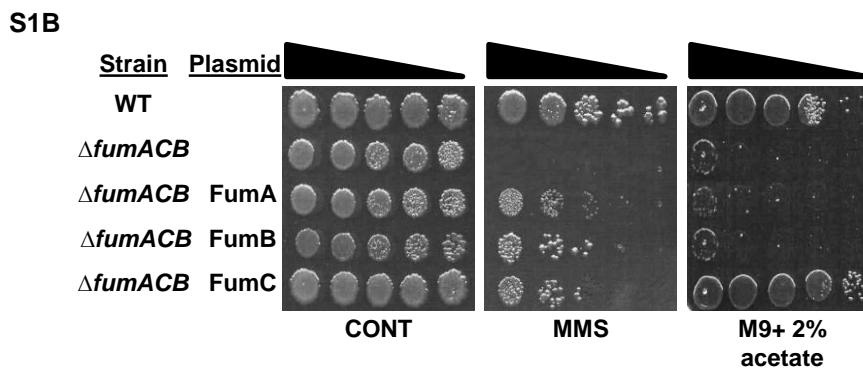
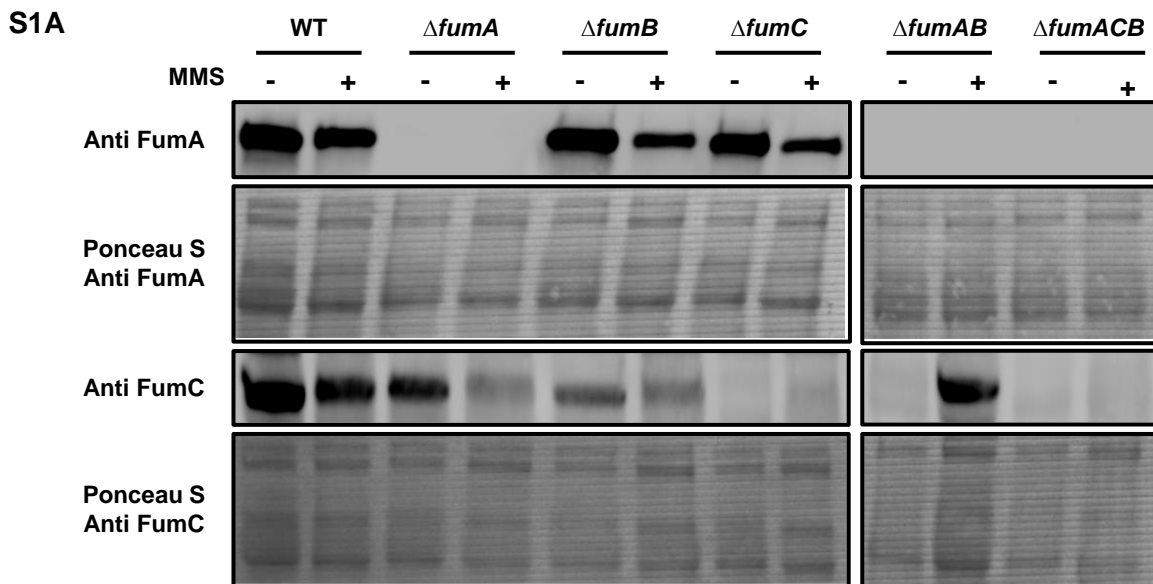


Supplemental Information



S1C

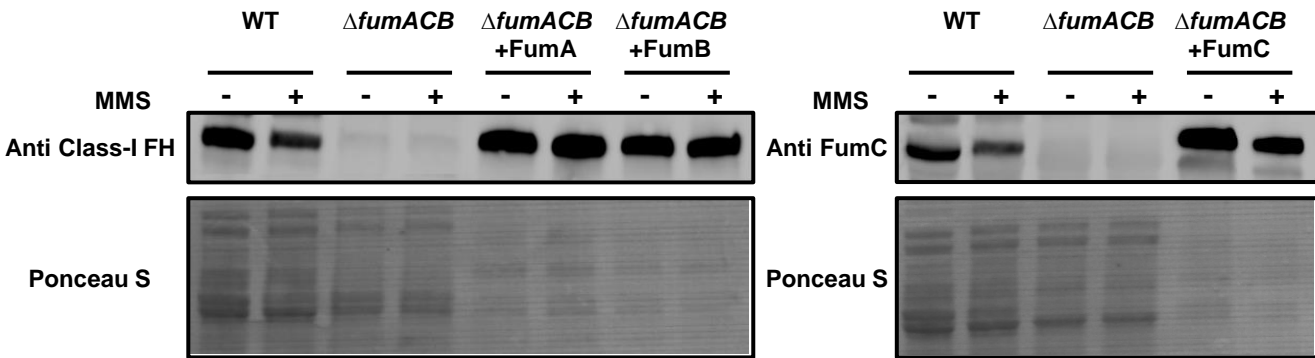


Figure S1- In the absence of FumA and FumB, FumC participates in the DDR in *E.*

coli. (A) *E. coli* wild type (WT), $\Delta fumA$, $\Delta fumB$, $\Delta fumC$, $\Delta fumAB$, $\Delta fumACB$ strains were grown to mid-exponential phase and treated with MMS (0.35% (v/v) for 45 minutes at 37°C). Total cell extracts were prepared from the indicated samples and subjected to Western blotting, using the indicated antibodies followed by Ponceau S staining. Each result is representative of three independent experiments. (B) *E. coli* wild type (WT), $\Delta fumACB$ and $\Delta fumACB$ harboring plasmids encoding the indicated *E. coli fum* genes grown to early-exponential phase (OD_{600nm}=0.3), and treated with MMS (0.35% [v/v] for 45 minutes at 37°C). The cells were then washed and serially diluted (spot test) onto LB plates. (C) *E. coli* wild type (WT), $\Delta fumACB$ and $\Delta fumACB$ harboring plasmids encoding the indicated *E. coli fum* genes were grown as in S1A. Total cell extracts were prepared from the indicated samples and subjected to Western blotting, using the indicated antibodies followed by Ponceau S staining. Each result is representative of three independent experiments.

