (48.5)
	Yes	228 (39.2)
	Not sure	48 (8.3)

N=482.

^aEducational attainment refers to the German education system.

^bQuestion: “Had you heard about e-mental health services prior to this study?”

As shown in Table S2, post hoc tests indicated that source credibility was higher in IG2 with *GET.ON* testimonials for employees than in IG1 with untargeted “MH-Online” testimonials. These differences were found overall (Games-Howell, $\text{mean}_{\text{diff}}=0.42$, $SE=0.13$, $p=0.005$, 95% CI [0.76, 0.09]; $d=0.45$), as well as for information alone (Tuckey-HSD, $\text{mean}_{\text{diff}}=0.38$, $SE=0.14$, $p=0.021$, 95% CI [0.03, 0.76]; $d=0.38$) and testimonials alone (Tuckey-HSD, $\text{mean}_{\text{diff}}=0.45$, $SE=0.13$, $p=0.002$, 95% CI [0.13, 0.77]; $d=0.43$). The three IGs ($n=339$) differed significantly regarding the perceived similarity with the testimonial personas, with a large ES ($\eta_p^2=.15$, $d=0.84$). Games-Howell-adjusted post hoc tests showed that participants in IG3 (*StudiCare*) perceived narrators as significantly more similar to themselves as those in IG1 on the fictitious “MH-Online” ($\text{mean}_{\text{diff}}=0.67$, $SE=0.14$, $p<0.001$, 95% CI [0.36, 0.98]; $d=0.67$) and in IG3 on *GET.ON* ($\text{mean}_{\text{diff}}=1.05$, $SE=0.15$, $p<0.001$, 95% CI [0.71, 1.40]; $d=0.93$). Perceived similarity was also assessed higher in IG1 (fictitious “MH-Online”, with untargeted testimonials) than in IG2 (*GET.ON*), with testimonials targeting employees ($\text{mean}_{\text{diff}}=0.39$, $SE=0.14$, $p=0.013$, 95% CI [0.07, 0.71]; $d=0.38$).

Supplementary Table S2. Descriptive data and between-group differences regarding the determinants of attitudes towards e-mental health services among university students.

Scale / Construct	Range scale (min-max)	Overall (n=451) M (SD)	CG (n=112) M (SD)	IG 1 MH-Online (n=115) M (SD)	IG 2 GET.ON (n=116) M (SD)	IG 3 StudiCare (n=108) M (SD)	Difference ^a (groups), effect size	Post-hoc tests ^{b,c}
Perceived Stress – PSS-10 (10 items), mean	1-5 (1.20-4.70)	2.71 (0.66)	2.70 (0.66)	2.69 (0.71)	2.70 (0.62)	2.76 (0.65)	$F_{(3,447)} = 0.24$, $p=0.865$, $\eta_p^2=.002$	N.A.
Perceived Stress – PSS-10 (10 items), sum score	10-50 (12-47)	27.04 (6.64)	26.88 (6.64)	26.88 (7.15)	26.91 (6.28)	27.53 (6.54)	$F_{(3,447)} = 0.25$, $p=0.860$, $\eta_p^2=.002$	N.A.
Perceived Similarity (5 items, IGs only, n=339)	1-7 (1.00-7.00)	3.95 (1.12) (n=339)	N.A. in CG	3.87 (0.89)	3.48 (1.15)	4.54 (1.12)	$F_{(2,336)} = 29.21$, $p<0.001$, $\eta_p^2= .15$ (large ES)	In IG3 higher than in IG1 and IG2, and in IG1 than IG2 ^b ($ps<0.05$)
Source Credibility (4 items, overall) ^d	1-7 (1.00-7.00)	5.05 (1.00)	5.15 (1.14)	4.79 (1.07)	5.22 (0.85)	5.06 (0.88)	$F_{(3,447)} = 4.07$, $p=0.007$, $\eta_p^2=.03$ (small ES)	In IG2 (GET.ON) higher than in IG1 ^b ($p=0.005$)
Source Credibility (2 items, information credibility) ^d	1-7 (1.00-7.00)	5.08 (1.05)	5.15 (1.14)	4.86 (1.13)	5.25 (0.91)	5.07 (0.98)	$F_{(3,447)} = 2.99$, $p=0.031$, $\eta_p^2=.02$ (small ES)	IG2 higher than IG1 ^c , ($p=0.021$)
Source Credibility (2 items, testimonial credibility, IG1-IG3, n=339) ^d	1-7 (1.00-7.00)	4.98 (1.02) (n=339)	N.A. ^d	4.73 (1.12)	5.18 (0.95)	5.05 (0.93)	$F_{(3,336)} = 6.12$, $p=0.002$, $\eta_p^2=.04$ (small ES)	In IG2 higher than in IG1 ^c , ($p=0.002$), in IG3 higher than in IG1 ^c ($p=0.002$),

