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Reporting Summary

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Statistics

For a	ll st	atistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Cor	ifrmed
	×	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	×	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	×	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
×		A description of all covariates tested
	×	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
×		A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	×	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
×		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
×		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
×		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
		Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

n about <u>availability of computer code</u>
Illumina sequencer HiSeq 2500 for RNAseq data.
FlowJo v9 for flow cytometry data.
R software (Version 3.6.3) for dataset analysis.
Cytobank software (7.3.0) for CyTOF analysis.
RNA-Star (v2.4.2a) and Cufflinks (v2.2.1) for RNAseq analysis.
Graphpad Prism 8 for statistical analysis.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

RNA-seq data have been deposited in NCBI's Gene Expression Omnibus (GSE151213). Source data are available as a Source data file. Gene expression and survival data of glioma patients were obtained from TCGA (https://portal.gdc.cancer.gov) and GlioVis (http://gliovis.bioinfo.cnio.es/). The remaining data are available within the Article and Supplementary Information or available from the authors upon request.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

× Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	The sample size was chosen in advance based on common practice of the described experiments in the literature and our previous work (PMID: 32102932 and 27043280). Sample sizes for comparisons also followed Mead's recommendations. At least 3 of samples per group for all in vitro and in vivo experiments.
Data exclusions	No data excluded.
Replication	Technical replicates and independent experiments were performed to verify reproducibility of the assays. The replication information is provided in the figure legends. All attempts at replication were successful.
Randomization	In cell culture experiments, cell dishes were randomly assigned to different study group. In animal studies, all mice used were age- and gender-matched, and were randomly selected.
Blinding	Blinding was not carried out in cell culture experiments or in data collection, since all experiments had to be carried out by the same researchers. In animal studies, investigators were not blinded, as all mouse treatment and tissue analysis experiments had to be performed by the same researchers.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems			Methods	
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study	
	X Antibodies	×	ChIP-seq	
	Eukaryotic cell lines		X Flow cytometry	
×	Palaeontology and archaeology	×	MRI-based neuroimaging	
	× Animals and other organisms			
	X Human research participants			
×	Clinical data			
×	Dual use research of concern			

Antibodies

Antibodies used anti-rabbit IgG (1:100, Santa Cruz, sc-2027, Polyclonal) for ChIP anti-rabbit or anti-mouse IgG-HRP conjugate (1:5,000, Bio-Rad, 1706515 or 1706516) for immunoblot anti-CD3 (1:100, BioLegend, 100233, 17A2 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-CD8a (1:100, BioLegend, 100706, 53-6.7 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-CD4 (1:100, BioLegend, 100540, RM4-5 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-CD69 (1:200, BioLegend, 104511, H1.2F3 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-IFN-g (1:100, BioLegend, 505808, XMG1.2 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-Ki67 (1:100, BioLegend, 652405, 16A8 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-CD45 (1:200, eBioscience, 48-0451-82, 30-F11 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-CD11b (1:200, BioLegend, 101228, M1/70 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-CD11b (1:200, eBioscience, 69-0112-80, M1/70 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-CD11c (1:200, eBioscience, 17-0114-81, N418 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-F4/80 (1:200, BioLegend, 123107, BM8 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-CD206 (1:100, BioLegend, 141710, C068C2 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-Ly6G (1:200, BioLegend, 127615, 1A8 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-Ly6C (1:200, BioLegend, 128005, HK1.4 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-IL10 (1:100, BioLegend, 505009, JES5-16E3 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry anti-Gr1 (1:200, BioLegend, 108415, RB6-8C5 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry

	anti-MHCII (1:100, eBioscience, 47-5321-80, M5/114.15.2 Monocional) for flow cytometry
	anti-CD40 (1:100, BioLegend, 124621/124611, 3/23 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry
	anti-NK1.1 (1:100, BioLegend, 108707, PK136 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry
	anti-B220 (1:100, eBioscience, 47-0452-80, RA3-6B2 Monoclonal) for flow cytometry
	anti-HIF-1 α (1:1000 or 1:50, CST, 14179, D2U3T Monoclonal) for immunoblot or ChIP
	anti-Stat3 (1:1000 or 1:50, CST, 12640, D3Z2G Monoclonal) for immunoblot or ChIP
	anti-NF-kB (1:1000, CST, 4882, Polyclonal) for immunoblot
	anti-CD40 (1:1000, CST, 86165, E2Z7J Monoclonal) for immunoblot
	anti-GAPDH (1:3000, CST, 5174, D16H11 Monoclonal) for immunoblot
Martin Constant	
Validation	All antibodies were purchased from commercial sources and have been validated by the vendors. Additional validation has also been given in proving subjection with DubMad IDs listed.
	given in previous publication with Publice los listed:
	anti-rabbit igo (Santa Cruz, SC-2027) PMID: 11282237, 31/44881, 21319255
	anu-rabbit or anu-ribuse Igo-HKP conjugate (BIO-Ka0, 170515 or 170515) PMID: 51053986, 50081/10, 510384/1
	anti-CD3 (biolegenia,100233) PMID: 26360/93, 29436139,30593066
	anii-CDA (Diolegenu, 100/00) PMID: 29129787, 29303100, 29777108
	dill-CD4 (biolegenia, 100540) PMID: 29429033, 30440387, 30070101
	anti-CD09 (bioLegend, 104511) PWID: 28/00944, 29069249, 30540559
	anti-Fir-g (biolegend, 50506) PMID: 29150509,294915/4,2910510
	anti-Nb7 (Biolegend, 552405) PMID: 30005826, 2995803, 2884880
	anti-CD45 (eBioscience, 48-0451-82) PMID: 31481602, 31408442, 31018138
	anti-CD110 (Blotegeni, 101228) PMID: 28939/17, 2986/149, 20170810
	anti-CD110 (eBioscience, b9-0112-80) PMID: 31481966, 31/80645, 309/025/
	anti-CD11C (eBioScience, 17-0114-81) PMID: 30333482, 29972778, 29504948
	anti-+4/80 (BioLegend, 12310/) PMID: 28939843, 29664018, 2907674
	anti-CD206 (BioLegend, 141/10) PMID: 31409776, 30770245, 30898010
	anti-Lybo (BioLegend, 127015) PMID: 28592427, 29414687, 30220458
	anti-Lybc (Biolegend, 128005) PMID: 30389414, 30318149, 30733433
	anti-LLU (BioLegend, SUSUU9) PMID: 29422647, SUS40937, SU926232
	anti-Gr1 (BioLegend, 108415) PMID: 29456159, 30423295, 30301799
	anti-MHCII (ekioscience, 47-5321-80) PMID: 22919031, 31914398, 29354128
	anti-CD40 (BioLegend, 124621) PMID: 31015515, 31801074, 26303108
	anti-Nk1.1 (Biolegend, 108/07) PMID: 29070816, 2925233, 29403003
	anti-BZ20 (eBioscience, 47-0452-80) PMID: 3068/3202, 31/30859, 29925839
	anti-HiF-1α (USI, 14179) PMID: 15545609, 12149254, 11292861
	anti-stat3 (CST, 12640) PMID: 9108058, 819/455, 10023775
	anti-NF-kB (CS1, 4882) PMID: 8858144, 1829648, 7867065
	anti-CD40 (CST, 86165) PMID: 23892087, 12576427, 19426221
	anti-GAPDH (CST, 5174) PMID: 12887926, 16492755, 15746184

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>	
Cell line source(s)	DF-1 cells were obtained from ATCC, and GL261 cells were from PerkinElmer.
Authentication	Cell lines were authenticated by the supplying institute or company. Cell lines were not authenticated by the investigators.
Mycoplasma contamination	All cell lines have been tested and shown negative for mycoplasma contamination.
Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)	There were no commonly misidentified cell lines used in this study.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals	Wild-type (WT) mice on the C57BL/6J background were obtained from Jackson Lab. Cdh5-CreERT2;Il6fl/fl mice were generated by crossing Il6fl/fl mice with Cdh5-CreERT2 mice. All animals were housed at room temperature with a 12-light/12-dark cycle in the Association for the Assessment and Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care-accredited animal facility of the University of Pennsylvania. For tumor induction experiments, both female and male eight-week-old mice were used.
Wild animals	The study did not involve wild animals.
Field-collected samples	The study did not involve samples collected from the field.
Ethics oversight	All experiments with mice were performed in accordance with a protocol approved by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC) at the University of Pennsylvania.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants
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Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

X The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).

X The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).

- **X** All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- **X** A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation	Tumors were isolated and subjected to mechanical dissociation with a gentleMACS Dissociator (Miltenyi) and enzymatic digestion with collagenase II and dispase II to obtain single cell suspensions. Macrophages were isolated from mouse bone marrow, followed by different treatments. Single-cell suspensions were stained with control isotype IgG or fluoresence-conjugated antibody, followed by flow cytometry analysis.
Instrument	Accuri C6 and Canto II (BD Biosciences)
Software	FlowJo software
Cell population abundance	More than 200 thousand cells were sorted.
Gating strategy	All cells were gated.

X Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.