Host- *S. cerevisiae*

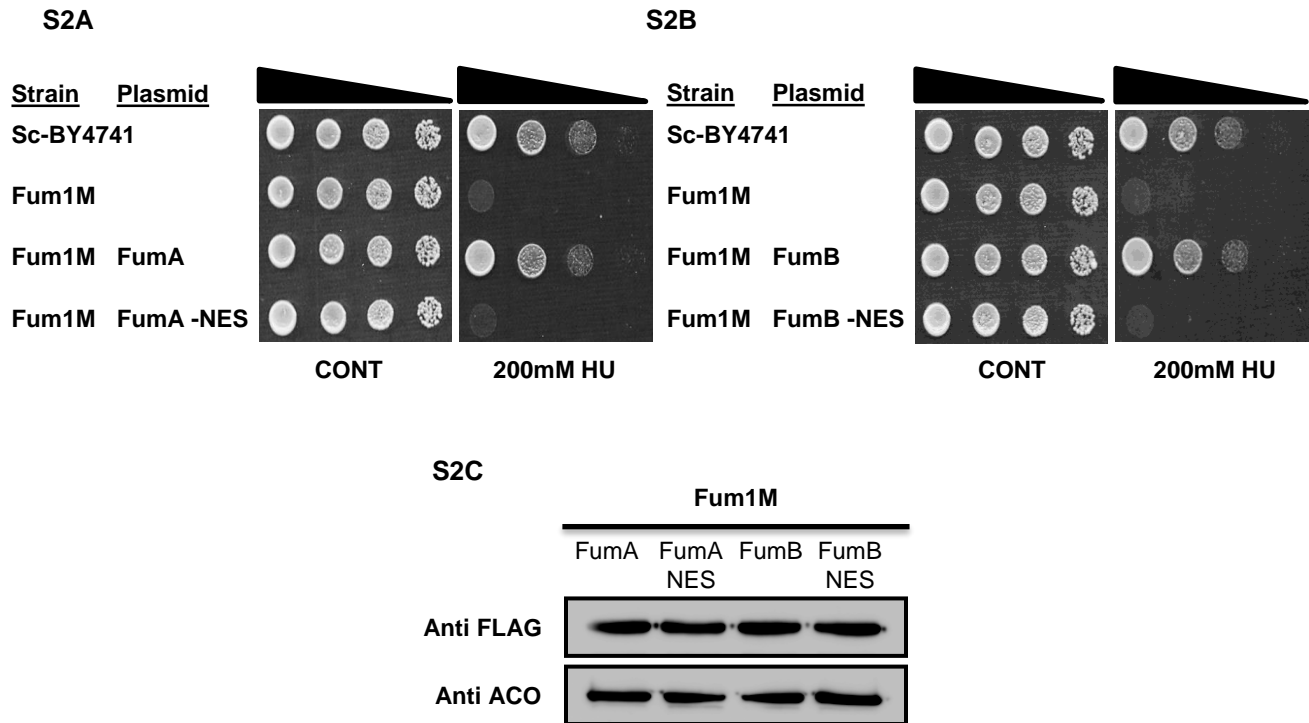
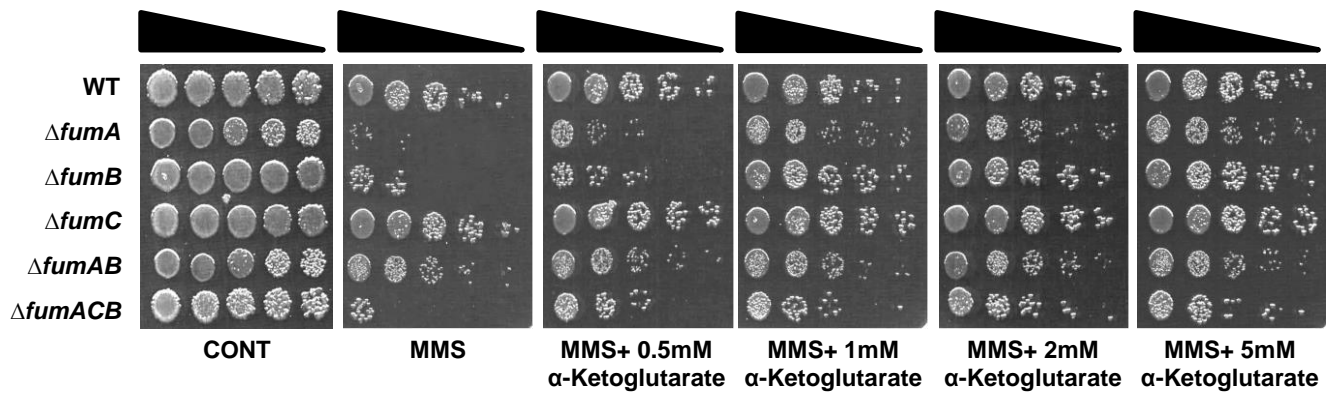
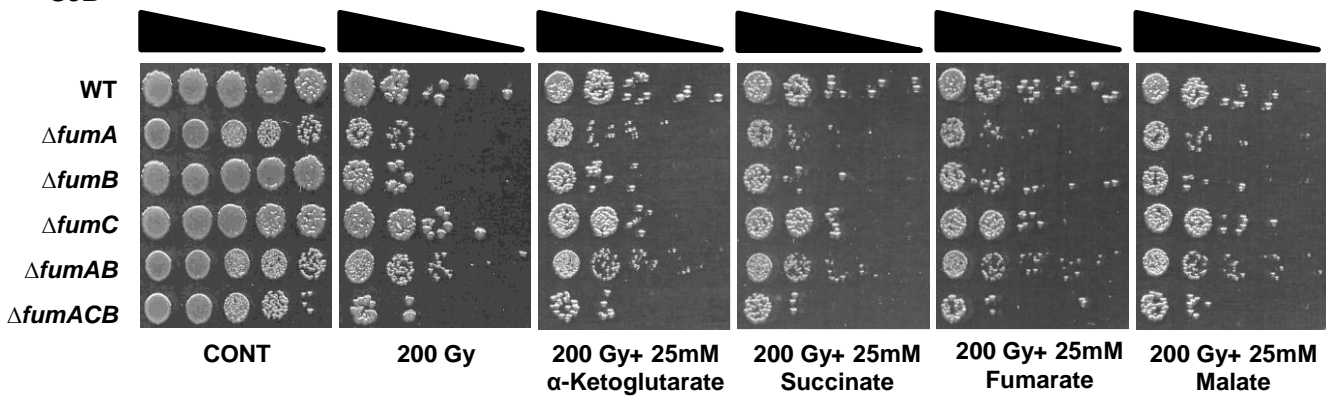