Notes. N=451. Abbreviations: ES=effect size, N.A.=not applicable.

^aOne-way ANOVA

^bPost hoc test with Games-Howell adjustment

^cPost hoc test with Tuckey-HSD-adjustment

^dPerceived credibility was assessed with two items in the CG (in the IGs with four items).

Supplementary Table S3. Hierarchical multiple regression of information type, perceived stress, perceived similarity and source credibility on attitudes towards e-mental health services for stress coping (intention-to-treat analysis).

Step 1	Variable	B	SE (B)	β	T	p-value	95% CI (B)	
	(Constant)	.60	0.32		1.88	0.060	-0.03	1.21
	IG3 vs. IG2	.24	0.13	.08	1.85	0.065	-0.02	0.49
	IG3 vs. IG1	.27	0.12	.09	2.14	0.033	0.02	0.51
	Stress Level	.07	0.07	.04	1.08	0.281	-0.06	0.21
	Perceived Similarity	.24	0.05	.20	4.96	<0.001	0.15	0.34
$R^2=.37$	Source Credibility	.63	0.04	.56	15.10	<0.001	0.55	0.71
Step 2	Variable	B	SE (B)	β	T	p-value	95% CI (B)	
	(Constant)	-.47	0.25		-1.88	0.061	-0.97	0.02
	IG3 vs. IG2	.01	0.10	.004	0.12	0.907	-0.19	0.21
	IG3 vs. IG1	.20	0.10	.07	2.07	0.039	0.01	0.39
	Stress Level	.08	0.05	.04	1.50	0.135	-0.03	0.19
	Perceived Similarity	.12	0.04	.10	3.00	0.003	0.04	0.19
	Source Credibility	.35	0.04	.31	9.92	<0.001	0.28	0.42
$R^2=.63$	Baseline Attitude	.60	0.03	.58	17.94	<0.001	0.54	0.67

N=482. Dependent variable: Attitude towards eMHSs at post-intervention; IG1=testimonials for MH-Online, IG2=testimonials for GET.ON, IG3=testimonials for StudiCare, SE=standard error B, CI=confidence interval. B=unstandardized coefficient; β =standardized coefficient (beta-weight). Step 1: $R^2=.37$, $F_{(5,476)} = 56.97$, $p<0.001$, (adjusted $R^2=.37$); step 2: $R^2=.63$, $F_{(1,475)} = 321.74$, $p<0.001$ (adjusted $R^2=.62$), increase $\Delta R^2 = .25$.

Values of the CG for items on perceived similarity and credibility of testimonials were imputed (mean imputation).

Results of the regression analyses using listwise deletion (excl. the CG) for the per protocol (n=339) and ITT (n=361) sample, can be found elsewhere (SPSS output files, in the GESIS repository).

Output files on the mediation analyses using the PROCESS macro

Notes: Variable names in the output files were modified for reporting purposes, since two researchers independently conducted the analyses with the same original data set, but used slightly different label names for the translation from German to English. The final material can be found here: <https://doi.org/10.7802/2127>.

