Supplementary Information

Oral pharmacokinetics in beagle dogs of the mitragynine metabolite, 7hydroxymitragynine

Elizabeth A. Maxwell¹, Tamara I. King², Shyam H. Kamble^{2,3}, Kanumuri Siva Rama Raju^{2,3}, Erin

C. Berthold², Francisco León⁴, Aidan Hampson⁵, Lance R. McMahon⁶, Christopher R.

McCurdy^{2,3,4*}, and Abhisheak Sharma^{2,3*}

Affiliation

¹Department of Small Animal Clinical Sciences, College of Veterinary Medicine, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA

²Department of Pharmaceutics, College of Pharmacy, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA

³Translational Drug Development Core, Clinical and Translational Science Institute, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA

⁴Department of Medicinal Chemistry, College of Pharmacy, University of Florida, Gainesville,

FL, USA

⁵Division of Therapeutics and Medical Consequences, National Institute on Drug Abuse,

National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD, USA

⁵Department of Pharmacodynamics, College of Pharmacy, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL,

USA

Supplementary Table 1. Bench-top stability of 7-hydroxymitragynine in pooled dog plasma with or without protease inhibitor cocktail (N = 5 at each concentration).

Stability Condition	Concentration (ng/ml)	Variation (%Deviation)	
		Pooled dog plasma	Pooled dog plasma spiked with protease cocktail inhibitor
Bench top stability (room	3	-11.8	-7.8
temperature, 1 h)	180	-11.0	-7.4