Figure S2- FumA-NES and FumB-NES do not complement DNA damage sensitivity in *S. cerevisiae*. (A, B) *S. cerevisiae* wild type Sc-BY4741, *Fum1M* and *Fum1M* harboring plasmids encoding the indicated *E. coli fum* genes, were grown to exponential phase in SC-Gal medium and serially diluted onto SC-Dex or SC-Dex+ 200 mM HU. (C) These strains were also lysed and centrifuged to obtain the supernatant and extracts were subjected to Western blotting, using the indicated antibodies (anti Aco1 as the loading control). Each result is representative of at least three independent experiments.

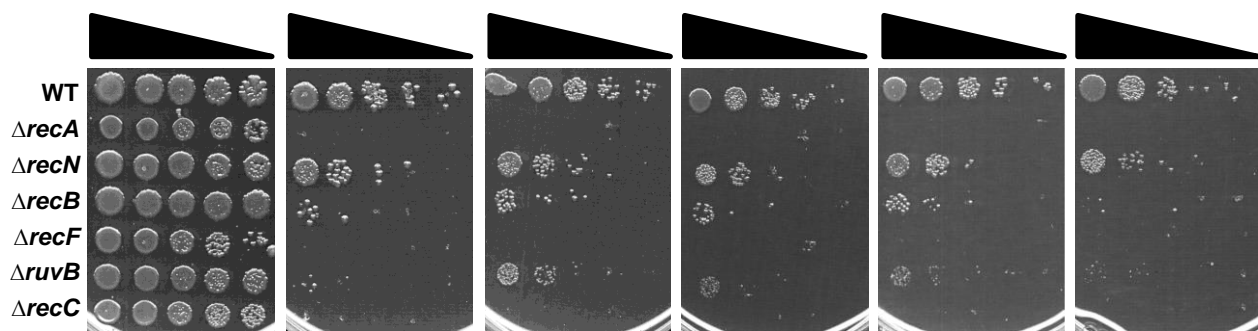
S3A



S3B



S3C



CONT

MMS

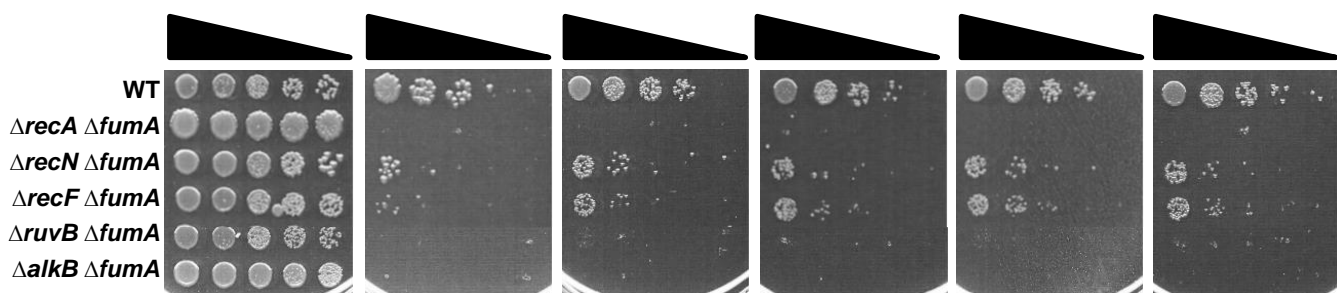
MMS+
 α -Ketoglutarate

MMS+
Succinate

MMS+
Fumarate

MMS+
Malate

S3D



CONT

MMS

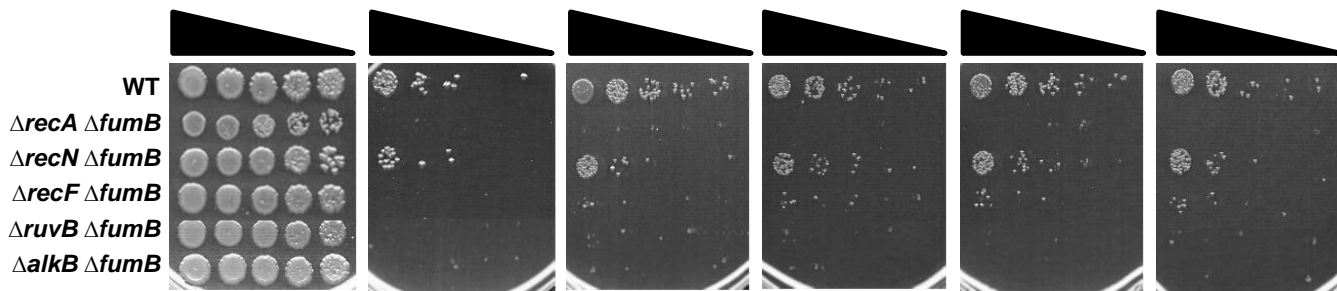
MMS+
 α -Ketoglutarate

MMS+
Succinate

MMS+
Fumarate

MMS+
Malate

S3E



CONT

MMS

MMS+
 α -Ketoglutarate

MMS+
Succinate

MMS+
Fumarate

MMS+
Malate

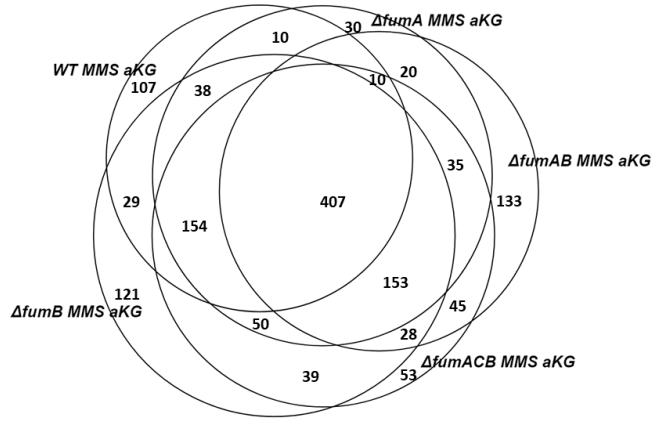
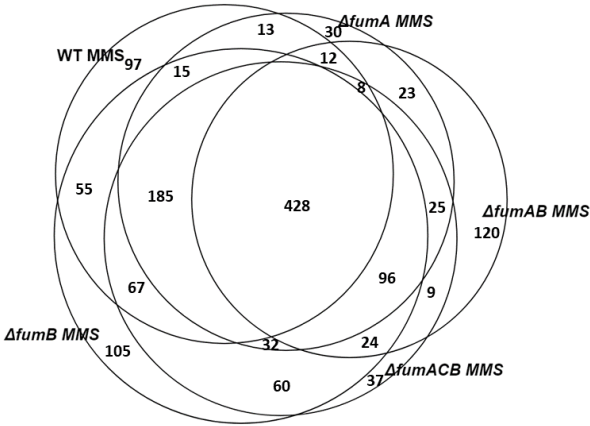
Figure S3- α -KG complementation of DNA damage sensitivity is specific to *fum* null mutants following MMS treatment. *E. coli* wild type (WT), $\Delta fumA$, $\Delta fumB$, $\Delta fumC$, $\Delta fumAB$ and $\Delta fumACB$ strains were grown to mid-exponential phase (OD_{600nm}=0.3) and (A) treated with MMS (0.35% MMS (v/v) for 45 min) or (B) the cells were irradiated (200Gy). The cells were then washed and serially diluted (spot test) onto LB plates containing or lacking the indicated organic acids. (C) *E. coli* DNA damage repair genes null mutants, and (D) composite null mutants, $\Delta fumA$ + DNA damage repair genes, or (E) $\Delta fumB$ + DNA damage repair genes mutants, were grown to early-exponential phase (OD_{600nm}=0.3), and treated with MMS (0.35% (v/v) for 45 minutes at 37°C). The cells were then washed and serially diluted (spot test) onto LB plates and LB containing the indicated organic acid plates. Each result is representative of three independent experiments.