Per protocol analysis

Attitude short scale (post-intervention)

- Dependent variable (Y): Attitude toward eMHSs for stress coping (post-intervention)
- Independent variable (X): Targeted information type (student vs. employee)
- Mediator (Z): Perceived similarity

Run MATRIX procedure:

***** PROCESS Procedure for SPSS Version 3.00 *****

Written by Andrew F. Hayes, Ph.D. www.afhayes.com
Documentation available in Hayes (2018). www.guilford.com/p/hayes3

Model : 4
Y : mean_att (mean attitude short scale)
X : study_ar (study arm_IG2vsIG3; dummy-coded)
M : mean_sim (mean similarity)

Sample
Size: 224

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
mean_sim

Model Summary							
	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,4308	,1856	1,2284	50,5941	1,0000	222,0000	,0000

Model						
	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	3,4810	,1029	33,8273	,0000	3,2782	3,6838
study_ar	1,0542	,1482	7,1130	,0000	,7621	1,3462

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
mean_att

S2 File. Supporting information.

Model Summary

R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
,3716	,1381	,9436	17,7043	2,0000	221,0000	,0000

Model

	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	4,0243	,2238	17,9855	,0000	3,5834	4,4653
study_ar	-,4423	,1439	-3,0728	,0024	-,7259	-,1586
mean_sim	,3484	,0588	5,9224	,0000	,2325	,4643

***** TOTAL EFFECT MODEL *****

OUTCOME VARIABLE:

mean_att

Model Summary

R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
,0361	,0013	1,0885	,2893	1,0000	222,0000	,5912

Model

	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	5,2371	,0969	54,0636	,0000	5,0462	5,4280
study_ar	-,0750	,1395	-,5378	,5912	-,3500	,1999

***** TOTAL, DIRECT, AND INDIRECT EFFECTS OF X ON Y *****

Total effect of X on Y

Effect	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	c_ps
-,0750	,1395	-,5378	,5912	-,3500	,1999	-,0720

Direct effect of X on Y

Effect	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	c'_ps
-,4423	,1439	-3,0728	,0024	-,7259	-,1586	-,4246

Indirect effect(s) of X on Y:

	Effect	BootSE	BootLLCI	BootULCI
mean_sim	,3672	,0791	,2237	,5343

Partially standardized indirect effect(s) of X on Y:

	Effect	BootSE	BootLLCI	BootULCI
mean_sim	,3526	,0701	,2228	,4989

***** ANALYSIS NOTES AND ERRORS *****

Level of confidence for all confidence intervals in output:

95,0000

Number of bootstrap samples for percentile bootstrap confidence intervals:

5000

NOTE: Variables names longer than eight characters can produce incorrect output.

Shorter variable names are recommended.

----- END MATRIX -----

Attitude toward online therapies (ETAM)

- Dependent variable (Y): Attitude toward online therapies, ETAM (post-intervention)
- Independent variable (X): Targeted information type (student vs. employee)
- Mediator (Z): Perceived similarity

Run MATRIX procedure:

***** PROCESS Procedure for SPSS Version 3.00 *****

Written by Andrew F. Hayes, Ph.D. www.afhayes.com
 Documentation available in Hayes (2018). www.guilford.com/p/hayes3

Model : 4
 Y : mean_eta (mean etam)
 X : study_ar (study arm_IG2vsIG3; dummy-coded)
 M : mean_sim (mean similarity)

Sample
 Size: 224

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 mean_sim

Model Summary	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,4308	,1856	1,2284	50,5941	1,0000	222,0000	,0000

Model	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	3,4810	,1029	33,8273	,0000	3,2782	3,6838
study_ar	1,0542	,1482	7,1130	,0000	,7621	1,3462

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 mean_eta

Model Summary	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,2104	,0443	,2458	5,1207	2,0000	221,0000	,0067

Model	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	2,8350	,1142	24,8245	,0000	2,6100	3,0601
study_ar	-,1535	,0735	-2,0895	,0378	-,2983	-,0087
mean_sim	,0927	,0300	3,0876	,0023	,0335	,1519

***** TOTAL EFFECT MODEL *****

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 mean_eta

Model Summary

S2 File. Supporting information.

