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Supplemental information

Patient-derived iPSC-cerebral organoid modeling

of the 17q11.2 microdeletion syndrome establishes

CRLF3 as a critical regulator of neurogenesis

Michelle L. Wegscheid, Corina Anastasaki, Kelly A. Hartigan, Olivia M. Cobb, Jason B. Papke, Jennifer N. Traber, Stephanie M. Morris, and David H. Gutmann

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Figure S1 (related to Figure 1). Patient-derived hiPSCs and hCOs.

(A) Representative images of hiPSCs immunolabeled for pluripotency markers OCT4A. NANOG, and SOX2. Scale bars: 50 µm. (B) Representative bright-field images of hCOs at 16, 35 and 56DIV. Scale bars: 1 mm. (C-D) Quantification of surface areas of hCOs at (C) 16DIV and (D) 84DIV. (E) Representative immunofluorescence images of 16DIV CTL (CTL1), TGD (TGD1) and aTGD hCOs immunolabeled for dorsal forebrain (PAX6, OTX2), midbrain (OTX2, EN1) and hindbrain (GBX2) markers. Scale bars: 50 µm. (F) (related to Figure 1I) Quantitation of SMI-32⁺ immunopositive dendrites in 35DIV TGD relative to CTL hCOs. (G) Representative images of 35DIV CTL and TGD hCOs immunolabeled for early-stage immature neurons (NeuroD1) and deep-layer cortical neurons (TBR1) and quantification of the number of TBR1⁺ deep-layer neurons per image field in hCOs at 35DIV. (H) Representative images of 84DIV CTL and TGD hCOs immunolabeled for deep-layer (TBR1) and upper-layer (SATB2) neurons and quantification of %SATB2⁺ upper-layer neurons in hCOs at 84DIV. Scale bars, 100 μm. Independent hiPSC lines representing three different CTL or TGD lines (black, CTL1 / TGD1; white, CTL2 / TGD2; red, CTL3 / TGD3) are shown. Data are expressed as the mean ± SEM. Each data point represents one hCO, 2-6 hCOs per experimental replicate, 3-5 experimental replicates per genotype. Statistical analysis by unpaired, two-tailed *t*-test or one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni multiple comparisons test.





(**A**) %EdU⁺ neural stem cells (NSCs) in 16DIV CTL and TGD hCOs. (**B**) Quantification of latestage immature (NeuN⁺) neurons per image field in the SVZ of intragenic *NF1*-mutant hCOs relative to CTL hCOs at 35DIV. (**C**) Representative images and quantification of CTL and TGD hCOs immunolabeled for TUNEL (green) and NeuroD1 (red) (co-localization indicated by white arrows) at 56DIV. (**A-C**) Independent hiPSC lines (black, CTL1 / TGD1; white, CTL2 / TGD2; red, CTL3 / TGD3) are shown. (**D-E**) Representative images of CTL and TGD hCOs immunolabeled for MAP2⁺ and SMI-32⁺ dendrites at (**D**) 56DIV and (**E**) 84DIV. (**F**) Representative control (CTL1) and intragenic *NF1*-mutant hCOs immunolabeled for dendrite-specific markers (MAP2⁺, SMI-32⁺) at 35DIV. Data are shown as the mean ± SEM. Each data point represents one biological replicate (hCO), 2-6 biological replicates per experimental replicates per genotype. Statistical analysis by unpaired, two-tailed *t*-test or one-way ANOVA with Dunnett's multiple comparisons test. Scale bars: 50 µm.

Figure S3 (related to Figure 2 and 3). RAS activity and differential gene expression analysis of TGD and CTL hCOs.