Differentially expressed genes (DEGs) $\log_2FC \geq 2.0$
 Altered expression in WT vs *fum* null mutants

S4A

MMS

MMS α -KG



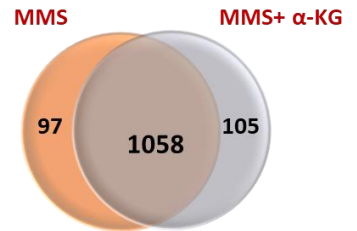
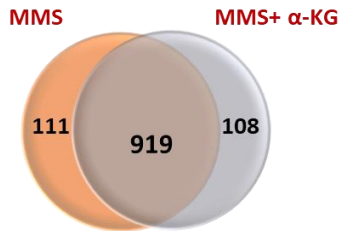
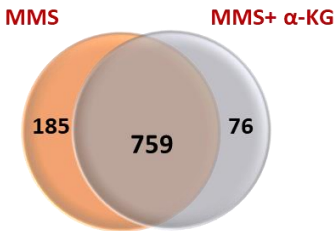
S4B

α -KG effect on DEGs

WT

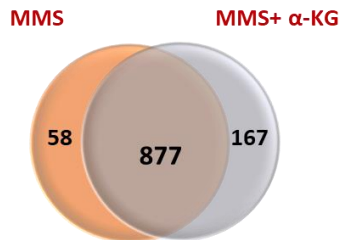
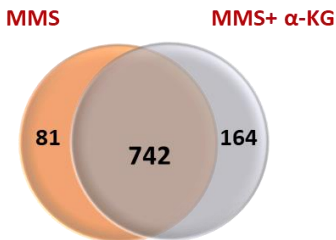
$\Delta fumA$

$\Delta fumB$



$\Delta fumAB$

$\Delta fumACB$



mRNA expression (RNA-seq)