R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
,0553	,0031	,2553	,6818	1,0000	222,0000	,4098

Model

	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	3,1577	,0469	67,3135	,0000	3,0653	3,2502
study_ar	-,0558	,0676	-,8257	,4098	-,1889	,0774

***** TOTAL, DIRECT, AND INDIRECT EFFECTS OF X ON Y *****

Total effect of X on Y

Effect	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	c_ps
-,0558	,0676	-,8257	,4098	-,1889	,0774	-,1105

Direct effect of X on Y

Effect	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	c'_ps
-,1535	,0735	-2,0895	,0378	-,2983	-,0087	-,3040

Indirect effect(s) of X on Y:

	Effect	BootSE	BootLLCI	BootULCI
mean_sim	,0977	,0327	,0375	,1652

Partially standardized indirect effect(s) of X on Y:

	Effect	BootSE	BootLLCI	BootULCI
mean_sim	,1936	,0634	,0748	,3209

***** ANALYSIS NOTES AND ERRORS *****

Level of confidence for all confidence intervals in output:
95,0000

Number of bootstrap samples for percentile bootstrap confidence intervals:
5000

NOTE: Variables names longer than eight characters can produce incorrect output.
Shorter variable names are recommended.

----- END MATRIX -----

Attitudes toward psychological online interventions (APOI)

- Dependent variable (Y): Attitude toward online therapies/interventions, APOI (post-intervention)
- Independent variable (X): Targeted information type (student vs. employee)
- Mediator (Z): Perceived similarity

Run MATRIX procedure:

***** PROCESS Procedure for SPSS Version 3.00 *****

Written by Andrew F. Hayes, Ph.D. www.afhayes.com
 Documentation available in Hayes (2018). www.guilford.com/p/hayes3

Model : 4
 Y : mean_apo (mean apoi)
 X : study_ar (study arm_IG2vsIG3; dummy-coded)
 M : mean_sim (mean similarity)

Sample
 Size: 224

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 mean_sim

Model Summary	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,4308	,1856	1,2284	50,5941	1,0000	222,0000	,0000

Model	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	3,4810	,1029	33,8273	,0000	3,2782	3,6838
study_ar	1,0542	,1482	7,1130	,0000	,7621	1,3462

Covariance matrix of regression parameter estimates:

	constant	study_ar
constant	,0106	-,0106
study_ar	-,0106	,0220

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 mean_apo

Model Summary	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,2325	,0541	,2133	6,3150	2,0000	221,0000	,0022

Model	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	2,8604	,1064	26,8902	,0000	2,6508	3,0700
study_ar	-,1053	,0684	-1,5388	,1253	-,2402	,0296

S2 File. Supporting information.

mean_sim ,0994 ,0280 3,5539 ,0005 ,0443 ,1545

Covariance matrix of regression parameter estimates:

	constant	study_ar	mean_sim
constant	,0113	,0010	-,0027
study_ar	,0010	,0047	-,0008
mean_sim	-,0027	-,0008	,0008

***** TOTAL EFFECT MODEL *****

OUTCOME VARIABLE:

mean_apoi

Model Summary

	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,0006	,0000	,2244	,0001	1,0000	222,0000	,9933

Model

	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	3,2064	,0440	72,8933	,0000	3,1197	3,2930
study_ar	-,0005	,0633	-,0084	,9933	-,1254	,1243

Covariance matrix of regression parameter estimates:

	constant	study_ar
constant	,0019	-,0019
study_ar	-,0019	,0040

***** TOTAL, DIRECT, AND INDIRECT EFFECTS OF X ON Y *****

Total effect of X on Y

Effect	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	c_ps
-,0005	,0633	-,0084	,9933	-,1254	,1243	-,0011

Direct effect of X on Y

Effect	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	c'_ps
-,1053	,0684	-1,5388	,1253	-,2402	,0296	-,2228

Indirect effect(s) of X on Y:

	Effect	BootSE	BootLLCI	BootULCI
mean_sim	,1048	,0330	,0447	,1731

Partially standardized indirect effect(s) of X on Y:

	Effect	BootSE	BootLLCI	BootULCI
mean_sim	,2216	,0681	,0963	,3604

***** ANALYSIS NOTES AND ERRORS *****

Level of confidence for all confidence intervals in output:

95,0000

Number of bootstrap samples for percentile bootstrap confidence intervals:

5000

NOTE: Variables names longer than eight characters can produce incorrect output.