(A) RAS activation in CTL and TGD 8DIV embryoid bodies and 16DIV hCOs. (B-C) Reduced RAS activity in (B) TGD3 and aTGD 16DIV hCOs and (C) CTL1 and CTL2 hCOs following 10 µM pan-RAS-IN-1 (IN-1) treatment. The mean CTL hCO RAS activity was assigned a value of 1 (dotted line). (A-C) Each data point represents an independent experimental replicate consisting of 20 pooled embryoid bodies or 4 pooled hCOs. Statistical analysis by unpaired, two-tailed ttest or one-way ANOVA with Dunnett's multiple comparisons. (D) Quantification of NSC proliferation (fold change in %Ki67⁺ NSCs) in control hCOs at 16DIV with or without IN-1 treatment. Each data point represents one hCO, 2-6 hCOs per experimental replicate, 3-5 experimental replicates per genotype. Statistical analysis by unpaired, two-tailed t-test. (E) Number of early-stage immature (NeuroD1⁺) neurons per image field in the SVZ of 16DIV TGD3 and aTGD hCOs with and without IN-1 treatment. Each data point represents one hCO, 3-12 hCOs per clone. Statistical analysis by unpaired, two-tailed *t*-test comparing TGD3 and aTGD hCOs with control values (indicated by dotted line). (A-E) All data are shown as the mean ± SEM. Independent (A, E) hiPSC lines (black, CTL1 / TGD1 / aTGD1; white, CTL2 / TGD2 / aTGD2; red, CTL3 / TGD3, aTGD-3), or (C-D) independent hiPSC clones (black, clone 1; white, clone 2; red, clone 3) are shown. (F) Representative images of 16DIV TGD3 and aTGD hCOs with and without RAS-IN-1 treatment immunolabeled for MAP2⁺ dendrites. Scale bars: 50 µm. (G) mRNA expression of RAB11FIP4 in 56DIV hCOs showing gene deletion status in TGD1-3 and aTGD. Statistical analysis by unpaired, two-tailed *t*-test. (H) RT-qPCR analysis of microRNA gene expression in CTL hCOs at the time point of highest expression (16DIV). Statistical analysis by one-way ANOVA; F-ratio / P values reported. MIR4733 was not expressed in CTL hCOs. Each mRNA expression data point represents one biological replicate (hCO), 2-3 hCOs per experimental replicate. (I) Time course analysis of mRNA expression in 16, 35 and 56DIV CTL hCOs for 7 protein-coding genes included in differential gene expression

analysis, illustrating highest transcript expression levels for 6 of the 7 genes at 56DIV. *ATAD5* had no change in expression over time. Each time point represents 2 independent experimental replicates of CTL1 hCOs with each experimental replicate containing 2 biological replicates (hCOs). Data are shown as the mean ± SEM. (J-N) Representative unprocessed western blots of CTL and TGD protein expression including (J) COPRS, (K) SUZ12, (L) ATAD5, (M) CRLF3 and (N) UTP6.

Figure S4 (related to Figures 3 and 4). *CRLF3* sequence conservation, developmental expression, and downstream signaling.

(A) Amino acid sequence alignments revealed 92.8% conservation in p.Leu389 between human and 303 vertebrate CRLF3 orthologs. Ten representative orthologs from NCBI's Eukaryotic Genome Annotation pipeline are shown, with p.Leu389 outlined in red. (B) Heat map of CRLF3 mRNA expression levels in the human forebrain and hindbrain at different developmental stages, as reported by the Expression Atlas: Human RNA-seq time-series of the development of seven major organs. TPM: transcripts per million. (C) Uncropped western immunoblot from Figure 4A. (D) Neurofibromin relative expression in CTL, TGD, and shCRLF3 hiPSC-derived NSCs. Independent hiPSC lines (black, CTL1 / TGD1 / shCRLF3-1; white, CTL2 / TGD2 / shCRLF3-2; red, CTL3 / TGD3 / shCRLF3-3) are shown. Statistical analysis by unpaired, twotailed *t*-test. (E) Immunoblots and quantitation of neurofibromin expression in different subcellular fractions (cytoplasm, membrane, nucleus) in shCTL and shCRLF3 NPCs. GAPDH (cytoplasm), Na/K ATPase (membrane) and human-specific Ku80 (nucleus) were used as loading controls. (F) Immunoblot and quantitation of CRLF3 expression in NPCs harboring NF1 point mutations, either conferring <30% reduced (Group 1), or >70% reduced (Group 2) neurofibromin levels, NPCs harboring homozygous null NF1 mutations (NF1-/-), or non-mutant controls. GAPDH was used as a loading control. (E-F) Data are expressed as the mean ± SEM. Statistical analysis by (E) unpaired, two-tailed t-test or (F) one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni post-test correction. ns, not significant. (G) Representative images of 84DIV shCTL and shCRLF3 hCOs immunolabeled for deep-layer (TBR1) and upper-layer (SATB2) neurons and quantification of %SATB2⁺ upper-layer neurons in hCOs at 84DIV. Scale bar: 100 µm. (H) hiPSC-derived NSCs immunolabeled for NSC markers SOX2, Vimentin, Nestin and PAX6. Scale bar: 50µm. (I) Unprocessed western immunoblot from Figure 4H. (J) Rac1 activity levels in shCTL and shCRLF3 NSCs. Each data point represents individual NSC sample. Statistical analysis by unpaired, two-tailed t-test. (K) RhoA activity in 2DIV TGD and shCRLF3 hCOs with

and without 1 µg/mL CN03 RhoA activator (CN03) treatment for 24 hours. Each data point represents 6 pooled hCOs. Statistical analysis by two-way ANOVA with Sidak's multiple comparison test performed comparing untreated with treated hCOs. All data are shown as the mean ± SEM and the *P* values are shown above each bar. (**L-N**) Representative images of (**L**) NeuroD1⁺ (green)/ NeuN⁺ (red) neurons, (**M**) cleaved caspase-3⁺ apoptotic immature neurons and (**N**) SMI-32⁺ dendrites in 35DIV CTL, TGD and *shCRLF3* hCOs with and without CN03 treatment. Scale bars: 50 µm.