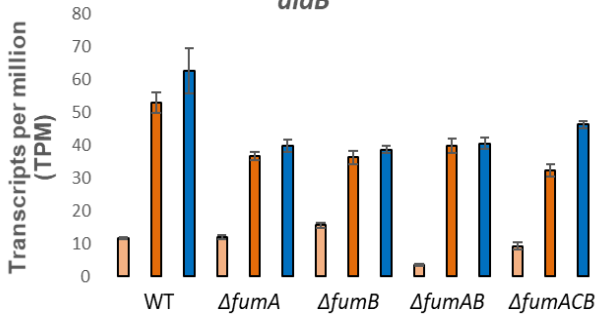
Control

MMS

MMS+ α -KG

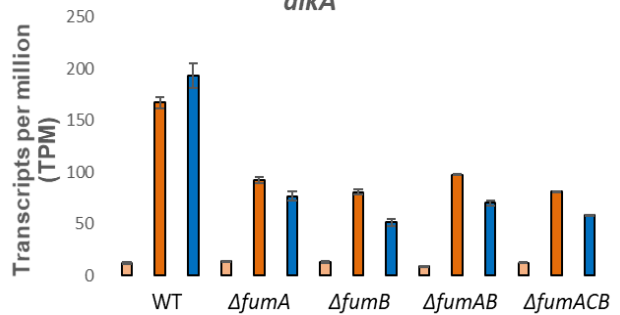
S4C

aidB



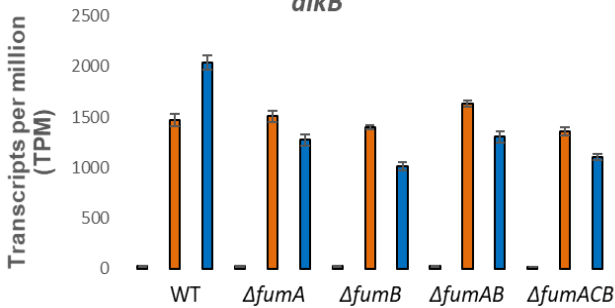
S4D

alkA



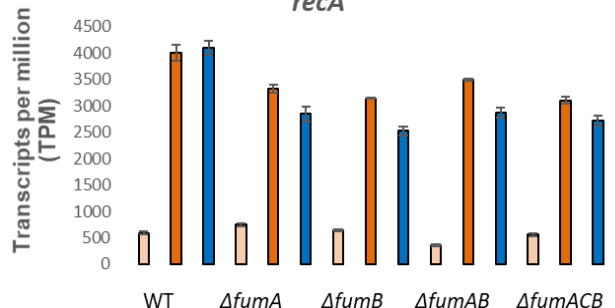
S4E

alkB



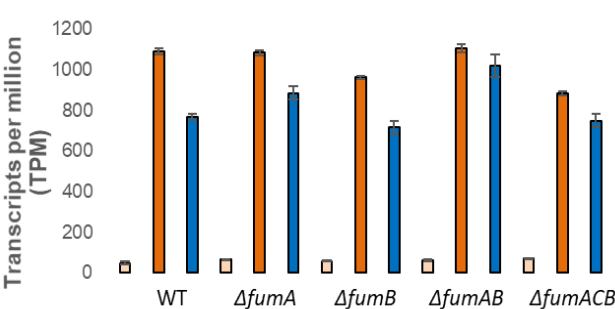
S4F

recA



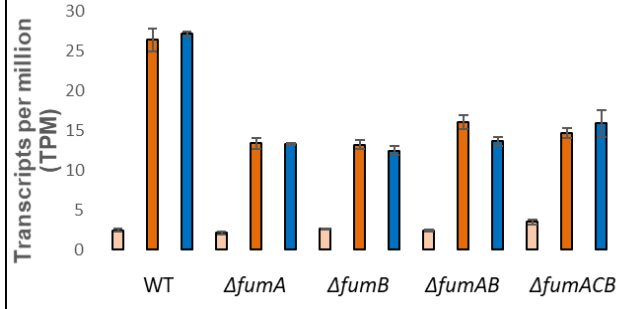
S4G

dinI



S4H

umuD



