SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Table S1. CHD incidence by smoking status and intensity From Visit 1 to 2016 stratified by sex.

	Never Smokers	Former Smokers	Current Smokers	Current (1-19 cigarettes per day)	Current (≥ 20 cigarettes per day)
Crude CHD incidence (per 1000 personyears) for <i>Males</i>	4.4	7.8	5.0	5.8	3.8
Crude CHD incidence (per 1000 personyears) for <i>Females</i>	3.3	6.2	6.3	6.4	5.8

Table S2. Association between smoking status and incident CHD From Visit 1 to 2016 (Propensity adjusted analysis).

	Smoking Status		Smoking Intensity		
	Former vs Never Smokers	Current vs Never Smokers	Current (1-19 Cigarettes/D) vs Never Smokers	Current (≥ 20 Cigarettes/D) vs Never Smokers	
Model	1.30, p=0.107 (0.95,1.79)	1.71, p=0.001 (1.14,2.56)	1.93, p=0.004 (1.24,3.00)	1.19, p=0.649 (0.57,2.47)	

Values are given as HR P Value (95% CI). CI indicates confidence interval; HR, Hazard ratio; P- values in bold are significant; Model: adjusted for age, sex, education level, diabetes, systolic blood pressure, body mass index, hypertension, total cholesterol, fasting triglycerides, physical activity and alcohol intake in the past 12 months.

^{*}n= 2874 for Never smokers; n= 723 for Former smokers; n= 329 for Current smokers; n= 329 for Current smokers using 1-19 cigarettes/day; n= 154 for Current smokers using ≥ 20 cigarettes/day

Table S3. Association between smoking status and incident CHD From Visit 1 to 2016 (modified poisson regression).

	Smoking Status		Smoking Intensity		
	Former vs Never Smokers	Current vs Never Smokers	Current (1-19 Cigarettes/D) vs Never Smokers	Current (≥ 20 Cigarettes/D) vs Never Smokers	
Model	1.22, p=0.283 (0.84, 1.79)	1.96, p=0.009 (1.18,3.25)	1.87, p=0.027 (1.07, 3.26)	1.40, p=0.449 (0.59, 3.34)	

Values are given as RR P Value (95% CI). CI indicates confidence interval; RR, RR, Risk ratio; P-values in bold are significant; Model: adjusted for age, sex, education level, diabetes, systolic blood pressure, body mass index, hypertension, total cholesterol, fasting triglycerides, physical activity and alcohol intake in the past 12 months.

^{*}n= 2874 for Never smokers; n= 723 for Former smokers; n= 329 for Current smokers; n= 329 for Current smokers using 1-19 cigarettes/day; n= 154 for Current smokers using ≥ 20 cigarettes/day

Table S4. Distribution of CAC scores at Visit 2 among JHS Participants by smoking Status.

	Never Smoker	Former Smoker	Current Smoker
Mean	102.56	210.55	203.87
75 th percentile (Q3)	37.58	143.31	114.09
Median	0.00	7.01	11.68
25 th percentile (Q1)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mode	0.00	0.00	0.00
Standard Deviation	355.51	542.45	526.81
Range	7877	5139	3842
Interquartile Range (IQR)	37.59	143.30	114.09
Maximum	7877.13	5138.75	3842.38

n= 2493 for total number of participants with CAC scores after exclusion of participants with missing covariates

Table S5. Association between smoking status and CAC (Log Transformed) at Visit 2.

	Never Smokers	Former Smokers	Current Smokers	Current (1-19 Cigarettes/D)	Current (≥ 20 Cigarettes/D)
Model 1	0 (ref)	0.32, p<0.0001 (0.22, 0.43)	0.93, p<0.0001 (0.79, 1.06)	0.73, p<0.0001 (0.57, 0.89)	1.25, p<0.0001 (0.11, 1.03)
Model 2	0 (ref)	0.21, p<0.001 (0.10, 0.32)	0.84, p<0.0001 (0.69, 0.99)	0.58, p<0.0001 (0.40, 0.75)	1.34, p<0.0001 (1.10, 1.59)

Multivariable linear regression model for participants by smoking status and intensity with CAC scores

n=2493; Values are given as β coefficients, P Value (95% CI). CI indicates confidence interval; P- values in bold are significant; Model 1: adjusted for age and sex; Model 2: Model 1 plus education level, diabetes, systolic blood pressure, body mass index, hypertension, total cholesterol, fasting triglycerides, physical activity, and alcohol intake in the past 12 months

Figure S1. Distribution of non-transformed CAC scores at Visit 2 among JHS Participants by smoking Status.