Table S1 (related to Figure 1). Patient-derived CTL1-3, TGD1-3 and aTGD (atypical TGD) hiPSC lines and isogenic hiPSC lines CRISPR/Cas9-engineered to harbor NF1 patient *NF1* gene mutations.

Genotype	Sex	Age (years)	Specimen source	No.
				clones
CTL1 ^a	Male	Fetal	Skin biopsy	2
CTL2 ^b	Male	27	Skin biopsy	1
CTL3°	Male	41	Skin biopsy	1
TGD1	Male	44	Skin biopsy	2
TGD2	Male	6	Urine	2
TGD3	Male	11	Blood	3
aTGD	Female	16	Blood	3
NF1 patient mutation	Prot	tein level	Mutation Type	No.
				clones
c.1149C>A	p.C	Cys383X	Nonsense	2
c.1185+1G>A	p.Asn35	5_Lys395del	Splice site	2
c.3431-32_dupGT	p.Thr1	145Val_FS	Frameshift	2
c.5425C>T	p.Arę	g1809Cys	Missense	2
c.6619C>T	p.G	iln2207X	Nonsense	1

^aBJFF.6 commercially available ^bDr. Matthew B. Harms (WUSM) ^cDr. Fumihiko Urano (WUSM)

Patient ID	SRS-2	Age (years)	Sex	CRLF3-mutation	NF1-mutation
OtB3317	81	10	М	c.1166T>C	c.5305C>T
OtC6610	48	11	F		c.3137_3138delCA
OtB3335	64	11	М		c.1756_1759delACTA
OtB3325	45	11	F		c.3888T>G
OtC6607	70	11	F		c.3449C>T
OtB3313	98	13	М	c.1166T>C	c.7255_7256delCT
OtC6614	48	13	М		c.2965G>T
OtC6612	50	13	М	c.1166T>C	c.910C>T
OtB3333	91	13	М	c.1166T>C	c.204+1G>T
OtB3326	54	15	F	c.1166T>C	c.2125T>C
OtB3321	88	15	М		c.6855C>A
OtB3312	98	15	М	c.1166T>C	c.4514delG
OtC6619	46	16	F		c.4006C>T
OtC6615	76	16	М		c.205-19T>A
OtB3319	74	16	F	c.1166T>C	c.4985G>A
OtB3323	56	17	М		c.1885G>A
OtB3336	46	18	М		c.3520C>T

 Table S2 (related to Figure 3).
 Human genomic DNA whole-exome sequencing.

Table S3 (related to Figure 4). Differentially expressed gene list filtered for non-significant

Gene symbol	P value	FDR step up	Fold change
	(TGD vs. sh <i>CRLF3</i>)	(TGD vs. shCRLF3)	(TGD vs. shCRLF3)
KCP	0.1073	0.1689	2.99
SPN	0.2332	0.3201	2.90
THSD7A	0.0109	0.0248	2.84
MMP23B	0.0177	0.0373	2.67
ACOT11	0.0456	0.0826	2.25
ASCL1	0.9106	0.9346	1.82
DACT1	0.0700	0.1184	1.75
LDHAP4	0.7063	0.7715	1.29
ADGRE5	0.7043	0.7696	1.25
RUBCNL	0.8635	0.8992	1.20
NEFM	0.5160	0.6030	1.13
EPB41L4A	0.9420	0.9570	-1.09
TENM2	0.2461	0.3342	-1.27
MDGA2	0.1567	0.2308	-1.27
CAMK4	0.5252	0.6119	-1.31
SORBS2	0.0812	0.1341	-1.64
ATCAY	0.1408	0.2112	-1.69
PTX3	0.0732	0.1229	-1.72
MANEAL	0.0455	0.0825	-1.78
ITGB8	0.0134	0.0296	-1.86
DCLK2	0.0091	0.0214	-1.91
SYT5	0.0236	0.0474	-2.25
SYP	0.0102	0.0234	-2.25
RASGRP1	0.0241	0.0481	-2.58
MSI1	0.0047	0.0121	-2.58
CRABP1	0.0052	0.0134	-2.82
FCHO1	0.0056	0.0142	-2.85
ECEL1	0.0114	0.0257	-2.90
PLEKHA7	0.0097	0.0225	-3.02
ULBP1	0.0051	0.0131	-3.43
MMRN1	0.0103	0.0237	-3.89

genes in the comparison of TGD vs shCRLF3 samples.

Table S4 (related to Figures 1-4). Summary of experimental samples, replicates and statistical

tests used.