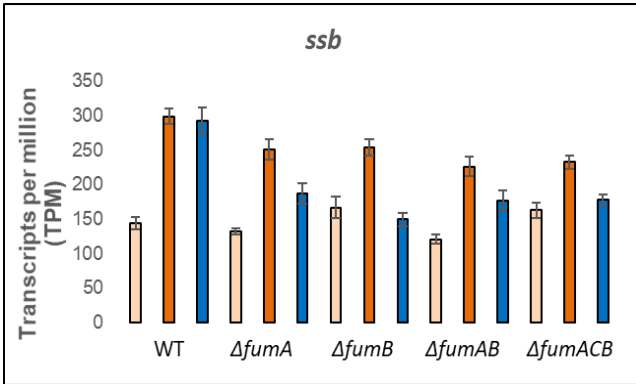
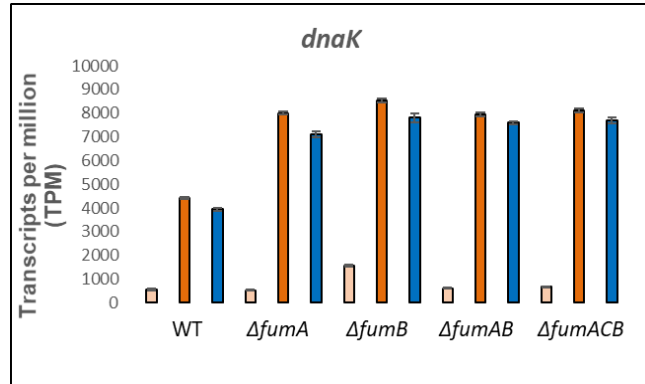
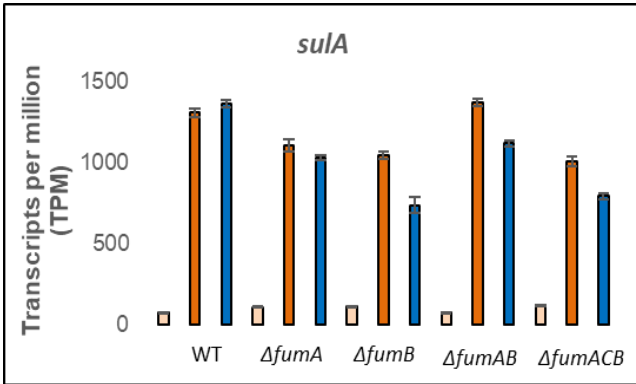
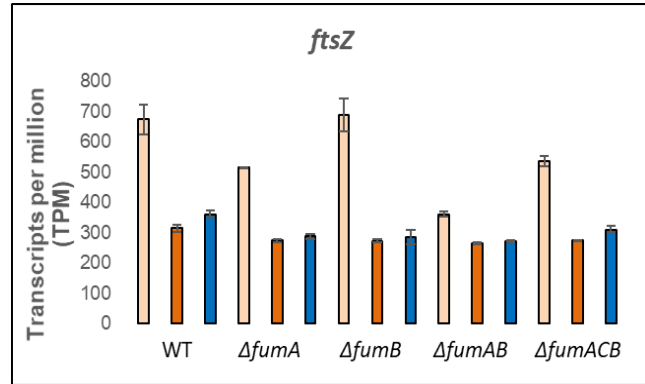
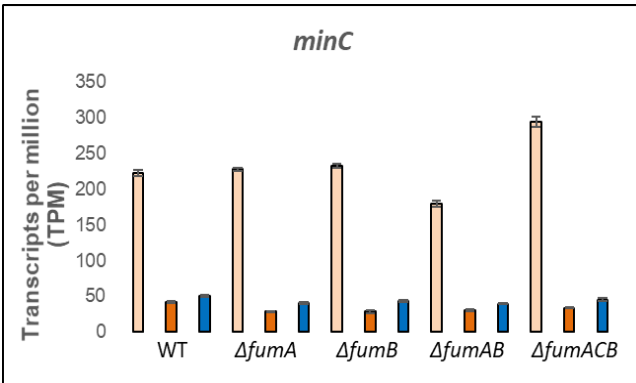
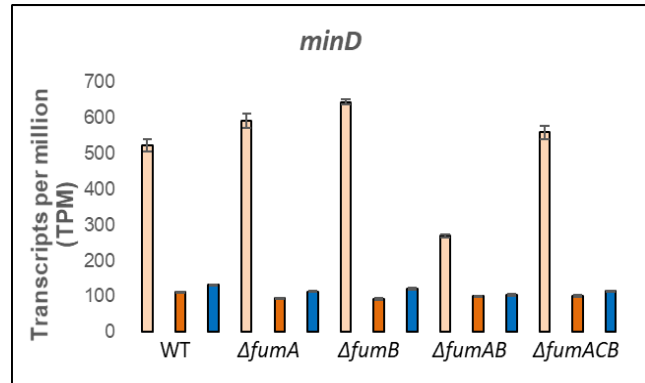
S4I**S4J****S4K****S4L****S4M****S4N**

Figure S4- RNA-seq analysis of differential expressed genes.