Shorter variable names are recommended.

----- END MATRIX -----

Intention-to-treat mediation analyses

Run MATRIX procedure:

***** PROCESS Procedure for SPSS Version 3.00 *****

Written by Andrew F. Hayes, Ph.D. www.afhayes.com
 Documentation available in Hayes (2018). www.guilford.com/p/hayes3

Model : 4
 Y : S_Attitu = mean_att (mean attitude short scale)
 X : IG3vsIG2 = study_ar (study arm_IG2vsIG3; dummy-coded)
 M : S_Simila = mean_sim (mean similarity)

Sample
 Size: 241

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 S_Simila

Model Summary							
	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,3861	,1491	1,2877	41,8785	1,0000	239,0000	,0000

Model							
	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	
constant	3,5317	,1023	34,5174	,0000	3,3301	3,7333	
IG3vsIG2	,9463	,1462	6,4714	,0000	,6582	1,2343	

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 S_Attitu

Model Summary							
	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,4006	,1605	1,0636	22,7471	2,0000	238,0000	,0000

Model							
	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	
constant	3,7853	,2275	16,6391	,0000	3,3371	4,2334	
IG3vsIG2	-,4835	,1441	-3,3564	,0009	-,7673	-,1997	
S_Simila	,3934	,0588	6,6928	,0000	,2776	,5093	

***** TOTAL EFFECT MODEL *****

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 S_Attitu

Model Summary							
	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,0497	,0025	1,2584	,5922	1,0000	239,0000	,4423

Model							
	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	
constant	5,1748	,1011	51,1601	,0000	4,9755	5,3741	

S2 File. Supporting information.

IG3vsIG2 -,1112 ,1446 -,7695 ,4423 -,3960 ,1735

***** TOTAL, DIRECT, AND INDIRECT EFFECTS OF X ON Y *****

Total effect of X on Y
 Effect se t p LLCI ULCI c'_ps
 -,1112 ,1446 -,7695 ,4423 -,3960 ,1735 -,0992

Direct effect of X on Y
 Effect se t p LLCI ULCI c'_ps
 -,4835 ,1441 -3,3564 ,0009 -,7673 -,1997 -,4314

Indirect effect(s) of X on Y:
 Effect BootSE BootLLCI BootULCI
 S_Simila ,3723 ,0832 ,2217 ,5533

Partially standardized indirect effect(s) of X on Y:
 Effect BootSE BootLLCI BootULCI
 S_Simila ,3322 ,0679 ,2065 ,4724

***** ANALYSIS NOTES AND ERRORS *****

Level of confidence for all confidence intervals in output:
 95,0000

Number of bootstrap samples for percentile bootstrap confidence intervals:
 5000

NOTE: Variables names longer than eight characters can produce incorrect output.
 Shorter variable names are recommended.

----- END MATRIX -----

Run MATRIX procedure:

***** PROCESS Procedure for SPSS Version 3.00 *****

Written by Andrew F. Hayes, Ph.D. www.afhayes.com
 Documentation available in Hayes (2018). www.guilford.com/p/hayes3

Model : 4
 Y : S_ETAM = mean_eta (mean ETAM)
 X : IG3vsIG2 = study_ar (study arm_IG2vsIG3; dummy-coded)
 M : S_Simila = mean_sim (mean similarity)

Sample
 Size: 241

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 S_Simila

Model Summary

	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,3861	,1491	1,2877	41,8785	1,0000	239,0000	,0000

Model

	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	3,5317	,1023	34,5174	,0000	3,3301	3,7333
IG3vsIG2	,9463	,1462	6,4714	,0000	,6582	1,2343

 OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 S_ETAM

Model Summary

	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,2481	,0616	,2553	7,8075	2,0000	238,0000	,0005

Model

	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	2,7413	,1115	24,5929	,0000	2,5217	2,9609
IG3vsIG2	-,1450	,0706	-2,0547	,0410	-,2841	-,0060
S_Simila	,1125	,0288	3,9070	,0001	,0558	,1693