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Independent mutant lines used			•	•	3 TGD cell lines (TGD1, TGD2,	TGD3)					1 aTGD	4 (TGD1, TGD2, TGD3, aTGD)	2 (TGD3, aTGD)	1 4190		1 8160	1 aTGD	1 aTGD	3 TGD	5 intragenic cell lines	3 TGD	4 (TGD1, TGD2, TGD3, aTGD)	4 (TGD1, TGD2, TGD3, aTGD)	2 (TGD3, aTGD)	n/a	n/a	2 (TGD3, aTGD)	4 (TGD1, TGD2, TGD3, aTGD)	7 patients with CRLF3 mutation	n/a	4 shCRLF3		3 TGD	3 TGD	4 shCRLF3	3 TGD; 2 shCRLF3	3 TGD; 3 shCRLF3	3 shCRLF3	4 NF1+/-, 2 NF1-/-	2 SNUTLES	4 SILVALES 3 TGD: 2 ShCRLF3							
Independent CTL lines used					CTL cell lines (CTL1,	СП.2, СП.3)					3 CTL	3 CTL	n/a	J D C	3 CIL	3 CT	3 CTL	3 CTL	3 CTL	3 CTL	3 CTL	3 CTL	3 CTL	n/a	2 CTL (CTL1, CTL2)	2 CTL (CTL1, CTL2)	n/a	3 CTL	10 patients without CRLF3 mutation	1 CTL (CTL1)	4 shCTL	4 shCTL	4 shCTL	4 shCTL	4 ShCIL	TIOUS F	3 CT	3 CT	4 shCTL	3 CTL	3 CTL	3 CTL	3 CTL	3 CTL	3 shCTL	2 CTL	3 SNUIL	4 SIICIL
Quantitation	Figure 1D	Figure 1E	Figure 1F	Figure 1G	n/a 3	Figure S1F	n/a	Figure 1J	Figure S1G	Figure S1H	Figure 2B	Figure 2C	Figure 2D		FIGURE ZE	rigure∠r n/a	n/a	n/a	Figure S2A	Figure S2B	Figure S2C	Figure S3A	Figure S3A	Figure S3B	Figure S3C	Figure S3D	Figure S3E	Figure 3C	Figure 3E	Figure S3I	Figure 4A	Figure 4B	Figure 4C	Figure 4C	Figure 4D		Figure 41	Figure 4.1	Figure 4K	Figure 4L	Figure 4M	Figure 4N	Figure 40	Figure S4D	Figure S4E	Figure S4F	Figure 34r	
Assay	IF: Figure 1B	IF: Figure 1C	IF: Figure 1C	IF: Figure 1H	IF: Figure 11	IF: Figure 11	IF: Figure 11	IF: Figure 1J	IF: Figure S1G	IF: Figure S1H	IF: Figure 2B	ELISA: Figure 2C	IF: Figure 2D	IL. FIJURE 20	IF: Figure 2E	IF. Figure 2F	IF: Flaure 2G	IF: Figure 2G	n/a	n/a	IF: Figure S2C	ELISA: Figure S3A	ELISA: Figure S3A	ELISA: Figure S3B	ELISA: Figure S3C	n/a	n/a	WB: Figure 3C	SRS-2 analysis	mRNA expression	WB: Figure 4A	n/a	IF: Figure 4C	IF: Figure 4C	IF: Figure 4D		VUD: Figure 4H ELISA: Figure 4I	ELISA: Figure 4.1	ELISA: Figure 4K	IF: Figure S4L	IF: Figure S4L	IF: Figure S4M	IF: Figure S4N	WB: Figure S4D	WB: Figure S4E	WB: Figure S4F	ELIEN EIGURE 34G	ELIOA Flyure 340 FI ISA: Finine S4K
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Readout	Ki67	NeuroD1	NeuN	Cleaved Caspase-3	MAP2	SMI-32	SMI-312	SMI-32	TBR1	SATB2	Ki67	RAS-GTP	Ki67	Neurola I	Neun	MAP2	SMI-32	SMI-312	EdU	NeuN	TUNEL	RAS-GTP	RAS-GTP	RAS-GTP	RAS-GTP	Ki67	NeuroD1	CRLF3	SRS-2 Score	mRNA Expression	CRLF3	Ki67	NeuroD1	NeuN	Cleaved Caspase-3	N codhorin	Rac1-GTP	RhoA-GTP	RhoA-GTP	NeuroD1	NeuN	Cleaved Caspase-3	SMI-32	Neurofibromin	Neurofibromin	CRLF3	SAIb2 Doct GTD	RhoA.GTP
Relative to main Figure		I		I		- anôu					1	1	1	1	1	1	1	J i	Figure 2	1			1	1					Figure 3]		1	1	1)	Figure 4	Į							_