RNA-seq analysis; *E. coli* wild type (WT), $\Delta fumA$, $\Delta fumB$, $\Delta fumAB$ and $\Delta fumACB$ strains were grown to early-exponential phase (OD_{600nm}=0.3), and treated with MMS (0.35% MMS (v/v) for 30 min). The cells were collected and total RNA was extracted and subjected to RNA-seq analysis (see materials and methods). **(A)** Venn diagrams showing the common and differential genes (transcripts) between *E. coli* wild type (WT), $\Delta fumA$, $\Delta fumB$, $\Delta fumAB$ and $\Delta fumACB$ strains following treatment with MMS or MMS+25mM α -KG. **(B)** comparison of shared transcripts in the presence or absence of α -KG in *E. coli* wild type (WT), $\Delta fumA$, $\Delta fumB$, $\Delta fumAB$ and $\Delta fumACB$ strains. **(C-N)** Gene expression levels revealed by RNA-seq for **(C)** *aidB*, Putative acyl-CoA dehydrogenase AidB **(D)** *alkA*, DNA-3-methyladenine glycosylase 2 **(E)** *alkB*, Alpha-ketoglutarate-dependent dioxygenase AlkB **(F)** *recA*, Protein RecA **(G)** *dinI*, DNA damage-inducible protein I **(H)** *umuD*, Protein UmuD **(I)** *ssb*, single-stranded DNA-binding protein **(J)** *dnaK*, Chaperone protein DnaK **(K)** *sulA*, Cell division inhibitor SulA **(L)** *ftsZ*, Cell division protein FtsZ **(M)** *minC*, Septum site-determining protein MinC **(N)** *minD*, Septum site-determining protein *MinD*. TPM (transcripts per kilobase million) shown as Normalized gene expression from RNA-seq are mean \pm standard error (n=3).

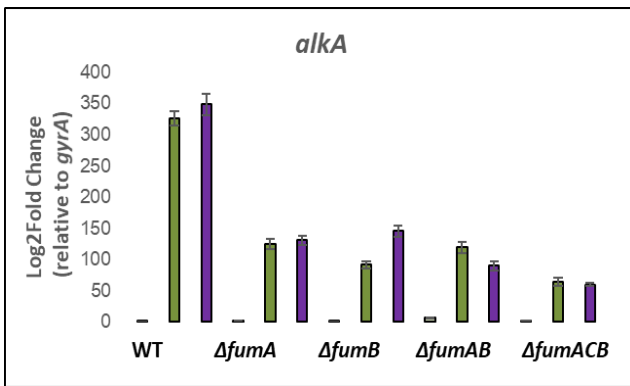
mRNA expression (RT-qPCR) in *E. coli* WT

Control

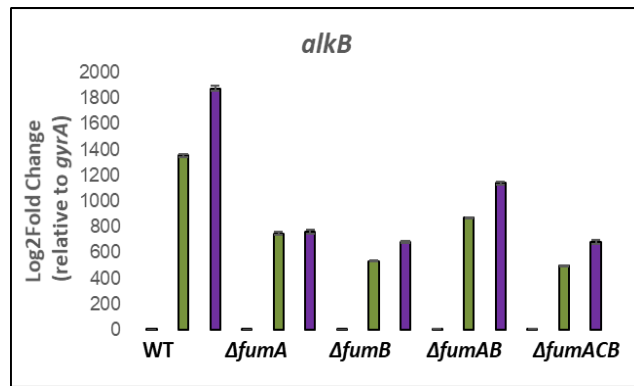
MMS

MMS+ α -KG

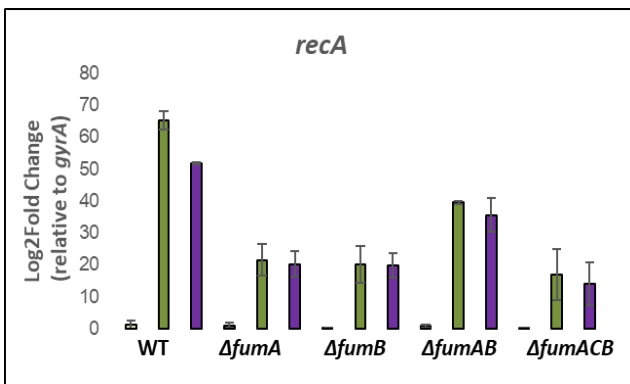
S5A



S5B



S5C



S5D

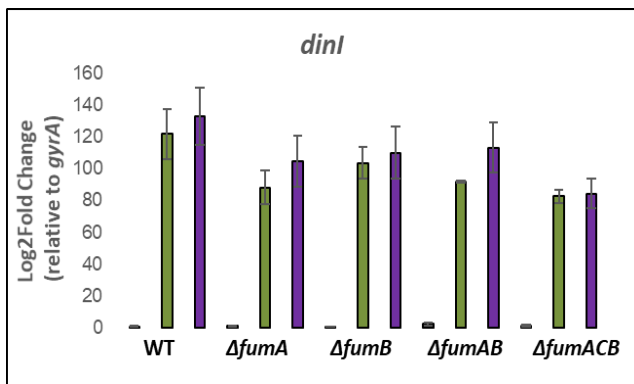


Figure S5- Validation of RNA-seq data. (A-D) *E. coli* wild type (WT), $\Delta fumA$, $\Delta fumB$, $\Delta fumAB$ and $\Delta fumACB$ strains were grown in LB and LB+25mM α -KG to early-exponential (OD_{600nm}=0.3) phase, (OD_{600nm}=0.3), and treated with 0.35% [v/v] MMS for 35 minutes at 37°C. Cells were collected and total RNA was extracted. Graphs show the transcript levels of (A) *alkA* (B) *alkB* (C) *recA* and (D) *dinI* normalized against *gyrA* as an internal control and calculated using the $\Delta\Delta CT$ method. Data is represented as mean \pm standard error ($n=3$).