***** TOTAL EFFECT MODEL *****
 OUTCOME VARIABLE:
 S_ETAM

Model Summary

	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,0372	,0014	,2706	,3307	1,0000	239,0000	,5658

Model

	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	3,1388	,0469	66,9207	,0000	3,0464	3,2312
IG3vsIG2	-,0385	,0670	-,5751	,5658	-,1706	,0935

***** TOTAL, DIRECT, AND INDIRECT EFFECTS OF X ON Y *****

Total effect of X on Y

Effect	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	c'_ps
-,0385	,0670	-,5751	,5658	-,1706	,0935	-,0742

Direct effect of X on Y

Effect	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	c'_ps
-,1450	,0706	-2,0547	,0410	-,2841	-,0060	-,2792

Indirect effect(s) of X on Y:

	Effect	BootSE	BootLLCI	BootULCI
S_Simila	,1065	,0347	,0439	,1797

Partially standardized indirect effect(s) of X on Y:

	Effect	BootSE	BootLLCI	BootULCI
S_Simila	,2050	,0625	,0871	,3327

***** ANALYSIS NOTES AND ERRORS *****

Level of confidence for all confidence intervals in output:

S2 File. Supporting information.

95,0000

Number of bootstrap samples for percentile bootstrap confidence intervals:
5000

NOTE: Variables names longer than eight characters can produce incorrect output.
Shorter variable names are recommended.

----- END MATRIX -----

Run MATRIX procedure:

***** PROCESS Procedure for SPSS Version 3.00 *****

Written by Andrew F. Hayes, Ph.D. www.afhayes.com
Documentation available in Hayes (2018). www.guilford.com/p/hayes3

Model : 4
Y : S_APOI = mean_apo (mean APOI)
X : IG3vsIG2 = study_ar (study arm_IG2vsIG3; dummy-coded)
M : S_Simila = mean_sim (mean similarity)

Sample
Size: 241

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
S_Simila

Model Summary	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,3861	,1491	1,2877	41,8785	1,0000	239,0000	,0000

Model	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	3,5317	,1023	34,5174	,0000	3,3301	3,7333
IG3vsIG2	,9463	,1462	6,4714	,0000	,6582	1,2343

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
S_APOI

Model Summary	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,2460	,0605	,2036	7,6672	2,0000	238,0000	,0006

Model	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	2,8515	,0995	28,6471	,0000	2,6554	3,0476
IG3vsIG2	-,1052	,0630	-1,6695	,0963	-,2294	,0189
S_Simila	,1006	,0257	3,9121	,0001	,0500	,1513

***** TOTAL EFFECT MODEL *****

OUTCOME VARIABLE:
S_APOI

Model Summary

	R	R-sq	MSE	F	df1	df2	p
	,0108	,0001	,2158	,0280	1,0000	239,0000	,8672

Model

	coeff	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI
constant	3,2069	,0419	76,5607	,0000	3,1244	3,2894
IG3vsIG2	-,0100	,0599	-,1674	,8672	-,1279	,1079

***** TOTAL, DIRECT, AND INDIRECT EFFECTS OF X ON Y *****

Total effect of X on Y

Effect	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	c_ps
-,0100	,0599	-,1674	,8672	-,1279	,1079	-,0216

Direct effect of X on Y

Effect	se	t	p	LLCI	ULCI	c'_ps
-,1052	,0630	-1,6695	,0963	-,2294	,0189	-,2270

Indirect effect(s) of X on Y:

	Effect	BootSE	BootLLCI	BootULCI
S_Simila	,0952	,0277	,0445	,1514

Partially standardized indirect effect(s) of X on Y:

	Effect	BootSE	BootLLCI	BootULCI
S_Simila	,2054	,0578	,0982	,3230

***** ANALYSIS NOTES AND ERRORS *****

Level of confidence for all confidence intervals in output:
95,0000

Number of bootstrap samples for percentile bootstrap confidence intervals:
5000

NOTE: Variables names longer than eight characters can produce incorrect output.
Shorter variable names are recommended.

----- END MATRIX -----