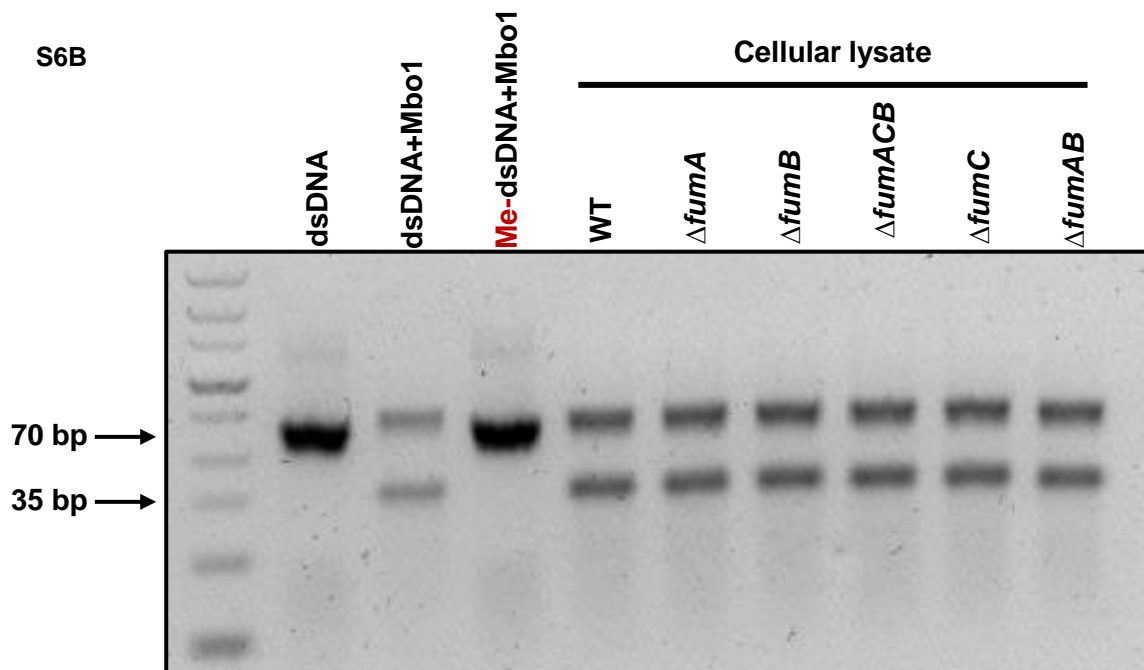
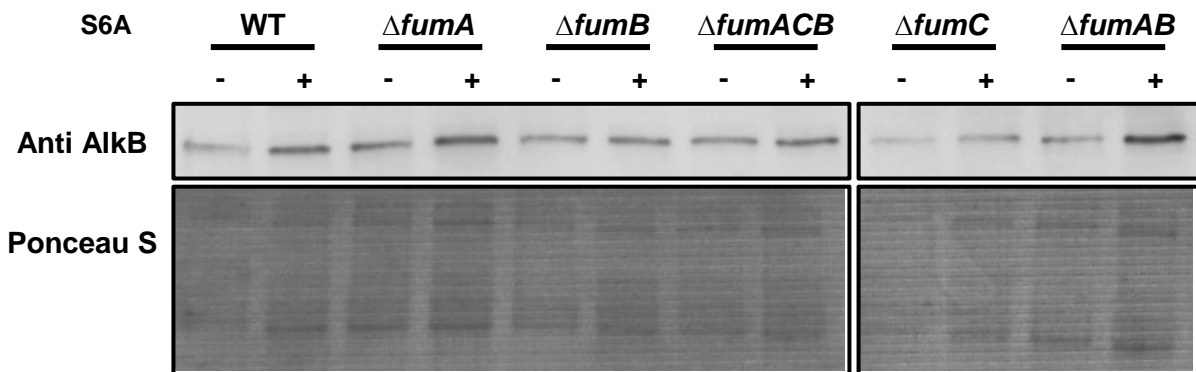


Figure S6- AlkB activity in *fum* null mutant strains. (A) *E. coli* wild type (WT), $\Delta fumA$, $\Delta fumB$, $\Delta fumC$, $\Delta fumAB$ and $\Delta fumACB$ strains were grown to mid-exponential phase (OD_{600nm}=0.3) and treated with MMS (0.35% MMS (v/v) for 45 min). The cells were lysed and centrifuged to obtain a supernatant which was subjected AlkB in vitro repair assay, Western blotting (using the indicated antibodies) and Ponceau S staining. **(B)** Repair of methylated oligonucleotides for 4 hours at 37°C by 40µM lysate from the indicated strains. Following in vitro repair, the reaction was mixed with equi-molar concentration of complementary ssDNA, the resultant dsDNA was digested with Mbol and subjected to agarose electrophoresis and staining with safeU. Following successful demethylation, digestion with Mbol produces a 35bp product.